

the naval force of this expedition.

It is said that Sir Arthur Wellesley will go to South America as commander in chief, with the rank of lieutenant general, and with a military staff. Major General Murry, brigadier-general, M'Parlane and Colonel Houghton, are mentioned as general officers for that quarter.

In consequence of reports that Prussia was about to cede Eichfield and Erfurt, the Administrators of the Province have contradicted the rumour officially, and add, that his Prussian Majesty has no intention whatever of ceding that or any other province. This proclamation seems to correspond with the attitude which Prussia has at present assumed, and indicates her determination not to submit any longer to the mandates of Buonaparte in giving up whatever part of her dominions he may consider convenient to his new establishments. It will soon be seen whether the Court of Berlin will adhere to these principles.

It is again reported that Cattaro has been given to the French; but we consider the report as by no means probable.

It was again reported yesterday, at the close of the market at the Stock Exchange, that a messenger had arrived from Paris with intelligence that the differences between France and Prussia had been adjusted. It was also reported, that a telegraphical order had been sent to countermand the sailing of the expedition. These rumours had the effect they were intended to produce, that of raising the funds a little, as on Wednesday; but it is certain that no messenger had arrived, and our readers will see from the subjoined letter, that there was a little truth in the other report.

NEW-YORK, Nov. 24.

The ship Liberty, captain Chew, arrived yesterday, sailed from Liverpool the third of October. At the time of her sailing there were vague reports of Peace; but London papers of the evening of the 30th September (received by the editors) indicate War.

LONDON, September 30.

French and Dutch papers, the first to the 27th and the latter to the 26th instant have reached us; their contents are very important.

It is not improbable that hostilities will have commenced in the course of the present week between the French and Prussians. Buonaparte left St. Cloud last Wednesday night, to take the command of the army. The *Moniteur*, which announces it, says, "that it is supposed the Emperor proceeds towards Mayence." There is no doubt that he will put himself at the head of that part of his forces which is concentrated on the Saxon frontier. From the circumfluence of his departure from Paris, it is obvious that the usual mode of negotiation has failed; and that whatever adjustment may hereafter take place, will be arranged at the head of the respective armies. Buonaparte may conceive hopes of negotiating to more advantage with the sword in his hand, than in the amicable conferences which took place between Knobelendorf and Talleyrand, at Paris. It is not, indeed, improbable, that, previous to any general action, he may propose an interview to his Prussian Majesty, and endeavour to effect, in a personal conference, what had been in vain attempted by their respective ministers. It is clear that he is prepared to treat as well as fight, for Talleyrand has followed him.

The French papers contain, as usual, a number of fabricated articles from Cassel, Dresden, and other places. Their object is to encourage the opinion that Prussia is likely to stand alone in the contest, and of course the task of reducing her will not be very difficult. Yet Prussia, we think, must have well weighed all the circumstances and probabilities of the dreadful contest in which she was about to engage, before she assumed her present warlike position. We do not think so pacific a cabinet as that of the Court of Berlin, would have sanctioned any measures calculated to excite the displeasure or suspicion of Buonaparte, except they were persuaded that means would not be wanting to resist, not only the first impetuous burst of the French, but even their whole strength for a certain period. The contest to be sure is a most awful one. Prussia fights, in fact, for her political existence. Should the result of the contest be against her, she must sink into an arrangement of France as Holland, Wittenburgh, or Bavaria. We, however, do not despair of seeing her come triumphant out of the contest. The French and Prussian armies are, as to numbers, more on a par than is generally supposed. On the frontiers of Saxony & Westphalia the latter, according to the most authentic accounts, amount to 150,000 men. The eight divisions of the French army cannot much exceed, if at all, that number. In point of experience and practice the French officers have in general the advantage of their competitors; but the Prussian army is not without many officers of very great talents and experience. As to the quality of the troops, it cannot be better than it is. The whole army is animated with the ancient spirit which Frederick the Great infused into it, and plans for an opportunity of measuring its strength with the enemy.

