MAINE MEMORIAL AT ARLINGTON

Memorial to the officers and men who were lost with the battleship

REPRESENTATIVES BY THE

VOTE OF 232 TO 44.

Would Bar Products Made in Whole

or in Part By Children From In-

terstate Commerce.

state commerce was passed by the

house 232 to 44 after a lively debate

for absentees to suppress a filibuster.

Opposition to the bill, led by Repre

sentative Byrnes of South Carolina,

The measure declares it unlawful

for producers, manufacturers or deal-

ers to ship or deliver for transporta

tion in interstate commerce the prod-

ucts of mine or quarry made wholly

or in part by children under 16 years

workshops, factories or manufacturing

establishments made by children un-

of from \$100 to \$1,000 or imprison-

Representative Palmer proposed sus-

300,000 Bales More Exported This

Year Than During Last January.

Washington-Cotton exports were

beyond normal proportions during Jan-

Cotton used was less than the usu-

al January total, as 500,000 fewer spin

dles were operated during the month.

Manufacturing establishments held

all the other countries. Total exports

31 were 2,500,000 bales less than

after 7 o'clock at night.

and started a filibuster.

the census bureau.

furnish the British government a con- for the six months ending January

-The Palmer bill

Maine in Havana harbor, erected in the National cemetery at Arlington and dedicated on February 15. It is in the form of a fighting mast and turret,

and on the panels of the latter are engraved the names of the victims

SHADOWS NEWS FROM THE

BATTLE FRONTS.

Military Movements of the First Im-

portance Are Taking Place.-

Struggling in Carpathians.

London.-In the absence of any

triking news from the two European

battle fronts, public attention in Eng-

blockade of the British Isles by Ger-

Great Britain received through Am-

assador Page Germany's offer to

withdraw her threat of a blockade if

the British Navy will permit the free

movement of foodstuffs to the civil

will be accepted. In fact, Great Brit-

ain already is preparing to retaliate

against Germany by placing under

more stringent control ships destined

to German ports; and a proclamation

omentarily is expected declaring a

blockade of the German coast, or at

any rate, the prohibition of foodstuffs

destined for Germany. The Cabinet

considered this question and it is un-

In the meantime British and neu-

tral vessels are moving as freely as

usual, except those belonging to a

sured by them shall have their Na-

tional colors, the names of the ships

and the country of their origin painted

conspicuously on the sides of all ves-

Holland and Italy, like the United

States, have protested to Germany

asked Great Britain not to make free

use of neutral flags. Similar repre-

the two countries in a joint note by Norway, Sweden and Denmark.

Will Not Furnish England Shells.

has declined to bid on a contract to

signment of drop forge shells for

sels.

derstood the decision is

Council.

It is not believed here the

population of Germany.

GERMANS TORPEDO FRENCH STEAMER HUNGER AS AN ALL

ONE BOAT STRUCK MINE IN ENGLISH CHANNEL AND AN-OTHER WAS TORPEDOED.

ACTIVE IN NEW WAR ZONE

President Wilson and Cabinet Discuss Dangers to American Vessels Caused by New War Zone.

Washington.-President Wilson and his cabinet discussed at length dangers to American vessels and commerce growing out of the reiterated determination of the German government to wage a submarnle and mine warfare on enemy's vessels and disclaiming responsibility for what may happened to neutral vessels venturing into the new sea war zones.

Struck By Mine. Dover.-The Norwegian tank steam ship Belridge, which sailed from New Orleans January 28 and Newport News February 5 for Amsterdam struck a mine off Dover. She was beached near here.

It was first reported she was only slightly damaged by the explosion, but later it was learned there had been fear of her going down. Her forepeak and her forehold are filled with water and her forelock is awash.

The pilot on board and 18 men of her crew have been landed.

French Steamer Torpedoed Dieppe, France, via Paris.-A German submarine torpedoed without warning the French steamer Dinorah from Havre for Dunkirk, at a point 16 miles off Dieppe.

