

THE PAPER OF THE PEOPLE, FOR THE PEOPLE AND WITH THE PEOPLE

ESTABLISHED 1882 LEXINGTON, N. C. WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 6, 1913. VOL. XXXII—NO. 13

FORD TRIAL IN PROGRESS.

Case Taken Up Monday—Jury drawn from Forsyth—Other Court Proceedings.

The trial of Lee Ford for the killing of Police Officer Garland on April 4, 1912, began Monday. Ford was arraigned Wednesday and pleaded not guilty to the formal indictment read by Solicitor Bower. When the question of setting a day for trial came up, Solicitor Bower made a motion to have a jury drawn from another county, alleging that it was the belief of the counsel representing the prosecution that the state could not get a square deal from a Davidson county jury. Mr. J. F. Sprull, representing the prosecution, read affidavits from ex-Sheriff P. J. Leonard, Mr. H. Shoaf, Mr. L. L. Conrad, Mr. H. Henry Sheets and several other citizens of prominence, setting forth that there is much corruption in Davidson county; that 25 or 30 per cent of the men whose names are in the jury box, may be bought and sold in an election and that it would be hardly possible to keep all of these corrupt men out of the jury box. Some of the affidavits stated that attorneys for the defense had circulated reports that Ford is insane and that newspaper accounts also had helped to spread the belief that he was insane. The state contended it would be better to have a jury from Forsyth than to have a jury from another county. The state contended that it was also stated in some of the affidavits that the action of Davidson county juries in the past in turning loose guilty men, caused the affiants to believe that a fair trial could not be had in Davidson. Mr. E. J. Justice, of Greensboro, representing the defense, stated that while the defense did not admit the truth of the affidavits, they would consent to the drawing of a jury to try the case from another county and it was finally decided to draw a jury from Forsyth. Order was made for a special venire of 35 men. As the suggestion of counsel for the defense, the affidavits above referred to were withdrawn.

THE FORD JURY.

The jury arrived Monday afternoon on the Southbound train at 1:51 o'clock and the work of selecting a jury from the venire was taken up and soon completed. The following were chosen to pass upon the question of the insanity of Ford: J. M. Lamb, H. D. Frazer, John A. Reich, W. M. Barrow, Charles A. Jones, James T. Davis, W. C. Hubbard, J. S. Norman, C. H. Davis, E. A. Hessebeck, J. S. Norman, W. E. Pfaff, F. R. Bahnon, Joseph Marshall, Frank R. Yerber, A. S. Dalton, Chas. A. Jones, Virgil L. Dilworth, C. C. Huban, Roma Berrier, E. E. Speas, C. H. Davis, Z. B. Conrad, C. H. Lamb, J. M. Lamb, John B. Reid, A. G. Fuik, W. E. Boyles, J. B. Hineshaw, Joe Crews, A. J. Idol, H. D. Frazer, W. M. Barrow, Jaa. T. Davis, Irvin Crumpler, C. A. Livengood, W. B. Brown, R. J. Parrish, F. O. Jones, Elisha Harper, G. R. Thomas and W. A. Keeger.

REPORT OF GRAND JURY.

The Grand Jury made its formal report to Judge Shaw Friday and was discharged with the thanks of the court. It reported that all bills of indictment sent before it had been passed upon and the county offices, county home and stocks had been examined as required by law. There were several recommendations made by the Grand Jury. The county office and county home were found to be in good condition. A bath room was recommended for the stocks, a toilet room for the use of the jailor at the jail and toilet rooms in the court house for the use of women. It was also recommended that the county health officer be required to visit the stocks once a month and examine the prisoners there confined.

Back from the West.

Mr. George L. Hackney returned last week from an extended trip to many big cities in the west and to Yellowstone National Park. Mr. Hackney attended a furniture exposition in Chicago and from there went to Minneapolis to attend the biennial meeting of the Imperial Palace D. O. K. K. Mr. Hackney is secretary and treasurer of the Lexington Chair Company and that is why he went to Chicago. He is past grand chancellor of the K. of P. in North Carolina and one of the liveliest Doves on earth. That is why he went to Minneapolis.

When he got through at Minneapolis he thought it would never do to come back to North Carolina without seeing Yellowstone Park, so he hiked it over to the park, a distance of something more than 1,000 miles. "Being so close to Yellowstone Park," was the way he explained it. The west, however, is a region of magnificent distances and a thousand miles is not so far.

