

## 1990 WCC Softball Teams

Spring time is here and the Wilkes Community College softball teams are in action. They have been practicing since the first week in March. Herman Norman and Robert Doyle are the coaches of the men's team. The women's team is coached by Vickie Call and Patricia Chambers. On Friday, April 6th both teams will be traveling to Burlington to play in a weekend tournament. The women's team consists of: Teresa Anderson, Kathy Miller, Gina Anthony, Lori Hemric, Tina Higgins, Terry Chapman, Heather Necessary, Jackie Blackburn, Amy Tulbert, Charity Splaun, Jessica Kerley, Julie Tucker, Suzanne Somers, Joy Choate, Rebecca Cowles, and Janice Vandervort. The men's team consists of: Billy Bookman, Jeff Cashion, Tony Church, Jonathan Francis, Tim Bell, Rodney Cotton, Jeff Wallace, George Colvard, Kip Edwards, Rodney Tinnin, Shawn Tucker, Kenny Brown, Sandy Welborn, and Ronnie Hairston.

Jessica Kerley

## Dreams of Faraway

Everyone dreams of going to a far away country. These people have shared their dream to visit another country:

Angela Triplett would like to visit France to see Paris.

Amy Mecimore would like to visit Switzerland because she likes the mountains.

Ronnie Hayes wants to experience the atmosphere of the old country by visiting Scotland.

Kristy Turnmire would like to see the beaches of Australia.

Brenda Phipps would like to go fishing with her husband in Canada.

Tommy Houck would like to see the animals in Australia.

Nila Johnston wants to visit Japan. She says it's always in the news and has a direct relationship on the way we live.

Sheila Franklin wants to see where her ancestors lived in Ireland.

Pat Hayes wants to visit Australia because it's beautiful.

Melissa Goss would like to visit Australia.

Wilma Lovette would like to visit Japan.

by: Jennifer Pugh and Tanya Childers

## Whiz Quiz

### Take a Trip To Never Land

Before you see Peter Pan the next time — on stage, at the movies, or at Disney's World on Ice — trip off to Never Land with this trivia quiz:

1. Peter Pan is based on the work of which writer?
2. What is Peter Pan searching for as the story begins?
3. How many children do Mr. and Mrs. Darling have, and what are their names?
4. What is the Darling children's nursemaid's name, and what is unusual about her?
5. Who is Peter Pan's tiny companion, and what is she?
6. What is Never Land?
7. How does one get to Never Land?
8. What two things are needed to fly?
9. Who is the pirate captain forever chasing Peter Pan?
10. What is located on the pirate captain's left arm?
11. Why does a crocodile chase the captain?
12. How does the captain know when the crocodile is near?
13. Where is this Never Land located?

### ANSWERS

1 — Sir James S. Barrie. 2 — He is right and straight on until morning. Located at the second star to the clock the crocodile swallowed. 13 — 16. Lily. 17. vacation. 18. school. 19. tenth. 14. white. 15. resurrection. 11. Petercottontail. 12. April. 13. Fire. ACROSS: 8. basket. 9. candy. 10. pounds. 4. tail. 5. spring. 6. hunt. 7. jellybeans. 1. dye. 2. chocolate bunny. 3. bunny. NMOD

## SADD Program

On March 6, 1990 a number of concerned students and faculty met to formally organize an official SADD organization. Attending this meeting were Jane Lentz, Cathy Annas, Susan Mitchell, Phyllis Smith, Robert Doyle, Linda Carlton, Jody Chatham, Joy Welborn, Carol Frazier, and Cristie Saunders. Cathy Annas and Jane Lentz are advisers to SADD for our campus. Elected to serve as president for WCC's SADD organization was Jody Chatham. Christie Saunders was elected vice-president and Susan Mitchell was elected secretary/treasurer.

Dates for future meetings will be posted throughout the campus. Please join our organization as we strive to make our world safer for everyone.

