CONTENDS FOR FREEDOM OF SEAS AT ANY COST New Note to Germany is Considered the Last Word from Washington Touching on

Submarine Attacks

Germany is Given Clear Under- fare which the nations of the world standing What This Nation Will Demand

Washington .- The text of the American note on the submarine warfare, presented at Berlin by Ambassador Gerard, has been made public. It reyeals that the Imperial government had been informed it is the intention of the United States to regard as "deliberately unfriendly" any repetition by the commanders of German naval vessels of acts in contravention of American rights.

Following is the official text of the latest American note to Germany regarding submarine warfare, which was delivered to the Foreign Office at Berlin by Ambassador Gerard.

The Secretary of State to Ambassador Gerard.

Department of State.

Washington, July 21, 1915. You are instructed to deliver textwilly, the following note to the Min-

is a r for Foreign Affairs: The note of the Imperial German Government dated the eighth of July, 1915, has received the careful con- which it has aroused and remove the sideration of the Government of the chief cause of offense. United States and it regrets to be In view of the illegality made by obliged to say that it has found it the Imperial government when it to meet the real differences between way in which the accepted principles but proposes on the contrary, arthem aside.

The Government of the United the American lives lost, so far as repa-States notes with satisfaction that the Imperial German Government recognizes without reservation the validity act.

of the principle insisted on in the several communications which the Gov- States while not indifferent to the ernment has addressed to the Imperial German Government with regard to its announcement of a war zone and the use of submarines against merchantmen on the high seas-the the character and cargo of a mer-chantman must first be ascertained before she can lawfully be seized or combatants may in so case be put in leopardy unless the vessel resists or seeks to escape after being summoned to submit to examination, for a bellig-erent act of realiation is per se an

act beyond the law and defense of an act as retaliatory is an admission that it is illegal.

The government of the United States is, however, keenly disappointed to find that the Imperial German States cannot discuss the policy of the and effectively achieved. government of Great Britain with re-

NO THREATS CONTAINED cal alterations of circumstances and methods of attack produced by the use of instrumentalities of naval warcannot have had in view when the existing rules of international law were formulated, and it is ready to make every reasonable allowance for these novel and unexpected aspects of war at sea; but it cannot consent to abate any essential or fundamental right of is people because of a mere alera-

tion of circumstance. The rights of neutrals in time of war are based up on principle, not upon expediency, and the principles are immutable. It is the duty and obligation of belligerents to find a way to adapt the new circumstances to them. The events of the past two months have clearly indicated that it is possible and practicable to conduct such submarine operations as have charac

terized the activity of the Imperial German navy within the so-called war zone in substantial accord with the accepted practices of regulated warfare, The whole world has looked

with interest and increasing satisfaction at the demonstration of that possibility by German naval commanders. It is manifestly possible, therefore to lift the whole practice of submarine attack above the criticism

very unsatisfactory, because it fails pleaded the right of retaliation in de fense of its acts, and in view of the the two Governments and indicates no manifest possibility of conforming to the established rules of naval warfare of law and humanity may be applied the government of the United States in the grave matter in controversy, cannot believe that the Imperial Ger rangements for a partial suspension from disavowing the wanton act of its man government will longer refrain of those principles which virtually set naval commander in sinking the Lusitania or from offering reparation for

> ration can be made for a needless destruction of human life by an illegal The government of the United

friendly spirit in which it is made. cannot accept the suggestion of the Imperial German government that certain vessels be designated and agreed upon which shall be free on principle that the seas are free, that the seas now illegally prescribed. The very agreement would, by implication subject other vessels to illegal attack and would be a curtailment and, there destroyed, and that the lives of non- fore, an abandonment of the principles for which this government contends and which in times of calmer counsels every nation, would concede as of course.

The government of the United States and the Imperial German government are contending for the same great object, have long stood together in urging the very principles upon which the government of the United States now solemnly insists. They

government regards itself as in large are both contending for the freedom degree exempt from the obligation to of the seas. The government of ' the observe these principles, even where United States will continue to conneutral vessels are concerned, by what tend for that freedom from whatever it believes the policy and practice of quarter violated, without compromise the government of Great Britain to be and at any cost. It invites the practiin the present war with regard to neu- cal co-operation of the Imperial Ger tral commerce. The Imperial German man government at this time when government will readily understand co-operation may accomplish most and that the government of the United this great object be most strikingly

The Imperial German governmen exgard to neutral trade except with that presses the hope that this object may government itself, and that it must re-gard the conduct of other belligerent bein some measure accomplished even bein some measure accomplished even bein some measure accomplished even the conduct of other belligerent before the present war ends. It can

States Position.

