1 For now unrightecufriefs, a deluse wide,
Pours round the land an overwhelming tide ;
And dark injuftice, wrapp'd in paper fheets,
Rolls a dead torrent through the wafted ftreets.
While nets of law th' unwary fry draw in
To damning deeds, and fcarce they know they fin.
New paper ftruck, new tefts, new tenders made,
Infult mankind and help the thriving trade.
Each weekly print new lifts of cheats proclaims,
Proud to enroll their knav'ries and their names ;
The wifer race, the fnares of law to fhun,
Like Lot from Sodom, from R-Irun.
[The author of the above piece it appears bad the fate of R bode Ifland particularly in view. We bope no one will think our reafons for publifsing it, were, that we thought the conduat of the !!gi, lature of this flate would ever be fuch as to render it applicable to tiem.]

## ON ORIGNAL GENIUS.

$I^{N}$N a public paper, which indelicacy can never taint or party firit infca, the candid reader muit enjoy a moit fingular pleafure in obferving the innocent efiays of young and afpiring minds.

In the warm atmosphere of a man of genius, often fail the warm and falutary fhowers of knowledge-while in the heated climate of a literary enthuifaft are engendered (from noxious vapours) lightnings, volcanos, and all the terribles and dittractables in nature.

It is furprifing to obferve how in fome men genius flows like a river, and from others rufhes like a torlent-how in fome it burns clear like a lamp, and in others, flafhes and twinkles like a meteor. As clouds are exhaled from the earth, and never fall in howers, tiii they have obained a certain confitency in the air-lo ought our thoughts to be exhaled from real life, and never to fall fr. $m$ us, till they become folld and connecied. As the treatures of the earth are fought in the veins and windings of the mine, fo in the mine and labrynth of our thoughts ought we to feet the filver and gold of knowledge.

The cold, phlesmatic meralit, may, like the fider, fuck a poifon even from the rofe, while the mere liberal fon of fcience taftes a fweet from evc:y hower in the garien of genius.

Infinite are our fources of knowledge, infinite our modes of improving it.

Novels, romances, and playc, are like rivers, which wind and meander till they infe themfeives in their courf. Hittorics are like great fubiic roatis. Every ficholar mat: pafs through them even in his common refearches.

The furdy of the fine arts mas a charm to Inll us to feep, execpipocity ; that never fails (in rieanng) to inforif. In no kind of writine has the hamon
in the works of the great Englifh pect; circumitance very unufual in times of it is impofible to readhim without often peace, as it has not been known this difcovering a fpark, which fets fire to century. a whole magazine of our thoughts.-

From this we may conclude, that Phidias might unite in the piture of an the King will not fuffer things to reangel, beauty, fweetnefs, grace and main long in their prefent ftate. They majefty; but this more immortal paint are marching 30,000 trcops from Loer has drawn fo, complete a likenefs of raine towards Paris, which with thofe human nature, that we are obliged to in the vicinity are to form a camp of love and hate, to admire and defpife 50,000 men. It is believed, that his curlelves at the fame moment. In mo. Majefty has not yet abandoned the idea rai philofophy is a rith fource of im- of enforcing his former reiolutions.

When the laft accounts came away, all was in confufion in France. L'Abbe Sayes rofe in his place in the States General, and made a formal accufation againit the Duc de Chatelet, colonel of the French guards, for having intercepted a parcel of letters, addreffed to M. Bailli, Prefident of the Tiers Etat. A motiont has been made in the Na tional Affembly, for emancipating the negrces in the French iflands.

The people in Paris were threatening to burn the hotels of the Comte D'Artois, the Prince de Conde, the Duc de Chatelet, and the Archbifhop of Paris.

Our government, after making the neceffary inquiry concerning the fate of corn in Great-Britain, have given the. French Ambaffador for anwer, that they were at prefent of opinion, they could not with prudence permit the exportation of 20,000 facks applied for, without injury to the country at large, and particularly to the further burden of the poorer part of the community-but the matter would te laid before the Houfe of Commons thịs day.

## FAYETTEVILLE

We are informed, that Congrei's have fixed the feat of government for the United States, at Wright's ferry, on the Sufquehanna river.

The late fevere frofts in the back country, we hear, has done great damage, particularly to the tobacco.Some whole fields of late tobacco are entircly deftroyed-it has likewife done great injury to the late corn.

The Prefident of the Thited States has been pleafed to nominate, and by and with the advice and confent of the fenate to appoint the Hon. Alexander Hamilton, of New-York, Secretary of the Treafury.

The Hon. Nicholas Eveleigh, of SouthCarclina, Comptroller of the Trafury.

The Hon. Henry Knox, Secretary at War.

Oliver Wolcott, jun. Efq. Auditor of the Treafury.
Jofeph Nourfi, Efq. Regifier of the Treafury.

We alio learn, that his Excellency has appointed Major William Jackfon, of Philadelphia, one of his private Secretaries.
Extrant from the proccedings of Congre/s."
Mr. Goodhine, of the committee ant pointed to take into confideration fundry memorials and petitions of the merchants and citizens of the ftate of Khode-Ifland, and the memerial of Dr . Williamfon, in behalf of the citizens of North Carolina, brought in a bill to fufpend the operation of io much of the tenmaza law as fubjects the people of thnfe lates to the alien tomage duty nhick …as agroed to.

