in the Superior Cours Mae Hood, Plaintiff, Dugree Fred Cofendare

take notice that an action entitled or before the 6th day of December,

## **HOW DOCTORS TREAT** COLDS AND THE FLU

To break up a cold over night or to cut show an array of stript, influence of soft throat, physicians and drugists are now recommending Calotabs, the nauscaless Calomel tablet, that is purified from dan-gerous and sickening effects. Those who have tried is say that it acts like mage, by far more effective and certain than the old style calomel, heretofore recommended by physicians.

atyle calomei, heretolore recommended by physicians.

One or two Calotabs at bed time with a swallow of water,—that's all. No salts, no nausea nor the slightest interference with eating, work or pleasures. Next morning your cold has vanished and your system feels refreshed and purified. Calotabs are sold only in original sealed packages, price tun cents for the vest-pocket size; thirty-five cents for the large family package. Recommended and guaranteed by druggists. Your money back if you are not delighted.—self-

solute divorce from the bonds of matrimony on statutory grounds; and the mid defendant will further take that he is required to appear

the clerk of the superior The lefendant above named will court of Cherokee County, N. C. on 1924, and answer or demur to th complaint now on fue in the office of of the superior court or the court will grant the relief demanded in said complaint.

This 15th day of November, 1924. E. E. DAVIS, Clerk, (15-4t. Mc.) of the Superior Court



G. R. ROWAN

J. D. ROWAN

# The Golden Rule Store The Rowans

Why? Well, we come to your town and liked Murphy and her people, and have decided to cast in our lot

In the meantime we will appreciate a share of your patronage.

WATCH THIS SPACE FOR OPENING ANNOUNCEMENT

#### WANTED!

#### Families with large Households of Children Who Need and Want:

1st .- A better chance to educate their children and make a living,

2nd .- An opportunity to become better farmers under a practical teacher of agriculture, in an evening school conducted for adults

The school has nine good farms on which families are taken for a period of years. These families must be of good material and the kind that will make good neighbors and citizens of a community.

The school is especially interested in the descendants of early settlers of original stock who need and want to carn and save enough money to purchase their own home in the mountain country.

For Further Information Apply In Person To

#### RABUN GAP INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL

Rabun Gap, Georgia

# SEVERE CRAMPING SPELLS, PAINS IN BACK AND SIDES

"My trouble has been periodic cramping spells," says Mrs. C. C. Draper, of Atlanta, Texas. "For acveral years these have come on me so bad that I had to quit my land been suffering for years between the credit to cardui, for I had been suffering for years before I took it."

me so bad that I had to quit my work and go to bed. Every month I would stay in bed from one to two days. The pains in my back and sides were awful.

"This went on for several months after I was married until, one time when I was having a bad spell, my husband suggested that I try Cardui. I said I would try it, so he got me a bottle at the store and I began to take it.

"It seemed like I improved from the very first dose. When I had taken one bottle I was very much better. I did not cramp so hard the next month and I ate and slept better. I was not nearly so nervous, either. I thought Cardui was fine, so I continued the treatment until I had taken live bottles, at which time I felt completely well. I had no more

## EXPERIMENTAL WORK BEGUN IN TWELVE STATES

Eleven Farms Have Electric Service at Red Wing, Minn.-Saveral Lines in Alabama.

With the general co-operation of the National Committee on the Relation of Electricity to Agriculture, the great fundamentals of farm electrification are being thoroughly studied in ten different states in various sections of the country. Within the next few years—for it can hardly be done much sooner—both the agricultural and the electrical inferests will know with scientific accuracy just what the American farmer can hope for in the way of permanent, extensive and profitable electric service on his farm, supplied from the power lines of electric light and power companies.

The first of the state investigations, and at the present moment the most advanced of them all, is the co-opera-



Cooking Electrically in Home of B. I. Melin, Near F. d Wing, Minn.

Melin. Near F id Wing, Minn.

tive experimental line at Red Wing, Minn., built by the Northern States Power Company and to be operated for at least three years by a joint cooperative committee.

This line now serves cleven out of a possible total of nineteen customers. All of these ci ven farms have been wired for electric lights in the farm houses, out-buildings and yards. The electrical apparatus put into operation consists of electric ranges, ironing machines, irons, washing machines and vacuum cleaners, as well as electric feed grinders, cream separators and pumps. There are also on these farms three electric incubators and three electric incubators and three electric brooders.

