

and the Angles of Revenge Castle are almost entirely ruined. The Volcana Popenberg cast up stones of prodigious Size, which destroyed Abundance of Spice Plantations. The Shock was as violent at Nigria towards the Sea, but the Damage was not so considerable. The Earthquake was less violent in the Isles of Piczang and Roozengain. Mount Goenoeng-Apy crumbled down in several Places, and is much sunk.

“ Though our present Condition is very dismal, yet no more than seven Persons have perished in this Disaster. The Houses are not tenantable, so that most of the People live in Tents; but as the Earth still quakes, and we hear a Noise under Ground like the Firing of Cannon at a Distance, we fear there will be Occasion to give a sad Supplement to this Account.”

On Monday Lord Clive was sworn before the Court of Directors of the Hon. East India Company, Commander in Chief of the Company's Forces in India.

It is hoped the Account of the Massacre of the Prisoners in the East Indies will not prove true, as it is only mentioned in private Letters, and the Company have no Advice of it.

It is computed that the Damage sustained by the East India Company in the late violent Hurricane in Madras Road, amounts to little short of one Million Sterling.

Venice, June 8. On Wednesday the 30th past, the Magistrates of the Razon Vecchia sent his Royal Highness the Duke of York the Compliment usually made to foreign Princes here, of a large Service of Glass for a Desert, and of Wax in a Variety of Forms of Birds, Fruits, Flowers, &c. to which was added a Beaureau of very extraordinary Workmanship. On the Ascension Day his Royal Highness went to the Palace to see the Banquet, prepared for the Doge and the Signoria; and was afterwards conducted in a fine Barge and entertained by the noble Deputies at Murano at Dinner; to which all the English of Distinction, and many Venetian Noblemen and Ladies were invited. In the Afternoon his Royal Highness took the Diversion in the Barge upon the Water, where there was a very great Concourse of People of Distinction in Gondolas and other Barges. On Sunday last his Royal Highness was conducted by the Deputies in a fine Barge, to see the Ceremony of the Doge's going in the Becentoro, attended by a

great Number of Nobles to espouse the Adriatic Sea. This Solemnity is always performed upon Ascension-Day, when the Weather permits. In the Evening his Royal Highness was pleased to go to the Hospital of the Mendicanti, and was entertained there with a Concert of vocal and instrumental Music, performed by the Girls of that Hospital.

June 23. The Treaty concluded at Peterburg between the Empress of Russia and King of Prussia, on the 11th of April, is in Substance as follows:

By Articles I. and II. a Treaty of defensive Alliance, and a mutual Guaranty are agreed to; after reserving the Liberty of concluding other Treaties not contrary to the present.

III.—IX. In Case of a foreign Attack, 10,000 Infantry, and 2000 Cavalry, are promised, three Months after the first Requisition, to be continued till a Cessation of Hostilities. If these are not sufficient, Means to be concerted to employ additional Force. The Troops to be paid and furnished with Ammunition by the Party assisting: Provisions and Quarters to be furnished by the assisted. The Troops to receive Orders from their own General, and to have their own Religion and Laws.

X. No Piece, &c. to be concluded without mutual Consent.

XI. In Case of War on the Part of the assisting Party, it shall be exempted from furnishing its Quota, or shall be at Liberty to withdraw its Forces, after two Months Notice.

XII. A free Commerce between the two States.

XIII. XIV. The Treaty to be in Force eight Years, and renewable before the Expiration, according to Circumstances. Ratifications to be exchanged in six Weeks.

By a secret Article it is engaged to maintain Poland in its Right of a free Election, and to prevent all hereditary Succession.

June 25. The Spanish Ambassador, as far as he can consistently do it till he hears from the King his Master, condemns and disavows the Proceedings of the Spanish Governor, in Respect to the settlers in the Bay of Honduras. Dispatches on this Head have been sent to our Ambassador at Madrid, as well as Remonstrances to the Earl of Hertford at Paris, in Consequence of France being Guaranty for the Spaniards due Observance of the late Treaty.

It is said, that the French, in their Fishery

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