Feeling Good

Incorrect Calorie Counts

the pounds? It may not be your fault.

According to a survey of 21 packaged food items by the state Consumer Protection Board, 15 contained more calories than packages claimed, said CPB executive director Richard Kessel. The federal Food and Drug Administrati; on allows such claims to be within 20 percent of the actual caloric

"As somebody who has always been on a diet, this study gives me the excuse I've been looking for," Kessel said "It's not my fault. It's the food's fault."

Kessel charged the 20 percent rule gives manufacturers too much leeway and could be dangerous to consumers.

Persons who must restrict their caloric intake for serious medical reasons are gamblling with their health when they consume inaccurately labeled food," Kessel said in a petition to FDA Commissioner Frank E. Young.

In a survey conducted by an independent laboratory for his office, Kessel said, 15 of 21 products that were tested exceeded the calorie count listed on their packages by at least 6 percent.

Four of these 15 products had 21 percent more calories than claimed, an apparent violation of the federal stan-

Five products had fewer calories than they claimed, and only one had exactly as many calories as were listed on the package

Kessel demanded the FDA immediately require food manufacturers to disclose that their calorie counts may vary by as much as 20 percent. In the long run, he said, he would like to see the FDA lower the margin to about 5 percent

"The main point we're trying to make is not that the food industry is trying to rip off the consumer but that the regulations lead to excess," he said. "We don't dispute that there should be some variance given to the manufacturer Where we disagree is over the extent of the variance.

Kessel said he had discussed the findings of ths survey with FDA officials. 'They were interested in it," he said. They understand the problem.

Relief for Eye Fatigue from CRT Coatings

by Dr. Robert M. Currin, optometrist

A large percentage of today's workers use computers.

Many of these individuals spend eight or more hours a day in front of their video display terminals and find that after extended periods, the play of natural and flourescent lighting in the work environment combined with the phosphorus light emmitted from the video display screen may result in acute eye discomfort and fatigue which can lead to decreased productivity.

The new CRT coatings are designed specifically to overcome the occupational problems related to exposure to video display screens. CRT coatings combined a UV blocking lens with a broad-band anti-reflection coating and special tints to create a product that significantly reduces glare and reflection in the video display terminal environment and improves contrast between characters of the screen and the screen itself

The special combination of the UV blocking lens, A-R coating and the colability to create a comfortable optical environment for the computer wearing

Much of the ocular discomfort experienced by computer operators is directly related to the amount of glare present in the video working environment. This glare often stems from fluorescent and natural light as well as reflections from metallic or glossy objects in the video terminal environment. CRT coatings successfully combat the problems presented by an abundance of glare in the video terminal environment by significantly reducing the intensity of the light sources and by eliminating 99 percent of surface glare and reflections surrounding the computer operator, even from behind. CRT coatings also absorb 99 percent of ultraviolet light which can cause the eve a great deal of discomfort after extended periods of exposure.

These coatings are available on tintable polycarbonate and CR-39 lenses for both prescription and non-prescrip-

Negotiation Workbook

Quarreling roommates can be a pain. Entire floors can be disrupted. Academic work suffers. Room reassignment requests multiply. Retention rates (both housing and academic) plummet.

Fortunately, Hood College, Frederick Md., has found a better way of settling roommate disputes.

The "Roommate Negotiation Workbook," which Hood gives to students during orientation, offers a step-by-step guide to preventing disputes and to resolving disagreements when they do arise. The workbook teaches students the same techniques used by professional negotiators and is part of a larger program aimed at teaching students practical social skills they will need throughout their lives, according to Dr. Barbara Engram, Hood's director of

Engram, who wrote the workbook, explains that when a disagreement arises, students must use negotiation before requesting a room change.

Most importantly, the negotiation training works. Introduced campus- wide last year, the training has led to a dramatic drop in the number of requests for intervention and midyear roommate

"The workbook provides a list of issues—such as neatness, noise, smoking, leaving messages—that both roommates rank as important, minor or of no concern.

"The important thing," Engram says, "is for students to identify areas where they may disagree and to come up with mutually acceptable solutions. They will have to continue to negotiate some areas but the workbook gives them some very practical guidelines for keeping communication open."

Together, the students compare their rankings and make a list of items that should be negotiated. Any issues ranked as at all important are discussed using the workbook's instructions.

Exercises are provided to help roommates understand each other's viewpoints, to generate solutions in potential problem areas and to develop contracts on written agreements. Fill-in-theblank contracts are provided and a special brainstorming exerise is included to help the roommates become more creative in solv-

"What many people don't realize is that freely, sharing ideas and opinions and negotiating ways of handling situtions don't require that people like each other," Engram says.

