#### CASE O' BE ANCHORED.

A PARODY ON CASABIANCA.

The mule stood on the ste: mboat

deck;
The land he would not tread;
They pulled the halter round his neck,
And cracked him on the head.

But obstinate and braced he stood As born the scene to rule;
A creature of the hold-back brood,
A stubborn, steadfast fast mule.

They cursed and swore--he v

not go
tintil he felt inclined;
And though they thundered blow
on blow,
He altered not his mind.

The deck hand to the shore com plained:

"The varmint's bound to stay!"
And still upon the critter's hide
The sounding lash made play.

"The boat's about to sail other means, in vain you'v

Suppose you twist his tail-

It's likely that you'll make him land.'
The deck hand, brave, though pale,
The nearer drew, with outstretched

To make the twist avail.

Then came a kick of thunder sound The deck-hand--where was he? Ask of the waves that far around, Beheld him in the sea!

A moment, not a voice was heard; But winked the mule his eye, As though to ask, to him occurred "How now was that for high?"

"Just cut his throat!" the captain roared,
"And end the cursed brute;"

But the noblest soul that perished there,
Was he who tried to do 't,

### SMALL ENEMIES.

A number of children, who A number of children, who had been interested in hearing how cranes carry small birds across the Mediterranean sea, were delighted while visiting in the country, when they saw what seemed to them a similar act of kindness.

"Just like the cranes," shout-I Ned. "We saw it with our ed Ned. "own eyes. own eyes. A big bird was giving a little bird a ride on its back."

"Where did you see that?" ked uncle Jonn. "Lou and "Where did you see that?" asked uncle Jonn. "Lou and I were out on the big rock, back of the barn, and the bird was going toward the wood," replied the boy.

"You must have seen a hawk obliged to carry his enemy along with him. When I get through work this evening, I will tell you more about it."

All the afternoon the children wondered, talking of little else, and sorry at evening,

tle else, and sorry at evening when a gentleman called to transact some business with uncle At length, however allusion was made to Ned's re-

mark.
"I saw the hawk," said this gentleman. "He tried hard to get rid of his passenger, but it was of no use. at was of no use. It was a plucky fight; but the king-bird had the advantage, and kept whacking away with his stout bill, as persistently as an Irishman will use a pickaxe. It kept steady at the job; and, when they get near the procedure. when they got near the woods others came to his assistance. At last I saw the hawk drop; and I have no doubt it was worried to death."

ed her uncle. "Hawks know that very well, and are shy of encountering them; but a king-bird never misses a chance of retaliating upon them for some of their cruelty and thefts."

"And I am always glad to see it done," remarked the visitor. "I never had such a prejudice against king-birds as many people have. They snap up some of my bees, and take a good many of my berries; but I have no doubt they have saved a heap of my chickens for me. They fight crows too, and so save the eggs of song-birds. I look upon them as friends. They are brave fighters."

"That is true; and, small as they are, they deserve to be called by their kingly name. My father would never alow us to When he was a boy shoot one. When he was a boy he was playing near the house with his brother, when they saw a very large bird evidently trying to rise higher, yet finally setting down in the meadow,

setting down in the meadow, although all the time flapping its wings heavily.

"The boys ran into the house to tell what they had seen, and grandfather hurried out with his gun. Going to the meadow, he found an eagle besieged by a flock of king-birds that gave it flows a more amounts seet. Then which not a moment's rest. Turn which way it would, it received a blow from some one of its persecuters, and I have no doubt that, if and I have no doubt that, if left to themselves, they would have killed it. But grandfather did not wait for that: he shot the eagle; and, afterward, he did all his writing with pens made from eagle's quills."

"I knew king-birds would attack anything, but I don't know that I ever heard of their really attacking an eagle before. They are very perserving."

"What did your grandpa do with his pens, when they were all worn out?" now asked Lou.

"Tied them up together,

"Tied them up together, and left them in one of the drawers in his old desk. It isn't a great while since I saw them there."

"Please, may I have one, Uncle John?"

Uncle John?"
"Yes, you and Ned can each
of you, have one."
"And we will certainly
keep them just as long as we
live, to remember your grand

pa by."
"And remind you, too that "And remind you, too that small enemies are by no means to be despised, any more than large ones. The worst enemies that children or grown people have are their faults—the foolish and bad habits which keep right along with them, until they make a good fight for the mastery, or else give up, and are ruined, soul and body."—Well Spring.

WHICH? A. T. Stewart and W. E. Dodge started in buisness in New York City about the same time. They succeeded. New York City about the same time. They succeeded. Both succeeded greatly. One grandly. Perhaps the first made ten millions where the second made cone million. The second left an estate of about six millions. However, the second seco The second left an estate of about six millions. He gave away about \$100,000 a year. The other left an immense fortune and an immense business. They have both gone over to the majority; the one, several years ago; the other, several days ago. Which succeeded grandly? The boy who, converted at a Methodist class meeting at twalve years. who, converted at a Methodist class-meeting at twelve years of age, became the leading philanthropist of his generation; or the boy who was early thought of for the ministry by the admirers of his early promise, but whom the greed of gain converted into a splendid miser? KNOTS.

