

COLERAIN NEWS

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Phelps and children, of Ahsokie, spent a few days in Colerain last week.

Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Britton and daughters went to Winton last Tuesday.

Mr. George Cherry, of Windsor, were visitors in town last Tuesday.

A social was given last Tuesday evening, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Stokes, for the young people which was very much enjoyed.

Mr. Talmage Baker, of Ahsokie, was in town last Tuesday evening.

Miss Ruth Shaw Britton went to Norfolk last Wednesday.

Mr. J. C. Beasley went to the town of Windsor last Wednesday.

Mr. Jim Hutchinson left last Wednesday for his home in the town of Waynesville.

Miss Amanda Leary went over into Chowan last Wednesday and will spend several days there.

Mrs. Will Deans, of Elizabeth City, came last Wednesday to visit relatives in town.

Mrs. Davis, from Richmond, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Zack Mitchell.

Mrs. Raby, of Tarboro, spent last Wednesday and Thursday with her sister, Mrs. J. C. Beasley.

Dr. A. W. Greene and family, of Ahsokie, were visitors in town last Wednesday.

Messrs. Lass and Cecil Nowell and Robert Sessoms attended the dance in Windsor last Wednesday evening.

Miss Myra Harris, who has been milliner for Mrs. J. J. Beasley, left last Thursday for her home in Maryland.

Mr. J. P. Nowell went to the city of Rocky Mount last Thursday.

Mr. M. R. Montague went to New Bern last Thursday to take the degree in Masonry.

Mrs. C. W. Beasley and her mother spent last Thursday in Harrellsville.

Mr. J. R. Lawrence returned from New Jersey last Thursday, where he had been on a business trip.

Mr. J. M. Long returned here from Honea Path, S. C., last Friday, where he spent the holidays with his parents.

Mrs. C. L. Henry left last Friday for Suffolk to visit relatives.

Mr. J. K. Coggin, of Albemarle, spent the week end in town.

The Woman's Missionary Society met last Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Margaret Evans; and had an interesting program on China. A large number was present.

Messrs. J. C. Beasley and C. L. Henry went to Ahsokie last Friday.

Mrs. Allie Sharpe, of Harrellsville, spent last Friday in town.

Mrs. Bruce Beasley, of Fountain, came last Friday to visit Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Beasley.

Mr. and Mrs. Mason, of Harrellsville, were visitors in the town last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Sessoms, Jr., of Portsmouth, came last Friday to visit their parents.

Mr. Charles Lamb, of Luca, spent the week end with Mr. Lass Nowell.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. White left last Sunday for Elizabeth City to visit Mrs. White's parents.

Miss Lucille Britton returned to Cary last Sunday, where she will resume her work.

Messrs. J. A. Shaw and Louis Daniel, of Winton, were visitors in town last Sunday.

Doctor E. B. Beasley, of the town of Fountain, came last Sunday, to visit his parents.

Miss Rose Nowell returned to Danville last Monday.

Rev. Lineberry and H. E. Wilson went to Ahsokie last Monday.

Messrs. J. P. Nowell, Charles Lamb, Misses Margaret Overton and Ruth Shaw Britton were callers in Winton on last Monday.

WATCH PARTY COLERAIN

Colerain, Jan. 3.—Miss Thelma Forehand entertained a number of her friends at a "Watch Party" last Saturday evening. The house was decorated suggestive of the Christmas season. A color scheme of red and green was carried out.

Rook was played. Many games and contests in which all took part were also features of the evening's entertainment.

One of the most enjoyable things was the "Fortune Finding," which told the fate of each for the coming year.

Ice cream and cake was served. Just before the hour of twelve, Miss Mary Lineberry gave a toast to the old year and at twelve Stanley Sessoms gave one, welcoming the year 1922.

Miss Forehand's guests included Misses Ruth Shaw Britton, Mamie Stokes, Mary Lineberry, Margaret Fairless and Margaret Overton; Messrs. Lass Nowell, Estus White, Stanley Sessoms, Wendell Forehand, Joe Stokes, Dock Sessoms and Charles Lamb, of Luca.

HORTON'S PERSONALS

Miss Bettie Blow of Norfolk, Va., is spending some time with relatives and friends here.

Mr. Z. V. Greene killed a Hampshire hog a few days ago that weighed 526 pounds.

The death angel visited our community last Tuesday and took from us Miss Sallie Rawls, age 72 years.

Mr. D. C. Greene, of Churchland, Va., is visiting relatives here and at Aulander.

The school opened here on Monday, after being closed two weeks for Christmas.

We are very glad to see Mrs. H. W. Greene out again after being in bed for some time with pneumonia.