He had a great time in Yellowstone. He chose to follow the beaten path and spent six days there, stopping at the chain of six government hotels and seeing everything of interest that was to be seen. His description of the wonderful geysers is worth listening to. He was fortunate enough to be on the spot when the Grand geyser pulled its little stunt of shooting boiling water 200 feet in the air a dozen times in quick succession and then shutting up for six days. It erupts only once in a while. There then was "Old Faithful" which erupts every hour and many others. The "Baby Geyser" is another wonder. It sounds exactly like "blowing off the boiler" of a 100 horse-power engine and it looks very much like that operation. A cloud of steam comes hissing from a hole in the ground and it has been doing that stunt, without let up or intermission, for three years now.

Mr. Hackney is firmly convinced that the Old Boy has his main works right under Yellow Stone Park and will not be at all surprised when he decides to blow the whole thing up. He found the weather out there delightful. The highest temperature he struck was 73 and the lowest 45. He had to hire an overcoat when the mercury went to exploring the regions below 50 and all that time his unfortunate friends in Lexington were watching it climb far up in the 90's.

Plenit at Southmont.

Southmont Council, No. 393, Jr. O. U. A. M., will have a public picnic at Southmont, Saturday, Aug. 9th. The picnic is open to the public and everybody is cordially invited to attend and bring well-filled baskets. Double-header baseball games with teams from Churchland and Craven. Some splendid speakers have been invited. Speaking at 11 o'clock. The luncheon will be served at the Union Cornet Band will furnish music.

\$41,600 Accepted by Conference For Home.

Dr. Boyer, superintendent of the Christian Advocate, writes the Christian Advocate as follows: "Salisbury and Greensboro District Conferences were kind to the Home. They very cheerfully accepted the amounts which have been apportioned to them, \$6,150 and \$6,850 respectively. The pledges by districts up to this time have been very encouraging. The amount accepted by the District Conferences so far is \$41,600. The acceptance of this amount by the districts is a second and long step toward getting the cash. But we are far from the money until something more is done. The local district and charge committees will have to work out their own method for getting the money. We shall be glad to help in every way possible from this office to secure the money. These pledges will not amount to anything, however, unless the local committee for each charge takes the matter in hand and undertakes vigorously to raise the amount apportioned to the charge by the District Committee."

Parcel Post Extended to 20 lb. Parcels.

The postoffice department at Washington has notified the local office that, beginning August 15, the limit of weight of parcel post matter will be extended from eleven to twenty pounds and that, in addition, the scope of the department will be extended to take in fresh meats and other perishable articles in a wrapper mailed in the office to be delivered in the first and second zones. The instructions which have been received from Postmaster General Burleson are as follows: "On and after August 15, the limit of weight of parcels mailed in the first and second zones shall be increased from eleven pounds to twenty pounds. The rate in postage on parcels exceeding four ounces in weight shall be five cents for the first pound and one cent for each additional two pounds or fraction thereof when intended for local delivery and five cents for the first pound and one cent of each additional pound or fraction thereof intended for delivery at other offices within the first and second zones."

The Truthful Editor.

A lower Illinois editor, declaring he was becoming tired of wielding the whitewash brush in the matter of obituaries, has decided to reform and tell the truth just once. His comment on the death of a well known citizen in the community follows: "Died, — aged 56 years, 6 months and 13 days. Deceased was a mild-mannered pirate, with a mouth for whiskey and an eye for booty. He came here in the night with another man's wife and joined the church at first chance. He owes several dollars for the paper, a large meat bill, and you could hear him pray for six blocks. He died singing 'Jesus Paid It All,' and we think he is right—he never paid anything himself. He was buried in an asbestos casket, and his many friends drew palatial fans in the grave, as he may send them. His tombstone will be a favorite resting place for the boot boys."

TO MOVE THE CROPS.

Uncle Sam Will Place in Southern Banks \$50,000,000—Accept Commercial Paper.

Twenty-five to fifty million dollars of government bonds will be deposited in the national banks of the south and west at once by Secretary McAdoo to facilitate the movement of crops. Federal, state and municipal bonds and prime commercial paper will be accepted as security for the money, upon which the banks will pay two per cent interest.