Equipment Loaned to Farmers
The activities still to be undertaken comprise electric silage cutting and blowing, electric threshing, electric wood sawing and electric milking. An effort is also to be made to plow fields electrically.

effort is also to be made to plow fields electrically. Electrical manufacturing companies have loaned to the farmers for three years the equipment which is being used. From the beginning of this enterprise electrical manufacturers have followed it keenly. The General Electric Company, displaying a co-operative attitude as to policy, has both engineers and commercial men regularly in touch with the work in Minnesota.

The installation of electrical de-

Minnesota.

The installation of electrical devices has meant, on several of the farms, the accessity of solving incidental problems. When running water was installed in the house a wholy electric water system, including piping and pumps, was naturally involved. Also in kitchens where the stove had been relied on for heating as well as for cooking, the introduction of an electric range meant making over the electric range meant making over the

Alabama Also Investigating States adjacent to or near Minne-sota are completing plans for con-ducting experimental lines of their



own, particularly in Wisconsin. in Alabama a very thorough program for gathering authentic data for the benefit of the Southern farmer has been worked out and is partly under way. A careful survey of existing conditions on 800 farms in 25 different communities has been made, and no less than four experimental power lines are in operation, all extending out of Huntsville.

From these lines twenty farms, one

out of Hintaville.

From these lines twenty farms, one nursery, one gin and two secondary agricultural colleges are receiving electric service. The total longin of the four lines is slightly more than

#### These States Are the Centers

In twelve states of the Union active investigations are either contemplated or in progress of the whole broad question of supplying the American farm with electricity on an economical basis. Either by laboratory study, experimental electrical lines or surveys to obtain a knowledge of farm needs and farm sentiment (in some states by all three methods) a thorough analysis is being made, which will not cease until the basic question is solved, no matter if it takes several years. The states where these investigations are going on, in the order in which progress is the most advanced, are as follows:

Minnesota, co-operative experi-

Minnesota, co-operative experimental line in operation.
Alabama, four experimental lines, laboratory study and survey.
Wisconsin, experimental line about to start operations.
Iowa, studies of several existing projects.

lowa, studies of several existing projects.

Kansas, state-supervised experimental line mapped out.

South Dakota, co-operative study planned and experimental line under construction.

Oregon, laboratory study.

Virginia, general investigation

California, survey of existing

cantorna, survey of existing electrical farms.

New Hampshire, plans still in formative stage.

Illinois, making plans.

Pennsylvania, organizing.

### **ELECTRIC HEN AT WORK**

"Covers" 508,000 Eggs at One Setting on Big Poultry Farm.

Undoubtedly the largest electrical chicken-hatching plant in the world is located at Petaluma, Cal., where a great new hatchery is rapidly being completed which will house an elec-tric hen capable of "covering" 508,-000 eggs at one setting. That would indeed be the talk of the barnyard if it could be visualized before the



Typical Electric Incubator

The Petaluma batchery is electric throughout, and its new plant will be able to ship 25,000 chicks daily. The output for a single season is three million chicks. Thirty of the largest

million chicks. Thirty of the largest egg farms in the vicinity are kept busy supplying eggs for this hatchery.

The owner of this super-hen studied electric incubation for two years, both in this country and abroad, and finally came to the conclusion that hatching by electricity is the last word in artificial incubation. He holds that it produces a sturdier, healther chick and one that matures more rapidly to the producing age.

chick and one that matures more rapidly to the producing age.

Throughout the heavy hatching season, from the first of February until June, the temperature in each of the twelve hundred incubators is maintained at 103 degrees without the slightest variation. In the new plant of this hatchery, electric heaters are to be installed in the offices, so that it will be an all-electrical plant, using no other kind of fuel.

#### Booklet Tells Function of Electricity on Farm

Summarizing the possibilities of farming by electricity, an attractive illustrated booklet has just been issued by the General Electric Company, called "The C-E Farm Book" in addition to listing, with brief descriptive text, the applications of electric current to field and barn work and to house work on the farm, the pathication discusses the sources of electricity and the principal problems involved in getting electricity to the

the four lines is slightly more than twelve miles.

Early in the spring of this year in plications, lightles on form helding restigutions were begun to determine electricity in positry raising, it the actual cost and returns from the farm workshop, in the barn, it the mass of electricity in positry raising, it that the farm workshop, in the barn, it the farm workshop, in the barn, it the farm workshop in the barn.

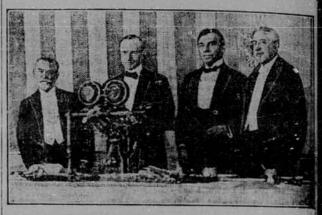
## **COOLIDGE STATES WORLD POLICY**

Address Before Golden Rule Dinner of Near East Relief Is Nation's Platform.

