Commissioner Discusses Agriculture In North Carolina

By N.C. Commissioner **Of Agriculture** Jim Graham

Gambling on weather or pounds. agriculture presents some mers, like meterologists, bet on the weather every day as if the one element vital to agriculture was not one over which farmers have little or no control. Last summer many of

them lost. Heat, drought and pest

struck North Carolina and much of the United States With that came shortages, an ally of inflation. The supply and demand came clearly into focus. Consumers suffered from soaring prices and farmers suffered from lack of salable commodities. Too many went under.

The following is an outline of what happened. It should be kept in mind that most declines in quality and quanityt were the direct result of bad weather.

Corn, soybeans and peanuts suffered the worst. N.C. corn yields, for example, were down 16 per cent from 1979 or only 62 80 bushels plus. Soybeans acre, down 18 per cent from

with only 1,850 pounds an acre. In recent years farmers have made over 2,800

Fortunately, tobacco pretty long odds. Yet far- maintained its golden lining, at least partly, and a fair crop resulted. On the market flue-cured averaged \$1.46 a pound with a reasonable yield of 2,012 pounds per acre. Quality was down but 750-million pounds were sold bringing a whopping \$1.1 billion in

Still, it was better than the leaving only dust and death. \$1.39 a pound average price of 1979 but costs of production also went up. In million.

> growers produced 18-million pounds against a poor 8.5million pounds in 1979, an to blue mold. At this writing North Carolina has sold 11nearly \$1.66 a pound. The market will remain open for about two weeks after Christmas

bushels an acre. In good were harvested. If weather years this can be as high as had cooperated it is believed produced only 19 bushels an produced from the 63.000 the previous year. Peanuts on the upswing in North took a 19 per cent beating Carolina due to higher

Time is Money.

Albemarle Production Credit Association

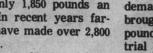
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1979.

gross farm income. ancient and natural law of 1979 only 603-million pounds were sold grossing \$842-

Adding to that, burley increase of 111 per cent. The 1979 crop was a disaster due million pounds averaging

Cotton quality was excellent though yields were down. Only 50,000 bales 80,000 bales would have been acres harvested. Cotton is

demand, prices, (this year it brought 85 cents to 90 cents a pound) the success of the trial boll weevil eradiction

program and the high cost of synthetic fabrics made from petro-chemicals. This is evidenced in that only 43,000 acres were harvested in

Hogs saw a reduction in breeding stock in reaction to lower prices but they improved during the last half of the year. In October of 1979 top hogs sold for \$33.82 hundredweight. In the

same month of 1980 prices had increased to \$46.67 a hundredweight.

Beef cattle numbers and prices were stable with slaughter cattle selling at \$65 to \$67 a hundredweight or about one to two cents a

pound below 1979. Milk production increased two to three per cent with about a 10 per cent price increase at the farm.

Broiler production went up 10 per cent. North Carolina produces 350-million birds annually. This is the state's leading food commodity and second in farm income behind tobacco. North Carolina ranks

second nationally in turkey production. Twenty-three million were produced in 1979 compared to an increase of three per ent or 24million turkeys this year. Tar Heelia leads the country in sweet potatoes. The 1980 crop was 4.6 million hundredweight or a 7 per cent drop from the 4.9-

million hundredweight produced in 1979. 1980 was a record year for

apples with 375-million pounds or 9-million bushels. Vegetables were down this year in both quality and quantity as a result of the weather. Small grains were ex-

Chimney

Sweep

Free Estimates

Rick Brady

26 Westover

Heights

cellent with 350,000 acres harvested including wheat, oats and barley.

As we look towards the 1981 crop year, the biggest problem I see is the hardship farmers will face in borrowing the money needed to carry this crop. With the prime interest

rate now going to 21 per cent with the prospect of going higher, credit is a great problem. When this burden is added to the risk of putting out a crop, the result could be disastrous.

There are not many

Teacher Of Year Selection Slated For Mid-January

In just a few weeks, the eight regional finalists competing for the 1981-82 North Carolina Teacher of the Year (TOY) will be named. The nominees will be selected by mid-January from competitors representing most of the local school systems.

A screening committee in each of the eight regional education centers is now in the process of interviewing local winners and evaluting notebooks. Once the finalists are named, a visiting selection committee appointed by the Office of the State Superintendent of **Public Instruction will** observe the teachers in their schools and recommend the first and second state finalists. The 1981-82 TOY will be

presented to the state board at its April meeting. The teacher selected will have no classroom duties during the year's reign and will be entered in national competition.

"Finding the best classroom teacher in North Carolina would be an impossible task," State Supt. Craig Phillips explained. "We attempt to find one superior representative of the finest in the teaching profession who will represent good teachers everywhere," he said. Since 1970, when North

Carolina first participated in the teacher of the year program, the state has produced four national finalists and two national winners. The national event is jointly sponsored by the Council of Chief State farmers who can shoulder causes, I do have faith in the all of the expenses farmers ability to turn a necessary without the use of borrowed capital. Paying these exorbitant interest rates may be more of a burden than many farmers can bear.

In spite of the concern this for granted.

Attorneys Request Legislature To Retain Felony Provisions

them

The president of the N. C. prison sentences for District Attorneys Association, Joe Freeman Britt, has announced that the association will work to retain the provisions of the Habitual Felons Act in the

coming session of the the "one time transgressor" legislature. The act, which or "youngster that makes a is now scheduled to be mistake" is not effected by repealed in March, 1981, the act. Only a person who provides that when a person has clearly shown himself to has been convicted of his be a career criminal by fourth felony and is found by committing four felonies, a jury to be a habitual felon each one of the series being committed after he was his sentence must be at least 20 years and could be life convicted of the previous imprisonment. one can be prosecuted as a

The District Attorneys habitual felon. Association feels that none The courts need this efof the provisions of the fective law, according to newly enacted "Fair Sen-Dist. Atty. Britt, to deal with tencing Act" adequately the most hardened and deal with the career professional of criminals in criminal, but the current a manner that adequately Habitual Felons Act does, protects the people of the since it mandates lengthy State.

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minus into a plus and I think this will happen this time. I know I hope so and I also know it must if we are to have the abundant food supply we have come to take

habitual felons and prohibits

released on parole until

they have served a majority

Dist. Atty. Britt noted that

being

from

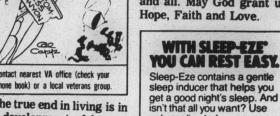
of their sentence.



Continued From Page 3-A Bandon's history. Rev. Robert S. Harrell will be installed as our FIRST full time, resident minister. Communion will be served following the installation. Happy New Year to one and all. May God grant us Hope, Faith and Love.

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only as directed.



The true end in living is in the development of human



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Notebook

