

Weapons for the real cause of the Embargo. These are the nations of foreign invention. The French emperor had not declared that he would have no neutral—he had not required that our ports should be shut against British commerce—but the orders of council, if submitted to, would have degraded us to the condition of colonies. If resisted, would have fettered the wolves of plunder with our spoils. The embargo was the only shelter from the tempest—the last refuge of our violated peace.

(To be continued in our next.)

WILMINGTON, TUESDAY, JUNE 7, 1808.

The question, whether by the President's Circular to the Governors of the southern States, vessels were prohibited from carrying Rice to the northern ports, was decided in the Circuit Court at Charleston, on the 26th ultimo. Judge Johnston delivered the opinion of the Court, "that the order did not extend to any but those that there were grounds of suspicion intended violating the Embargo Law; that if the order was intended to apply indiscriminately it was unconstitutional, and therefore they were not bound to respect it." The vessels are now permitted to depart.

The proceedings in the above case will be published at length in our next paper.

A vessel has arrived at Newbern, N. C. in a short passage from St. Vincent's, with intelligence that the town of Kingston, in that island, has been totally destroyed by fire; and that the inhabitants have risen en masse, and massacred most of the constituted authorities.

Markets at St. Croix—(17 days since)—Flour 36 dolls. per barrel; Corn meal, 100 dolls. per hhd.

RHODE ISLAND.

In this State federalism has been represented triumphant! the Lieut. Governor (Martin) dubbed as a federalist, and even the precise majority in both branches of their Legislature stated with all the gravity of truth. Unblushing impudence, incorrigible depravity!—The Governor, Lt. Governor, and every department of the government is the direct reverse of this. They are republican. Our friends may rely upon the correctness of this statement.

Chronicle.

The most respectable of the British prints confess that they look upon the Embargo with admiration. They pronounce it a wise and an independent measure, which must soon bring their haughty government to terms. Its effects they already feel with great severity—the people are clamorous for peace—nearly two hundred thousand subjects have protested against their orders of Council aimed at our Commerce! Their West-India Islands are in distress, and it is expected will soon throw off the yoke of slavery! While these facts stare us in the face, we have thousands among us either fools or knaves enough to declare the embargo a futile measure, injurious only to ourselves!

AGIS.

From the Democrat.

COMPLETE DESPOTISM!

Messrs. Printers!—All of you! each of you! For God's sake hear me!! Why are you all helping to insult the government, and outrage the laws, for the salvation of—my prohibited trade.—Why don't you devote all your papers to—my interest?

People of America! Why are you not all as mad as I am? Have you lost all spirit—will you tamely submit to—the laws of your country? I tell you, you are ruined—w I am at least!

O my country—my flour I mean!—Is it come to this? Why do I live to see this day? We are not now permitted to defeat the purposes of the odious Embargo, by supplying the British and Spanish colonies with provision! Did you ever hear the like? Yes—you have—but not since the Rebels held their "Complete Despotism" during the revolution! Then, when I lived in Commerce, they would not permit me to trade with the British at Long Island—(By the way, I did, though, in violation of the laws, and was sent to jail)—But you have not done this!—You have not done this!—You have not done this!

THE subscribers having applied as Executors to the last will and testament of Mrs. Mary Mallett, late of New-Hampshire county dec.—request all persons indebted to said estate to make payment, and those to whom said estate is indebted are requested to exhibit their accounts properly attested within the time prescribed by law, &c. &c.

Thomas Hill,
Samuel C. Mabson, } Exrs
June 7.

JAMES HUES Watch & Clock Maker,

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of Wilmington & its vicinity, that he has taken lately Mr. John M'Millan's house in Dock-street, formerly occupied by Mr. William Dick as a Billiard Room, where he intends to carry on his former branch of business—in making all kinds of Gold & Silver Work—also repairing Quadrants, Compasses, and all other kinds of instruments. Those who will be so obliging as to favor him with their custom may rely on its being done with neatness and dispatch.

May 31.