Raleigh News and Observer-Pres

ident Wilson states the position of the

red-blooded representative of a red-

Not Influenced by Germany.

Roanoke, Va .-- President Wilson has

not been influenced, either by the at-

ment among a certain class of citizens

I lutely waterproof is still desirable. It

may be of the thinnest silk fabric for

summer, or any heavy winter fabric.

may be waterproofed for cold weather

It is much easier to gather flowers

after sunset, and they will keep well

ed his demands on Germany.

blooded people.

rainy days.

GETTING EXPERTS ADVICE 3.86 PER CENT INCREASE Permanent Policies of the Nation Are

PARTMENT WILL REPORT ON

SUBJECT.

Now Employing the Mind of the Chief Executive.

NAVAL PROGRAM TO ALLOW INGREASE

ENGAGE PRESIDENT IN EXPRESS RATES

merce co

tors:

Washington,-President Wilson has called for reports on the subject of National defense. These will be made to him personally by the heads of the War and Navy Departments. The fact that this action had been taken became known here after the release for publication of the note to Germany relating to submarine warfare Without regard to present day con-

troversies, the President in association with various heads of departments has been giving consideration for distance; a rail terminal allowand of 25 cents the 100 pounds(which vasome time to the preparation of a reasonable and adequate naval prories with the weight, but not the dis gram which he will propose to contance and the rail transportation rate the 100 pounds which varies with the gress at the proper time. He will study this subject on his visit to Corweight, the distance and the zone. nish, N. H., and when he again rethe companies, the commission modi-fied its order so as to increase the cost

turns he may be prepared to dis cuss it wih his advisers. the time being the President For feels that it is desirable to drop all discussion of the controversy with Germany, now that the object of this week's visit to Washington has been accomplished, and he is turning to questions of permanent national policy. Practical advice concerning national defense from every available professional source is being sought. It is known in fact that the . best minds of the military branches of the government have been at work on these matters for some time.

Men of the army and navy who have been most directly in touch with conditions of defense that have been envolved out of modern experience have been called upon for their views The president not only wishes advice from those who have knowledge of actual conditions of warfare existing in Europe today but he is seeking light from those who are unable to understand and comprehend all possible phrases of attered conditions on both land and sea. He particularly wishes the navy to stand upon equality with the most efficient and serviceable fighting sea force, maintained by any

RED CROSS QUITS WORK.

power.

Have Virtually Abandoned Their Compaign in Mexico.

Washington .- The Mexican situation again came to the forefront with conference between President Wilson and officials of the American Red Cross who virtually have abandoned their campaign for the relief of noncombatants in the southern republic because of the chaotic conditions

The president's callers included Brigadier General C. A. Devol, general manager of the Red Cross who directed relief work in Mexico; Ernest Bicknell, national director, and Miss Mabel Boardman, a member of the central committee. General Devol, reporting his failure to get the various aders to facilitate the work of feeding starving civilians, said conditions were growing constantly worse. J. Arnold.

Banker Dies Suddenly. Birmingham, Ala .-- Robert Frances

Haynesworth, president of the National Bank of Sumter, S. C., died suddenly in the union passenger station here. He was en route home from Shreveport, where he had been on a visit to a brother, when he took ill



THE HERTFORD COUNTY HERALD

express rates are based on three fac

In accordance with the petition of

cents for each shipment and to reduce the rail terminal allowance at the

rate of one-twentleth of one cent a

pound. As the weight increases the

five-cent increase is gradually reduced

so that on shipments of more than 100 pounds the readjustment will not

make any change. Sumstantially no

few exceptions any changed rates will

be substantially lower than those pre-

vailing when the commission establish

By that means the express comp

AERONAUTS ORGANIZE.

Edison Suggests.

been organized at the request

ed the zone system last year.

The commission's report shows

income decreased \$2,449.863.

four big

port,

be taken up.

lection and delivery allowance

An allowance of 25 cents for colle STUDIES MEXICAN STATUS NAME NEW NAVAL BOARD tion and delivery of each shipment which does not variate with weight or

> ZAPATA FORCES HAVE RE-OCCU. SCRETARY DANIELS ASKS VARIED PIED MEXICO CITY ACCORD-ING TO LATE NEWS.

President Wilson May, in Near Fu- In This Manner the Secretary Hopes ture, Insist on Some Effort Being Made for Peace.