On the table by the turning-lathe lay a rough, gnarled knot of hard pine. "Utterly ed knot of nard pine. "Otterly useless, except to burn," was the general verdict. Not so, thought the turner. With keen eye and skillful fingers, he "centered" the shapeless lump, turned up the set-screw slipped on the belt, and had it snipped on the beit, and had it spinning before him. Then he laid a sharp chisel across the iron "rest," and moving it nearer and still nearer, chipped off the first rough protuberances, cutting more and more, until the whole outside was smooth and even. Another small tool, held in a different position, cut out much of the inside, leaving a a mere whirling shell. Gentle touches with emery cloth and burnishes finished the task. The belt being thrown off, and the shell removed, it

off, and the shell removed, it appeared transformed into a beautiful vase, highly polished, and rich in unique veining. "There," said the turner, "that is my every day-lesson. No matter how rough-looking your material may be, don't call it useless until you have' tried it. There is many a hard character, many a tough tried it. There is many a hard character, many a tough knot, which, under the right kind of turning, might be fashioned into a vessel fit for the Master's use."

#### HAVE COURAGE

Have the courage to cut the most agreeable acquaintance you have, when you are con-vinced that he lacks principle. A friend should bear with a friend's infirmities but not

with his vices.

Have the courage to show your respect for honesty, in whatever guise it appears; and your contempt for dishonest duplicity, by whomsoever exhibited

Have the courage to wear your old clothes until you can pay for new ones.

A dog trying to eatch his tail said: "There is evidently intelligence in that tail, inasmuch as the faster the head goes for the tail, the faster the tail goes to escape it."

A boy complaining of the burr which enclosed the chest-nut, was told that, if it were not for the burr, the hogs would have eaten it before him

It is not the men of the greatest talents often who do the great work of the world. It is the men who have trained their working powers the best. The greatest engineer of England was a man of only medium talents; but he was a giant in principle. He gave himself wholly to it when a task was to be done. If a mountain was to be pierced and a roadway made through its heart, "an impracticable and impossible" bridge was to span a chasm or valley, he would shut himself up for a few days in his room, and scarcely eat or sleep while he turned the matter over and over in his mind. At the end he would come out smiling, with his plans clearly laid and his hand ready to set to work and carry them out.
Those who wish to be great men and women in the truest sense, must learn to be great workers, both with brain and hand. The two must go together, or they will accomplish nothing of importance to themselves or the world. Train the working power to its utmost capacity if you desire to make your mark in the age in which you live,

# The Orphan Asylum

IS LOCATED AT OXFORD,

IS LOCATED AT OXFORD, the County-seat of Granville, forty-five miles North of Raleigh; twelve miles from Henderson on the R. & G. R. R.

The Orphan Asylum belongs to (and, to the regulations adopted according to the regulations adopted by) the Grand Lodge of Masons.

Its benefits are extended to the most needy orphans, without, ever asking whether their fathers were masons or not. Children are received between the ages of eight and twelve, and discharged between the lages of orphical seasons of the season of the se

ed between the ages offourteen au-sixteen. The average cash expenses for each orphan is five dollars a month, but the sum required varies according to the seasons, and does not include what is apent for repairs, furniture and im-provement of the premises. The Grand Lodge gives the building and grounds, and \$2000 a year. The State gives \$5000 a year. For the remainder of its support, and for enlargement, the Orphan Asylum is dependent on volun-tary contributions from subordinate Lodges, churches of all denominations, benevolent societies, and charitable in-dividuals; and their co-operation is carnestly solicited.

earnestly solicited.

EXTRAOTS FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE GRAND LODGE OF MASONS:

The design of the Orphan Asylum shall be to protect, train and educate indigent and promising orphan children, to be received between the ages of 8 and 12 years, who have no parents, nor property, nor near relations able to assist them. They shall not be received for a shorter time than two years. In extraordinary cases the Superintendent may receive children outside the ages specified.

may receive confidence the ages specified.

The larger girls shall assist in the ordinary house work, and in making and mending the bed clothes, their own clothes and the clothos of the boys. The larger boys shall assist in the preparation of fuel, the care of the stock, and the cultivation of the soil. At least four religious denominations shall be represented among the officers of the Asylum, and the representatives of all religious creeds and of all political parties shall be treated alike. The Institution shall be conducted on the cash system, and its operations enlarged or curtailed according to the funds received.

Orphan children in the said Asylum shall be fed and clothed, and shall receive such preparatory training and education as will prepare them for use-ful occupations and for the usual business transactions of life.

Resolved, That the sincere thanks of this Grand Lodge are hereby tendered to many benevolent laddes and gentlemen, to theministers of the Gospel, to churches of various denominations, Odd Feilows, Knights of Tythias, Good Tempiars, Friends of Temperance and other benevolent accidets whose hearty co-operation and liberal contributions have rendered timely and valuable assistance in the great work of ameliorating the condition of the orphan children of the State.