The Dinorah did not sing but was

towed into Dieppe. No mention is made of the loss of any of her crew. A plate on the port eide of the steamer below the warterline was stoved in by the torpedo. She managed to keep afloat by hard pumping, word of the occurrence was taken into Dieppe by fishing boats and assistance for the Dinorah was promptly sent out. Her cargo will be discharged

The presence of a German submaine off Cape Ailly was reported four days ago. The daily steam traffic service between Dieppe and England has been

WILSON OPENS EXPOSITION.

President Touched Button and Set. Monster Event in Motion.

San Francisco.-An electric spark of enormous potential, jumping across the continent, opened the Panama-Pa-International Exposition at noon, Pacific coast time. In the white house at Washington, President Wilson pressed a button and the serials of the great government radio station at Ar-Higton in response sent a vibration to a commercial station on San Francisco bay. From there the message was relayed by wire to a receiving instrument on the exposition grounds.

As soon as the signal was received. the wheels began to turn, and the fountains to play; the gates swung open, and a procession of citizens, with the mayor at their head, marched into the grounds.

At the same time, President Charles C. Moore of the exposition, informed President Wilson over a telephone line that the wireless flash had been received and the exposition had opened. In return President Wilson sent his greetings and good wishes. Brief ceremonies of dedication and acceptance followed

Argentine May Warn Ships to Leave. Buenos Ayres.-The Argentine Government is considering warning the German steamer Holger and the auxiliary cruiser Ardonna to leave this port within 24 hours or be disarmed and interned, it was announced. The Holger arrived here with crews of several merchant ships sunk by the German cruiser Kronprinz Wilhelm.

Medal for Sir John French.

Paris.-The Government decided to confer the military medal on Field Marshal Sir John French commanderin-chief of British forces in the field.

No Mail Lost.

Washington. — Although United States mail is going directly or indirectly to every country in the world, so far not on bag has been lost through the activities of European war fleets. In fact, postoffice department officials said, no American mail has gone down with a merchantman destroyed by a warship within the past hundred years. Postmaster General Busieson said he expected no interference with mail service to result Revolution. The plate, considered in from Germany's sea war zone proclamation.

Congress Rushing Through Bills. Washington -- Confronted with the necessity for apropriating an average of \$90,000,000 a day for the next few legislative days, Congress began hur rying through the measures which will supply the billion dollars needed fiscal year. The senate passed the \$39,000,000 iegislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill and the house passed the pension bill, carrying \$124,000,000 and took up the diplomatic and consular measure appropriating \$4,500,000.

England Suspends Traffic.

Washington. - All travel between Fugland and the continent of Europe has been suspended by the British admiralty until further notice according to advices received at the state department. Some state department officials interpreted the suspension of "travel" as referring to passengers and as a measure adopted until there could be some rearrangement of ship schedules with protection of convoys; but other officials thought it might temporarily include all commercial incercourse across the English channel.

BRITAIN SUMMONS

NAVAL WAR ZONE METHODS ARE NECESSARY FOR NATIONAL PRESERVATION.

THE GERMANS WANT FOOD

If United States Will Furnish Them and Refuse Allies Then All Will Be Well.

Berlin, via London.—Germany's reply to the protest of the United States against designation of å naval war zone about the British Isles is couched in the most friendly terms, but firmly maintains the position of Ger-

many as already announced.

The note, which has been transmitted to Washington through American Embassy, explains that Germany's action was made necessary by Great Britain's policy of attempting to cut off the food supply of the German civil population by a method never recognized in international law.

England's course in ordering merchantmen to fly neutral flags, equipping them with artillery and ordering them to destroy submarines, Germany contends, renders nugatory the right of search and gives Germany the right to attack English shipping.