For Sale afloat,
If applied for immediately,
1,000 bushels Turks Island Salt.

Also,

30 Mules in prime order, which will be bartered for produce. Apply on board the brig Commerce, lying at Market Wharf, to the subscriber or to Mr. Hanson Kelly.

JOSEPH ANNABLE.

May 31, 1808.—2w.

Notice.

ALL connexion that has existed between the subscribers under the firm of Langdon & Lyde is this day by mutual consent dissolved.

R. LANGDON.
GEORGE LYDE.

May 24.

All persons who are indebted to or have any demands against the above firm will please to call on the subscriber for settlement, who offers for sale the remaining stock in trade at very reduced prices and on liberal terms. A small invoice of English and India piece goods at cost. Also for sale the unexpired time in the rent of the Warehouse occupied by him.

R. LANGDON.

Saddlery & Harness making.

THE subscriber being about to leave this place, informs his friends and customers that he has entered into copartnership with Josiah Harrison, and that business hereafter will be done under the firm of Perin & Harrison, at the old stand in Market-street, where a general assortment of articles in their line will be constantly on hand, and work done in the best manner. All orders from the country will be punctually attended to, and thankfully received.

JOSIAH HARRISON.

N. B. All persons indebted to me are requested to make immediate payment to Mr. Harrison as he is duly authorized to settle my business in my absence. J. P.

May 17.

20 Dollars Reward.

RAN-AWAY from the subscriber in Wilmington about six weeks ago, a Negro Woman named JESSE,

about twenty-three years old, five feet six or seven inches high, slender made, and likely; dresses very genteelly, and generally wears a blue handkerchief on her head, which comes down over her eyes on account of their being very weak; she is right complected, was brought up in the family of Mrs. Daniel Mallett, in a respectable good family and is well acquainted with house work.

I have reason to believe she is in Fayetteville or Raleigh, where she has some relatives.

I will give the above reward for her being brought back to Wilmington, or for her being sold to any person who will give her to me.

Captain Kennard, of the ship Liverpool Packet, has arrived at Portsmouth, (N. H.) in 30 days from Newry, (Ireland) with passengers; she had English news-papers, but Capt. K. gave them all to an English vessel of war he spoke on the passage.—The passengers report that at the time of the packet's sailing, the termination of Mr. Rose's mission was not known in Newry—that it was confidently expected there, and in Great-Britain generally, that Mr. R. would be able to adjust all differences between that country and America; and that the voice of the people was almost unanimous for peace with the United States.

Capt. Henry, of the ship Raleigh, arrived at Philadelphia from Londonderry, sailed the 23d of April, at which time every kind of provisions were extremely scarce, and enormously high. Flaxseed was at 9 guineas.—A large quantity which had been shipped to England and Scotland, for crushing had been returned to Ireland, which kept down the price of that article. The Raleigh had 96 passengers.

PORT OF WILMINGTON ENTERED

May 31, Sch'r Mitty, Malloy, 2 days from Charleston, to H. Kelly.

June 1, Sch'r Hiram, Russell, 15 days from Georgetown, cargo, Apple Brandy, Bricks, Flour &c. to Gautier & Co.

3d, Sch'r Maria, Holt, of and from Charlestown, V. 8 days, Cargo, Corn and Oats.

CLEARED

1st, Brig Iris, Glen, Charleston, de.

3d, Sch'r Regulator, M'Ilhenny, New-River, de.

4th, Rover, Whitby, New-River, de.

Notice.

HAVING positively declined the mercantile business in this place, I request all persons to whom I am indebted to apply for payment, and those indebted to me are desired to call on Mr. Jonathan Evans in my absence, to settle and pay their accounts.

JOHN KELLY.

Fayetteville, June 1. 3w.

Dry Goods & Groceries

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public that he has purchased the Stock in Trade of Mr. John Kelly of this place, consisting of a general assortment of Dry Goods and West-India Articles, which he will sell low for cash or country produce.