A decree of divorce has been formally published at Paris, of the marriage between Jerome Buonaparte and Miss Patterson, of Baltimore. Report says, that brother Jerome is to be immediately united to a foreign princess.

Parliament is further prorogued to the 29th of October.

PRICE OF STOCKS—Consols 62 7/8—Reduced fund—Omnium 7.

RALEIGH, December 1.

The Legislature has been for the last week, employed mostly in debating on the bill establishing a superior court in each county. From the proceedings, our readers will see that it has undergone a second reading in the commons—72 to 53. On Monday it is to be taken up in the Senate, where we understand it will probably pass by a majority of one vote. The debate on this bill will be given in our next.

On Tuesday, His excellency Nathaniel Alexander was re-elected Governor of this state for the ensuing year.

The balloting for Senator to Congress is postponed until Tuesday next. Jesse Franklin, Esq. of Surry, Gen. Thomas Davis of Fayetteville, Gen. Benj. Smith of Brunswick, Gen. T. Blount of Edgecombe, and Col. John M. Binford of Northampton, are nominated for that appointment.

WILMINGTON.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1806.

THOMAS JEFFERSON, President of the United States of America,

To all whom it may concern.

MR. TERRIEN DE RIVIERE having produced to me his commission as Sub-Commissionary of Commercial Relations of his Imperial and Royal Majesty the Emperor of the French and King of Italy, for the Port of Wilmington in the State of North-Carolina, I do hereby recognize him as such, and declare him free to exercise such functions, powers and privileges as are allowed to the similar Agents of the most favored nations.

In Testimony whereof I have caused these letters to be made patent, and the seal of the United States to be hereunto affixed.

Given under my hand at the City of Washington, the sixth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and six, and of the Independence of the United States of America the thirty-first.

THOMAS JEFFERSON.

By the President,
JAMES MADISON, Sec'y of State.

By the Packet Regulator, we received Charleston papers to the 4th inst. from which the following important foreign intelligence is extracted.

Charleston, December 5.

The Hamburg ship *Apollo*, captain Walters, arrived at this port yesterday in 46 days from that city. By this arrival, Hamburg papers were received at a commercial house in this place, to the 10th of October. We had flattered ourselves with being able to lay before the public, this morning copious translations from them. But we have been unexpectedly deprived of that pleasure. Our readers will do us the justice to believe, that this disappointment has not arisen from a want of exertion on our part.

From the Hamburg papers we have in possession, by this arrival up to the 4th Oct. we have obtained a translation of the most interesting articles. The latest papers, to the 10th, contain no account of hostilities having commenced; but when captain Walters left Hamburg (October 12) it was reported on the exchange, that an action had taken place between the opposing armies, in which it was stated that the French were defeated with the loss of 20,000 men.

Letters from Hamburg, of the 9th Oct. state, that the combined Prussian & Russian Armies, had concentrated their forces, & were within a very short distance of the French Army. At that date, a battle was momentarily expected.

The Hamburg paper of the 10th, states, that three Russian armies, of about 50,000 men each, were marching to form a junction with the Prussian armies.

Buonaparte joined his army, and reviewed them near Frankfort, on the 2d October. He was accompanied by his brother Jerome, Marshals Duroc, Berthier, &c.

The Prussian Minister left Paris on the 2d of October—he was proceeding to the camp of the Emperor Napoleon, with some late dispatches from his Court.

The French Minister at the Court of Berlin, M. Laforest, has received his passports, and left that city for Paris.

Lord Lauderdale was at Paris on the 2d October.

The Prussian Ambassador, Baron Jacoby, left Kreuz-Haven on the 2d October for London.

The Bavarian Ambassador at Berlin, was on the point of leaving that capital.

The grand Prussian Army, which had assembled at Eisenach, in Upper Saxony, on the 23d of September, consisted of 150,000 men—the royal post-office of the field had been also established there—batteries were erected, and a depot of artillery was to be established at that place.

