## WILMINGTON GAZETTE:


THURSDAY, JUNE 2, r8os,
[You. 7, No. ss§\%,

## Prom the National Intelligerice inptcation meatures

PRESENT ADMINISTRATION. By ALGERNON SIDNEY. "Where liberty is-there is my country No. III. violent effort has been made to produce an immediate war between
the United States, France and Spain. For this purpose the celcbraled reso-
lution of M. Ross, authorising the lution of M. Ross, authorising the
president to embody fifty thousand nen, anisana, and appropriating five min ouisiana, and approppiating five milh
lions of dollars for the expetices, were fireserited to the senate. The tocsin has been sounded from one extremity to the other of the union. The oppo-
sition, true to their sition, true to their qle sys.em of war,
tanding armies, navies, debts and pastand ing armice, navies, debts and pa-
tronage, have been tremblingly alive on thas subject. No means have been.
mitted to effect their object. Brilliant offers have been tade to to the wes: tere people, their passions played up-
on, their spirit and resolution, at one on, their spirit and resolution, at one But all to no purpose. Those wio
were eminently usefut in preventing war during the last administration, who first asserted the rights of freemen, ant by their botd and manly resoutions said to the ruler of the nation
thus far shavt thou go, and no far"thus far shat thou go, and no far-
ther," here shall thy proud career be stayed, have remained unmoved and firmly attaclied to the interest, the peace, the happiness, and the goverathe conduct of the opposition, it inereased by their vote proclaimgntg their
want of Charity leads me to admit the lis ores Charity leads me to admit this origi-
hated in their befiof that he was destitate either of falents or integity. If the first, then they have evinced is
readiness to expose the nation to the readiness to expose the nation to the
evils of a misguided and ill-conducted evilis of a misguiced and u-condocted
war. I the last, when they have natnifested y willingness to hazard the lierties of the country, by intrusting eipled, the sword and treasures of the
 these alteinatives, or admit what is ge-
nerally believed, that this extraordinay vote dia not speak the language of the heart, but was the child of party
brought into existence $\begin{aligned} & \text { of }\end{aligned}$ onter the spirit of disaffection. Because the goyernment refiseses to resent the une un-
horised act of a Spanish intendant by a declaratipp of wart before $i t$ had demianded an esplatition from thecectionn of Spain, its want of energy is daili
proclaimed. Nothyibstanding the
 olemn manner asured governiment, that the rights of deposit will be the
tored and out interest respected and sored and out, itterest respected,and
cheristed; ; notwithstandipg they have united in an endearour to procure us
inmediate redress (and there is just teason to hope that at this móriuent the prohibition is faken off) stili it is resounded in clir cars, u butfor the
fears of the president we should soon se in possexsion of New.-Orieans, we Mhould teach the pations of Europe io
respect our rights. The preatident of a perional nature he cinnot fave his high station opid tee duties of hiry
ofice, place him above them: He mfice, place him above themi. Hie
Ceara to do wrong. He feats to create astanding army, and thereby jeoparcrease the executivep ocwer in his owil fears to oppress the people by tax up. on tax, to destroy our commerce and
fobleries by an onnecesiary war. He Scheries by an onnecessary war. He reased to such degree asto entail sla-

 bust yeomanry, the hardy fishermen, $\mathrm{He}_{\mathrm{e}}$ fenss the imprecations of fraptic motheis, and xtill more frantic vizes,
berailing the loss of their chidren ant huvbands. And lastly he feare to ing misery and writchedness on fire nimd ossof people intrusted to tis care ind protection.

- From the conimeneement of the goyermment to the inauguration of the
prasentexecutive, though the castern prasentexecutive, though the erastera
tatest have eomstantly boasted of their


