

N.C. 1st in School Funds But U.S. Pays for Welfare

WASHINGTON North Carolina collects more taxes than all but ten other states, but it still largely depends on federal coffers for public welfare costs, the U. S. Advisory Commission on In-tergovernmental Relations has concluded.

In a comparative study of the role of federal, state, and local governments in financing services, the commission concluded that North Carolina state government supports a larger percentage of public school costs

than any state in the country. But the State depended on federal expenditures for public welfare to the extent that no

us

AH-MISS

WIZZY, MAGINE RUNNING INTO YOU HERE - MAY I HAVE THE

NEXT

PLEASURE OF

DANCE ?

other state paid a smaller percentage of such costs than North Carolina. The commission study, although largely concerned with state level revenues and spending, pointed significantly to local government financial efforts.

And the figures for North And the ligures for North Carolina showed that a highly centralized state government is meeting a larger percentage of the costs for nearly every pro-gram. Even though its share of public welfare costs were low the share from loca the share from local governments in the State was equally low.

cent.

Using often-quoted statistics about state and local tax rates, the study showed that North Carolinians paid in a total tax take that ranked as the nation's 11th largest in 1967. The State paid 69.6 per cent of

the total public school budget compared to a national percentage of 45.4 per cent. Only eight per cent of the State's public welfare costs were being met by State revenues, the report said. That compared to a national percentage of 35.5 per

The State's local governments were paying only 20 per cent of public welfare costs.

NATCHING THE LOCAL

AT SO ELSES EXPENSE

SLICKSTER HAV



THERE'S THAT

TWO-BIT ROMED AGAIN

DRIP WHEEL HIS OWN DOLL IN HERE YET-I DON'T THINK HE COULD GET ONE ON HIS OWN

National Planning Associa-tion's Agriculture Committee says a revised food stamp pro-gram costing about \$3.8 billion a year and reaching 10 million persons should replace "present inadequate" food programs. In a report released Sunday, the committee said the new plan, aimed at giving low in-come families more freedom of choice, should replace the

Food Stamp

Are Sought

Revisions

WASHINGTON

"paternalistic" system of direct distribution of com-

T. ELMO

- The

stamp worth \$1 at a grocery store would be set by program officials. Stamps "equal to the cost of an adequate diet" (\$1,255) would be given free to families below a selected income level, roughly one fourth of the Social Security Administration's poverty line of about \$940 a year.

CHUCKLE CORNER

Fighting **Erupts** In DMZ

The second

SAIGON - U.S. Marines clashed sharply with enemy troops in the demilitarized zone Sunday in the first fighting reported in the DMZ in four months. South of Saigon, U.S. troops surprised an enemy force and killed 37 Viet Cong without suffering a casualty.

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Enemy gunners shelled 20 allied bases and towns overnight, but none of the country's major towns were hit, allied spokes-men reported Monday. The night before, the enemy ushered in the fourth week of the current offensive by shelling 50 downs and bases, including Saigon. Casualties and damage were reported as light both nights.

Delayed accounts reaching Saigon said U.S. Marines and an armored column, supported by the destroyer Mullinnix, invaded the southern half of the east ern DMZ Saturday after North Vietnamese troops fired 15 rockets from inside the zone on two American supply bases near the southern frontier.

U.S. headquarters said least 10 North Vietnamese sol-diers were killed and two captured in the 4½-hour fight. No American casualties or damage were reported.

No Casualties Sunday night, elements of the

9th Division ran into an enemy unit in the Mekong Delta, about 50 miles southwest of the capital. A patrol spotted about 35 en emy soldiers and opened up with small arms and artillery. Twenty-three enemy were re-ported killed.

ed.

About half an hour later in the same area, another enemy group was spotted and the U.S. troops reported killing 14 of the enemy.

Bases shelled Sunday night and Monday morning included the headquarters of the U.S. 101st Airborne Division, four miles east of Hue; headquarters of the U.S. 9th Division south of Saigon and the U.S. 1st Division north of Saigon, and Phan Rang airfield, 150 miles northeast of Saigon. Also hit were Hoa Dong and the South Vietnamese army's infantry school eight miles northeast of Saigon. Casualties were listed as two civilians and two South Vietnamese army cadets killed.

Capitols Hit

The activity Saturday night and Sunday morning included the shelling of Saigon and five other provincial capitals, terrorist attacks in Da Nang and Tuy Hoa, and the mining of two es northeast of Saigon, Casa ualties were placed at 16 civil-ians killed and 47 wounded.

