



WILD GUNBATTLE — Police and ambulance attendants wheel a wounded man to an ambulance after a wild gunbattle on a downtown Atlanta street left two persons dead and two others wounded 6/19. Police said one of the dead men was a policeman.

Mixed Drinks Poll Results Are Released

On Wednesday, May 30, the Greater Durham Chamber of Commerce sponsored a FORUM on the recently enacted Statewide Referendum on Mixed Beverages.

Speaking in favor of passage of the referendum was Hugh Morton, owner of Grandfather Mountain and Grandfather Golf & Country Club in Linville. Urging defeat of the referendum was the Rev. Coy Privette of Kannapolis, president of the North Carolina Christian Action League.

Subsequent to this meeting, the Durham Chamber mailed 1613 ballots to its members requesting their opinion regarding an official Chamber position on the Statewide Referendum on Mixed Beverages.

The Chamber membership was asked to answer one of four questions: Should the Chamber actively support the issue? Should the Chamber actively oppose the issue? Should the Chamber take no official position on the question? Does the member have no opinion at all concerning the issue?

As of June 28 the official results of the poll indicate that 70% of the Chamber membership is in favor of supporting the issue, while 12% favor opposition to the referendum. 17% feels the Greater Durham Chamber of Commerce should take no position at all, while 1% has no opinion on the issue.

To date, 740 ballots out of a total of 1613 have been returned, representing a 46% membership response to the questionnaire.

Broken down, the response percentage represent the following number of votes: 70%-511; 12%-91; 17%-132; 1%-6.

Earlier results of the membership poll, representing a 45% return from the Chamber's membership, were published in the Chamber's newsletter Action on June 25th. Chamber members who have not responded to the questionnaire were asked in the newsletter to return their questionnaires as soon as possible since the Chamber members want an opinion on the issue from as large a percentage of the membership as possible.

As of this date, the Board of Directors of the Greater Durham Chamber of Commerce has taken no official position on the referendum which will be put to the voters of North Carolina on November 6th of this year.

Fayetteville State Professor Is Named Danforth Associate

FAYETTEVILLE — A Fayetteville State University professor of Education and Psychology has been named a Danforth Associate. He is Dr. Grady Davis.

The announcement was made by the Danforth Foundation, St. Louis, Mo. Davis has been a member of the FSU faculty since 1965 and is active in community affairs. He is affiliated with numerous professional organizations which include the American Psychological Association, North Carolina Psychological Association, Academy of Religion and Mental Health, Society for the Scientific Study of Religion, Institute of Pastoral Care, and the American Association of University Professors.

A graduate of Shaw University, he received the B. D. degree from Andover-Newton Theological Seminary and the Ph. D. in psychology from Boston University.

In addition to his duties at FSU, Dr. Davis serves as pastor of Union Baptist Church, one of the largest Baptist churches in Durham.

He is a member of the Fayetteville-Cumberland County chapter of the NAACP and is president of the local chapter of the Phi Beta Sigma fraternity.

Listed in Who's Who in American Universities and Colleges, he and his wife, Dorothy, are the parents of five children.



NECKTIES FOR YOUTHS — Maurice Fleishman, a Fayetteville merchant, presents 150 neckties to James M. Paige, Commissioner of Youth Development in North Carolina and J. C. Jones, Vice-Chairman, Board of Youth Development. The neckties will be presented to youths at Samuel Leonard School, McCauley.

Advice From Friend Turns Out To Be Good As Money in the Bank

DETROIT — When Lena M. Peters was searching for a new job in 1963, a friend advised her to apply for a teller's position at National Bank of Detroit.

That advice turned out to be as good as money in the bank.

Recently promoted to branch manager, Mrs. Peters is now the first black woman to hold a manager's position with NBD.

As manager of NBD's Eureka-Wahrman Road branch in Romulus, Mrs. Peters is also the eighth woman and the eighth black to become manager of one of the bank's 186 branches.

Mrs. Peters, a civically active Inkster resident and native of Detroit, says there are several reasons why women traditionally have been rare in the upper echelons of banking.

One reason is that women generally have not sought careers in banking and have not been encouraged to undertake the extensive preparation customary for men who aspire to become professional bankers.

