

BUYERS WARNED OF PEDDLERS TRUCKING LOW QUALITY SEEDS

(Since Cherokee county borders on two other states, A. Q. Ketter, county agent, suggests printing the following articles which will prove of immense interest to local farmers who will be buying seed soon. Seeds of inferior quality has long proven a set-back to the agricultural interests of this county, he says, and a timely warning to all is to be found here— the ed.)

Any trucker who is not a common carrier and who hauls misbranded seed from one State to peddle it in another State violates the Federal Seed Act, the U. S. Department of Agriculture warns. Transporting misbranded seed from one State to another is forbidden by law, but common carriers are exempt. Selling the misbranded seed in interstate commerce is also an offense, and the peddling trucker could be punished for either or both of these acts.

Complaints received from State officials by the Division of Seed Investigations, which administers the Act, indicate that much of the seed sold by truckers from other States has been sold at unusually low prices. But this cheap seed is also of unusually low quality—or otherwise unsuitable. Truckers should be able to handle seed that is correctly labeled and is of high quality. Past experience indicates, however, that it is poor business to buy seed from a stranger or person whose reputation is not known. Buying cheap seed has resulted in injury to many farmers who have not realized the importance of buying seed that is clean and free of noxious weed seeds, seed that germinates well, and seed of a variety adapted to the buyer's locality.

An investigation made by Department officials in one case revealed that a truck owner was buying screenings from a large seed house and selling it across the State line as good seed. Of course he was forced to misbrand the seed to get buyers. If the seed had been truthfully labeled, farmers would have known better than to buy it.

Unless he keeps a record in black and white, a farmer has no recourse against the person who sold him the seed. There have been extreme cases where the seed was not labeled, where the buyer did not even know the name of the trucker or his addresses, and did not even make a record of the State and number on the license plates. It is impossible for seed law officials to be of any assistance in a case of this kind.

The Department of Agriculture officials think it is unwise to buy seed unless it is completely labeled and unless the buyer gets a written record of the transaction. Any questionable transactions should be reported to the State seed official who may report the case to the Federal authorities if it appears the Federal Seed Act has been violated.

Robbinsville Boy Is Buried On Saturday

Funeral services for little Jack Hooper, aged 5, son of Mr. and Mrs. Orville Hooper, of Robbinsville, were held at the Baptist church with the Rev. W. F. Sinclair officiating Saturday morning. Interment was in the Robbinsville cemetery. W. D. Townson was in charge of funeral arrangements.

The boy died Friday morning at 3 o'clock at the Angel Bros. hospital in Franklin of pneumonia. He had been ill only a short time.

Besides his parents he is survived by one sister, Anna Belle.

King of England Dies; Eldest Son Crowned

King George V, beloved monarch of the vast Great Britain empire, died at his Sandringham home Monday at midnight. The ruler, who was 70 years old, had been ill of pneumonia and a weak heart for four days.

His eldest son, the Prince of Wales, 41-year-old bachelor and playboy, ascended the throne as King Edward VIII.

Although generally beloved to be more of a titular ruler than anything else the king of England has a powerful sway over the largest and one of the most important empires in the world.

The tact and graciousness of King George had made him one of the world's most popular rulers.

Rev. Hyde Appointed County Deputy Sheriff

The Rev. H. H. Hyde was appointed deputy sheriff for Cherokee county station of Valletown township on Wednesday, Jan. 15, by Zack C. Ramsey of Murphy, sheriff of Cherokee county. Mr. Hyde retired from the Baptist ministry a few years ago on account of a throat affliction. Mr. Hyde has been connected with the W. W. Ashe Furniture Store for a number of years.

He succeeds Roy L. Rector, who has accepted a position with the Southern Railway in Asheville.

LARGE CROWD . . . .

(Continued from front page) genial young Murphy man, who has spent much time on the arrangements will bring here.

There will be no President's Birthday ball closer to Murphy than Bryson City and naturally dancers and fun-seekers from Andrews, Robbinsville, Hayesville, Copperhill, Ducktown, Blue Ridge and other surrounding towns are expected to attend here. Already inquiries have

been made concerning the local ball showing the interest that has been built up by similar affairs in Cherokee county during the past two years.

The admission to the dance will be \$1.50 and 70 per cent of this amount, after the expenses are paid, will remain with the Young Woman's club of Murphy to be applied to the Mary Jo Davis fund. The other 30 per cent will be forwarded to National headquarters to be applied to the fund for research for the prevention of infantile paralysis.

For three years now President Franklin D. Roosevelt has been giving his birthday, January 30th, to dancers all over the United States for the purpose of fighting the paralytic scourge.

More than \$175 has been turned over to the Murphy club during the past two years to be applied to the fund that is hoped to cure Miss Davis, a beloved Murphy girl, from the malady.

Walter Mauney, who is chief of the arrangements crops, this year expects one of the largest crowds to gather here that has ever attended a dance in Cherokee county.

VETERANS HERE . . . .

(Continued from front page) would be made available to around 3,500,000 bonus holders at local post-offices.

They could cash the bonds immediately or hold them as an investment. If held, they would pay 3 per cent simple annual interest for nine years. If redeemed the first year no interest would be paid.

Sponsors of the bill claim the demands on the treasury the first year would not exceed \$1,250,000,000 on the theory that thousands of veterans—500,000 have not borrowed on their certificates—would hold their "baby" bonds as a nest egg.

Money To Be Made Available Soon Opponents contended it would cost the government \$1,000,000,000 more than it promised to pay in 1925, and that the move may place the nation's credit in a dangerous position.

To questions of Senator Thomas (D., Okla.), as to how soon the money would be made available in view of the fact the bill merely authorized the funds to cash the bonds Senator Harrison said, "just as soon as possible."