Been establishad in the westent coun
Yry, or south of the Pootomack 'Of the
 for defence, not one dollar in six has
been applied in these states. Now the been applied in these states. Now the
members from the New- England free voted to lock up the Miswissippi for tweitit-five years, exprest the mour tender concern for that part oit the un-
ion. Happy willit be for this country if experience shall prove their proteren sions sincere!. But I cannot forget
that the persons who heretofore for years, have bestowed upon the pcople wild m$m$ of the woods of Kentuckey, "the banditio of waisky boys," "the
sweepings of the earth" "enemies to religion, or Jer and goverpment ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ " wh
swep have treated vith, Gontemisitatedindic: and who have proclaimet their wis Tor ateparation, now chanifinge their first confidence. Is there no reason to
believe that irritated and thagrined a their loss of power and of the confi ence of the people, they have seiza of New-Orleans with a view to embarrass, governmeft, and, in \& moment o
passion, to push the western peopl os some act, disgracefiul and ruino to themselves and to the nation? Fo
let mae ask, from whence las origina et me ask, from whence las origina
tet in the minds of tife epposition tisis afection for the western county,
onte to noval and irretistable and unbounded, so tender and glovin
that burns like the crator of Etia, an that burns like the crator of Etina, and
that threatens by the buisting of its ava, to dverwheym the honour, th From the bleak -mountains of Novis Scotia to the pestilential heats rida, from the recess of the forest t of the opposition can pe found, high e. lot, great of mall, rith or poor, learn-
ed or isnorant, whose mind is not ed or ingorant, whose mind is no
touched with this ardent flame, why does not sigh for some rellif heard the hoarse thinder of war rum ble through the welkin, who has no
ssen fhe moor dyed with blood, and the "finger of heaven pointing to wat for the captare of New-Orieant What cliarns does not New Leans posesss? She is indeed a talis-
man. Seize but upon her, and the mighty power of France, of Spain,
Italy and of Holland vanish ilite spirit State approach on tight. The Unite leff for attack. The Mobile, the TC tht bignce, the Altamaha, and the S.
Mary's, are dried to their, sontices. Our commierce, our fisheries, bur ci:
ties, and our taupuld, are all protected from atssaulk, and the war is ended tre heris com nienstanty. Omit from the Missise upon beasts are trinsformed into princely
palace , Ioty townsand richly cultiva.
 hapy race erisecs up amongers us a
chers our wives and chilicren.

## are palsied, and

 tarember as I I wrike. Stréty thisannot be the child of fancy, lit mus be e reality; in some hidden yolume ourgtaarflian angel made the discoorecty bent fispered it in the'ear of Amerion解, friends. Else why is) prociaimend of the unlon to the otiler, bow thege
who slajim a superior regard to te who slajige a superior regard to re
ligion order and happiness? Why are Hgion order and happiness ? Why ar
wie reged to instant war $\$$. Why is the gofernment cepraved for making obp
effor to preterve peace?
It Rectaitstrong languaie of freemen. It has solemnty pled ged itelf to main-
tain inviolate the rights of the peopl and nation. H has made. provisio for the
arms
Yet d
Yeld despair should rot drive us to
madnes. It is possibie that the ad vocates of war have taken the evil) ge.
hause A America for her guardian angel. The rigbts of our wetern bretbre aro sacred, they never will be neglec.
ted, zurendered orbartered. On the other hand in the estimation of erefy good man, the
limpontant.
In discussing wibjects so interestita,
Oights of fancy
bhould give place to cool reffaction, anin the and por of pian-
tion to the dictates of sound dfacreBion to
tion.
Whe
Whenever the rights of a nation are
Hohated, if weconass thio duty' of thy
rulers to seck rectress. Where th
safety of the state will hanni, this re dress is to be sought, fistoit by amicatble conference and negrociation, and
in case these failiby resoit to war.in case these fail, by resort to twar-
This rule is lidid down bs all the writers upon inaturat lawa, ana practised 6 by ters upon natural law, anc practised by
mestof the tatons of the earth. It
fesults from nature itself, and foom arasser the tations of the eartin from
fasctss from nature itself, and from
the obligations we are uyder to consilt the obligations we are ugder to consilt
as wull he happiness of otiers, as of as wult
ourative
the the miseries of wav. サ1 afyece with the writers npon that sivell the volume
duty we owe to ourselves apd wainnk ind at large. Now the safety 6 tstate wias of depangered doy denying the rig
 it was she inkersest of the people to
endeasourtorectin the evercienf by nagociation. The obtigation upon government ta tolopt this course, was
heightered ty the heighteren' 'y the consideration, that
the act complamed of was not the fact of the Spanith governinient, bet of
s:bbordinate oficicer of that nation To. invelve the nation in all the hor-
ros of war, far the untauful' and un
 would be the heiegat tp policical depra-
vity. It woudd infotuce a rule of
which wo coutd not complain, and under which chisis not nation athain, any and un-
tines, miture
thit be fintaived in war by the unlatifila and wantonctat of any one of of
her officers. It would Ee virtually transficring, the all important questions
of war and peezic frorp the representaives of the peoples and the government of the coumry, to the captain of a
figate. subject, doés not hecomet the afte ofllit nation to which he belongs, wntil the
tation has sanctioned h , as it is im . Psssible for the most vigilant ant best
reculated goveromisut to control the
 on all occasions. Hence it fonows,