With current emphasis on careers for women, this situation is changing and many banks, including NBD, are endeavoring to increase the percentage of women in official and managerial positions, as they have been doing for a number of years in regard to minorities.

Mrs. Peters says that, while she has met some obstacles, she encourages women to seek banking careers. A degree in accounting, business administration, or economics and related fields, can offer a good start for a management

career in banking, she comments.

"I would recommend banking for women," she says. "There are so many areas where women can work in the banking industry and move up quickly. The work is clean and pleasant. There is a lot of personal contact, a lot of dealing with people."

When Mrs. Peters entered NBD's teller training program, she had a dozen years of experience as a supermarket manager, but was unable to enter the bank's management trainee program because she had completed only part of her college education.

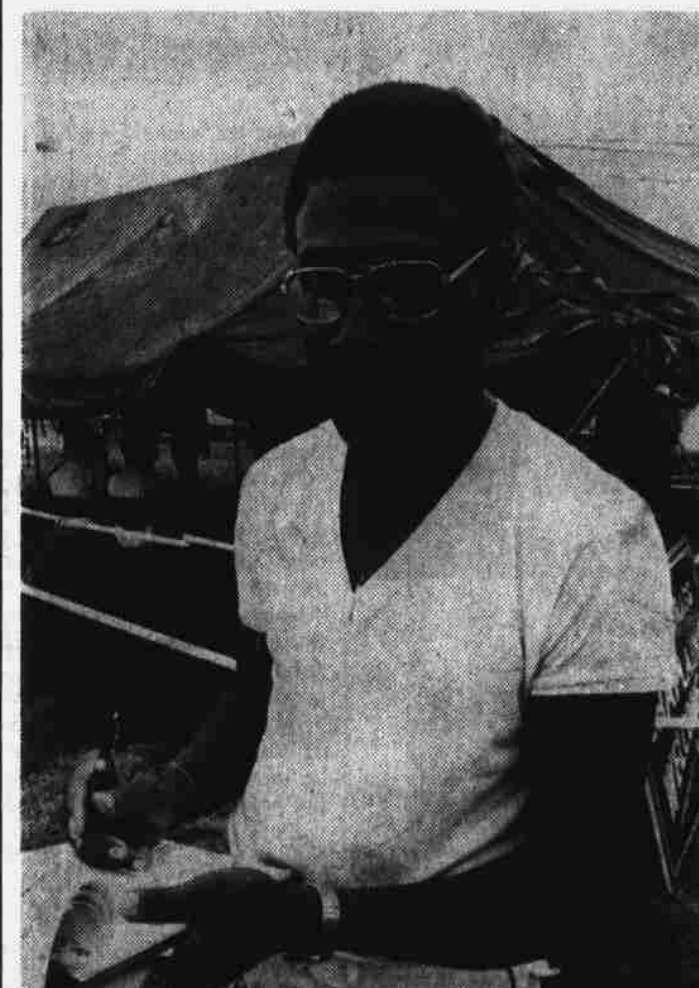
She graduated from St. Bernard High School before attending the University of Detroit. She left U of D and worked as a typist and secretary before joining Allen's

Supermarket in 1950 where she was office manager for 12 years.

Mrs. Peters joined NBD as a teller in 1963, was promoted to general teller in 1966, assistant manager in 1968, and senior assistant manager in 1969.

Eight years of night classes at U of D will end for her in December when she receives her degree in business administration with a major in finance. She credits her parents — Mr. and Mrs. Ormond Curl, Sr., of Inkster — for inspiring her to continue her education and to grow professionally.

The Veterans Administration can advance up to \$250 in extra allowances to selected veterans receiving education assistance under its programs.



FAMILY TRADITION — When he signed in at ROTC summer camp at Fort Bragg recently, William B. Neal III was maintaining a family military tradition. His father, William B. Neal Jr., is a colonel and the professor of military science at North Carolina A & T University in Greensboro. A rising senior at A & T, Neal is a 1970 graduate of Seaside, Calif. High School. He and some 2,100 other ROTC cadets are being trained in tactics, weapons and other military subjects. The six-week camp ends Aug. 3.