The Prussian Army in Saxony has been joined by the Saxon army, which has united itself to the corps under Prince Hohenlohe.

The army of Prince Hohenlohe passed the Elbe in three columns, and were marching to meet the enemy.

The French ambassador at Dresden, M. Duret, has delivered a protest, against the entry of the Prussian army, and the uniting of the Saxon corps—and was on the point of leaving Dresden.

An English fleet of 100 sail, was seen from the coast of Holland on the 25th September, steering to the North East.

All the regular troops had left Berlin, and the guard is mounted by the citizens.

Austria still adheres to her system of neutrality—but assembles all her forces. A forced loan of 75 millions guilders, (7 millions sterling) which his Imperial Majesty had proposed, the states of Austria offered his Majesty of their own accord, and which has been accepted by his Majesty.

The Bavarian Army, it is said, is to march towards the frontiers of Austria, as an army of observation.

On the 15th September it was announced by beat of drum; to the inhabitants of St. Petersburg, that if the different relations which the Emperor had tried to re-establish, (and which were pupily read to the people) could not be brought to a friendly issue, that in that case his Majesty had taken the firm resolution to continue the war in unison with the different other powers, for the honour of his empire and crown and that of Germany.

CUSTOM-HOUSE WILMINGTON.

ENTERED

Dec. 4, Sch'r Harmony, Lewis, Barnstable, M.

8, Sch'r Regulator, M'Ilhenny, Charleston,

CLEARED

Dec. 1, Sch'r Mechanic, Squire, New-York

4, Ship Isabella, Bernard, Guadaloupe, and a market.

6, Sch'r Venus, Oliver, New-York

PRICES CURRENT—WILMINGTON.

	Dls.	Cts.	Dls.	Cts.
BACON per 100 lbs.	12	—	15	—
Cotton per lb.	20	—	20	—
Coffee per lb.	30	—	33	—
Corn per bushel,	75	—	1	—
Meal do.	1	—	—	—
Rice	3	—	—	—
Tobacco,	5	50	8	—
Flour per barrel, new	6	50	7	—
Do. per half barrel,	4	—	—	—
Lumber per M.	10	—	—	—
W. o. hhd. staves,	20	—	25	—
R. o. do. do.	15	—	—	—
W. o. bl. do. rough	12	—	—	—
Shingles per 1000,	1	75	2	—
Sugar per cwt.	2	—	10	—
Molasses per gallon	15	—	—	—
Rum, W. I. pr. g. 3d p.	75	—	—	—
—Jamaica do. 4th p.	90	—	—	—
—N. E. do.	85	—	—	—
Tar per barrel,	1	25	—	—
Turpentine,	2	—	2	35

Wilmington, December 9, 1806.

In June 1802, an advertisement appeared with an address to the Inhabitants of the town, inviting them for certain purposes, to revive the then old Volunteer Infantry Company. An association was the consequence, and the credit with which it has continued must have been noticed by the public.—No call whatever, either by Magistrate, Commissioners, or Sheriff, but what secured attention, with a promptitude peculiar to the soldier.

The Officers attach much pleasure, with a degree of pride to themselves, in acknowledging the satisfaction they have had from the exemplary conduct and attachment of the few that remain enrolled. With much regret, and contrary to their wishes, have alter considerable consultation resolved, that unless the company be equal to 45 rank and file by the 18th this month, they will decline the command.

Genuine Madeira Wine AND Old Red Port in bottles,

For sale by J. FLEMING.

December 9.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he is opening a general and large assortment of Fall, Winter, and Spring Goods, Groceries and Hardware, which he will sell by Retail or Wholesale on the lowest terms for cash or country produce.

J. BARRET.

Wilmington, Dec. 9.

CAUTION.