The customers of Mr. Kelly, who have been punctual in their payments are informed that they can be supplied with Goods on the usual credit.

JONATHAN EVANS.

Fayetteville, June 1. 3w.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of LLOYD & ANDERSON are requested to make payment to Alexander Anderson, who alone is authorized to settle the business of the concern, and those having demands will present them to him for settlement.

RICHARD LLOYD.

ALEXANDER ANDERSON.

June 7.

20 Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber in Duplin County on the 10th October 1807, a Negro man named CORK, about 30 years of age, five feet nine or ten inches high, and stout made. He has a wife so named Rebecca's life in Duplin County, and is now in that neighborhood.

I will give the above reward for his being brought back to Wilmington, or for his being sold to any person who will give him to me.

United States of America, } Port of Wil-
State of North-Carolina, } mington,
Cape-Fear
District.

WHEREAS Robert Cochran, Collector for the port of Wilmington aforesaid, hath seized as forfeited to the United States, a certain schooner or vessel called the Eagle, being a schooner or vessel of the United States of fifteen tons burthen, or thereabout, with her boats, tackle, apparel, &c. and also two casks with eight gallons of distilled spirits therein contained, each cask containing forty gallons, and three hundred dozen pine apples of foreign growth, being the cargo of the said schooner or vessel, on board said vessel then and there found—for this cause, to wit, that the said schooner or vessel, had arrived in the port of Wilmington aforesaid, from a foreign port or place, in which said vessel were brought into said port the said distilled spirits and pine apples, being of foreign manufacture and growth, subject to the payment of duties in a vessel of less than thirty tons burthen, and for this other cause, to wit, that the said distilled spirits have been brought into the said port of Wilmington, within the United States, in casks of less capacity than ninety gallons.

And whereas a libel has been filed in the District Court for the district aforesaid, praying that the said schooner or vessel called the Eagle, her boats, tackle, and apparel, and the said distilled spirits and pine apples aforesaid, may be condemned by a decree of the said court, to the use of the United States for the causes aforesaid.

And whereas also, his honor Henry Potter, Esq. Judge of the said court, hath appointed Tuesday the 7th day of June next, to hear and determine the several matters set forth in said libel, at the court house in Wilmington aforesaid—Therefore all persons claiming the said schooner or vessel, her boats, tackle and apparel, &c. and the said distilled spirits & pine apples are hereby notified to appear at the time and place aforesaid, and show cause if any they can, why the same should not be condemned as forfeited to the use of the United States aforesaid.

Witness, CARLETON WALKER, Clerk of said Court at Wilmington, this 21st day of May, 1808.

United States of America, } Port of Wil-
State of North-Carolina, } mington,
Cape-Fear
District.

WHEREAS Robert Cochran, Collector for the port of Wilmington aforesaid, seized as forfeited to the United States, one quarter cask of wine, containing thirty-three gallons, and twenty-eight dozen bottles of wine, containing eighty-four gallons of wine, by reason that the same wine has been imported into the said port of Wilmington, without having paid the duties imposed by law, and has also been landed without a permit.

And whereas a libel hath been filed in the district court for the district aforesaid, praying that the said wine, with the cask and bottles aforesaid may be condemned by a decree of the said court, to the use of the United States for the causes aforesaid.

And whereas also his honor Henry Potter, Esq. Judge of the said court, hath appointed Tuesday the 7th day of June next, to hear and determine the several matters set forth in said libel at the court house in Wilmington aforesaid—therefore all persons claiming the said wine, casks and bottles, are hereby notified to appear at the time and place aforesaid, and show cause if any they can, why the same should not be condemned as forfeited to the use of the United States aforesaid.

Witness, CARLETON WALKER, Clerk of said Court at Wilmington, this 21st day of May, 1808.

THE Copartnership of GARRISON & PACKER, is dissolved by mutual consent. Those indebted to the said firm are requested to pay the same immediately, and those having claims against them are requested to exhibit them to P. B. HARRISON, who is duly authorized to settle the same.