Club Odyssey

4019-A Country Club Road • Winston-Salem, NC 27104

Two sides to double your pleasure!

Our main side features DJ Bill, spinning all the top house tunz, while the hip hop side features the top urban hits.



CASS WESTBROOK'S CABARET

Every Friday Nite @ Midnight!

May 22-All Male Review! Colt & Company, hot men not to miss May 29-Triad Pride Weekend Kick-off Show featuring Constance Demario (Miss Triad Pride '08), Arabia Knight Addams, leeda & Knute Westbrook June 5th-Petite de Jonville, Onyx Jade June 12th-The return of Charlie Brown from Atlanta

June 12th-The return of Charlie Brown from Atlanta
with Tiffany Bonet

**Yild Wednesdays Dollar Night!

\$1 cover for members & non-members

\$5 cover for 18-20 year olds

\$1.00 Domestic Beer • \$1.50 Well Drinks

2009 Talent Search — happens every 1st Thursday of every month. \$100 cash prize to the winner!



Every Wednesday and Thursday
Come party with DJ Tyson spinning!

Thursday, June 4th: Talent Search Night

email: clubodysseync@hotmail.com
web: www.ClubOdyssey.info
Open Tuesday - Sunday, 9 pm until
For booking information contact
Cass Westbrook at the club from 9-11 pm on
Tuesdays at 336-774-1077

EarthTalk

from the editors of E/The Environmental Magazine

Tennessee coal ash spill

Dear EarthTalk:

What were the environmental impacts of the huge coal ash spill in Tennessee this past

December?

— Dave S, Lynnfield, MA

Environmentalists' call for an end to the age of coal — one of the dirtiest and most common of all the fossil fuels we now use — took on new urgency this past December when some 525 million gallons of wet coal ash, enough toxic slurry to flood more than 3,000 acres of nearby land, spilled into the nearby Tennessee River and surrounding areas when a retaining wall at a power plant in the town of Harriman gave way.

The sludge destroyed 12 homes, though no one was directly injured. However, an unprecedented fish kill occurred in the Tennessee River and area tributaries in the aftermath of the spill. According to John Moulton, a spokesman for the Tennessee Valley Authority which owns the plant, a test of river water near the spill site found elevated levels of lead and thallium, both of which have been linked to birth defects and nervous and reproductive system disorders. He reassured locals that, although these substances exceeded safety limits for drinking water, they would be filtered out by normal water treatment processes.

out by normal water treatment processes.

But some area residents aren't so sure that they are safe from the effects of the spill, which is estimated to have been over 40 times bigger by volume than the infamous Exxon Valdez oil spill of 1989. Calling it an "environmental disaster of epic proportions," Carol Kimmons, a local resident who works at the non-profit Sequatchie Valley Institute, told reporters that the nasty black ash flowed into "the water supply for Chattanooga and millions of people living downstream in Alabama, Tennessee and Kentucky." She added that the spill was 70 percent bigger than a similar one in Kentucky in October 2000 (306 million gallons) that the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) referred to at the time as "one of the worst environmental disasters in the Southeastern United States.'

More than a year after that Kentucky spill, researchers found levels of lead downstream from where the spill took place that were 400 times higher than the EPA's safe limit. And lev-

els of Beryllium were 160 times higher than acceptable EPA levels. "Coal contains huge amounts of heavy metals, and when coal is burned, the organic matter burns off,

but many of the nasty chemicals stick around, in higher concentrations," said Kimmons. "Also, coal is 'washed' using some really nasty chemicals, which are also left over in coal slurry." The bottom line, she concluded, is that "coal slurry is really, really toxic stuff."

Ironically, on the very same day as the huge Tennessee spill, a coalition of 39 non-profit groups delivered a letter to then President-elect



Some 525 million gallons of wet coal ash spilled into the Tennessee River and surrounding areas last December, flowing into the water supply for Chattanooga and millions of people living downstream in Alabama, Tennessee and Kentucky.

Photo Credit: Brian Stansberry (Wikipedia)

Barack Obama asking him to overturn a pending Bush administration rule change that would ease regulations on coal waste disposal. The groups contend that coal ash has already polluted 23 states and that the proposed new rule would only allow more pollution and more risks to human health and the environment. President Obama has pledged to undertake a comprehensive inventory of liquid coal ash waste and propose new regulations to ensure its safe disposal.

"This disaster proves that regulations around coal slurry impoundments need to be tightened, and not loosened," says Kimmons. Only time will tell if verbal commitments from Washington materialize into help on the ground.

Further Reading

Sequatchie Valley Institute, svionline.org Tennessee Valley Authority, tva.gov

Send your environmental questions to: EarthTalk, P.O. Box 5098, Westport, CT 06881;

earthtalk@emagazine.com. Read past columns at www.emagazine.com/earthtalk/archives.php. EarthTalk is now a book. Details and order information at www.emagazine.com/earthtalkbook.



Business Opportunity Gay Campground Partner/Investor Have real estate

Have real estate near Charlotte and management team developed

Phone John: 678.887.1886 6 am - 3 pm