The reply closes with the expression of hope that the United States may prevail upon Great Britain "to return to the principles of international law recognized prior to the outbreak of the war" and in particular obtain observance of the Declaration of London. If this were done, the note explains, Germany would recognize in this, says the reply an invaluable service toward a more humane conduct of the war and would act in accordance with the new situation thus created.

FLEE BEFORE GERMANS.

ulous Towns in Eastern War Zone Emptied of People.

Petrograd, via London.-The Ger oan advance from East Prussia upon the towns of Kovno and Grodno ap pears designed to cut the railroad communications to Warsaw, rather THIS PHASE OF THE WAR OVER- PALMER BILL PASSES HOUSE OF than to an effort to take the Russian fortified positions in that territory.

Along the line from Plock to Nie men, about 200 miles in length, there has been intermittent fighting. From all the towns in this district, most populous of the empire, the civil population is fleeing, thronging the highways and railroads.

The German advance guards are reported to have proceedd from Augustowo towards the railroad between Grodno and Bialystok and to have reached within 12 miles of the former place, where they are said to land was centered on the threatened have been checked by the Russians. blockade of the British Isles by Ger-

The Germans also are reported to man submarines and mines in retailsbe attempting to break through be tion for Great Britain's act in tween Kovno and Grodno, taking ad- hibiting the carrying of food to Gervantage of the frozen Augustowo many. marshes and Niemen River, and facing the possibility of an early thaw which might leave them at the mercy of the Russians. The line to the north of Warsaw

of Blonck, Nowo-Gorgiewsk and Serock, is well defended.

Frank James is Dead.

Excelsior Springs, Mo. - Frank James, of the notorious James gang, died on his farm near here. James, who was 74 years old, had been in illhealth several months and was stricken with apoplexy.

In the south between the German advanc l g borchborch and the force moving on Wyshkow, there are virtually no Council troops of either side. Around Mesolaborch the Russians are reported to be successfully holding their positions and at several points to have

their number of sailings. Norwegian New York Will Vote on Suffrage. and Danish insurance companies have given instructions that steamers in-Albany, N. Y.-Every legal step necessary to putting a suffrage amendment before New York, voters this fall now has been taken. The last act, the signing of the resolution to permit balloting was performed by the secretary of state.

Washington Plate to White House. Washington. — Miss Mary Custis against her ar zone threat and have Lee, daughter of Robert E. Lee, has asked Great Britain not to make free presented to Miss Margaret Wilson, for the White House collection of presidentical chinaware, a plate of the George Washington dinner set, It is one of a set presented to General and Mrs. Washington by American officers of the Society of the Cincinnati, founded at Annapolis in 1783 by American and French officers who served in the many respects the most valuable piece in the collection.

Steal Safe From Train.

Richmond, Va.—Two men boarded the first section of train No. 61 of the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Poto-12:30 o'clock in the morning, and after to Franconit a short distance north of held up the messengers.

Quotes Mild Mannered Man in Indictment of Society's Treatment of. the Unfortunate.

tating on a bench, tunneling the em- number!