The U.S. Command also disclosed that five American heli-



Washington, N.C., **Doctor Assaulted** WASHINGTON, N. C. - Dr.

nearly ran into the back of his car. The alleged assault oc-

curred when Hammong got out

of his car. Dr. Hammond apparently was

only shaken up by the brief en-counter, which according to him,

involved "three or four blows." His glasses were bent in the

The night of Feb. 16, Dr. Hammond's home on U.S. 264

east of Washington was fired on. Shotgun pellets hit his automobile and struck a picture

window in the house where the doctor and his wife were sleep-

scuffle.

copters were shot down and de-stroyed by enemy gunners Fri-day and Saturday, three of them William H. Hammond, whose house was the object of a shotgun attack a month ago, in Chuong Thien Province deep in the Mekong Delta. Three Americans were killed and six reported Saturday night that a white man assaulted him at the Beaufort County Hospital. Hamwounded in the crashes mond is this city's only Negro

The losses raised to 2,435 the number of choppers reported lost from all causes in the war. physician. Washington Washington Police Chief Phillip Paul said his department was called by another Washington doctor Saturday To the north, in Binh Dinh Province, troopers of the 173rd Airborne Brigade moving by helicopter ran into fire as they set down. Fighting went on for more than three hours. Spokesaround 9:30 p.m. The chief said Dr. Hammond was driving into the hospital parking lot when an old model car with a dealer's license plate

men said 19 enemy bodies were found later. U.S. losses included man killed and six woundone man killed and s ed, headquarters said. **Ambush Patrol**

Just south of the DMZ, enemy troops ambushed and virtually wiped out a 35-man U.S.-South Vietnamese patrol early Sun-day, headquarters said.

Spokesmen said about 150 enemy troops ambushed the 35-man combined action platoon, of which 13 to 16 were U.S. Ma-rines and the rest South Vietnamese militiamen. The ambush was sprung in

ing. They were not injured. The shooting was not discovered unearly morning darkness about eight miles below the eastern eight flank til the following morning. flank of the DMZ and a bare mile from Dong Ha, headquar-ters of the U.S. 3rd Marine Divi-Beaufort County sheriff's of-ficers and the State Bureau of Investigation are still in-vestigating that shooting and a sion.

second one at a farm in the same general area. Field reports said six Marines and five militiamen were killed and four Marines and 10 militia-Hammond came to Beaufort

County to practice medicine in men wounded. July 1965. No enemy losses were report-He and his wife moved into



Suckcess in this life iz like watching for a rabbet-the rabbet iz quite az apt tew cum out at the other end ov the hold. 14

their new brick home last sum-mer. The house is located in a previously all-white heighfor-hood. Prior to the February shooting, there had been no previous trouble. Dr. Hammond's wife, a nurse with the Beaufort County Board of Education, works with the of Education, works with the ESEA program.

The attacks on the Hammond home resulted in a \$100 reward being posted by the Beaufort County Good Neighbor Council.

NOTICE TO EDITOR

This is the first of a series of monthly mar releases designed especially for your fashion page. The column, titled "Polly Talk" will cover a variety of fashion subject-matter from tips on grooming to gift-giving etiquette. We hope you find this series useful and invite your comments. your comments.

. Tips from Mo

Hi Gals!...The subject of what to wear in drizzle weather and still look fashionable has been raised by a reader in the Midwest. Seems this little lady is "all wet" when it comes to dressing right for specific occasions

Well, "weather or not," dear reader, the latest fad is the

brightly-colored drizzle dress and pants in shiny, wet look, cire nylon... a slick new fashion-right style for sunny days as well as shower-y ones

What's more, cire Blue "C" ny-lon clothes are so lightweight and packable they travel well...go of from climate to

climate...and^{*}because they're Monsanto WEAR-DATED, hold a one year guarantee for wearability

There's no doubt about it. The cire slick-look upstages any other fabric this spring. Even the kids are getting into the act with sportswear, shortshorts, jumpsuits and short aviator jackets, so versatile and long-lasting they'll wear them all through school and later to the beach.

When it comes to skiing, ski enthusiasts will be happy to know that lightweight cire nylon is superbly comfortable. An airy, colorful cover-up is all that's required for spring and Western skiing.

So gals, come rain or shine or just pure fashion know-how, 'put on the gloss" this spring in cire nylon ... now in its shining glory in major department and chain stores everywhere.

CHE Don't suffer — re pain in seconds as millions do ORA-JEL. Many dentists recom using ORA-JEL until you get professional treatment. orajel