Washington-Dispatches to the state department from Mexico City ced that Zapata forces reocculed the capital two days ago follow ing the evacuation by the Carranza army under General Gonzales.

commodity rates will be affected. With Zapata officials were said to have esumed full control of the city from which they were driven 10 days ago by Gonzales, who now has gone orthward with his troops to meet an advancing Villa force.

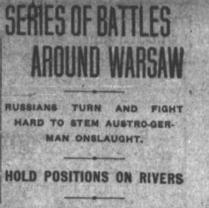
nies are expected to increase their This unexpected development acme gross revenues about 3.86 per cent. s a surprise to officials of the Washington government and to both the Mexican agencies. It had been supthe net operating revenues of the companies have decreased to oosed that the Zapata army, defeat a deficit of \$1,132,811 in the year 1914ed and harassed on retreat, was op-erating along the railroad to Vera 1915 and in the same period operating Cruz, waiting an opportunity to form "While the financial condition of cer-tain of the petitioners is more favora junction with the Villa column aproaching from the north. No word able than that of others," says the rehas been received of the whereabouts "It clearly appears that as a whole they are operating at a loss." here requiring about 24 hours Will Confere With Naval Board When transmission.

Other reports to the state depart-New York .- The American Society aent during the day said that railof Aeronautical Engineers, composed road communication between Vera of the foremost aeronautic . experts Cru and Mexico City was suspended and engineers in the country, has just "on account of the present military operations" details of which were not 01 Thomas A. Edison, chairman of the disclosed. Suspension of railroad advisory board of the Navy, it was ancommunication is viewed here with nounced here. The new society will co-operate with the Navy Board in many new projects that are soon to alram for the suffering people in Mexico City, as this action complet ly cuts off the sending of much-need-ed food supplies. A private message Officers 'selected: President, Henfrom a responsible source pictured

> tain Mexican situation was briefly discussed. Some move on the part of the United States in pursuance of President Wilson's message to the Mexican factions two months ago urging peace is expected in the near fuure. American Consul General Shanklin, now at Vera Cruz, en route ture. to Washington from Mexico City is expected to give the administration considerable light on the status of affairs in the Republic.

PRESS TOWARD WARSAW.

Austro-German March Against Rus-



Emperor William Preparing to Make Entry into the Polish Capital When it Falls.

London .- A series of great battles. the result of which will seal the fate of Warsaw, is being fought to the north, west and south of that city. Having successfully retired to posttions on the rivers and being well flanked by fortresses, the Russians have turned and are fighting desperstely to stem the Austro-German onslaghts.

To the north, on the river Narew, ey delivered three florce counterattacks from the fortresses of Rozean Pultusk and Novo Geogievsk. The Germans, who had taken one outwork of Rozean, repulsed these counter-attacks, according to the official report received from Berlin, but apparently have been unable to make further progress southward:

Immediately to the west of Warsaw. on the Blonie-Grojec line, the Russians have suffered a reverse and are retreating toward the Vistula. Further south, the army of Gen. Von Woyrsch is making progress toward the same river, which has been reached at one point.

To the south of Ivangorod Field Marshal Von Mackensen, who is directing the offensive between the tula and the Bug, has reached the Russian lines and here the greatest of all the battles is being fought for the possession of the Lublin-Cholm Rallway.

On the resistance the Russians are able to offer along this front, where the Teutons are making their biggest. effort, probably depends the success or failure of the Austro-German operations. Apparently the Austro-Ger-mans feel pretty certain of the out-come, for it is said that Emperor William, who is at Posen, has sent for the Empress in order to make a state entry into the Polish capital when it. falls

Another battle is in progress along the borders of Bessarabla, but the official communications do not say how this is going.

NEUTRALITY IS VIOLATED.

Carranza Forces Are Occupying Naco

Contrary to Agreement. Washington.—Occupation of the Mexican side of the town of Naco, on the Mexico-Arizona border by Carranza forces was brought ot the attention of the state departmen by Secreary of War Garrison with the recommendation that the Carranza commander he requested to withdraw in accord with the agreement made last winer hat there should be no fighting there.

No action had been taken tonight by the state department. Secretary Lansing had before him the way department's recommendations, reports from consular agents on the border and a protest against the taking of Naco from Enrique . Llorente, Gen-eral Villa's agent here.

Segregation False Solution.

