

TIMES SWAMPED WITH SUBSCRIBERS AS \$5,000 CAMPAIGN COMES TO END

Reaches The Mass
Of Readers

The Carolina Times

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THE TRUTH UNBRIDLED

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LA. MOB LYNCHES RACE MAN TEXAS UNIVERSITY ADMITS FIRST NEGRO

Negro Admitted To University Of Texas

AUSTIN, Texas, Oct. 18th (AP)—for the first time in the history of the University of Texas, a Negro has been admitted as a regular student. He is George L. Allen, district manager of the Excelsior Life Insurance Co., who last week started taking Business Psychology and Business Administration in the graduate school.

Mr. Allen, a graduate of Xavier university, New Orleans, has been in Texas for five years. He enrolled in the course by telephone. His race did not enter into the conversation, possibly because it was not believed by officials that a colored student would attempt to enroll.

But when he presented himself with the proper credentials for admission to the first class, he was told by an astounded secretary that "there must be some mistake." The cause was "confined to white people," the official said, and Mr. Allen was referred to Prof. G. P. Brewer, director of the course.

The insurance manager told

the professor he had followed the regular procedure in applying for admission and that his fees had been sent by cashiers' check. He had also received his cards of admission, he stated, and could not see where any mistake had been made.

"All right, tear the first ticket off and give it to the gentleman at the door and take a seat in the classroom," Prof. Brewer said.

Mr. Allen has since been attending regular sessions of the class without incident. It was in the geological auditorium on the university campus.

His acceptance as a student is being looked upon as a significant victory. The Texas Interracial commission for four years has been working for legislation to provide scholarships for graduate students in schools outside the state. It is believed Mr. Allen's acceptance will either cause the speedy passage of such legislation or throw open the doors of the university to Negro graduate students generally.

N. C. Mutual Celebrates 40th Anniversary

October 20th Day Company Was Founded

October 20th marks a memorable occurrence in the history of North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company of Durham, N. C. It was on this occasion forty years ago that John Merrick in association with Dr. A. M. Moore called about him a small group of men for the purpose of organizing a company, the purpose of which was to stimulate concerted effort and to establish an agency that would safeguard the financial interests of the underprivileged. Out of this meeting grew what later was to be known as the North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company. From year to year the company broadened its sphere of operation, until today it offers to the public a line of modern, approved, legal reserve coverage that is complete in every respect.

Since its founding, the company has shown steady and persistent growth, having paid to policyholders and beneficiaries over seventeen million dollars in benefits. At the end of 1937 insurance in force amounted to \$41,521,952, with assets over five million dollars. Both sums have increased materially during the present year.

The institution had its beginning at a time when insurance against future uncertainties had not received the universal recognition it enjoyed today. As a result, it grew was not phenomenal, yet its progress was steady and consistent. It is to be noted that during the past ten years, admitted assets have more than doubled as the schedule of income and admitted assets will indicate.

In the beginning, the company was founded on a sound conservative basis. From year to year for nearly a half century, it has increased in strength and efficiency, establishing a record of service unbroken by wars, epidemics or depressions. During the past year, admitted assets reached \$5,108,472, which figure represents a gain of \$391,662 over the previous year. Adequate reserve is maintained to guarantee the full payment of every policy at maturity. In commenting on the company's standing, the United States Department of Commerce has this to say: "From our analysis of North Carolina Mutual Life Insurance Company, Durham, N. C., we conclude it is entirely worthy of the highest confidence, and we recommend it to the public."

The organization's growth throughout the years has been with a view to permanent security. A "Mutual" organization such as North Carolina Mutual, is in its truest sense the property of the policyholders themselves. Just as deposits in a bank are the property of the respective depositors, in like manner life insurance premiums are held in trust to be properly handled and so invested that the company benefits accruing to the public may provide an unfailing source of strength and dependability.

The working personnel of the company embraces more than a thousand trained representatives, including a home office staff of over a hundred young men and women who have been given an opportunity to put to practical use the specialized training received by them in schools and colleges. In thus creating opportunities for employment, North Carolina Mutual has not only proven a haven for widows and orphans through the payment of invested savings, but is extending its benefits to deserving young men and women through the creation of opportunities for employment that are unsurpassed.

In extending its field of operation to the State of Pennsylvania, (Please turn to page eight)



The above photo was made during the presentation ceremonies at the close of the Carolina Times mammoth subscription contest in which J. E. Cooper of Windsor was awarded the 1939 Buick as first prize. In the picture are L. E. Austin, editor of the Carolina Times; Mr. Cooper, who piled up a total of 7,002,500 votes during the contest, and S. F. Franklin, contest manager. The beautiful auto which Mr. Cooper won is shown in the background.

Woman Stabs Lover With Butcher Knife

BY L. H. PENNY
ROCKY MOUNT, October 19.—The result of a series of arguments between Miss Margaret Strickland and her sweetheart, Willie Watson, was his fatal stabbing which took place between 2:00 and 3 p. m. Saturday October 13.

According to information gathered, the argument began at Miss Strickland's home at 614 Holly St. Watson left and went to his home on Goldleaf Street where he was followed by his raving lady love. Naturally another argument ensued and Watson was stabbed to death with a

butcher knife. Although he was rushed to a hospital, he was dead within an hour.

The woman was arrested and placed in the Rocky Mount Jail under a \$1,500 bond.

The murdered man is survived by his father, A. B. Watson of Greenwell, Virginia; a brother, Lee Watson of Goldleaf Street in Rocky Mount; a half brother, Robert Watson of Berkeley, Va. and an aunt, Mrs. Lulia Tillery of Tarboro, N. C.