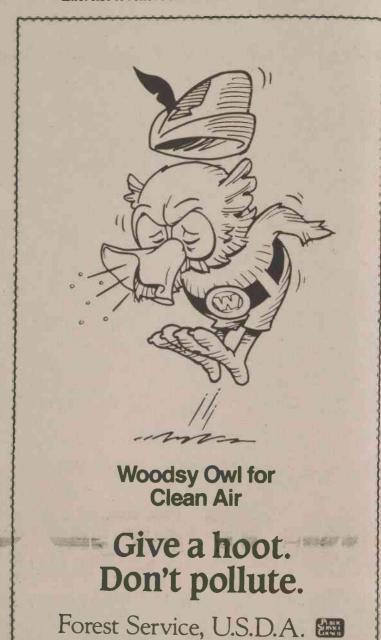


our 18th birthday, you must register with Selective Service at the post office. It only takes ive minutes to fill out the card. And don't worry, there hasn't been a draft since 1973. The country just needs your name in case there's ever a national emergency

Selective Service Registration. It's quick. It's easy. And it's the law.

—Smoking— Tips on Quitting

- Try the "buddy system," and ask a friend to quit too.
- Hide all ashtrays, matches, etc.
- Lay in a supply of sugarless gum, carrot sticks, etc.
- Drink lots of liquids, but pass up coffee or alcohol.
- Tell everyone you're quitting for the day.
- When the urge to smoke hits, take a deep breath, hold it for 10 seconds and release it slowly.
- Exercise to relieve the tension.



Math Lab

Purpose: To help any Chowan College student with

mathematics.

Time: 2-5 Mondays and Wednesdays

2-4 Tuesdays and Thursdays

Place: Camp Hall 104

Mr. Shrewsbury and student worker (2-5) Monday:

Tuesday: Dr. Owens (2-4) Wednesday: Mr. Wooten and student worker (2-5)

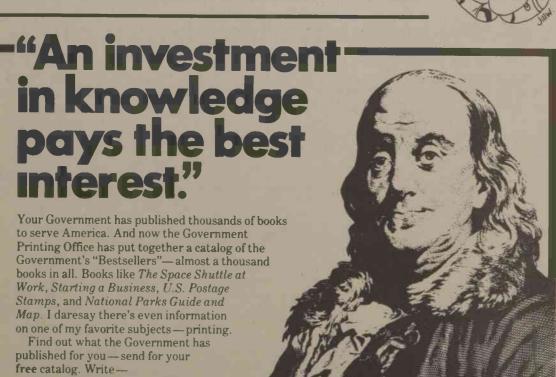
Thursday: Mr. Harden (2-4)

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Attention College Students:

THE WRITE STUFF?

Lulling Juins presents

The 11th Annual College Journalism Competition. Sponsored by SMITH

ROLLING STONE and Smith Corona are proud to announce the 11th Annual College Journalism Competition, recognizing excellence among today's college writers. The category winners will receive \$1,000 each from ROLLING STONE and electronic type writer products from Smith Corona. At the judges' discretion, a Grand Prize of \$1,500 plus a Smith Corona

product may be awarded. ROLLING STONE editors will judge the entries. Categories are: ▶ Entertainment Reporting (profiles and news features on music, film and personalities); ► Investigative Reporting (an article or a series that has had a tangible impact on the college campus or surrounding community); and ► General Reporting (any subject).

All entries must have been published in a university or college newspaper or magazine between April 1, 1985 and April 5, 1986. Each entrant must have been a full- or part-time student in an accredited university or college during the school year in which his or her entry was published.

Entries must be received by June 1, 1986. They cannot be returned. The winners will be announced by July 1986 and will be notified by phone or mail. The names of the winners will be published in a future issue of ROLLING STONE

We reserve the right not to grant an award when the judges deem it unwarranted.

There is a limit of one entry per student in each category. All entries should be accompanied by an entry form (see below). This form may be duplicated. To facilitate judging, please mount tear sheets of your articles from the magazine or newspaper in which they appeared, on cardboard or poste board. Entries should not exceed 9" × 14". Larger tear sheets may be folded or reduced. On the front of the envelope containing your submission mark the category or categories that you've entered. Note on the entry form the address where you will be living when the contest results are announced. Mail entries to: College Journalism Competition,

ROLLING STONE, 745 Fifth Avenue, New York, NY 10151

	1986 Entry Form
	Category
	Entrant
	Age Birth Date
	School
	Campus Address
	Phone
1	Permanent Address
1	Phone
	[check one] 1 Freshman Sophomore Junior Senior Graduate
	Name of Publication
	Editor
	Type of Publication [check one] Newspaper Magazine Other
	Please attach a brief autobiography, including hometown educational history, honors and scholarships, and journalism experience.