San Francisco.-Walter J. Peterson. former chief of polic of Oakland, proposed segregation as a solution of the social evil at the International Purity Congress here, B. S. Steadwell, president of the congress, voiced the feelings of a half dozen delegates clamor-

the situation as desperate. At the cabinet meeting the uncer

of General Gonzales since he quit the, capital. News of a battle near Pachua, already reached by Villa men is hourly expected. The battle may have occurred, messages received in

ry A. Wise Wood; vice presidents, Orville Wright Glenn H. Curtiss, W. Sterling Burgess; Elmer A. Sperry, Peter Cooper Howitt and John Hays Hammond, Jr.; treasurer, Clarke Thompson, and secretary, Lawrence B. Sperry. The directors include Thomas S. Baldwin, Henry Woodhouse, Joseph A. Steinmetz and Bion "Four additional directors." an announcement says, "will be Army and Navy aeronautic engineers, to be se lected and appointed by the Army

Britain Buys Much Cotton. London .- The British government

ORGANIZATIONS TO ELECT TWO MEN.

RECORD BREAKERS

AT A

to Procure Ablest Scietific Talent

of the Country, Washington. - Sixteen American

clentists to form, with Thomas A. Edison, as chairman, the advisory board for the proposed bureau of invention in the Navy Department, will be selected by leading scientific so cieties of the country. Secretary Daniels announced he had written to the presidents of eight societies asking that two members be selected by

each organization to become members of the board. Following are the societies address

ed: American Chemical society, Presilent Charles H. Harty, Chapel Hill, N. C.; American Institute of Electrical Engineering, President Paul M. Lincoln, Pittsburg; American Institute of Mining Engineers, President Ben-

amin B. Thayer, New York City: American Mathematical Society, Pres ident E. W. Brown, Yale University; American Society of Civil Engineers, President Hunter McDonald, Nash-ville, Tenn.; American Society of Mechanical Engineers, President James Hartness, Springfield, VL;

American Aeronautical Society, Acting President Frederick W. Barker, New York City: Inventors' Guild, President Edward Weston, Newark, N. J.

"Much depends on the personnel of the committee," Mr. Daniels said in announcing his plan, "and I have been desirous, first of all, that it should be made up of the ablest men in the country who have demonstrat-ed their leadership in their profes-

"After consultation with eminent nen in the navy and civilian life I have decided to ask eight societies having large memberships, each to select two members who will make up the advisory committee.

"In this way I feel sure we will have the hearty co-operation of the thousands of trained experts who make up their membership. The members of these societies will naturally see to it that their most eminent representatives are chosen We will, therefore, contain for the Navy the direct advice of those selected to serve on the committee and also the interest of all the members of the societies who make the selection."

governments as irrelevant to any dis- be. The government of the United cussion with the Imperial German gov- States feels obliged to insist upon it, ernment of what this government re by whomsoever violated or ignored, in gards as grave and unjustifiable viola- the protection of its own citizens, but tions of the rights of American citi- it is also deeply interested in seeing zens by German naval commanders. it made practicable between the bellig-Illegal and inhuman acts, however erents themselves, and holds itself justifiable they may be thought to be ready at any time to act as the comagainst any enemy who is believed to mon friend who may be privileged to have acted in contravention of law suggest a way. and humanity, are manifestly inde-

In the meantime the very value fensible when they deprive neutrals which this government sets upon the of their acknowledged rights, particut-long and unbroken friendship between larly when they violate the right to the people and government of the Unilife itself. If a belligerent cannot re- ted States and the people and governtaliate against an enemy without in- ment of the German nation impels it to juring the lives of neutrals, as well as press very solemnly upon the Imperial heir propery, humaniy, as well as German government the necessity for justice and a due regard for dignity a scrupulous observance of neutral of neutral powers, should dictate that rights in this critical matter. Friendthe practice should be discontinued. ship itself prompts it to say to the If persisted in it would in such cir Imperial government that repetition by cumstances constitute an unpardonable the commanders of German naval ves offense against the sovereignty of sels of acts in contravention of those the neutral nation affected. The gov- rights must be regarded by the govern ernment of the United States is not ment of the United States when they unmindful of the extraordinary condi- affect American citizens, as deliberatetions created by this war, of the radi- ly unfriendly. LANSING.

APPROVE NOTE TO GERMANY.

Danville, Va. Register-The American reply is courteous and restrain-ed, but definite, vigorous, clear and have him. * * * He speaks as the incisive. It effectually punctures all German subterfuges and calls for definite remedial action.

Quit Fiddling.