The motive of Secretary McAdoo in establishing this new policy is to anticipate the money stringency in the late summer and fall, which invariably accompanies the marketing and movement of crops, especially when the crops are unusually large as the harvest now beginning forecasts. He intends to take time by the forelock and prevent or minimize the usual tightness of money.

In a statement Friday the Secretary made the significant answer that he would be glad to accept at par as security for the new deposits and that the additional money would be placed only with banks which have taken out at least forty per cent of their authorized circulation. United States two per cent bonds, serving as security for the new national bank circulation, have been depressed recently to low market prices, dropping to 95 1/2 during the past few days. The secretary's willingness to accept these bonds at par as security for the twenty-five to fifty million dollars of new deposits is an inducement to the national banks to increase their circulation up to the forty per cent limit is expected to help in restoring the parity of the depressed 2's by creating a new market for them.

For the first time in history, the government will accept prime commercial paper as security for deposits. This privilege will be granted, announced the secretary, in order to make these special deposits available to the banks on securities readily within their reach. "The commercial paper submitted," added Mr. McAdoo, "shall first be passed upon and approved by the clearing house committees of the cities in which the banks offering such paper may be located. All commercial paper and bonds must finally be passed upon and accepted by the secretary."

Approved commercial paper will be accepted as security for the deposits at 65 per cent of its face value, and high class state, municipal and other bonds, exclusive of government bonds, at 75 per cent of their market value. The additional deposits will be placed with the national banks in two or three principal cities in each of the states where harvesting now is in progress, and where the demand for money for moving the crops most conveniently can be met. The secretary said it would be impracticable to scatter the national banks in the smaller cities, especially in view of the character of securities necessary. The banks will be required to return the money to the public treasury when the crops have been moved. The present suggestion, Mr. McAdoo said, that fifteen per cent be repaid in December, thirty per cent in January, thirty per cent in February and twenty-five per cent in March next.

Bolt Strikes Man And His Two Horses.

A dispatch from King, says that R. W. Newsom, who Friday afternoon sought shelter from one of the worst storms ever experienced in that section, was instantly killed when lightning struck the tobacco barn to which he had gone. Two horses which he had been plowing and which he had taken to the barn with him, were also killed by the same bolt. Mr. Newsom was one of the best citizens of Stokes county, 35 years of age and is survived by a wife and two small children.

Old Negro's Hoarded Cash Mysteriously Disappeared.

George Mashburn, a hard-working and honest old negro, who resides about two miles south of Old Fort, besides raising a large family and paying with the proceeds of his farm the past 35 years to lay a little ready cash for a "rainy day." He had finally accumulated between two and three thousand dollars, but instead of putting his hard-earned savings in a bank he had secreted them in some sort of a "conspiracy," fastened against the wall of his barn. For years this hiding place was secure enough, but we often hear of "riches taken to themselves wings," and last week \$200 and more of the old man's money mysteriously disappeared. A warrant was sworn out for his son-in-law, Will Lytle, but at the hearing the evidence was not sufficient to hold the suspect.—Old Fort Sentinel.

Business News Notes.

If you want a good horse, hunt up Mr. Wiley Beck's ad. "Look before you drive" is a new version of an old adage. Read A. L. Smith & Co.'s ad and learn why. The J. B. Smith Company offers a few days only. Read it over. Note the ad of the National Real Estate and Auction Co., which appears in this issue. The big sale at Litchfield, on the C. & Y. V. R. R., will be pulled off August 14th. Call attention to their line of High Art clothes. There are no other clothes in the same class with Strouse Brothers High Art line and you will have opportunity of being fitted by a representative of the firm Friday and Saturday, August 8 and 9. See him at Parry's store. The Mocksville Record says that Benjamin Tutterow, who lives at Center, Davis county, slept in a barn near his home, got up and walked around in his sleep and fell from the second story of the barn. He fell on a threshing machine, his breast bone was fractured, a rib or two broken and there were severe bruises in addition.

THE CHILD WORKER.

His Prospects After Leaving School—Mr. W. H. Swift of N. C. Child Labor Society Writes.

The new state law compelling children to go to school, will have considerable effect in North Carolina, and those who are familiar with conditions throughout the state know that there is need of something everywhere. Mr. W. H. Swift, of Greensboro, secretary of the state organization that is opposing the employment of child labor in the factories of the state, has made a careful study of the situation and he writes as follows: "Children who work have little prospect of promotion. Of 622 children (all those under 16 who left school to go to work during a specified period in six cities in four states, and whose career it was possible to trace) \$16, or 85.5 per cent, of the boys and all of the girls entered industries whose average wage for all employees was under \$10; 25 boys, or 7.1 per cent, entered industries whose average wage was \$10 or more, but under \$15, and 12, or 3.4 per cent, entered industries whose average weekly wage was \$15 and upward or professional and independent occupations."