which \$450,000 was offered. during that period last year. Big Batting Mill Burned. Charlotte.-Fire of unknown origin, Washington-Investigation of all which broke out shortly after mid- charges of influences at work for or mac Railroad Company, due here at night in the plant of the Charlotte against the administration ship bill foreign and Chinese, is correct, the Cotton Fiber Company corner of West | was ordered by the senate. Vice Preseverpowering the express messengers First street and the Southern Rail- ident Marshall appointed Senators Japanese legation to American, Brit to run the government during the next threw the safe from the doorway and road completely destroyed that plant Walsh, Simmons and Reed, democrats, ish, French and Russian diplomati escaped on a heavy grade running up in Ward 3, including the main manuand Burton, and Weeks, republicans, representatives respecting Japan' to Franconit a short distance north of facturing building, several small out to make the inquiry. There are only Fredericksburg. It is believed that houses and a portion of the ware-the men boarded the train in Wash-house adjoining in hich was stored congress, and some senators believe to Peking. These negotiations, which ington. While the train was nearing a quantity of waste cotton. The loss such an investigation, likely to be pro- began late in January had for their Franconio they entered the car and will be between \$50.000 and \$60,000, longed, makes improbable the pastered the car and between \$50.000 and \$60,000, longed, makes improbable the pastered the car and between \$50.000 and \$60,000, longed, makes improbable the pastered the car and between \$50.000 and \$60,000, longed, makes improbable the pastered the car and between \$50.000 and \$60,000, longed, makes improbable the pastered the car and between \$50.000 and \$60,000, longed, makes improbable the pastered the car and between \$50.000 and \$60,000, longed, makes improbable the pastered the car and between \$50.000 and \$60,000, longed, makes improbable the pastered the car and between \$50.000 and \$60,000, longed, makes improbable the pastered the car and between \$50.000 and \$60,000, longed, makes improbable the pastered the car and between \$50.000 and \$60,000, longed, makes improbable the pastered the car and between \$50.000 and \$60,000, longed, makes improbable the pastered the car and between \$50.000 and \$60,000, longed, makes improbable the pastered the car and between \$50.000 and \$60,000, longed, makes improbable the pastered the car and between \$50.000 and \$60,000, longed, makes improbable the pastered the car and between \$50.000 and \$60,000, longed, makes improbable the pastered the car and between \$50.000 and \$60,000 and PRISON PAPER MAKES PLAINT tainment to be given by the inmates, a mischlevous group that, in the way ject to every kind of humiliation and under the management of our able of a lark rather than with any vicious demoralization! As it is, a good, director, 3382, who assures us of his ness, broke into a freight car and best efforts.' Do you get that? 'Our helped themselves to some beer. A society is too morally indolent and too able director, 3382.' Think of it! A few years ago a caning, or at most a selfishly un-Christian to do its plain man of recognized ability among his summons to the police court, would

The Mild Mannered Man sat medi-ting on a bench, tunneling the em-number! Look around you and judge punishment. Now, under the inter-responsibility."—Good Words, Atlanta bankment with his heel. Twe got a for yourself of the difference it makes state commerce law, he is buried into mad streak in me this afternoon," he in the character and hearing of the the company of every kind of 'bad uns' said, when accosted. "I was looking men where numbers are dropped for for a preparatory course in honorable

citizenship!

BOBERT G. SPEER ADDRESSES LAYMEI

STIRS GREAT CONVENTION WITH APPEAL FOR VIGOROUS SUP-PORT OF MISSIONS.

CHALLENGE TO CHRISTIANS

Souths Obligation Not Lightened One Feather's Weight on Account of Present Conditions.

Charlotte,-"If not another cotton boll should ever grow upon a Southern field, if not a dollar of income should ever be derived from any investment of ours. I charge you that

our missionary obligation would not be lightened by a feather's weight." Thus did Robert E. Speer "face the situation" in his address to the Fourth Annual Convention of the Laymen's Missionary Movement of the Southern Presbyterian church. He spoke to an audience that packed the city Auditorium to the limit of its capacity. In addition to 3,500 registered laymen, hundreds of women were

The responsibility is now America's, said Mr. Speer, to say whether or not the Gospel shall be carried to transcontinental Nations. With the crippling of the missionary activities of the countries involved in the war, the position of undisputed leadership in mission work is projected upon the United States.

"I dread this awful hour," said he, "lest, looking down on us from above as we sit here hugging our wealth, God will have to say, "Them too I shall have to pass by."

Mr. Speer's ringing appeal for a financial raily in the present crisis that shall send missionary effort forward. instead of allowing it to collapse was delivered with a force that reached and touched his hearers, and yet left an impression that yet more power was held in reserve.