Lynchburg, Va. News-President Wilson has shown that he will cease to tolerate gulbbling and fiddling in titude of the German or by the sentirespect to the grave question about which Berlin and Washington have of the United States and has repeatnot as yet reached agreements.

Rainy Day Clothes.

There was a day when rain meant unbecoming and unattractive ciothes. And that day was not so very long ago. There were some becoming rainy day clothes then, to be sure, but unless one looked well in a tan waterproofed covert or gabardine coat, or in oliskins, or in a rubber coat of some if put away for the night in a cool kind, one did not appear to advantage place, in lukewarm water. To revive in the rain.

partly wilted flowers, put the stemp Nowadays there are all sorts of into warm water (if the stems be pretty and becoming rainy day clothes, woody, put them in hot water) and course. the topcost that is abso set them away in a cool, dark place.

on the train. He alighted here for treatment and died within an hour. Heart failure is given as the cause of death. Kdnapped, Escaped. Idaho Falls, Idaho.-Ernest A. Em-

pey, a wealthy rancher, kidnapped seevral days ago by bandits and held for \$6,000 ransom, has escaped from his abductors. Empey was found by United States forest rangers.

President Wilson Joins Family.

Washington .- President Wilson, ac-companied by Dr. Cary T. Grayson, U. S. A., has gone to Cornish, N. H. to join his family and to spend another week or two of the vacation interrupted by his return to Washington to direct the preparation of the note to Germany. While away he will give attention to several important questions pending and will keep in close touch with the government. The length of his stay will depend largely upon developments in the international situation.

Tobacco Statistics.

Washington,-At a conference of tobacco men held here with representatives of the treasury department with feference to tobacco statistics a resolution was adopted to recommend to congress that all tobacco statistics he disseminated in the future from one central burgau instead of from the four bureaus now in operation. It was also decided to ask congress to authorize the department of agriculture to issue an annual statement of the tobacco business of the world,

Foodstuffs Contaminated.

A piece of cake was exposed for sale in Philadelphia without adequate protection, then analyzed. It contained sand and coal dust, disintegrated bran fragments, human hair, wood fragnents, black and yellow cotton fibers, white, black, blue, yellow and green straw partly disintegrated, cobwebs. nd other wood fragments and bits of iron rust.

Oatmeal water, to which a little lemon fuice is added, is a refreshing trink for an invalid.

Massachusetts Institute of Technology and the University of Michigan are invited to do the same."

and Navy Departments. The Smith

sonian Institution, the Postoffice De-

partment, the Weather Bureau and

the Bureau of Standards, each are in-

vited to appoint one director.

H. Clay Ford Dead

New York .--- H. Clay Ford, resident manager of Ford's Opera House at the time President Lincoln was shot, died in Passale, N. J. Mr. Ford was associate manager with his brother. John T. Ford, in control of opera ouses at Baltimore and Washington.

Aerial Torpedo Boat. Washington.—An aerial torpedo hoat for attack on ships in protected har-

bors is projected in patents just is sued, it was learned a few days ago to Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske now attached to the Naval War College but formerly aide for operations to Secre tary Daniels.

The plan contemplates equipping a monster aeroplane similar to a num-ber now under construction in this country for the British government with a Whitehead torpedo of regulation type.

Frank Out of Danger.

Milledgeville, Ga.-Leo M. Frank's condition has improved so much that further official bulletins will not be issued unless there should be a pro-nounced chauge. It was announced by physicians attending him at the Georgia prison farm here. Inflammation re sulting from the knife wound in Frank's throat decreased materially and his temperature was about normal. Frank received scores of letters and telegrams from persons throughout the country, offering sympathy and expressing hope for his recovery.

Chief Clerk Arrested.

New York-William B. Tanner, chief vice agents, charged with embezzling for five cent pieces in coin bags intended for delivery to banks.

march of the Austro-German armies is Russian Poland and in other territory shrough which stretches the thousand mile battle front in the East.

Two pivotal points in their drive in Poland have been turned by the Teuonic Allies. Ostralenka, a stronghold on the Narew River, 70 miles northeast of Warsaw and Radom, 57 miles to the south of that town and 30 miles

from Ivangorod, another of the great fortresses which girdle the Polish capital, have fallen, according to Berlin and Vienna

Governor to Make Inquiry.

