

Setting the Children's Teeth on Edge

Probably the biggest lie ever to emanate from a group of congressmen was that joined in by the eleven southern senators who declared they did not vote against the Confirmation of Thurgood Marshall last Wednesday, as a member of the U.S. Supreme Court, because of his race but because of his interpretation of the Constitution. Such bare face lies contribute little to the respect citizens of this nation should have for southerners in Congress, especially the respect of its up and coming young people.

Like the proverb of old, "The fathers have eaten sour grapes and the children's teeth are set on edge." Thus, the answer to the widespread sin in high places and especially among the young people of the nation may be attributed to a large extent to such evil men as the eleven southern congressmen who are so low in character as to stultify their conscience before the entire nation

by lying. Likewise, the day has long since passed when Negro citizens of this country can be so easily deceived by such white persons merely because they happen to be national, state or local public office holders. On the contrary, in a majority of cases Negroes of intelligence are, more or less, doubtful of the integrity of the average high public official of the South because of the shady methods they usually resort to in achieving office.

From the standpoint of training, experience and integrity Thurgood Marshall is without a doubt one of the best qualified members of the U.S. Supreme Court. The long, hard road he has traveled as the great-grandson of a slave and the son of a sleeping car porter to a member of the highest court of the nation proves one again that "it doth not yet appear what we shall be."

The Sad Fate that Awaits the Dropout

More than ever, this country needs trained, educated people to continue the progress America has made and to take their rightful places in the society that is developing.

Much of the poverty and unemployment that exists today is directly related to the lack of education and preparation by previous generations.

Right now there are 2 million youngsters in this country in the 16 to 21 age group who dropped out of school before earning their high school diploma. Nearly a fourth of them are unemployed. Most of the rest are stuck in dead-end jobs, without any real future.

Large gains have been made in the fight against ignorance, unemployment and poverty during the past several years. Secretary of Labor Willard Wirtz recently reported that 2 million more people are working and 1 million more are in high school and college than the population increase of the last three years accounts for.

The Education Campaign of the past two years has helped in this progress. It has paid by dividends by inspiring dropouts to return to the classrooms and encouraging the undecided to finish their education. In 1960 the dropout rate was 25 per-

cent. Last year it had decreased to 18 percent.

But 18 percent is too high for a Nation to tolerate. The frightening fact remains that at the current dropout rate by 1975 there will be 32 million adults in the labor force without a high school education — 32 million who will be unqualified for most of the jobs available then.

This newspaper supports the efforts being made to keep our youth in school and help them from becoming future victims of deprivation and poverty.

But it takes more than our support. It needs and commands the support and effort of every citizen.

Youngsters who have already dropped out of school need special help. They need to be counseled and guided into training that will help them develop skills for today's jobs. Others on the verge of leaving school before completing their education dropout many times to earn money to support their families or to buy necessities for themselves. Action by the business community in the form of part-time jobs is needed to help them stay in school.

You can serve your country best by helping to insure that tomorrow's leaders are educated today.

Things You Should Know

Benjamin FRANKLIN...

... A LEADING FIGHTER AGAINST

SLAVERY & THE PRESIDENT OF THE ABOLITIONIST SOCIETY WHICH IN 1774 FOUNDED

A SCHOOL FOR NEGROES THAT LASTED 100 YEARS! THEY USED

THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE AS AN ARGUMENT & IN

JAN., 1777 ABOLITIONISTS PRESENTED A PETITION TO THE

MASS. STATE GOVERNMENT DEMANDING EQUAL RIGHTS, —

IT WAS SIGNED BY SLAVES THEMSELVES!



CONTINENTAL FEATURES

FACTS ABOUT THE NEGRO

DR. SADIE P. DELANEY

CHIEF LIBRARIAN AND ORGANIZER OF THE TUSKEGEE VETERAN'S HOSPITAL. INTERNATIONALLY ACCLAIMED FOR TRAINING LIBRARIANS FOR THE MENTALLY ILL AND THE BLIND. IN 1948 RECEIVED AMERICAN LEGION AWARD FOR MERITORIOUS SERVICE. LISTED IN 54 PUBLICATIONS, AMONG THEM WHO'S WHO IN AMERICA; PRINCIPAL WOMEN IN AMERICA; WHO'S WHO IN LIBRARY SERVICE. WAS NAMED "WOMAN OF THE YEAR" THREE TIMES. LOOK MAGAZINE CALLED HER MASTER OF THE GREATEST OF ALL ARTS—AIDING HUMANITY.



Kill The Rats, Not The Program!



