The Time Is Now

Matters of vital importance to Fieldcrest workers are up for discussion in Congress and at the tariff conference in Geneva-

matters that affect your job, your Company and our nation.

If the United States foreign trade and tariff program continues in its present direction—constantly giving way to the demands of foreign countries—the textile business in America and allied industries in this country are bound to suffer. If these industries loose business, curtail, or shut down, the entire community will be seriously hurt. Above all there will be hardship among unknown numbers of people who lose their jobs.

The United States tariff is the basic protection of American

textile wages and of our standard of living. If the United States goes on cutting tariffs without seeing to it that foreign nations do their part in helping build up trade, we believe our country will be hurt badly. We believe our jobs will be in danger.

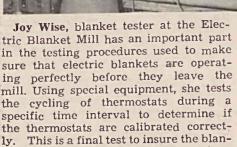
The tariff—a tax paid by people who ship goods into this country—is supposed to help even up the big gap between your pay and the low wages of foreign workers. But the tariff is not doing that even today. How can it when the average textile wage in Japan is 14c per hour and the average wage in India is less than 10c per hour?

Foreign industries can and do use the same machines as American mills use. They pay the same prices for raw fiber. The only area of competition left is the wage cost, one of the biggest items in making cloth. Efficient as American mills are, their efficiency cannot be stepped up 10 or 12 times to complete equally with foreign mills.

Action by the present Congress might decide the tariff matter for a long time to come—and unless Congress votes right and takes the proper kind of action—there could be real danger for your job. You have a right to let your Senators and Representatives in Congress know how you feel. You have the right to ask them to let you know what they plan to do, when the time for voting comes, about keeping your job safe.

Members of the Fieldcrest Team





ket has proper electrical connections. By doing a good job of testing, Mrs. Wise reduces complaints and returned goods and helps to maintain the Company's reputation for quality products.



Maurice Rawlins, foreman of the Print Shop, Central Warehouse, the normal supervisory responsibilities of a foreman at Fieldcrest. In addition he must have unusual knowledge of the technical processes of the printing trade, and must be familiar with the products of all the mills, with our customers and their ticketing requirements. Mr. Rawlins must work in close cooperation with all of the mills and many staff departments such as purchasing, packaging coordinator. order and billing, scheduling etc.

He and employees of his department make a big contribution to the success

ieldcrest DMILL WHISTLE

Issued Every Other Monday For Employees and Friends of Fieldcrest Mills

Inc., Spray, North Carolina Copyright, 1955, Fieldcrest Mills, Inc.

OTIS MARLOWE Editor

Vol. XIII Monday, Feb. 21, 1955 No. 16

Today's Bible Verse

My righteousness I hold fast, and will not let it go; my heart shall not reproach me so long as I live.

Service Anniversaries

Walter H. Yeatts Sheeting Elbridge Lee Hopkins Sheeting Thomas J. Blackstock Bleachers

TWENTY YEARS

Robert L. Wilkins Bedspread Qucell Robinson Synthetic Fabric Thelma B. Turner Karastan Josie H. Chaney Bleacher, Lorene P. DeHart Bleacher, William W. Barksdale New York Sales Offic John O. Mitchell Towel

FIFTEEN YEARS

Florence D. Bolick Sheeting

TEN YEARS

James F. Belton Blankel Isaac M. Craddock Central Whse Charlie D. Hill Sheeting Annie S. Vernon Colleen T. Barrett Bedspread Frances S. Soyers Blank

You Are Producer, Customer And Investor

Since we enjoy the highest standard of living in the world, all of us want to make certain that any change which are made in our business system will increase this standard, decrease it.

In addition, we want to be sure that whatever changes are made will bene fit us in the three roles that most us play—1. As producers: in working for a living, each of us helps to produce the produce the produce the produce the producers are produced to the produce the producers and produced the producers are produced to the producers. duce a product or a service. 2. customers: we all buy products and services produced by others. 3. savers; most of us put something aside in bank accounts, insurance policies bonds, or in business enterprises.

As producers we want to earn we can. But as customers we want lower prices, more for our money And as savers we want as high a return as we can get on our savings and investments.

of the Company by making sure the all tickets, labels and other printed materials are produced properly and time to meet shipping schedules.