

# THE ROBBINS RECORD

*Edited by the Students of Robbins School*

## The Staff

- Grade 7 I ..... Lila Aaron
- Grade 7 II ..... Louise Kirkman
- Grade 6 I ..... James Raper
- Grade 6 II ..... Bennie Huffman
- Grade 5 I ..... T. V. Kirkman
- Grade 5 II ..... Gretchen Sink
- Grade 4 A ..... David Pickard
- Grade 4 B ..... Earl Waitman
- Censor ..... Miss Caroline Mann

## STONE MOUNTAIN

Stone Mountain is one hour's ride from Athens, Georgia. It is 687 ft. high, 5000 ft. long and is of solid granite. It is said to have been formed in 1680 B. C.

Not long ago, Gutzon Borglum saw the mountain and said he could turn it into a living memorial to the Confederate States. This he set out to do. He was to carve on the mountain Lee, Jackson, Davis and 1200 men, whose height would be from forty to fifty feet.

He began his work, but did not get very far, until he had a misunderstanding with the workmen. Borglum and his engineer could not get along with the Stone Mountain Memorial Association, so Borglum and Tucker destroyed their models. Then they took a train for the north. They got as far as Greensboro, but there Borglum was arrested, and later freed.

Borglum made a talk before the Lexington Rotary Club, March 24, in which he said he had been treated justly by the South and that he had been inspired by Lee's character to put this memorial on Stone Mountain.

CABELL PHILPOTT.

## ANDREW JACKSON

Andrew Jackson was President of the United States from 1829 to 1837, was born in Warsaw settlement, North Carolina or in Lancaster County, South Carolina, March 15, 1767. His father was a Scotchman. He devoted himself to law and became judge of the Supreme Court, represented

Tennessee in Congress, and senator. He was made major-general in the war of 1812. In 1813 he defeated the Creek Indians, who were destroying the country with sword and fire. While engaged in the defense of New Orleans, he established military reputation by his repulse of the British there in 1815. From 1817-1818 he was employed against the Indians.

The eight years during which Jackson was President, marked the rapid extension of democratic tendencies. In 1837 he retired to his estate in Tennessee and died in 1845.

WILLIAM HARDISTER.

## A TREE AND HER CHILDREN

Mother peach tree is an interesting character to watch. The trunk of the tree represents the mother and the blossoms her little babies. Two of the larger branches represent her arms and the smaller branches her fingers, as they lead out from her hands.

The peach blossoms look like her babies, that she is holding in her hands. When the peach blossoms drop off the tree, they represent the little babies growing up. When they get large enough they leave their mother's arms, for they no longer have to be kept right with her.

LOUISE KIRKMAN.

## THE COTTON GIN

The cotton gin was patented March 4, 1765 by Eli Whitney of Massachusetts, a graduate of Yale University. Eli Whitney moved to Georgia to live with the widow of General Nathaniel Greene, who had received a large plantation, for fighting so bravely in the Revolutionary War. Eli, while living on this plantation noticed what slow work it was to separate the seed from the fiber by hand. So he invented a gin, that would separate in one day as many seeds as a man in fifty days. This invention caused a great increase in the production of cotton in the South.

WARNEY STAMEY.

## CIVIC LEAGUE

One of the most interesting and helpful leagues of Robbins School is the Civic League, of which all pupils of Miss Williams 4-B Grade belong. The policy of this league is to keep the yards clean from all rubbish, which means the beauty of a school ground. Many visitors have commented on our clean grounds, which is due to the faithfulness of this league. They are six or eight pupils, who delight to clean the yards every day. They have two Captains to give them instructions. We are very grateful to the Civic League for their excellent work and we think it would be helpful to every school if they organized a Civic League.

MARGARET ANDERSON.

## FIELD DAY

Robbins School had its first Field Day on April 3, beginning at 1:00 P. M. Among the leading events were high jumps, broad jumps, races of various kinds, basketball and baseball throws, pole vaulting, unique drills and exercises by the Primary Department. The Seniors had charge of the refreshment booths, where they sold hot dogs, sandwiches, cold drinks, home made candies and ice cream.

LOYCE WAGONER.

## BASEBALL GAME

One of the most thrilling baseball games played at Robbins School in 1925 was played between the Seventh Grade girls and the Teachers. One of the exciting incidents of the game was witnessed when Mrs. Conrad fell, on her way to the home base and was dragged in by the teachers. She sprained her ankle, of which we were very sorry, as she had to miss school for two weeks. Another minor incident was when Miss Cridlebaugh fell, but she was not hurt. Misses Burgiss, Reid, and Weaver made some brilliant runs. The score was four to ten in favor of the seventh grades.

EMMA LEE KIRKMAN.

Miss Burgiss—(to a group of talkers) "I'm going to do some scattering if that talking doesn't stop"

Grace Walser—"Please scatter me".