SPIRITUAL INSIGHT

By REV. HAROLD ROLAND



Christ Comes in the Spirit as a Guarantee of Successful Living

"God sending his own Son in our own sinful flesh." Rom. 8:2

What a sublime mystery—God coming in the flesh—clothing himself in our common fleshly garments to rescue man in his lostness. This idea of God, the high and the Holy One, coming to us in the flesh confounds us. Why? God had to come in such a way that we could understand and have no reasonable excuse. Had God chose to come to us clothed in the majesty of His celestial or supernatural glory we would have had an excuse. But God came so plain and simple that we are now left without a good excuse. God came to live the life in the flesh as we live it. Now we have no excuse. Christ came and clothed himself in our fleshly garments to show us that life can be lived in this world pleasing to God.

In Christ and in the flesh we can now live life acceptable to the God of Grace and love. Jesus did it. Jesus set the example and left us without an

excuse. Now all we need to do is to get on with the business of living this life, with the help of Christ, acceptably before the God of Holiness and Righteousness. It can be done. Thus let us get on with this most important business of being Christian witnesses for God in this world. Jesus has performed the great experiment. It was successful — he lived successfully and victoriously this same life we are called upon to live. Jesus lived this life in spite of the sin, heartache and tears. And we redeemed and in Christ can live it too.

Christ has given us the helper — The Holy Spirit! Yes, Christ set the example and sent us a helper in the person of the Holy Spirit. To keep us from confusion and frustration he has given the Holy Spirit the helper. So again we must conclude there is no excuse whatsoever for man. You can't hide behind an excuse now — you have all things needed to

live this life. So we say on with the business of living this life at its best—living it as Jesus did. Christ redeems—takes away the sin—and comes in the Spirit's power as a guarantee of successful living. Then Christians, let us stop making excuses. Christ takes away sin and gives you the sanctifier so there is no excuse.

This life can be made manageable with a day to day approach. You remember, Jesus said just one day at a time. Live this day and let God Almighty take care of tomorrow. Let yesterday and its failures go. Ask God to forgive you and wipe the slate clean and make a new start. Forgetting all things in that ugly past. God will forgive you.

God came in His Son Jesus Christ, our Savior, to show us how to live this life successfully with all of its rich potentials. The Savior lived it. And we too, in Christ, can live it.

Director

Continued from front page

The Council's action is further indication of the white power structure's determination to ghettoize Durham where, in the southeastern part of the city, are confined for the most part the Negro police, firemen, an a majority of the city's public housing units.

Said Ruffin further: "This is an invitation for the kind of riot conditions which have terrorized northern and western cities of this country."

Ruffin also stated that opposition to the housing project had 100 per cent support of the Negro community.

Conferences were said to be underway among representatives of the UOCl, the Durham Committee on Negro Affairs and the NAACP.

Ruffin emphasized that "every peaceful means of protest" had been used in an effort to avert the annexation measure which he said "is detrimental to the overall best interests of Durham."

Election

Continued from front page

Negro victories in the first primary on Aug. 8. In that election Negro candidates swept to victory in 16 contests.

Mr. Evers said the setback suffered by Negro candidates in the second election stemmed from his belief that "The whole thing was rigged."

Nearly 200,000 Negroes were eligible to vote as a result of the Federal Voting Rights Act

of 1965. Prior to this year's election only about 25,000 Negroes were registered to vote, mainly because of fear and intimidation and the antiquated poll tax.

NAACP officers in the state had urged Negroes to seek public office in their drive to gain Constitutional guarantees and political representation.

Morehouse

Continued from front page

Duke on August 27-29. The other seven approved institutions were Muhlenberg College, the University of Notre Dame, St. Louis University, the University of California at Davis, the University of California at Santa Barbara, Macalester College, and Michigan State University.

Morehouse and the other seven schools had to satisfy the stringent academic standards required by the 191-year-old honorary society which now has 184 chapters at colleges and universities. This process involved satisfying successively the exacting requirements of the Qualifications Committee, the Senate, and the Council of Phi Beta Kappa.

As a result of the vote of the Phi Beta Kappa Council, Morehouse will join Agnes Scott College, Emory University, and the University of Georgia as a Georgia institution having a chapter of the national honor society.

In commenting on the approval of Morehouse for membership in Phi Beta Kappa, Dr. Glosier said, "Morehouse has not been content simply with being an outstanding predominantly Negro college. More-

house has sought to qualify as an outstanding American college without any reference to its racial constituency. We believe that Morehouse is one of the best undergraduate schools in the United States, and we are pleased that our program has enabled us to gain a Phi Beta Kappa Charter. This development will be a source of great satisfaction to Dr. Benjamin E. Mays, who retired as president on June 30 and who previously worked hard to gain membership for Morehouse in the distinguished honorary society of which he is a member."

Party

Continued from front page

the American people want and that's what the troops want. As recent polls show, on this issue we speak for more Americans than the Republican or Democratic parties."