Serious Crime In U. S. Drops One Percent

WASHINGTON, D. C. — Serious crime in the United States declined one percent during the first three months of 1973, compared to a three percent decrease in the same period last year, Attorney General Elliot L. Richardson announced today.

Mr. Richardson reported that 100 of the nation's largest cities—including Washington, D. C.—reported actual reductions in serious crime in the first quarter of 1973. Eighty-eight cities showed a decrease in the same period of 1972.

The latest figures were contained in the FBI's Uniform Crime Reports. The report of nationwide crime statistics is made possible by the voluntary cooperation of local, county, and state law enforcement agencies.

The Attorney General said the statistical report has been changed this year to include all larceny-theft instead of limiting that category to larceny \$50 and over.

Mr. Richardson said the use of larceny \$50 and over was begun in 1957 in an effort to define larceny more closely with the so-called felony statute in the various states, but experience has shown that the use of a dollar value to define the larceny offense has several flaws.

The inflation trend in recent years has caused a bias that is not acceptable in crime reports, he explained, and because many states have changed the dollar value between felony and misdemeanor larceny, the result has created confusion.

By removing value from the larceny category, the inflation bias has been eliminated and the overall quality of larceny-theft crime counts should improve, he said.

Mr. Richardson said larceny-theft is primarily a crime of opportunity and the value of property taken is usually incidental to the criminal act.

The Attorney General noted that the volume of serious crime would have increased one percent during the first quarter of 1973—the same change as for the comparable period a year ago—had the larceny \$50 and over category continued to have been used.

The Uniform Crime Reports divides serious crime into two categories: violent, which includes murder, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault, and property, which includes burglary, larceny-theft, and auto theft.

Violent crime increased six percent in the first quarter of 1973, compared to a two percent increase in the first quarter of 1972. Property crimes, which are far more numerous than violent crimes, decreased two percent in the 1973 period, compared to a three percent decrease in 1972.



Dr. Joseph P. McKelvin

New Academic Head Named at Morris Brown

Dr. Joseph Pryce McKelvin has been appointed the new academic dean at Morris Brown College. Prior to accepting the post at Morris Brown, Dr. McKelvin was Director of the EPDA Institute for College Teachers at North Carolina Central University and the Director of the Research and Evaluation for Education Improvement Program for the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools.

He brings to Morris Brown College a wealth of resources from his 35 years of exposure in the field of education.

A graduate of Southern University, Dr. McKelvin earned his M. S. and Ph. D. degrees from the University of Wisconsin.

He is the editor of several publications and holds membership in Phi Delta Kappa, Kappa Delta Pi, Kappa Phi Kappa, American Educational Research Association, American Association of University Professors, National Society for the Study of Education and the National Council of Measurement in Education.

Legal Aid Program Approved

WASHINGTON — (NBNS) — A bill, labeled by some as a disaster, has approved setting up an independent corporation to provide legal services for the poor.

The 24 amendments adopted by the House to the independent corporation bill places serious restrictions on what legal services attorneys can do.

The House, in a marathon session which ended near midnight, approved amendments barring legal services lawyers from handling suits to force hospitals and doctors to perform abortions, handle school busing or desegregation cases, or draft evasion amnesty cases.

Another set of crippling amendments, which were offered by Rep. Albert Quie, R-Minn., prohibits legal services attorneys from lobbying before a legislative or administrative body unless formally requested to do so.

Other amendments to the bill would: *Prohibit attorneys getting more than 50 per cent of their income from legal services activities; *Prohibit lawyers from taking part in partisan or nonpartisan politics, including voter registration drives; *Prohibit funding or allowing corporation personnel to advocate or oppose initiatives, referendums or other ballot measures; *Prohibit contracts to law firms who spend more than half their time on "public interest" litigation; *Eliminate back-up centers for research and technical assistance for legal services attorneys set up in law schools around the country.

Since the present legal services program, which is a part of the Office of Economic Opportunity, Democratic liberals are hopeful that the Senate will come up with a better bill.

A similar measure was killed last year after White House objections.

Opponents of the bill, made up of Southern and conservative Democrats and Republicans, have claimed the legal services program is bad because it foments social reform and revolutionary political activity.

