

South African Sanctions **Must Continue**

Using economic levers

By Grant Vinik Contributor

Democracy is breaking out all over and the Republic of South Africa is no exception. The circumstances in Eastern Europe and South Africa, at first glance, may seem assimiliar. Certainly one doesn't consider Albania, Czechoslovakia, Hungary and other emerging democracies in Eastern Europe analogous to the revolution in Africa. Race has as little to do with the former as communism does to the latter.

A further analysis, however, produces striking similarities—a reality which carries significant policy implications for the United States. To begin with, the people of all these countries have been oppressed under the current re-

gimes for roughly an equal amount | groups (including the ANC) and of time-nearly the duration of the 20th century. The period-in both circumstances-has been characterized by near total hegemony, stifling oppression and relatively ineffective dissent.

That, of course, all changed. The change, however, was due in no small part to the emergence of an enlightened charismatic leader. In the east, it was Mikhail Gorbachev who in 1985 single handedly sparked the Russian revolution and was arguably the primary determinant of change throughout the rest of Eastern Europe. In South Africa change had been simmering but was brought quickly to a boil in 1986 by another like minded reformer, F. W. de Klerk. De Klerk lifted bans from a number of opposition

released hundreds of political prisoners (including Nelson Mandela). Both those leaders were immediately embraced by the United States and its government. Gorbachev was so popular at one point that he regularly scored above President Reagan in U.S. public opinion polls.

Caught in the euphoria, the United States radically altered policies toward Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union with the confident declaration-change is irrevocable. Exuberance for developments in South Africa have been no less bridalled. Freedom and democracy is inevitable, the old line goes, so let U.S. policy reflect that. Rescind sanctions! Re-open foreign trade.

Are we so blind? Are we so shown themselves to be some of

blind that we can not anticipate that the Soviet politics of retrenchment are bound-yes bound-to emerge in the Republic of South Africa as well? The disenfranchised of the Russian revolutionthe communists, the military and the Soviet right-have organized and are retaliating! Is it any wonder? The old never gives way willingly to the new.

Why should South Africa be any different. Because one liberal white says so? That's no cause for change-it's an invitations for assassination. Whites in South Africa today-like the hardliners in the Soviet Union yesterday—have | we have left.

not even begun to respond. When they do, F. W. de Klerk-like Mikhail Gorbachev-is not going to be the same man we all know and love. Political forces will assure that the beloved lamb will grow up to be nothing less than a wolf in sheep's clothing.

The policy direction is clearsanctions must not be lifted. The only thing that is inevitable is that the hardliners in South African will react just like they have in the Soviet Union. And when they do, carrots will be useless and economic levers will be the only stick

The Truth

Looking towards the future

By Vangie King Contributor

How can America claim to be the keepers of peace and democracy when we allow apartheid to persist in South Africa. South Africa is a country with a white population of less than 20 percent. Yet, whites control the vast majority of resources, both human and natural. This is injustice, undisguised. While we spend billions and billions of dollars claiming the moral high ground in the Middle East, we overlook the brutal oppression of blacks in South Africa. This is injustice. America should play a greater role in bringing an immediate and decisive end to apartheid.

Liberal white "South Africans" scream that apartheid must come to a nonviolent end in which whites retain some measure of political power. I disagree. Whites in South Africa are illegal aliens. They are hostile foreigners who like white people all over the world have attempted to take an unfair share of resources and claim control over human lives. It does not take a nation of millions to hold us back, only a few insecure individuals who are discontent with untanned skins and who lack the morality which they claim to represent. White people are a minority in this world. They've just about killed off the "Indians," killed 6 million Jews, enslaved Africans and continue to oppress blacks in South Africa. They are a majority in America, a minority in South Africa and a minority in this world. Regardless of the demographic context of their exploits they have

the most brutal and oppressive people in the past several hundred years (whites are not inherently bad, because all races are guilty of crimes of oppression at various points in the history of the world). This is why all whites should be deported from South Africa. Until they can live peacefully with people of all races they are only worthy to live with each other.

America should call for the immediate withdrawal of all white "South Africans" from South Africa in the same way that we have called for the immediate withdrawal of Iraq from Kuwait. Why don't we. It's simple. South Africa is one of the strongest nations in the world, both politically and economically. South Africa already has nuclear weapons. If blacks were to claim their rightful position of power in South Africa. they would have access to a lot of political, economic and military power. White American politicians are afraid of this. South Africa could become the most powerful black nation in the world. This will happen one day, all over Africa and where ever you find Africans because as Martin Luther King Jr. once said, "We must believe that unearned suffering is redemptive". We have been oppressed immorally and needlessly What goes around comes around

One day Washington, D.C. will get its statehood. America will have a black President and black people will rise to the lofty height of the once great empires of Kush, Songhay, Mali, Ghana and Kanem-Bornu. I only hope that we will not abuse our power in the same way that the white man has.