Furthermore, said Mr. Speer, he dares to believe that the period of ATTRACTING ATTENTION CLAIMED STATE'S RIGHTS 60 years ago was more critical than this. In the space of 20 years four great wars were fought, involving bigger issues than are now at stake. In addition to the European struggle, our own country was drenched with the blood of an internecine strife

> "The greatest single event in the history of evangelistic convention effort in the Southern Presbyterian Church" was the manner in which Dr. John R. Mott characterized the Charlotte convention of the Laymen's Missionary Movement, shortly prior bar products of child labor from inter- to leaving for Havana, Cuba, where he had engagements of long standing for a series of conferences and adand the issuance of a writ of arrest dresses on topics relating to the great wor kthat he has in hand.

> Over 3,000 delegates were register ed during the convention. Among the was based on the contention that it Laymen present were some of the interfered with the state's rights.

> > SHIP BILL STRIKES SNAG.

Progressives And Seven Democratic Insurgents Bolt.

old, or products of mills, canneries, Washington-Administration demo crats got another setback in their fight for President Wilson's ship bill der 14 or those between 14 and 16 when they suddenly learned that the who work more than eight hours a bill as it passed the house will not day, or more than six days a week or command the support of Senators Kenyon, Norris or LaFollette, progressive Inspection by the Department of Labor would be authorized and fines republicans on whom they counted. nor the support of any of the seven

democrat insurgents.

The plan to move to concur with ment from one month to a year, or both imposed for violation. When house amendments by the discovery that the leaders pension of the rules to pass the bill could not muster enough votes. Adseveral Southern members protested ministeration leaders made no attempt to conceal their embarrassment, and planued to send the bill to conference few Dutch lines, which have reduced JANUARY EXPORTS OF COTTON. with the hope of putting on some amendments to command support.

> Talaat Bey Expresses Himself: Constantinople, via London-"Turk-ey declared war without being urged uary. The quantity was more than by Germany or impelled by any other 300,000 bales greater than last year, influences save those of the empire, said Talaat Bey today in a staement according to the monthly report of to the Associated Press.

Birtish Steamers Destroyed. Buenos Aires, Argentine.-It is reported from credible sources that the sentations are expected to be made to less cotton January 31 than they did German steamer Holger was sighted houses, the quantity on hand was on board the crews of several steam greater by 1,800,000 bales. a year ago but in independent ware- heading for Buenos Aires and having ers sent to the bottom by some Ger-Exports included 585,534 bales to man warship, probably off the coast the United Kingdom; 217.982 bales to of Brazil.

Pittsburg, Pa For "humanitarian Italy: 99,913 bales to Germany, 70,-reasons", a large local steel company 901 to France and 397,845 bales to The Holger for some time has been identified with German activities in the South Atlantic. She left Pernam-buco secretly early in January, presumably with supplies for German warships

Demand Upon Freedom of China.

Peking.-If information from presumably well informed sources, both memorandum recently given by th

likely lad is damned to ruin because duty in the care of the young. Heigho! (Ga.) Prison Paper.

Get Much Coal From Manchurla. over a copy of a prison paper just be names.

"See that boy over there—he isn't citizenship!

"See that boy over there—he isn't citizenship!

"Think of him in an institution of 20,000,000 tons of coal a year from the old regime, a mere number, sub mines in Japan and South Manchu-". WEATHER FORECAST.

Movements Due and Their Local Effects For the Cotton States Feb. 21 to 28.

Carothers Observatory Forecast Sunday, February 21; Mon-day, Feb. 22.—The week will open with warm weather in the South; minia ranging from 40 degrees along the Meson Dixon line to 60 degrees on the Coast, with mixima the 70s. It will be generally unsettled

Tuesday, Feb. 23; Wednes-day, Feb. 24; Thursday, Feb. -A cool wave will develop in the South Tuesday, bringing minimum temperatures around 40 degrees, but actual frosts are only expected in Eastern Cotton

Belt Wednesday or Thursday. Friday, Feb. 26; Saturday, Feb. 27; Sunday, Feb. 28.—General rains will immediately set with probably tornadic storms in parts of the South. A cool wave will overspread Western Cotton Belt Friday and the remainedr of the South Saturday, with clearing weather and light frosts over the cotton Belt, except on the immediate

CAPE LOOKOUT CONTRACT LET

Harbor of Refuge Largest Govern-ment Project Ever Undertaken in State.