 Ginrerament has represented ts the Spanion coutt the viohiton of digr
rights by the interndaiti, and deniandet
 ture", are expectecd. Stomila Spaina terest. witholid from trist us that satiofac ion which justice decrees, all will u-
nite io the necesity of war. By at empting to aroid its evile. atire shall hare girven o Europe, evicence of our
disposition to live in pance and good
neighbourbond: we ed, and juytse will withnne me un Cuner our Laninés. By, hanstily de
Claring war, withoul-askiņ Cliaring war, without asking Tredirss;
we thould hagee exciled discontents 2 Tovg rar oviu cifizcens, and justly a of all those Enopean powers whe have Ainerican possesiones
The eapinet of St, James might pos. wisly have rejoiced at the cregt ; but
would it not have occurred to them hat the same power vihich had seized
 seize upon the Canadas, Nora Scotia, New-Brunswick, and the Babamas, and in a fer years upon thoir West
India possegions? Our hifhest inter asty waifo that we phould evince to
 menis, peace and rood will wilr hend In pase vars shall become necemary phat new evils, wilime nation hare io-
curred by the delan! The ndrocates or that measare say "Fronce will be
 ince beforc we could pare natod comptreteyeerit of he dexition of con-



France because the intendant of NewOedeed to has closed that port which is no infraction of our rights? Will any miar say that war shailibe levied upon France for the misconduct of a spa-
nish officer $;$ or will any one taking officer; or will any one deny, that thing fossession of New.-Orieans
which'y daily expected to pass into possesion of France, to whom it has long sthce been ceded, will in fact be
making war against her? seized tpon that place, wes must have retained iteng inst her, of lave resto.
Tedit wien she came to tike possese posses.
her, then taccifice? It woold certaminly excite
 consequenceit The weople of the wes. antigation of the Missisfinpo of the jerss than they have lazen, or will be monthis under the poicicy pursued by principhe shoild we justify the deten-
tion? Certainly, noteo account of the onduct of the Spanish ir.e.endant. France is a powerfuct, ainbitious ind essiong of Lotion, she has proruyed the around these stues. The nation therereTore has the right of levyilfg war to
wart of a future evil. An nffant co-
louy Tlanted in lour Planted in the wildestess for a
corder to bride this uniont!!-.
on wel might she set a sergeant's guard
to overave the people of Patisi. Irea dily admit the importatice of attaching
that country it the ereby we shail he forever securred
from,the wass and intrigues of Europe.
When rming political connections with the mantime powers. But I maintain,
that, by the twws of nations, the cos.
sion of territory by one ithint ther, does not create a rixht of war in
the adjowiag netion. That nation
 firwiwhes some evidence of her hostile
incintinns, lyy addivzs to thy pumber
or viranit of tropps, denyiac the exerecteo of her
owa frimhs, or the like. This
rule appars or rule appears to appty vith parti-
cular force to tho shent case, for
frace, nearf, a contury
 pelied to celle' it ; ;aggin, by the ford
10ne of war. stee thes then enabled to togoin it. Her rectaining an ancient
conteny founded by herself aind ceded
 right of war to Her old heiphbor, nor
can I belfeve suti h war, il jost, would Le polide.
But it is saidif we were In possession'