AMERICA WILL DO HER SHARE

Ambassadors of Many Foreign
Lands Give Endorsement to
Golden Rule Idea.

The address of President Coolidge
at the Golden Rule dinner of the Near
East Relief in Washington a few days
ago is one of the most important
declarations on foreign policy and maternational rolations which he has
made since he assumed the presidency. In it he embodies, after profound thought and consideration, his
conception of the position which the
United Sures should assume in world
affairs. Be becomes the sponsor of
the Golden Rule thes among nations,
and his picture of the part America



NEAR EAST RELIEF GOLDEN RULE DINNER: Ambassador Jusserand, France; President Coolidge; John H. Finley, Toastmaster; Justice Sanford, U. S. Supreme Court.

tion is a permanent contribution to the basic documents of American statesmanship.

The occasion of the dinner was made internationally notable by the presence of the diplomatic representatives of many foreign countries. President Coolidge introduced his address by a reference to the significance of their presence as an endorsement of the Golden Rule campaign of the Near East Relief, which will culminate in the observance of Golden Rule Sunday on December 7. President Coolidge said, "It would be difficult to choose a theme more inspiring for such an occasion as this than that which has been made your text, the Golden Rule. I note with pleasure that an impressive number of the diplomatic corps in this capital are present. I extend greetings and appreciations for the approval which their presence signifies."

The President's address was one of the longest he has made this fall, occupying several columns. The following extract is taken from a copy which has been printed for circulation in this state by the state Golden Rule Committee of the Near East Relief:

Urges Golden Rule

duct. So, on an occasion such as this, designed to impress this con-cept of right relations among men and states, it is most reassuring to see gathered together so many who are accredited spokesmen of national

see gathered together so many who are accredited spokesmen of national concerns, and so many others who from their private stations in life have sought by their works of charity to give meaning, force and illumination to this noble conception.

"I know you will all join me in the hope that what shall be said here and at many other gatherings which will have like inspiration and purpose will be accepted as significant of earnest hope and determined intent to further in every possible way the neighborly kindliness, the reciprocal heipfulness and the real brotherhood of all humanity.

ahould take in European reconstruction is a permanent contribution to the basic documents of American statesmanship.

The occasion of the dinner was made internationally notable by the presence of the diplomatic representatives of many foreign countries. President Coolidge introduced his address by a reference to the significance of their presence as an endorsement of the Golden Rule campaign of the Near East Relief, which will culminate in the observance of Golden Rule Sunday on December 7. President Coolidge said, "It would be difficult to choose a theme more inspir-

"Anide from ten billion dollars loans to foreign treasuries, the is represented operations in pri financing to the extent of three lions; three hundred millions to Red Cross; contributions to the Az ican relief administration, aggreging two hundred millions; the N East Relief work, to which more it eighty-two million dollars was voted, and other items represently the work of a long list of oscieties and associations. No peal has gone unheaded by our pie, whether in behalf of those is had been our friends or our enes in tine of conflict.

America Needs No Apology

Urges Golden Rule

"That rule of ethical guidanes which we have come to designate as the Golden Rule is common to all the great systems of religion and to the entire philosophy of human relationship. As St. Matthew writes it down, we read: "Therefore, all things what soever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them." It is a rule worthy of all acceptance and to be translated into the terms of relationships among communities and peoples, among races and nations. "Those among us who are required to give consideration to the difficult and complicated relations between the great communities of the world; those whose concern is for the maintenance of peace, of mutual helpful seas and generous co-operation among the nations, will do well to keep always in the front of our thoughts this simple precept. The philosophers have examined it and found it good. The writers whose hands held the pen of inspiration have enjoined it upon us.

"With the passing generations it comes more and more into acceptance as the soundest guide to human conduct. So, on an occasion such as this, designed to impress this concert of right relations among men. America Needs No Apology
TI do not think that our count needs to assume any attitude of avery. I have every respect for a governmental and social institution of other peoples, but I have little sypathy with our fellow citizens with profess to see in them something the selves, and who are vaguely appeted of the fact that they are Americans. Neither have I any sympation with those who are unwilling or able to look beyond our shores who content themselves with equally vague and unmeaning attion of their Americanism. I resumy approval for those who, thoroughly American, yet do sot, the pose to live unto themselves who are oblivious neither to day to charity, but who cheriah as it viduals and as citizens the forrule of action among our own posense.

they are beginning to lieve there is a moral make such repayments, reason I am opposed to tion of international in "It is through practiprocedures that our sought to be helpful in with troubles. It may that our people give lit to fine professions and "America is ready tod to do its full share. peace of good will and Rule; not the peace possed by those who had does not want perse an world still addicted to peace, as the normal."