Wilmington .- Maj. H. W. Stickle. United States Engineer in charge of the Wilmington district, has announced that to D. L. Taylor & Co., of Medina, N. Y., have been awarded the contract for building the first section of the biggest government project ever attempted in North Carolina, the ame being the breakwater which is to form the harbor of refuge at Cape Lookout. There is \$1,260,000 available for this work, and it is mutually agreed between Taylor & Co. and the government that the firm will be awarded the contract for the entire project, as the appropriations are made by the government, the whole amounting to \$3,170,000.

The contractor must begin the work within six months. It is probable that he will begin within three months. The agreement makes it mandatory that at least 27,000 tons of rock be placed each month. Using this as a basis it is estimated that the work will be finished—that part of it included in the present contract—within two years from the time the work is begun. The contractor, it is understood, expects to place the rock at the rate of 50,000 tons monthly, which would bring the time of completion to elightly more than one year from the beginning of the work.

The rock will be obtained from quarry near Havre de Grace, Md., and water transportation will be had direct from the quarry to the scene of operations. The inland waterway will be used to great advantage. Thirty barges, towed by six tugs, will be used by the contractor in transporting the material.

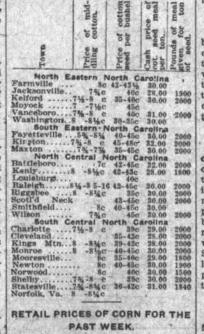
President Hobbs Resigns.

Greensboro.-Pres. L. L. Hobbs has resigned as head of Gulfford College and will be succeeded at the end of the school year by Dr. Thomas Newlin, now president of Whittier College, Pasadena, Ca., formerly dean of Guilford. Dr. Hobbs has been president of Guilford thirty years, and is one of the state's promient educators. His successor is a splendidly equipped man.

MARKET REPORTS.

Cotton, Cotton Seed and Meal Prices in the Markets of North Carolina For the Past Week.
As reported to the Division of Mar-

kets, North Carolina Agricultural Experiment Station and Department of Agriculture, Raleigh.



PAST WEEK.

	20045123617	
	No. 2	No. 2
Town	White	Yellow or Mixed
Charlotte	.8095	
Elmore	1.00	图的公主主义(1977年年,日本
Mooremboro	1.00	
Monroe	1.05	SALES OF THE SALES
Maxton	1.00	\$15854.0 mily Tr. \$10.50
Moyock		
New Bern	1.00	
Raleigh	1,00-1,05	.93-1.03
Scotland Neck	.95-1.00	.95
Shelby	1.00	PERSONAL STREET
Smithfield	1.00	CAN STREET, SALVE BY STREET
Statesville		
Wilson	1.00	
	THE PARTY OF THE P	

TAR HEEL BREVITIES.

Lacy F. Clark has been appointed postmaster at Raeford. Paul Peeler, a Confederate veteran, aged 82, died at his home in Salisbury recently.

Members of Troop A at Lincolnt have equipped a gymnasium in the armory.

A hig colonization project is rumor ed in Eastern North Carolina near Newbern. Hog choires is rported prevalent throughout Helifax county.

JOYOUS OCCASION

WAKE FOREST COLLEGE LITER-ARY SOCIETIES HOLD BIG AN-NUAL EVENT.