Resolved, That all benevolent societies and individuals are hereby cordinate Lodge appoint a Standing Committee upon raising funds and supplies for feeding, clothing and educating indigent and promising orphan children the Asylum of Cord.

Resolved, That all benevolent societies and individuals are hereby cordinate Lodge appoint a Standing Committee upon raising funds for the Orphan Asylum of Cord of the Chylan Asylum and tead that sald reports and the funds received be forwarded monthly to the Superince and the stall reports and the funds in each subordinate Lodge at each Communication.

admitted? was also decided in the gative. Should deformed children be admitte? This was left to the discretion the Superintendent. When the dermity is of such a character as to relieve the such as the such a character as the such as the

THE ADOPTION OF ORPHANS.
We are always glad to accommodate childless couples who wish to adopt children as their own; but greatly prepared that they should come and make their own selections.

APPLICATION FOR CHILDREN.

APPLICATION FOR CHILDREN.

Correspondents are requested to read (and regulate applications for children by) the following resolutions of the Grand Lodge of Masons:

Resolved, J. The Superintendent of the Orphan Asylum shall not consider any application for an orphan until the same has been approved and endorsed by the Orphan Asylum Committee of the Lodge in whose jurisdiction the applicant resides.

2. It shall be the duty of the said committee to make due inquiry into the destrableness of the situation offered before endorsing an application; and also

dren.
3. It shall be the duty every secretary of a Lodge to send the names of the Committee of the Orphan Asylum to the OBPHANS' FRIEND for publication, in order that persons wishing to employ orphans may know the steps to be taken.

#### HOW CHILDREN ARE ADMITTED

Very often the Superintendent hunts up poor and promising orphans, and informs them of the advantages offered at the Orphan House, and induces them to return with hun Generally it is best that he shouldsee them before they start. When this is impracticable, a formal application shouldbe made by a friend. Here is one in proper form:

W. M. of.

The application should be sent to the Superintendent, and he will either go for the children or provide for their transportation. \$\sigma \text{in}\$ on case should a community take up a collection to sent a man with the children, nor send the children before the Superintendent has been consulted.

# ACTION OF EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

Resolution adopted by the last annual Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, at Winston, May 13, 1880:

1880:
"Resolved, That this Convention does heartily approve the efforts of the Oxford Asylum to alleviate the sufferings and to provide for the welfare of the helpless orphans of North Carolina; and that we commend to the limitation of all, the example of this spirit of active charity and beneficence on the part of the Masonic fraternity in thus fulfilling the Apostolic injunction to remember the poor."

ACTION OF THE N. C. CONFERENCE,

On motion of Rev. J. R. Brooks, the following resolutions were adopted at the Annual Conference held at Durham, in 1881.

"The Committee to whom was referred the communication of his Excellency Gov. Jarvis, bringing to our notice and commending to our favor, the Oxford Orphan Asylum, recommend the and commending to our favor, the Oxford Orphan Asylum, recommend the expression of sympathy with this noble charity, and heartily commend it to the liberal support of all our people.

2. That our pastors are hereby requisted to take a collection in all their congregations at such time during the ensuing Conference year as they may think most appropriate and best, and to forward the same to the Superintendent of the Asylum.

3. That the Recording Stewards of our several pastoral charges are requested to the Communication of the Conference the omounts collected under the head of "For the Orphan Asylum."

JNO R. BROOKS, Committee,

ACTION OF PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD.

Resolutions adopted by the Synod of North Carolina in session at Ralieigh, N. C., November 18th. 1380: "Whereas the Oxford Orphan Asylum of North Carolina is a purely benevolent institution, and is doing great good for the needy Orphans of our State, therefore,

Resolved, That we approve for its purposes and suggest that the congregations within our bounds take up at their own convenience an annual collection in behalf of that institution and forward the same collected, in connection with any articlesof food and raiment which may the contributed, to the Superintendent.

ACTION OF BAPTIST STATE CON-VENTION.

At the Baptist State Convention, held in Goldsboro, November 17th, 1880, the following resolution was

thing regularly to its support; inter-fore Resolved, That all our pastors are hereby earneadly requested to take up a collection at each of their churches at least once a year in behalf of this great and important work. Edder F. H. Ivey submitted the fol-lowing resolution, which was adopted at the Convention held in Winston in 1881.



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## THE

# ORPHANS' FRIEND

Organ of the Orphan Asylum at Oxford, and of the Grand Lodge of Ma-sons in North Carolina.)

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# THE YOUNG;

capedally those deprived of the benefits of parental and scholastic training. It also seeks to increase the sould growth of the prosperous by suggesting proper objects of charity and true channels of benevolence, in order that they may, by doing good to others, enlarge their own hearts and extend the horizon of their human sympathies, as they ascend to a higher plane of christian observation. Address ORPHANS' FRIEND, OXFORD, N. C;

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