Mr. Swift says: "The figures given herewith are not, I take it, surprising and I absolutely necessary to have in the manufacturing industries of North and South Carolina. Those who are at all familiar with the cotton mill business must have felt the truth of this many times. It is well known that the average cotton mill operative does not get very high wages. The money and that a rule he remains in the business all his life, or at least until he is pushed out by his younger competitor. Then it is too late to take up another trade. A great many of our North Carolina cotton manufacturers have told me that they find it almost certain that the young men for and to take care of their operations. It is a fact well known to any one at all familiar with the situation that cotton mill operatives tend to form a class by themselves. As a rule they do not marry with other people, and generally they go to separate churches, so far as my observation goes. They have, by nature, as good endowment as any other part of our population. The only way by which we can explain this extreme segregation of this part of our population is that the boys and girls who are placed at work at an age which has deprived them of the opportunity to learn any business other than that in which they are engaged. From this avenue the door of opportunity opens very rarely."

Seeing that the above is true and that the welfare of the individual family of a community and of the state as well is dependent upon the training and development of all our people, it seems to me that it is time for the state to give some attention to this large body of boys and girls who are being discriminated against by reason of the life in which they live. It is no fault of theirs that they have not had training. It is no fault of theirs that they do not find themselves at ease with the rest of our people. Circumstances have held them in a stern grasp. If the present state of affairs continues the boys and girls will be held just as tightly; for the boy and girl who goes to work at the age of 12 and continues there has but little chance to do anything else other than to be a low-wage earner to the end of his life.

"Thirty-three per cent of the children of this state who begin work between 14 and 16 are employed in unskilled industries, and 65 per cent in low-grade skilled industries; thus a little less than 2 per cent are in high-grade industries."—Massachusetts Education, 1906, page 317.

Choctaw Indian Will Get the Appointment.

President Wilson Saturday withdrew the nomination of Adam E. Patterson to be register of the treasury and substituted that of Gabe E. Parker, of Oklahoma, a full blood Choctaw Indian. By withdrawing Patterson's name and substituting that of Parker another man than a negro will hold the office of register of the treasury for the first time since Grover Cleveland's day when he named a negro to boss white men and women. For the first time in the history of the United States a full blood Indian will hold a position of first responsibility at the seat of government. Many southern senators took a firm stand against appointing a negro to this place and the President was told that his nomination would never be confirmed by the senate. Being convinced that his was true, Mr. Wilson reluctantly withdrew the negro's name.

Express Company Must Pay The Tax.

The Corporation Commission issued Friday night an order against the Southern Express Company, directing it to pay into the state treasury \$20,014.32, the balance of the state taxes on the gross revenue under the revenue act for the years of 1909, 1910, 1911 and 1912. The commission finds that the Express Company deducted from its gross revenue amounts paid to the railroad companies for transportation, charged before figuring the franchise taxes to the state, which the act provided should be 2 1/2 per cent, this tax to be on the gross receipts of business wholly within the state.

Deadly on Mules.

During the electric storm last Tuesday night lightning killed three fine mules belonging to Mr. Kemper Helms of Buford township. The mules were in a barn and very little damage was done to the building. The three mules were worth \$400 and there was \$450 insurance on them. A male belonging to Mr. Joseph Collins of Buford township was killed by lightning last Tuesday night. The mule was in the stable. No damage was done to the building. There was a horse in an adjoining stall to that the mule was in, but it was not hurt.—Concord Tribune.

THE GOVERNORSHIP.

Some of the Possible Candidates—McLean Believed to Be in the Race to Stay.

It is nearly three years until time for naming a democratic candidate for governor to succeed Locke Crance, says the Greensboro Record, but already we find candidates who are receptive and who are being groomed by "their friends." The nomination will hardly go as it did last year to a man who was unopposed. Such occasions are the exception and not the rule. The candidate will probably be an eastern man. It is true that both Kitchin and Craig were born in the eastern part of the state, but in their campaign both laid claim to being western men. The first name to be mentioned was that of A. Wilton McLean, of Robeson county, one of the foremost members of the Lumberton bar and a man of considerable fortune. Mr. McLean was an ardent Wilson man in the state convention at Raleigh and one of the pillars in the Simmons organization. He has long been a member of the state democratic executive committee and a good party man. He will be warmly supported by the counties of the Cape Fear section.