SHIP SUBSIDY IS DEBATED

J. P. Mull, of Cleveland, and K. A. Pittman, of Franklin County, Affirmative, Wins Decision.

Wake Forest.-The eightieth an-

nual anniversary celebration of Euzelian and Philomathesian Literary Societies was an interesting event. A general holiday was observed in college, and the many fair visitors mingling with the students formed one of the largest and most enthusi-astic audiences that ever attended the annual anniversary celebration. spirited and interesting debate in the evening was the first number on the program for the day. Acting as judges, Chief Justice Walter Clark, Dr. T. W. O'Kelly, Dr. R. T. Vann, M. L. Kesler and Rev. Baylers Cade ren-dered their decision in favor of the affirmative side which was upheld by

J. P. Mull and K. A. Pittman. Two senior orations in the evening followed by the annual reception in the society hall completed the program for the day. Music was furnish ed throughout all the exercises by the Third Regiment Orchestra of Raleigh. The high standard of all the speeches, the enthusiastic audiences, and the brilliancy of the reception, marks it as one if not the greatest anniversary ever celebrated by the two Many out-of-town visitors came in

early in order to witness the basketball game; more arrived later and it was an audience that taxed Wingate Memorial Hall to its capacity when Mr. H. D. Pegg, president of the de bate of the Euzelian Society, called on Mr. V. E. Duncan, secretary of the debate of the Philomathesian Society, to announce the query for debate. The query announced read: Resolved. That the United States should adopt the policy of subsidizing its merchant marine engaged in foreign trade. John P. Mull, Eu, of Cleveland county and Kenneth A. Pittman, Phia of Franklin county presented the affirmative. Basil M. Watkins, Phi. of Wayne county, and J. Baird Edwards, Eu, of Madison county, upheld the negative. The debate was warmly contested

Concord Lady Wine Prize.

and the rejoinders were especially

flery.

Concord,-It will be interesting to North Carolina women of fashion to know that a Southern woman, Miss Nannie Alexander of Concord, has been awarded the second prize and also a certificate of award in a New York contest for original design in ribbon trimmed hats, this being a national contest of American designing in order that America may soon rival European markets in this art.

North Carolina Cattle Growing Washington—The latest "Agricultur-al Outlook" indicates that the herd of milch cows in North Carolina is still growing. It says that the esti-

mated number of cows on the farms.

and their value January 1 were: 315,-000 head, with a calue of \$11,498,000. January 1, 1914, the number was 309,000 and the value, \$10,846,000. In other words, the milch cows of North Carrolina were worth \$652,000 more on January 1, 1915, than they were January 1, 1914.

In 1910 a North Carolina sow was \$25.50 and in 1915, \$36.50, an 1914, \$35.10. The value of North Carolina hogs

has increased \$3,463,000 during the last five years. Fifteen Sports Submit.

Asheville.—Just as Asheville was beginning to forget about the big cockfight held by the sports of the three states near here more than a week ago, fifteen who participated in the game submitted to a local magis trate and paid fines of twenty-five cents and costs each for their part in the fun.

Invention Will Protect Battleship. Davidson -Mr. Albert Cathey, recognized in the community as a man of marked ingenuity and as unques tionably possessing inventive talent is convinced that he has discovered a mechanism by which to make it im possible to torpedo successfully a battleship. So convinced is he of the merit of his discovery that he has written a letter to Josephus Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, proposing to lay his discovery before him if he will properly protect him in his proprietary rights.

New York Trip Planned. Wilmington. — Bankers and their friends all over North Carolina will be interested to learn that plans are being made for a trip in a body New York City by steamer immediately following the annual convention of the North Carolina Bankers' Association, which will be held at Wrightville Beach the latter part of June. President Thomas E. Cooper of the Bankers' Association has the matter up with C. J. Becker, local agent of the Clyde Steamship Company and will report soon.

Yadkin to Vote \$200,000 Bonds. Yadkinville.—That Yadkin county intends to take a step forward is evidenced by the action of the board of county commissioners in session here. The board of commissioners ordered an election to be held in this county on March 25 for the purpose of voting on the good roads question. A bill has been passed by the general assembly, allowing the people of this county to vote on the question of issuing \$200,00 in bonds for the improvements of the public roads, bridges, etc., in this county.