THE public are requested to guard against the villainy of a particular Man who calls himself JOHN SNOWDEN—He professes the house carpenter and cabinet business, is of a middle stature, five feet 7 or 8 inches high, full featured, rump shouldered, brown hair, and when conversing has a down look. He made his elopement from this place on the 7th inst. where he resided for several months back, cheating and committing frauds on his brother workman as well as on men of other occupation—and at last made choice of dark for light, to get clear of any charge, and escape punishment. It is uncertain what rout he has taken, but it is conjectured he is gone towards Fayetteville or Charleston.

Wilmington, December 9, 1806.—3w.

THEATRE.

On Thursday evening the 11th inst.

Will be performed,

By the THALIAN ASSOCIATION, Mrs. Inchbald's Translation of Kotzebue's justly celebrated Comedy in 5 Acts, called **LOVERS' VOWS.**

To which will be added Garrick's much admired Farce in 2 Acts, of **NECK OR NOTHING.**

Tickets may be had of the Treasurer, of Lloyd and Anderson and of H. Pelham, at One Dollar each, Children 50 Cents.

Doors open at 6 and curtain rise precisely at 7 o'clock.

The public are informed that this Association have been to a very considerable expense in fitting up the house engaged for Exhibition, and in obtaining scenery, &c. It is therefore hoped that they will give that encouragement which the Association justly merits, when it is understood that our object is to assist the completion of the Academy, &c. Wilmington, Dec. 9.

N. W. RUGGLES,

No. 2, Bradley's Wharf, offers for sale 80 barrels of Mess No. 1 and No. 2, Beef 50 barrels of N. E. Rum 30 barrels of Flour Pipes and quarter casks of old L. P. Madeira Wine of superior quality to any in this place Quarter casks of Sherry and Lisbon ditto 5 tons of assorted Sweeds Iron 1-ton of Sheathing Paper Barrels of Lampblack Ditto Red Ocre Also, an Invoice of English Goods suitable for the present season. Dec. 8. tf

NOTICE.

THE subscriber hereby forbids all and every person or persons whomsoever, from hunting with dog or gun, or landing boats on his lands at and adjoining the head of the found, and also from fishing or taking up oysters thereat, under the penalties of law. P. MAXWELL, Who will (if applied to foos) rent for one or two years, the Plantation on the found called Sedgely Abbey. December 9. 3w

Samuel Parmele,

From NEW-YORK,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Inhabitants of Wilmington and its vicinity, that he has lately commenced the **CABINET BUSINESS**, at the house of James Richard, where he will supply his customers at the shortest notice and in the neatest manner.

Orders from the country will be particularly attended to. November 24. if

John Parmele,

From NEW-YORK,

RESPECTFULLY informs the Inhabitants of Wilmington & its vicinity, that he has lately commenced the **BLACK-SMITH'S BUSINESS** in all its various branches, at his shop on Peter Carpenter's Wharf, and has for sale on more reasonable terms than can be bought in town, Axes of all sizes, made by his own hands and warranted good. All other kinds of Iron Work made in the neatest manner and at the shortest notice. November 24.

For Sale

On a credit of 6, 9 and 12 months, with approved Notes negotiable at the Bank of Cape-Fear.

Nineteen Lots

Bounded by Princest.-street and Third and Fourth-streets. Also sundry Lots adjoining Richard Langdon's and the Church-Yard.

One Lot on Front-street, adjoining T. Fitzgerald's.

Two hundred and twenty acres Land on Lockwood's Folly in Brunswick county.

Apply to JOHN MARTIN, BEN. BLANEY, EPH. JANE EWINS.

Nov. 25

FOR SALE,

A Tract of Land on the SOUND, eight miles from Town, containing about 300 acres, adjoining lands belonging to Major Walker, and is as pleasant a situation as any on the Sound for summer residence.

Possession may be had on the first day of January next. Apply to RICHARD LANGDON.

November 17. if

ALMANACKS

For the Year 1807,

Just received, and for sale at the Printing-Office.