Halstead said he intended to appeal to G.I.'s as voters "to vote for our ticket on this issue as a vote for getting themselves and their buddies out of this illegal, immoral and useless slaughter."

Committee

Continued from front page

Oldham was questioned on his "about face attitude" regarding tenant organization, by Atty. H. M. Michaux, Jr., to which he answered that he has been accused of many things during his directorship, but he stated that attempts during the past six years have been made

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To Be Equal

By WHITNEY M. YOUNG JR.

GI's Face Housing Bias

An ARMY OFFICER was assigned to Vietnam. He tried to find an apartment for his family before leaving for the war zone. He couldn't. Dozens of realtors turned him down because he is Negro.

An Army sergeant recently returned from a frontline tour of duty in Vietnam, where he integrated dozens of foxholes without complaints from his "neighbors." He too, couldn't find an off-base apartment for his family. Again, it was racial discrimination that forced him into an overpriced apartment in a rundown building in the ghetto.

These are examples of the disgraceful conditions facing Negro GI's. Finally, the Defense Department is doing something about it.

Secretary of Defense McNamara, issued orders forbidding military personnel in certain bases to lease or rent in any segregated building or trailer court within a specified distance from their base. He said the orders were issued because "thousands of servicemen are being subjected to humiliating discrimination by the refusal of landlords to rent them apartments because of race or creed."

The first base to which the order applied was Andrews Air Force Base where over half of the white servicemen live within 3 1/2 miles of the base, but only one of every hundred Negro servicemen live so close.

Order Should Be Extended

This order is long overdue, and it should be extended to cover every base in the country. It appears to be the only way to get many landlords and realtors to stop discriminating on the basis of race. If they are willing to have their lives and property protected by the sacrifices of Negro servicemen, they should be willing to rent to them.

This order must be strictly enforced. A report issued last week indicates that landlords are complying, but we all know that many will try to avoid it whenever possible. This is one order which should get top priority from every base commander.

The order is significant because it will enable thousands of Negro GI's to find decent homes for their families. But it is also important for the example it sets. Private industry should especially take it to heart.

Large companies should make sure that their Negro employees will be allowed to live wherever they wish and not be restricted to the ghetto. They should let it be known that they will not build in a town which will not treat its employees equally. For most American towns the arrival of a new industry or plant means the difference between growth and prosperity and a slow decline. Big corporations know this and use it to get favorable terms for land and taxes. They need to use this power to assure equal treatment for their employees.

Man Topics

OF COURSE I'VE GOT GROUNDS FOR A DIVORCE, — I'M MARRIED!

Continental Features.

Atlanta University has a library book collection totaling 175,344 volumes.

Captains

Continued from front page

F. V. Allison, C. A. Alston, Sr., H. V. Alston, S. P. Biggers, C. C. Burtney, Albert Cain, W. H. Cole, Jr., H. H. Coleman, W. R. Collins, Rev. G. Davis, W. L. Doom, J. F. Drake, L. G. Frazier, L. B. Frasier, U. M. George, H. W. Gillis, T. H. Green, Sr., S. M. Holt, I. R. Holmes, J. C. Hubbard, J. M. Hubbard, C. E. Jemison, S. Jordan, W. J. Kennedy, III, L. Lawrence, J. D. Lennon, R. Long, Z. Massenburg, H. C. McAllister, N. McClamb, R. Mitchiner, C. Moore, E. B. Palmer, J. Parker, D. A. Perry, C. Ray, M. A. Sloan, G. J. Smith, H. W. Stephenson, T. R. Stroud, J. T. Taylor, J. Tedder, R. G. Thomas, T. B. Thornton, M. D. Thorpe, E. Totton, N. Vaughan, H. E. Weaver, C. Wright, and R. McAllister.

Prosecution

Continued from front page

en other county officers raided their homes in Pike County. They were accused of trying to overthrow the government of Pike County and Kentucky.

A truckload of literature was seized and Ratliff labelled it "communist" and "subversive." The U.S. court ordered the material to be sealed until further action in the case.

Dan Jack Combs and William M. Kunstler, defense attorneys, charged that the material, including diaries and other private papers, was being circulated widely in Pike County.

Ratliff is the Republican candidate for lieutenant governor of Kentucky in the November election.

Church

Continued from front page

My Home." Mrs. Ruth Mitchell gave the Children's Talk.

The architect is completing plans for the new church structure to be built at 3400 Fayetteville Road.

to employ a social worker.

Chairman of the Citizens Advisory Committee, C. C. Spaulding, Jr. stated "the tour was a good start for the committee's task in eliminating the problems in public housing."

A committee report on the tour will be made to the City Council.