"There will be some delay in getting immediate cash," Harrison said, "because of the mechanics of accepting applications, deducting loans and other matters."

"I am assured that in event this becomes law, the machinery will be set in motion to take care of the situation."

Only one amendment was approved by the senate and that was offered by Harrison. This alteration wrote in penalties of \$1,000 and five years' imprisonment for any fraud in obtaining the bonds. Application of the penalties to violators of regulations was stricken on motion of Sena-

tor Borah (R., Ida.), who called that "too severe."

By 65 to 23, an amendment by Senator Neely (D., W. Va.), to pay the soldiers debt in new currency was rejected. A similar proposal by Senator Thomas (D., Okla.), was defeated on Saturday by a 64 to 27 vote.

King Amendment Voted Down An amendment by Senator King (D., Utah), to pay only the cash surrender, or present, value of the certificates and thereby save the treasury an estimated \$1,200,000,000 was shouted down. King's "aye" was the only audible one in the affirmative.

A vote of 50 to 38 turned down a motion to reconsider previous rejection of an amendment, by Senator Connally (D., Tex.). It would have extended bonus benefits to 2,257 "provisional" first and second lieutenants who served in the regular army in the World War and resigned the first year after the Armistice.

Connally and Senator Russell (D., Ga.), argued strenuously for the amendment, declared it would avoid "rank discrimination," but they got nowhere after Harrison had stated the war department was opposed to the proposition.

Byrnes Delighted At Vote Senator Byrnes, one of the co-authors, declared himself "delighted" at

the size of the vote in favor of the measure, adding it indicated that the bill is vetoed by the President will be passed in the senate over a veto."

Byrnes said the present plan for a motion to be made in the house Wednesday to "concur in the senate bill without the bill being sent to conference." This would send it directly to the White House.

Senators King and Burke (Neb.), who voted with seven other Democrats in opposition, were the most outspoken in speaking against the coalition measure.

King said he hoped President Roosevelt, who has given no intimation of his position on the bill, would "not act favorably" on it.

"Approval by congress of a measure does not always establish the wisdom of the measure," he asserted.

Hailing the passage as the start of an era of real prosperity, Jan. E. Van Zandt, commander-in-chief of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, declared:

"Enactment of this law," he said, "means that more than \$1,000,000,000 will be put into circulation immediately. Money, just like the music of the current popular song, goes 'round and round.' I believe this will turn off the fuse and an era of unexampled prosperity will result."

Henn Theatre

MURPHY, N. C.

Thursday and Friday, January 23-24

"THE LAST DAYS OF POMPEII"

Dorothy Wilson and Preston Foster

Bulwer's immortal novel depicting the eruption of mighty Vesuvius and the destruction of Pompeii.

Saturday, January 25

Everyone of the great Western Stars combined in this thrilling saga of the West!!!

"POWDERSMOKE RANGE"

featuring Hoot Gibson, Harry Carey, Art Mix (who has appeared in person on the Henn theater stage), Buffalo Bill, Jr., Tom Tyler and all your favorite western stars. Years in the making. Said to be the finest Western ever screened.

Monday and Tuesday, January 27-28

The Marx Brothers

in a screaming, laughing sensation . . .

"A NIGHT AT THE OPERA"

Wednesday, January 29

One of Columbia's best pictures with an all-star cast . . .

"GUARD THAT GIRL"

Think of it!

A New Ford V-8

for

\$25

A MONTH

After usual low down payment

● This plan also applies to Ford V-8 light commercial units

No need to wait any longer before you buy that new car! Arrange a Ford V-8 demonstration today. Let the car itself show you why more than 2,500,000 Ford V-8's have already been sold—and why this 1936 car is far and away the finest of all.

Then let's talk terms. Ford dealers today can make it easier for you to own a Ford V-8 than it has ever been before. New financing arrangements through Universal Credit Company bring down financing cost to a new low. Let's talk it over today.

YOUR FORD DEALER

UNDER NEW 6% PLAN OF UNIVERSAL CREDIT COMPANY

Ford Dealers Offer You Three Advantages

- 1. New Lower Monthly Payments — no need to pay more than \$25 per month after down payment.
2. New Low Finance Cost—6% plan for 12 months, or 1/2 of 1% a month on total unpaid balance plus insurance.
3. New Complete Insurance—actual value—broad form fire and theft; \$50 deductible collision; combined additional coverage such as damage from falling aircraft, cyclone, wind-storm, earthquake, tornado, flood, riot, hail and explosion.

Lambing Time Is A Critical Period

Lambing time is a critical period with sheep on the farm. Much of the year's work may be lost at this time if the ewes and lambs are not given careful attention.

L. I. Case, animal husbandman at State College, has given the following suggestions for keeping the ewes and lambs healthy and thrifty:

Bred ewes should gain in weight from the breeding season until lambing time. Permanent pasture, winter rye, rye grass, wheat and oats, together with a good quality of legume hay will usually furnish sufficient feed until one month before lambing time.

Then give the ewe half a pound of grain per day, more if she is thin. Also give her two to two and a half pounds of good legume hay and some succulent feed such as winter pasture, sweet silage, or roots.

Good legume hay is very important, but if it is not available a wheat bran and protein concentrate will come nearest to furnishing the food elements needed.

Watch the ewes carefully when they are about to lamb. Pen them by themselves at night. Reduce the grain feed until the lambs are three or four days old, then increase it gradually to a pound or more per day for each ewe.

Sometimes weak lambs need assistance in getting milk until they are strong enough to get it for themselves.

Feed the ewes for milk production, as the lambs should have all the milk they can get. After the lambs are three or four weeks old, place legume hay and grain before them so they will begin to eat it.

Lambs intended for market should be docked and castrated when 10 days to two weeks old.