### SADD Goals

SADD enables concerned, responsible students to respond in a proactive way to a major killer of their age group — drunk driving. The program combines abuse prevention with practical solutions to DWI situations. The major objectives of the SADD College Program are to:

1. Help eliminate the drunk driver and save lives.
2. Promote responsible behavior by college students by not mixing driving with drugs or alcohol.
3. Reduce the number of alcohol related deaths, injuries, and arrests in college communities.
4. Encourage responsible use of alcoholic beverages by students of legal age who choose to drink.
5. Demonstrate that the majority of college students are responsible adults with a genuine concern for alleviating the DWI issue.

### SADD on Campus

Recognizing that drinking has traditionally been a part of college social life, SADD promotes respect for all laws relating to the use of alcoholic beverages, and hopes to raise awareness of the drinking and driving problem so that students will be better able to deal with or avoid potential drinking and driving incidents involving themselves and others. The SADD College Program has three major components: campus activities, community awareness, and the SADD College "Contract for Life."

## Recycle To Win Tickets

Wilkes Community College and J & W Recycling of North Wilkesboro are sponsoring a contest to promote recycling in Wilkes County. WCC will give four tickets to the Merle Watson Memorial Festival in Wilkesboro to people who bring the largest amounts of certain types of recycling between March 26 and April 25.

The first place prize for the person who brings in the most aluminum cans in that period is a ticket for all three days (April 27-29) of the Watson festival. The second place prize is a ticket for the Sunday, April 29 performances.

A three-day ticket will go to the person who brings in the most glass bottles and jars between March 26 and April 25 also. The second place award is a ticket for Sunday, April 29.

The value of a three-day pass is \$54 and the value of a Sunday-only ticket is \$17.

Watch for J & W Recycling's display at the Watson festival.

## In Time For Easter

A little boy came home from school all excited because a beautiful white rabbit named Snowball, used in nature study class, was to be given to some pupil in the class.

To take part in the drawing, each child had to bring a note from home saying his parents would let him keep the animal if he won it.

The thought of another pet to cope with unnerved Willie's mother, but rationalizing that the chances of losing were rather good, with 28 others in the class, she gave Willie the note.

That afternoon Willie rushed home and wildly announced that Snowball was his.

"You mean that out of the whole class, you won the bunny?" his mother asked incredulously.

"Well, not 'zactly," Willie said. "I was the only one with a note!"

## RIDDLES

1. When does the teacher wear sunglasses?  
*When she has bright pupils.*
2. What is so fragile you can break it with a whisper?  
*A secret.*
3. If the red house is on the right side of the street and the blue house is on the left side of the street, where is the white house?  
*In Washington, D.C.*
4. What do you call a sleeping bull?  
*A bulldozer.*
5. What runs around a pasture but never moves?  
*A fence.*
6. What is more useful when it is broken?  
*An egg.*
7. What is best month for a parade?  
*March.*
8. When was beef the highest?  
*When the cow jumped over the moon.*
9. What keeps a magazine alive?  
*Good circulation.*
10. Why did the moon go to the bank?  
*To change its quarters.*
11. Why are fish so smart?  
*They swim in schools.*
12. What did Snow White say to the photographer?  
*Someday my prints will come.*
13. Why is a bird on a fence like a coin?  
*The head is on one side and the tail is on the other.*
14. Why did the man wear two pair of pants when he played golf?  
*Because he might get a hole-in-one.*
15. What do you call a parrot that swallowed a clock?  
*Politics (Polly ticks).*
16. What has no wings but can fly?  
*Time.*
17. When is an artist unhappy?  
*When he draws a long face.*
18. What occurs once in every minute, twice in every moment, yet never in a thousand years?  
*The letter M.*

by Diane Marcum

## Why Bother Being Kind?

Be Kind to Animals Week is May 6-12, 1990.

Ever thought why one should be kind to animals? Surely not just because you should or because you might be punished in some way for *not* being kind.

Why then?

Chew on these six reasons:

First - Because animals are sentient creatures. They feel pain and are rendered unhappy even by hard words.

Second - Because it is the worst form of cowardice to ill-treat creatures who can neither make complaint nor ask for redress.