Nat'l Alliance Inks 2 Labor Contracts in Agencies

WASHINGTON, D. C. — Monday, June 25, Washington, D. C. Local 209 of the National Alliance of Postal and Federal Employees signed a two year contract with the U. S. Postal Service, covering employees in a unit at Headquarters of the U. S. Postal Service in the Nation's Capitol at 12th and Pennsylvania Avenue.

This is the first contract outside of the Security Force, based on a National Labor Relations Board's certification, whereby the National Alliance was selected by the employees through an open election. (Employees throughout the United States Postal Service must be allowed to bargain collectively through representatives of their own choosing.)

Some of the key provisions give the employees, for the first time, job descriptions and bidding rights for preferred assignments. The union and management will jointly foster the Equal Opportunity Program. All employees are guaranteed an opportunity to have his or her case heard before a 48 hour notice and disciplinary action is effected. There will be a substantial pay increase with some increase in fringe benefits.

The signing ended a period which began November of 1972, with an Alliance victory in an National Labor Relations Board conducted election. Inability to negotiate a contract led to the filing of an Unfair Labor Practices charge against the Postal Service with the National Labor Relations

Board and a petition for Fact Finding with the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service.

Fact Finding sessions began 10:00 a. m. June 1, in an office in Georgetown Washington, D. C. and ended at the same location around 5:30 p. m. June 25th, with the birth of a bona fide labor contract of two years duration.

Presidential Aide John W. White led the Alliance negotiating team of White; Alorzo Adams, President of District Two (Washington, D. C., Maryland, Virginia and West Virginia); Tommie L. Wilson, President of Washington, D. C. Local; and Lula White, NAPFE Headquarters representative. Carl Uehlein was spokesman for the U. S. Postal Service trio of Uehlein, Vince Drum and Ron Blend.

John White and Tommie Wilson signed the agreement for the Alliance while Carl Uehlein and Assistant Postmaster General Darrell Brown signed for the Postal

Service. Seymour Strongin chaired the Fact Finding Panel of Strongin, Francis J. Robertson and J. Harvey Daly, which did an unusually effective job of bringing the parties to the contract together.

Fact Finding cost approximately one thousand dollars per day, but President Robert L. (Bob) White stated, "The Alliance will spend its last penny, if necessary, to fully represent employees".

Tuesday, June 26, Baltimore Local 202 and Portsmouth Local 207 of the Alliance signed a two year labor contract covering 600 General Services Administration employees in Baltimore, Maryland and Portsmouth, Virginia. The ceremony took place at 7th and "D" Streets at the GSA Regional Office in Washington, D. C. The agreement was a single document covering two Alliance locals and has been described as the best existing contract between the GSA and any union.

Conyers Calls For Watergate House Panel

NEW YORK — (NBNS) — A veteran black Congressman has called on the House of Representatives to establish its own committee to investigate the Watergate and procedures for Presidential impeachment. Making it clear that he was not calling for the impeachment of the President, U. S. Rep. John Conyers, Democrat of Michigan, said he believed the House should prepare for the possibility of an impeachment with the formation of the committee he recommended.

Last year, along with five other Congressmen, Conyers introduced a resolution of impeachment against President at the time of increased bombing in Southeast Asia. At the time, he said that the President was guilty of conducting a war in Southeast Asia without consent of the Congress, as required by the Constitution.

In pointing out that only the Congress can subpoena a President, Conyers told reporters at a news conference that the House has the power "and more importantly, the responsibility, to determine whether or not the President has been guilty of any wrongdoing."

"It is time that the House began to face the fact that it alone must resolve this issue for the American people. In saying this, I am not necessarily suggesting that impeachment proceedings be instituted now," he concluded.



QUESTIONED IN SLAYING OF COLLEGE YOUTHS — MAXWOOD, III. Police charged Antonio Barrientes, 21, shown after questioning by police June 20, with the axe and dagger slayings of a pair of college students whose bodies were discovered June 19 on the grounds of a private school where they had taken summer jobs. Barrientes was charged with two counts of murder and one count of burglary in connection with the deaths of Robert C. Enfourth, 23, of Lincoln Park, Mich., and David P. Hammes, 20, of Milwaukee, Wisconsin.