A number of our people are killing hogs this week, while others are moving.

PRUNING AND SPRAYING

Take a day or two off this month and give your orchard that long promised and long needed pruning and spraying. At least, go through the orchard and cut out the dead wood and thin out the top so that the sunlight can get in well and also give it a good spraying with a dormant solution of self-boiled lime and a few pounds of sulphur, and make your own spray mixture at a very small cost. If you wish some assistance in this work drop me a card and I will come out to get you started right.

Also, if you have not joined the cotton or tobacco marketing associations, hurry up and sign before the fees go up. The fee is only \$3 for either alone or \$5 when you sign both contracts, but any day now the fee will likely be trebled.

For contracts or any information concerning same, write or call you county agent.

—H. L. MILLER.

QUIT MEAT WHEN KIDNEYS BOTHER

Take a glass of Salts before breakfast if your Back hurts or Bladder is troubling you.

No man or woman who eats meat regularly can make a mistake by flushing the kidneys occasionally, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which excites the kidneys, they become overworked from the strain, get sluggish and fail to filter the waste and poisons from the blood, then we get sick. Nearly all rheumatism, headaches, liver trouble, nervousness, dizziness, sleeplessness and urinary disorders come from sluggish kidneys.

The moment you feel a dull ache in the kidneys or your back hurts or if the urine is cloudy, offensive, full of sediment, irregular of passage or attended by a sensation of scalding, stop eating meat and get about four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast and in a few days your kidneys will set fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate the kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine so it no longer causes irritation, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink which everyone should take now and then to keep the kidneys clean and active and the blood pure, thereby avoiding serious kidney complications.

Don't blame anybody but yourself if your night are made miserable by indigestion. You failed to take Tanlac. C. H. Mitchell.—Advertisement.

ARTIFICIAL LIGHTS FOR FOWLS INCREASE PRODUCTION OF EGGS



The Use of Artificial Light Has Produced Satisfactory Results in Egg Production of Flocks in a Number of States.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Artificial lights properly operated will materially increase the winter egg production of pullets, the United States Department of Agriculture believes. The use of lights may also slightly increase the yearly egg production of individual hens, though not to any marked extent. The opinion of the department's poultry division is fully corroborated by many of the state experiment stations, particularly those in California, Indiana, Kansas, Washington, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, North Carolina, New York and New Jersey. County agents working in New York and New Jersey report considerable activity in this project, in which the Department of Agriculture usually cooperates with the state agricultural college through the county agent.

Lighting as a Feeding Measure.

It should be well understood that artificial lighting is intended primarily as a means of getting the hens to feed longer than they otherwise would during the short days of fall and winter. An extra feeding of scratch grain should be provided, so that the flock is induced to eat not only enough for maintenance but an amount comparable to what is eaten in the more active laying seasons.

Lights are used soon after September 1 in New Jersey, but in most localities they are started November 1 and continued to April 1. Conditions vary in different states. What may be good practice in New Jersey may not work in Kansas. In the latter state electricity is considered the only practicable kind of light, while in other states kerosene lamps and gasoline mantles are sometimes used. Electricity is the most practical method to use wherever it is available.

How to Use Artificial Light.

The total daylight, real and artificial, should be about fourteen hours. There are three ways of increasing the apparent length of the day—by turning on lights very early in the morning, or by keeping them going several hours at night, or by using them both morning and night. While all three methods have given good results, the first is usually found most convenient, because the lights merge into daylight and no ill effects result if they are not turned off promptly.

In using the second method some dimming device is needed with electric lights to lower the illumination gradually. The hens do not get to their roosts if the light is suddenly extinguished. Gasoline and kerosene lamps have to be burned down.

Artificial lighting can be abused, with disastrous effects on the flock. If they are run for too long a day, the hens may produce well for a short time and then begin to moult. If the laying passes 60 per cent, or, in the opinion of some poultry authorities, 50 per cent, there is danger of moulting and consequent cessation of laying. In the spring the lights should never be stopped abruptly. The length of time they are run should be shortened about ten minutes a day until they can be entirely abandoned.

Other Points With Lights.

Fresh water should be given the flock the first thing in the morning when the lights are turned on. Birds of different ages should not be housed together or lighted in the same way. They should be properly graded and socked according to age. Lighting makes it possible to carry February-hatched pullets through the first fall and winter producing period with less moulting. Yearlings and two-year-old hens are better if started with artificial lights in January, and the method is not as profitable as with pullets. It is considered a questionable practice to turn lights on cullied hens to stimulate egg production. In New Jersey, where the largest amount of work has been done with artificial lighting, it is thought better to sell the culls and buy good birds.