The name of Judge W. R. Allen is brought forward. Probably no other man in the state has a wider acquaintance among lawyers than he. Other members of the supreme court know older members of the bar, but Judge Allen's longer and more recent services as a superior court judge has given him a wider acquaintance with both the older and younger lawyers. And those who have been in his courts have learned to respect his learning and ability and to love him for his kindly heart.

Several men who have been long in other offices and in the county of the state are mentioned—Attorney General Bickett, Secretary of State Grimes and Treasurer Lacy. Mr. H. A. Page, of Aberdeen, is also mentioned in some of the papers. Within the next few months other names will be mentioned. Then the thinging out process will begin. It is almost certain that A. W. McLean will be a candidate, and it is likely that Judge Allen will be also, but the matter of other candidates is largely speculation.

Run Down or Assaulted.

Will Morton, a young white man who lives about two miles north of Mt. Gilead, was found lying in the public road near the town of Gilead, in an unconscious condition, either run down by an automobile or the victim of an assault. On examination the attending physicians found that he had suffered a fractured skull and other serious bruises, from which his chances for recovery were rendered very doubtful. A machine owned by Mr. Frank McAulay of Mt. Gilead carrying his family and driven by Mr. T. H. Harris, passed over the spot a short time before the discovery was made, and the driver thinks that he passed over the body. It is reported that the young man was seen a short while before he was found in an intoxicated state and that friends had tried to get him to his home with considerable difficulty.

Children's Home Files Complaint in Its Case.

The complaint of the plaintiff in the case of the Children's Home, Inc. vs. H. A. Hayes and others, was filed Wednesday with the Clerk of the superior court of Forsyth county. The plaintiff is suing for the sum of \$5,715.55 and asks that a commission be appointed to sell some real estate sold to H. A. Hayes by the Winston Realty Company and the Southern Realty Company and also the furniture in the Hotel Webster. Answers filed by several of the parties named as defendants attempt no denial of the claims of the plaintiff, admitting all of the allegations made by the plaintiff to be true.

His "Dare-Devil" Stunts Fatal.

Clarence Bowles, aged about 23 years, was knocked from an excursion train at Second Creek bridge, east of Barber Junction Friday and instantly killed. Bowles was returning to Statesville from Norfolk. He had been drinking and, becoming reckless, went out on the steps of a passenger coach, where he courted death by doing several "dare-devil" stunts. While he was hanging from the coach steps at arms length the train reached the bridge and his head and shoulders struck a beam of the bridge, dashing him to the creek 30 feet below. When the train reached Barber, railroad men went back to the creek after the body, which was badly mangled. The remains were taken to Statesville on the next train and from there to the home of the boy's father, R. C. Bowles, Sharpesburg township, Iredell county.

At Hickory a Few Days Ago Abel Flanigan, Driving Recklessly on the Street, Ran Over and Seriously Injured Philip Whitener. He was Tried in the Local Court for Drunkenness, Running Down Whitener and Resisting an Officer and was Sentenced to Twelve Months in the County Jail.

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Two Boys Went into a Church at Mayodan, Rockingham County, and Found a Gallon of Gasoline and Acid Matches. When the Explosion Occurred, John Paul, 8-Year-Old Son of T. W. Lehman, Was So Badly Injured That He Died a Few Hours After.

Two boys went into a church at Mayodan, Rockingham county, and found a gallon of gasoline and acid matches. When the explosion occurred, John Paul, 8-year-old son of T. W. Lehman, was so badly injured that he died a few hours after.

IN AND ABOUT LEXINGTON.

Personal Mention—Movements of the People—Small Items of Interest.