 So it misht be saids that if we teized upon Montreal it voold give we seized
coimmand of the St Lawrence, the westobn takes and the upper Canada.
Is fluze no point of asthek from thie Is thiser no point of altheck from the
two Florias, or mung the wao no nt;
tesosty be confined to New.Orlean? No. If there be a yar it whil rage in all parts, twal detroy our araipary
tion, commerce and fisheries, and may protuce serious calamities $c o$ oir sea ports. 1 feay not the issue of a
just war, strong in ourselves, possess, and remored three tion for wir, Firm tbe powers that alone can attack es on American groutud, we se cer-
tain of eventupl sucess. All wars onf this continent must terminate in the
aggrandisement of this pation and the aggrandisement ofthis nation and the
extenaion of her teritory. But to axtension of her tetritiory. But to
nation of farmers, and artizizs, glory
and happiness are When France that conintey she will cultivate peact and good neightoorhond, ar invite war.
If be former the two If bef former, the two nitions will be
mutually ueful and beneficial, if the mutually usful and bencefcial, if the
latter, her eolony cannot thrise come dangerous. It is peace and pers

 thrive. Admit the fact, so shil we.
Sid by the time uny wolony trance can extablith, thall equal in strongth Pivices power tequal to Trance hety
 nighty powir at thisisice poent taismity
thip is ope roason why we should not
nit

in the very gristle; our bones, theug suficient for any necessary conffich have not yet acquired their solidity
and strength.- Time is every thing this nation. France is unden tre col? mand of a valiate and Sortứnic leadet Before a powerful colony can be raised ip in Louisiana, he will be laid in the gives grat restestors, \& natiore racely sion. The brilliant esploits of a great wistrior inspire the world with awe cuests of Tamerlane the. The conelebrated Herlane have long been sals. Cyrus mastenty vecame vasersian sceptre. Datius lost the dian em from his head.-Alexander con quered the world-his empire died overturn the liberties of Europe in the end his throne tottered yupde im.- - $o$ ot unfequently has thatpendo that the prudence of the wartior ip and he closes his career on the fevel But what of this mighty power, cha he change the roure of nature ? Can She may protetet them, and can do depend upon the dsity intisuana, mus eoriomy of the citizens. They wil healthfar climate. They will have reduce the forests an an etriless have lab
thd expense, to drain the make roads and bridges, furnis thenselves with comiffreble building
nand every other convenience of life
W. Withoot an influx of ppople from Eu - aequifie any considerable strengt Winth that infux thiey must furnisis for the necessaries of life for many
years. Yrom iss years. From its geborraphical situation
the colony must ever derive fiom ue principaty, the conveniences fond lux
uries of forevien conntiots chants of ont capintarsets. The mest be their imporecrs, and the impostson thei
imporatations muit enrich our teai fiake cannot pacate harded hecrees

THOMASPANNE LETTERVVII. Religion ars war is the cy of thit bie of tepublicans. The unio of moralify phd peace is congenial; radox, and the fulurton of it is hypoTheleaders of the federalinss hav no fudgment , theiry plabis no con.
fillency of parts; and warit of con fillency of parts; and want of con
fiflency ig the natual confrequence of

 Were they as dout fytom. -
 pulitics, they would poifon their pa
tients with delltudive compounds? There are not 'wo things more
appofid to each other than war pponice to each other than war
and relig'iah ; and yet in the doablo game, liofe leaders havt to play,
the one is neceffarily the the the one is necelifariy the thene of
their pithifictif and the other the fext of their fermous. The week deay orstor of Mars, and the Suiday preachet of tederal grace, play, like
ganibies, into each others hands, and this they call religion. Thanghy hyocrify con cointer. reit every viriue, ted becomit the ar-
Coiate of every vice if greal dezterity of craft to give it the power of deceiving. Aprintal
fin For ly glififen bot it cannotwarm, For lypocrify to peffonqle, tirtua
fuecelaunly, it muî knowiv and feel what yirtue is; and at it cannot When an orator toaming for war, breaths fordh in atoolher. Sentence a rlaintivr piety of werdt, he mat as The late krtempt of ith feclecal lepbers in congref. (Join Mey aded
ulthout the knowledge of Whetr conlitiaents) to pliange ibe corinity nto uar, meyily not ooly tepronts ur indignatión. It was maddeffo conceived in ignorance, apd sacodi
wickednef. The hend and the A negled of fubtuatioy ia ind