Artificial lights should be suspended from the ceiling so that the entire floor space is lighted. If the roosting closet partition casts a shadow on the roosts, the chickens will go to sleep in the shadow.

Results in New Jersey show that in general the use of lights nearly doubles production during the period of high prices of eggs and greatly increases the usual net return over the cost of lights and feed in the lighted pens. The lighted flock showed better health than the unlighted ones, and the subsequent laying was as good among the birds which had had winter lights as with any of the birds.

A record was kept of 14 New Jersey flocks for five months. The birds averaged 3,802 in number and laid 280,513 eggs altogether. This was a 41 per cent production, whereas a 22 per cent production was usual before the experiment. This meant an increase of 127-158 eggs.

An experiment was made at the agricultural experiment station, New Brunswick, N. J., in which 600 unlighted pullets made a profit of \$3.20 per bird, but 500 lighted birds cleared \$5.07 each. The lights were turned on in the morning. Where an evening lunch was given to 100 pullets the profit per bird was \$5.48. The fuel and operating cost for 1,100 birds was 4.4 cents per bird. An increase of a single egg per bird pays this cost.

AFFECT FARM VALUES BY CHANGES IN TYPE

Certain Crops Have Ceased to Be Profitable.

Farmer in Making New Selection Will Do Well to Look Back and Follow Economic Changes That Have Occurred.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Many farmers, before buying a farm, have saved themselves future losses by looking well into the matter of a probable change in the type of farming practiced in the region they have under consideration. Certain crops may cease to be profitable owing to the development of other regions more favorably situated for their production and marketing. Some crops may have to be abandoned because of disease, insect pests or other causes. The United States Department of Agriculture suggests the test question: Is the farm selected adapted to such possible changes?

For instance, the farm selected may now be growing beans, potatoes, corn, oats, clover and hay, with the prospect that beans and potatoes will soon cease to be profitable. The question then arises—can some other crop or crops be found to replace them? Very few regions have a wide range of crops, especially in general farming, and adaptability to new crops is a very important consideration.

Can the beef-cattle farm be made over into a dairy farm? Can the dairy farm be made into a sheep farm? Can the fruit farm be made into a hay, grain or live stock farm? In many instances it will be found that the farm in question demands a type of farming that cannot be easily changed to meet the needs of changing conditions.

When making a selection, look back and follow the local economic changes that have occurred in the last 30 years, and then judge for yourself whether the farm you have under consideration has the adaptability necessary for meeting the changes that are bound to come in the future.

BEST CABBAGE FOR STORING

Should Be Carefully Grown and of Variety Well Adapted to Keeping, Say Experts.

Cabbage for storing should be carefully grown and handled and of a variety well adapted to keeping, say the vegetable specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. The heads should be solid and all loose leaves removed and practically free from injuries caused by insects and diseases. They should be placed in a storage house so constructed and arranged as to prevent drip from the structure striking the stored heads. It is also essential that moisture and ventilation be so controlled as to prevent the condensation of moisture on the cabbage while in storage. The temperature maintained in common storage houses may vary from 32 to 45 or 50 degrees Fahrenheit, depending on outdoor conditions. In no case should the cabbage be allowed to freeze.

The usual type of construction employed in commercial storage houses is that of a broad, low house with an alley sufficiently wide to admit a team and wagon through the center, and with the storage bins or shelves arranged on either side. The cabbage is placed on shelves in layers, one to three layers deep, or in crates or ventilated U. S. Banks, pits and cellars are also largely used for the keeping of the crop.

Notice of Sale under Deed of Trust

By virtue of the power contained in a certain deed of trust, executed by Jesse Eley and wife, Ida Eley to Jno. E. Vann, Trustee, on the 18th day of August, 1919, which deed of trust is duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Hertford in book 60, on page 277, the undersigned will on the 16th day of January, 1922, offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash, at the court house door of Hertford County, the following described tract of land, to-wit: That tract of land situated in Winton Township, Hertford County N. C., adjoining the lands of John A. Vann's heirs, Elmore Porter, Jordan and Parker at a point or corner, and others, containing 50 acres more or less.

The same is known as a part of the old Elijah Lowe Home place.

This 8th day of December, 1921.