Third - Because every act of cruelty and cowardice deteriorates and degenerates the character of the perpetrator.

Fourth - Because there is abundant proof that such debasement is liable to lead to crime. Cruelty is a constituent part of all the worst crimes.

Fifth - Because society is composed of units and as a whole would be incalculably improved and elevated if the individuals composing it refrained from cruelty and adopted the practice of kindness to every living creature.

Sixth - Because the practice of kindness to every living creature or humanness involves the universal and specific application of the Golden Rule, which would bring permanent peace between nations and radically change for the better the entire social order.

## First Stamp Issued In 1840

On May 6, 1840, the first government-issued postage stamp was born. It was a one penny stamp, the famous "Penny Black" which was sponsored by Rowland Hill, in connection with postal reform, when uniform penny postage was introduced.

The stamp shows a profile of Queen Victoria, the words "Postage" at the top and "One Penny" at the bottom. The name of the country was omitted, because the face of the Queen was adequate identification. Also, it was intended for use within England only and no other country had issued stamps at that time. However, up to this day, not one stamp issued in England shows the name of the country.

By 1855 most civilized countries had followed Great Britain's lead in reforming their postal system and in issuing postage stamps.

## Passover - A Promise Of Freedom

Passover, the most ancient of all the Jewish festivals will be celebrated by Jews all over the world beginning April 10 this year.

For more than two thousand years, Passover (Pesach) has been considered by Jews everywhere to be the great holiday, the festival of redemption.

Originally, it was a spring festival at the dawn of history when Jews were still nomadic shepherds in the wilderness. As time went by, however, it became a historic and national holiday, commemorating the deliverance of the Jewish people from their bondage in Egypt. For Jews today it mirrors a hope for freedom and equality for all mankind.

Jews everywhere celebrate Passover with a ceremonial meal called the "Seder" (which means "Order of Service") which takes place in most homes in some synagogues. During the Seder the story of the Exodus is recited, songs and ceremonial prayers are performed, and symbolical foods of Passover are eaten. The most important Passover food is "matzo," unleavened bread, called by Jews the "bread of affliction." It is unleavened as a reminder of the

haste with which the Jewish people fled from Egypt - there was no time to allow the bread to rise. Its thinness, too, is a reminder of the meagerness of the fare of the dispossessed, the poor, and the outcasts of society.

During the ceremony Jews also eat "bitter herbs," which recall the bitterness of the years of oppression under Pharaoh. A sprig of parsley on the table is a survival of the prehistoric days when Passover was a festival of spring. A roasted shank bone serves as an emblem of the paschal lamb; and the "charoset," a mixture of apples, nuts, raisins, cinnamon and wine, is a symbol of the mortar from which the Isaremites made bricks for the Egyptian Pharaohs during their slavery. Each person present must drink four cups of wine; the wine is intended to recall the four divine promises of redemption made by God to the children of Israel and to remind Jews that, despite the bitterness of exile, there is sweetness in the word of God. The Last Supper in the New Testament was probably a Seder meal and the Passover matzo and wine were precursors of the communion wafer and wine.

## Law Day USA - May 1

"Where law ends, tyranny begins," observed William Pitt. He recognized that throughout history the rule of the tyrant meant oppression and brutality.

Here in America we believe there is a law higher than the rule of the strong or the greedy. We believe in a moral force, a higher law.

This is not a purely American concept. The ancient Greeks believed in a law higher than man. So did the Romans.

Our political ancestors, the English, did too - and they acted on that belief. Do you remember how the barons got fed up with King John's arbitrary use of power? And how they forced him to sign the Great Charter of 1215 - the Magna Carta? No longer could an English ruler put a man in prison without due process of law. No longer could he take away his liberty without a trial by jury.

And 500 years later, a group of men in Philadelphia wrote that very same principle into the world's greatest political document.

They referred to it as "equal protection under the law." They made sure their new, exciting, inexperienced government would observe certain basic rights.

Today the U.S. Constitution protects our lives, our property, our liberty against arbitrary seizure by a central government.