Atlanta, Ga.-Governor Harris an-nounced that he would accompany the Georgia Prison Commission to Miledgeville to investigate the attack on Leo M. Frank.

into affairs at the state prison farm, said the governor. "I want to know how one prisoner was able to make an attack on another."

vote will bring the sum actually appropriated by parliament for war exenditures to the total of 650,000,000 pounds sterling \$3,250,000,000). The mount thus provided will tide over the period of the forthcoming parlia mentary recess. The vote of credit does ont involve a new loan, but merely sanctions expenditures out of funds on hand.

Ships Menaced by Bombs.

New York .- The discovery of bomb clerk of the minor coin division in the in the carsues of a number of ships United States sub-treasury in Wall sailing for Europe during the last few Street, was arrested by the secret ser. months has resulted in unusual precautions in loading freight on steamvernment funds. He was held in \$7, ships here. In addition to an increas-500 ball to await the action of the Fed. ed number of regular pler guards, eral grand jury. Tanner, according to scores of private detectives, many dis United States Assistant Attorney Her- guised as laborers and longshoremen, schenstein is charged with the har are on all freight plers. On some of ship.

London .- The seemingly irresistible 000 pounds sterling (\$3,500,000) on cotton cargoes, 25 shipments of which winning for them town after town in have been purchased in pursuance of the arrangement with American cot-

ton shippers. In giving this information in the house of Commons Lord Robert Cecil-stated that the total numher of vessels with cargoes made up solely or partly of cotton which had been diverted to British ports since March 11, was 49, and to other British ports 11.

Leo Frank Has Faint Chance.

Milledgeville, Ga.-The condition of Leo M. Frank, suffering from a serious knife wound in the throat inflicted by William Creen, a fellow lifeterm convict at the Georgia prison farm here, remained critical,

Mrs. Ellen White Dead.

St. Helena, Cal.--Mrs. Ellen G. White, one of the founders of the Seventh Day Adventists, died here aged 88. She was widely known among members of that denomination and by many she was regarded as their prophetess.

Protest Against German Effort.

Washington.-At the instance of the British government the state department has called upon the department of justice to investigate the activities of certain German sympathizers in the United States who are alleged to have been employing unlawful means to strike at Great Britain and her allies. Until inquiry has developed whether there is sufficient evidence to warrant prosecutions no names will be made public and officials as well as those of the British embassy are reticent

Mr. Bates' Body Found.

about discussing the matter.

London.-A body supposed to be that of Lindon W. Bates, Jr., of New York, the lost his life on the Lusitania, has been washed ashore on the Limerick coast. A telegram to that effect was received from Wesley Frost, American Knox, an American mining engineer says a match and cigarette case markceny of \$3,920, which, it is alleged, he the piers, every box and package is ed with Mr. Bates' monogram were said. Mr. Dow said indigo is most appropriated by substituting pennies opened on the dock and the contents found on the body, Measurements of important of all dyes and although it.

ALC: NO

ing for the floor, when he said that segregation was a false solution of the problem,

Lusitana Victim Victim Found.

Queenstown .- The body of Herbert. S. Stone, who was a Lusitania victim, has come ashore at Ballybunnon, a small town at the mouth of the River Shannon, on the west coast of Ireland. about 150 miles from the point where the Lusitania was sunk.

Will Serve on Board.

Washington. - Telegraphic acceptbaniels from several of the eight scientific societies he has invited to select two members each to join Thomas A. Edison on the civilian advisory board for the proposed Navy invention bureau. Each message said steps had been taken to have the majority of the society select members to be designated to serve on the board. Mr. Daniels will not make public the names which have accepted until all have been heard from.

Coal Strike Ende.

London.-The strike of the coal miners of the South Wales field came to an end with the acceptance by the miners of the terms agreed upon. Work in the mines has been resumed and both sides have promised the government to exert every effort to make up for the week of idleness. David Lloyd-George, Minister of Munitions, to whose efforts the ending of the strike is largely due, appeared in the meeting hall at Caroiff after the decision had been reached and received an enthusiastic welcome,

Can Manufacture Dye.

Detroit, Mich.-Herbert H. Dow. president of the Dow Chemical Company of Midland, Mich., told the Federal Trade Commission meeting here that indigo and other products could consul at Queenstown, by Newton be produced fully as cheaply in Americs as abroad. All that is necessary and friend of Mr. Bates. The telegram its a little more experience and knowl edge of the tricks of the trade, he examined before it goes aboard the the body also indicate that he idenifi-is a German monopoly. American cation is correct. manufacturers are developing process.

New Vote of Credit. London.—A new vete of credit of 150,000,000 pounds sterling (\$750,000. 000) was introduced in the house of nons. This second supplementary