The funeral was held Tuesday October 18, from the AME Zion church on Atlantic and a burial followed near Leggett, North Carolina.

19-Year-Old Lad Cut, Burned And Hanged

Shreveport, La. Oct. 20, Louisiana last week was the scene of United States' sixth lynching for 1938 when W. C. Williams, a 19 year old 'half wit' was made the victim of ghastly torture and savage brutality while more than three thousand men and women, boys and girls flocked around to witness the raw, cold blooded murder.

Eye witnesses have stated that the young Negro, who was accused of killing A. N. Blair, 43 year old white man, was stuck with knives, spat upon, jerked from the ground with a noose around his neck, bullets were poured into his body; a red hot poker was applied to his vital organs and they "finished him off" by building a fire under him to burn him to a crisp.

No one knows, nor will ever know whether or not the Negro was guilty of the crime of which he was accused but it is a fact that he was not mentally normal. It is also a fact that he did not confess killing the white worker or assaulting his female companion as he was accused

until he was subjected to brutal torture which can not be described in a newspaper. Then and then only did he weakly nod assent to the questions put to him.

Williams was "captured" by three white boys, one of whom was armed with a pistol. These teen age boys turned him over to a mob numbering between 250 and 300. They talked with the leaders of the mob who refused to turn the victim over to the sheriff. Sheriff Thigpen and State Police Sergeant gave the leaders permission to take Williams away.

The grand jury investigation scheduled will very probably be a whitewash of the entire crime because the public sentiment in Lincoln Parish, where the lynching took place, 95 per cent with the lynchers.

Only a world of publicity and a strong protest from every civic organization to the governor and other state officials will be able to force any sort of investigation or conviction.

J. E. Cooper Wins Buick, Mrs. M. P. Powell Winner Of Plymouth Automobile

With an avalanche of subscriptions the 1938 circulation campaign of the Carolina Times came to a successful close here Saturday evening at 8:00 o'clock. So heavy was the last minute votes that two clerks in the office of the Times have devoted the entire week recording and filing name of new subscribers.

The management of the newspaper wishes to extend thanks to all those who helped to make the campaign a success, whether as a contestant or a subscriber. Especially are we happy to welcome into the family of Carolina Times readers the large number of new subscribers.

The contest proved to be equally interesting, if not more so than last one held by our newspaper several years ago. So close was the running up to the last day of the contest that it was impossible to tell who would be the winner. There were several dark hour surprises even for the campaign manager who was the only person who knew the actual standing of each contestant.

The following is the official report of the certified public accountants hired by the Carolina Times to tabulate the votes and determine the winner:

October 16, 1938
Mr. L. E. Austin, Editor, Carolina Times, 177 East Peabody Street, Durham, North Carolina.
Dear Sir:

In accordance with your request, we have audited the voting records in your circulation campaign as presented to us by your Campaign Manager, Mr. S. F. Franklin, and find that the total votes of each contestant and the prize they have earned to be as follows:

First Prize, 1939 Buick Sedan, is awarded to J. E. Cooper with 7,002,500 votes.

Second Prize, 1939 Plymouth Sedan, is awarded to Miss Mabel P. Powell with 5,556,000 votes.

Third Prize, Cash \$200.00, is awarded to Mrs. Alder Thomas, with 4,796,750 votes.

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St. Joseph Brotherhood Elects New Officers

In the annual observance of Men's Day at St. Joseph A.M.E. Church, the pastor, Rev. A. Valentine, will preach a special sermon to men at eleven o'clock Sunday morning, November 13. In the afternoon at three o'clock a special program will be rendered; and at the regular Sunday night service at 7:30 o'clock, the men will have charge of the program. The goal set is \$250.

Officers for the conference year are: D. W. Martin, president; C. C. Amey, Vice President; C. J. Gates, Secretary; J. H. Wheeler, Treasurer. Captains for

the special Men's Day Program are:

J. H. Wheeler, C. J. Gates, Willie Bullock, James Henderson, Elias McAdams, James Strickland, William Taylor, Lonnie Taylor, James Amey, J. C. Scarborough, Jr., Owen Baldwin, William Bagkin, E. R. Merrick, W. E. Bryant, Walter Rhoads, Dr. H. F. Norris, G. A. Edwards, L. E. Austin, H. M. McInnis, C. C. Smith, Dr. S. L. Warren, George W. Cox, F. E. Rowland, Bonnie Hawkins, J. M. Mills, Dr. Clyde Donnell.

Supreme Court To Hear Missouri University Case

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 13.—The United States supreme court on Monday, October 10, granted the petition of Lloyd Gaines, 26 year old St. Louis Mo. student for a writ of certiorari, which permits a review of his case against the University of Missouri before the court.

In September, 1935, the University, (Mo.) of which Gaines' application for admission to its law school. Through NAACP attorneys Charles H. Houston, Sidney E. Redmond, and Henry D. Kay, Gaines filed a petition for a writ of mandamus before the circuit court of Missouri January 24, 1936. It compelled the university to admit him. A new suit was filed

March 27, 1936.

In answer to this writ the university said that Lincoln university, (Mo.) of which Gaines is a graduate was not an accredited school, hence he could not qualify for entrance to the law school. The circuit court of Missouri upheld the university in this contention.

Denying the court's assertion that Lincoln university is not accredited, and losing their argument on the ground that Negroes are denied higher educational opportunities in Missouri equal to the opportunities of whites, attorneys for Gaines appealed the case to the state supreme court, which upheld the university. (Please turn to page eight)