### A smile increases your face value

Two students at North Carolina State University took a textile chemistry course together. One day I heard them discussing the poor grades their whole class received on an exam.

"Do you think the professor will grade on the curve?" one asked.

"No," the other replied, "not after the comment he made when handing back the tests."

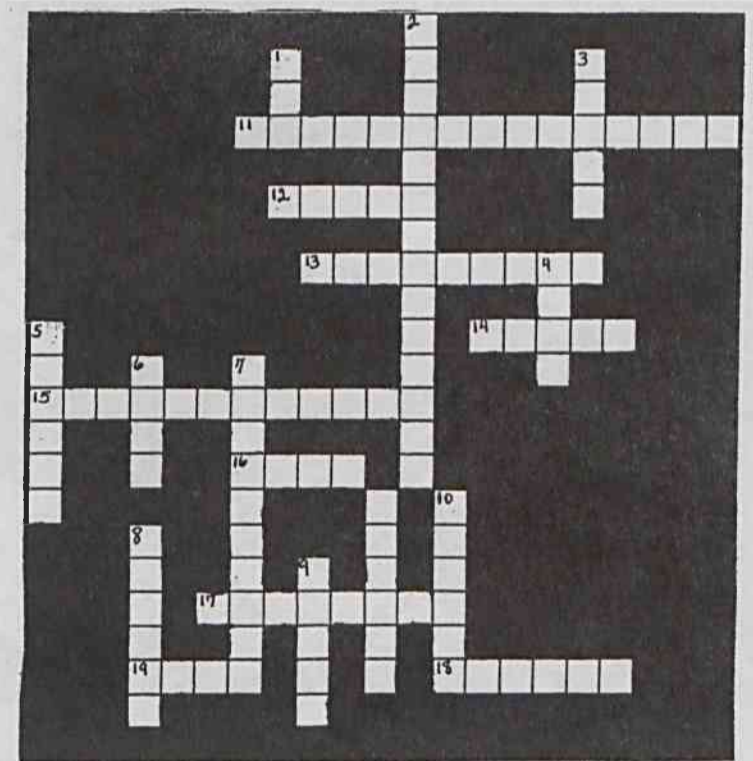
"What comment was that?"

"If ignorance is bliss, why aren't more of you smiling?"

College is a fountain of knowledge — where some come to drink — and others come just to gargle.

A biology instructor at Temple University in Philadelphia told us about a student who placed his term paper on the roof of his car while loading books and packages. He then got in his car and drove off, forgetting about the paper.

Realizing what he had done, he drove back to his starting point, placed a magazine of the same size on the car roof and retraced his route. When the magazine blew off, he stopped the car and found his paper only a few feet away.



by: Jessica Kerley

- ACROSS:**
11. The Easter bunnies name.
  12. Easter is in \_\_\_\_\_.
  13. 90 / 25 + 1.
  14. What color is the Easter bunny.
  15. What does Easter truly represent?
  16. Flower
  17. The children are glad to have a \_\_\_\_\_.
  18. From \_\_\_\_\_.
  19. Mother has to boil \_\_\_\_\_.
- ANSWERS:**
- eggs
16. Lily. 17. vacation. 18. school. 19. tenth. 14. white. 15. resurrection. 11. Petercottontail. 12. April. 13. Fire.
- ACROSS:**
8. basket. 9. candy. 10. pounds. 4. tail. 5. spring. 6. hunt. 7. jellybeans. 1. dye. 2. chocolate bunny. 3. bunny. NMOD
- DOWN:**
1. Children do this to eggs: They \_\_\_\_\_ them.
  2. An animal that comes in a easter basket. Hint: sweet
  3. What kind of animal do children associate Easter with?
  4. A bunny rabbit has a fuzzy \_\_\_\_\_.
  5. Easter comes in the \_\_\_\_\_.
  6. What else do children do with their eggs: They \_\_\_\_\_ them.
  7. What kind of candy does the easter bunny put inside of plastic eggs.
  8. What do children look for on Easter morning.
  9. We eat a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ during Easter.
  10. What do we gain during the Easter holidays.