Mr. H. G. Hedrick, of Durham, is in the city. Miss Perry Griffith, of Thomasville, was in town Saturday. Dr. G. F. Duncan, of High Point, was in the city Sunday. Miss Lena Shultz left Monday night for Baltimore to visit relatives. Miss Maude Rankin, of Gastonia, is here visiting Miss Louise Beeson. Miss Louise Hill left Monday for Black Mountain to spend a month. Mrs. Hull, of Rock Hill, S. C., is here visiting her son, Mr. E. O. Hull. Mrs. W. F. Sparger returned Saturday from a visit to friends in Mt. Airy. Tom McKnight, of Mooresville, visited his friend, Chell Volls, last week. Miss Aubrey Barber, of Reidsville, is the guest of Miss Gertrude Volls in Park Place. Mr. R. C. Upchurch, of Fuquay Springs, spent Sunday and Monday in Lexington. Prof. O. V. Woosley returned last week from a visit to his parents at Morven, N. C. Miss Barnhardt, of Pioneer Mills Cabarrus county, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. A. W. Flyler. Miss Minnie Whaling, of Winston-Salem, has returned home after a visit to Miss Esther Yarborough. Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Varner are expected home this morning from a several days stay at Morehead City. Miss Lottie Lookabill, of Southmont, is here on a visit to Miss Sadie Cecil and other friends in Lexington. Mr. John Woosley, field agent for Guilford College, is in the city visiting his brother, Prof. O. V. Woosley. Mr. E. B. Owen, registrar of A. & M. College, Raleigh, spent a few days in the county, returning to Raleigh Monday. Dr. Geo. F. Leonard, of the State Board of Health, spent Sunday and Monday here, returning to Salisbury Monday evening. Rev. and Mrs. V. Y. Boozer, and children, have returned from an extended visit to relatives and friends in South Carolina. Miss Etta Smith has returned from Jacksonville, where for the past four weeks she has been the guest of her room-mate, Miss Sybil Cox. Mrs. J. F. Ward left yesterday afternoon for Black Mountain, where she will spend a few days visiting her step-father, Mr. W. A. Bailey.

Mrs. C. L. Whitaker and children, Margaret and Clifton, all of A. S. Care, are here on a visit to Mrs. Whitaker's sister, Mrs. Jno. C. Hunt. Mrs. Helen Keith and Mrs. R. J. Hanes, of Winston-Salem, and Mrs. Fayette Weaver, of Warrenton, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Weaver. Miss Ina Phillips has as her guests this week Miss Sophia Tilden, of Greensboro; Miss Salile Lee Oaks, of Salisbury; and Misses Mary Lee Greene and Katie Lee Owen, of Yadkin County. Dr. I. M. Taylor, of Morganton, is here this week attending court. Dr. Taylor is one of the physicians of the eastern Hospital for the insane at Morganton and runs a private sanatorium of his own for the treatment of mental diseases. Mr. and Mrs. Phelps Cornater, Misses Ida Myers and Edna Cornater and Mr. Albert Cornater, all of Advance and Mrs. R. E. Smith, and little daughter, of Spencer, were the guests last week of Mrs. J. F. Ward. They returned to their homes Friday. The friends and neighbors of Mr. W. E. Strange gathered at his home in this city Sunday and gave him a big surprise in the way of a birthday dinner. About seventy people sat down to the sumptuous feast prepared and everybody enjoyed the occasion to the fullest extent. Mr. and Mrs. W. Lee Scarborough and Mrs. W. L. Harkey, who have been spending a month in Sparta and other points in Allegheny county, returned home last week. Mr. Scarborough has been engaged in running a well-boring machine in the mountains and has had all of the work he cared to do. He will return to Sparta in a few days. Mr. R. L. McCarty returned last week from a week's visit to Hazelhurst, Ga., where he looked after some of his timber interests. Returning he spent a few days at Savannah and enjoyed the delights afforded by the famous summer resort at Tybee, near Savannah. He found the weather red hot in old Georgia and while crops are the best in years, he found business slow. Mr. J. Tilden Hedrick, who has been suffering a great deal with erysipelas for the past two or three weeks, does not improve rapidly. He went to Hillsdale several days ago and expected to take treatment under Dr. Long at Statesville but found that Dr. Long was away on a vacation. He went to Greensboro Friday for further treatment. His friends hope for him a speedy recovery.

The supreme court of Oklahoma has affirmed the grandfather clause amendment to the state constitution, which disfranchises the negro under certain conditions. Notice of an appeal to the United States supreme court has been given. Two boys went into a church at Mayodan, Rockingham county, and found a gallon of gasoline and acid matches. When the explosion occurred, John Paul, 8-year-old son of T. W. Lehman, was so badly injured that he died a few hours after.