The Orphans' Friend. $\qquad$ degree Whegre. Whether such a result therefrom de. There is ton much stress lajd is to be rea. upon the mere safety of the sout. pends altogether nigr. Thrif- the great point is the living tr
We may rot be able to inter We may not be ables, but we are pret God's providences of all the surth will do right.

Life is so short that it is a pity to shift a good example into the unknown future. If in givare money it be true the gives quick," it is surely the same with our exam. ple.

In the article headed
perters" on our fir page, the sprightly edi+ .or of the Sunday Magazin, "plows mighty close to the cow " He is sometimes called sensational; we find his writings full of necessary truth, expressed in a piquant and entertaining style that is sure to attract. Do not tail to read the article, and if the evil practice there depicted is troubling you, hoed the wise admonitions thergin contained.

## [HE READING HABIT

"I don't know anything that is a sucer preservative from dissipating associa. tions tian a fondness for reading, and
want my boys to read, even though there is much pernicious literature in circulation."

Thus spake a christian minis ter in our hoaring a fow days ago, and the numerous periodicals on his table showed that he was practicing his faith.

If we take no higher view than this it is wise to foster the reading habit. Only let our reading be of the right kind, and no material harm to the morals can come of it, though we are persuaded inany read in such way that little good is derived. By hasty and careless reading the mind becomes like a seive, through which everything of value escapes, and thus positively injurious mentnl habits are formod. But even this, coupled with the danger of moral harm from reading that which is positively pernicious, does not make so great risk as that incurred by promiscuous street associations in the town or villago of average moral tone.
But wo would encourage this habit because it is likely to do great good. By it we are brought in* $n$ the highest and best associations, comu in contact with purest and noblest thought, and fiad sources of rational pleasure that are otherwise unknown.

## 1 IMIGRATION.

Our State needs not so much an influx of population as it does the elevation and diovelopment of the people it now has. 'lhe ch: $\mathbf{r}$ acter of our eitizens is more important than their number. Edncation is mure desirable than immigration. Ono million of intelligent, industrious, patriotic, christian men and wou oll are better than five millions of such nondereripts as inhabit Mexico or some of the South Amorican States.

We would not be understood as opposing inmigration, but rather tho ilea which many seem to entertain, that our prosperity
acter: of the immo Gow, the making the
ty, honest, industrious, law wolcomed th
ug strangers should be welcomed thi
this life
oour borders. atheists mat
dventurers, athe adventurers,
ists; Sabion
ike, may wernatem vшmun and such ivered , e perpetually do.

IHE ORPHAN'S LAMENT.
BY MATLDA.
The world for me no longer wears A beanty or a bloom,
Since all I loved and cherished most Lies buried in the tomb.
once was happy as a lark, But now those days are gone, nd I am left an orphan child, All desolate and lone.
I do remember well the time, When I was glad and free,
little laughing, merry child,

When on my gentle mother's breast 1 laid my nestling head, nd listened with attention deep,
To all the words she said To all the words she said.
And when low kneeling at her feet,
She tanght me how to She tanght me how to pray; i never thonght such
Could ever pass away.

But she is gone-that mother dear, Gone to at world ou highGone to a home where tears no more Cau dim her cloudless ey
[ know she is au angel now, Among the saiats in light;
and when I lay my weary head Upon my bed at night,
feel that she is near me still, Her orphan child to kerp, While silently I sleep.
have no father-mother-friends
Alone I am on earth
stranger in a stranger's land,
There's none to love and bless me here Since my dear mother died Thon loved one were sleeping no Thou loved oue! by thy side

But mother! when I go from Where parting never comes again, And love no longer dies. DOING ONE'S OWN WORK.
"Never mind what he's doing, attend to your own work."
"But lie's putting his machine
all out of gear; he'll ruin it."
"The superintendent will see to that-mind your work. And so he went back to his work, and did it well and earned his wages.
So it is in churches. Meu are too busy watching other people's work and wachinory to do their own properly
And now we propose, as an woman bein by ong man an what first $u$ by doing modestly whan forst comes, and with faith and hope build up their own souls, and labor for the impenitent around them. There are bany in our own familie who need the word in season and the faithful, believing prayer. What an imprension would be made if each one of us could see the conversion of one soul-sis ter, brother, child, friend, neigh bor. Direct prayer for one leads to eftort for one, and the Lord's power is not limited to scores, or hundreds, or thou sands.

B it hundreds and thousands are made up of individuals and the redemption of each soul is precious. There is perhaps too much talk now of the question of or lost at once or will there be further probation? The opposing opinions and arguments show

## nother

another. Even preparation promised in some way that a soul should be saved in the end, we teed be nong the less zealous that the life be given to the service of Christ.

## vice of Christ.

'Therefore, we say, "Arise, arise, good Christian!" and be faithful to individual sonls "Save with fear," - pulling them out of the fire.
Some years ago a child of Christian parents said to a friend, "You are the first person who has ever spoken to me directly on the subject of personal religion.

My brethren, these things ought not so to be. "Speak to that young man." Let us try if personal faithfulness will not bring the revival we seek and need an much.-Christian Reid. WHY IT'S CALLE! A BREAK.
The enquiry is frequently made "Why is a sale of tobacco in the warehouses called a breakq" an I warenouses caled of the young people are able to answer. In olden times, in the days of onr daddies, the weed was all prized in hogsheads before beiny marketed and when placed on the warehouse floor the hogsheads were stripped off and with a sharp iron plunger break were made in the bulks of tobacco and samples theinspection of chasers. Hence the origin of the chasers. Hence the origin of the wh "break," athstan this day notwithstanding most, if not all, of the tobacco is placed on the warehouse floor in loose packages or pi'es. Persons unacquainted with the former mode of sellirg, are at a loss to know the significance of the word "break" in connection with the sales of leal tobacco.-Tobacco Plant.

EDWARDS \& ROGERS, GENERAL
Hardurare Merchants,
OXFORD, N. C
We keep on hand a well selected stock of bracing


COOKING AND HEATING
STOV卫S
POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY, WOODEN AND WILLOW-WARE
Guns and Pistols, Cartridges, Ammunition AND SPORTING GOODS.

SEWING HACHII ES, OLLS,
NEEDLES AND ATTACHMENTS.
Paints and Oils, Lamps and Lamp Goods.

Wilizus \& Puman
$\square$ OXF㇒ ${ }^{\text {Pr }}$

TURE
DRUGS[SE All STANDARD Preparations PRESCRIPIONS AOCURATELY COMPOUNDED.
 nave caused Insurance Compa I offer for CASH ONLY, a large stock of ZEIGLER'S SHOES

## bay state shoes

${ }_{\mathrm{My}}^{\mathrm{M}}$ entire Stock

 100 dazen pair of Ladiles Kid, sulk and

 $\$ 5,000$ worth of Ready Madd Clothe


I AM Difeminied to soll! Ilailforedtl!


MILLINERY,
 $2,000 \begin{gathered}\text { Yards of of Velveta and } \\ \text { pricese } \\ \text { prices. }\end{gathered}$ 2,000 Thatid f pieq silus


 Ladidiss' nemano veat. Gents' Hats, $\begin{aligned} & \text { Croikery and Glass } \\ & \text { Hose and Cravate. }\end{aligned}$