Jno. E. Vann, Trustee. D16

Notice of Sale under Deeds of Trust

Pursuant to the provision of a deed of trust executed by R. L. Phelps and wife, Maude Phelps, to D. C. Barnes Trustee, on the 7th day of January, 1920 and registered in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Hertford, in book 65, on page 186, default having been made in the payment of the bond therein set forth, the undersigned will sell at auction or cash, in the town of Murfreesboro, N. C., in front of the postoffice on Saturday, the 7th day of January, 1922, at 11 o'clock a. m., the following property, to-wit:

That tract of land in Murfreesboro Township, Hertford County, North Carolina, and known as lot number six in the subdivision of the E. B. Vaughan Gary Parker lands, and bounded on the north and east by the lands of R. L. Phelps, on the south by the land of E. B. Vaughan and on the west by woods road containing Thirty Seven and 4-100 acres, more or less.

Said tract conveyed by the said R. L. Phelps and Maude Phelps to satisfy the debt and interest provided for in said deed of trust.

This 7th day of December, 1921.

D. C. Barnes, trustee. D16

Executor's Notice

Having qualified as executor of the estate of the late W. R. Raynor, of Hertford County, North Carolina, this is to notify all persons holding claims against the said estate to present them to me at Ahsokie, N. C., on or before the 30th day of December, 1922, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment to me.

This 27th day of December, 1921.

K. T. Raynor, executor.

STOP RHEUMATISM WITH RED PEPPER

When you are suffering with rheumatism so you can hardly get around just try Red Pepper Rub and you will have the quickest relief known.

Nothing has such concentrated, penetrating heat as red peppers. Instant relief. Just as soon as you apply Red Pepper Rub you feel the tingling heat. In three minutes it warms the sore spot through and through. Frees the blood circulation, breaks up the congestion—and the old rheumatism torture is gone.

Rowles Red Pepper Rub, made from red peppers, costs little at any drug store. Get a jar at once. Use it for lumbago, neuritis, backache, stiff neck, sore muscles, colds in chest. Almost instant relief awaits you. Be sure to get the genuine, with the name Rowles on each package.

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- Advertising Increases Success
- Advertising Shows Energy
- Advertising Shows Power
- Advertising is "Big"
- Advertise or Bust
- Advertise Long
- Advertise Well
- ADVERTISE
- At Once

In This Paper

666 quickly relieves a cold. Ad.

Notice of Sale under deed of trust

By virtue of the power and authority conferred by a certain deed of trust executed on the 31st day of March, 1920 by T. E. Putrell, to D. P. Boyette, trustee, which deed of trust is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the county of Hertford in book 65 on page 301, default having been made in the payment of the indebtedness therein secured, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder at public auction, the following real estate; Lot No. 3 on plat of land formerly owned by Tynes Newsome, said plat being on record in the office of the Register of deeds for Hertford County in book 52 on page 488, and said lot being located in the town of Ahsokie, N. C.

Place of sale—in front of the U. S. Postoffice, at Ahsokie, N. C.

Time of sale—Between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M. on Monday, Jan 23, 1922.

Terms of sale—Cash.

This 22nd day of Dec., 1921.

D. P. Boyette, trustee.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF MURFREESBORO

Murfreesboro, N. C., December 10

The regular meeting of the stockholders of this bank will be held at its banking house in Murfreesboro, on Tuesday, January 10th, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 12 M., for the election of officers and for such other business as may properly come before it.

J. A. Campbell, Cashier.

Notice of Sale under Deed of Trust

By virtue of the power and authority conferred in the deed of trust executed by Lonnie W. Draw on the 18th of December, 1916, and duly registered in the office of the Register of Deeds, of Hertford County, North Carolina, in book 60, on page 11, and in another conveyance, to secure the bonds, default having been made in the payment and at the request of the holder, the undersigned trustee will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in front of the Bank of Harrellsville, N. C., on the 9th day of January, 1922, all the lands therein conveyed, bounded by the lands of G. L. Mitchell and Jack Everett and by the public road leading from Harrellsville to Pitch Landing, and containing thirty acres more or less.

This 1st day of December, 1921.

Hour of sale, about noon, January 9th., 1922.

S. A. Ives, Trustee.

By H. C. Sharp, agent. D9

Notice of Sale under Mortgage

Under and pursuant to the provisions of a certain mortgage deed executed by Bondy Early and wife, Ada Early, to C. G. Parker and A. M. Browne, mortgagees, on the 13th day of December, 1915, and of record in the Register of Deeds' office of Hertford County in book 54, on page 125; default having been made in the payment of the note therein named, the undersigned will sell at public auction for cash, at the Courthouse door in Winton, N. C., on the 30th day of January, 1922, at 11 o'clock a. m., the following property, viz: That certain tract of land located in St. Johns Township, Hertford County, N. C., bounded as follows: "On the South by the lands of Jim Early, thence along said Early's line to the Askew land, thence with their line to the lands of Goodman Early, thence along his line to the lands of John Early, thence along said John Early's line to the county road, thence up said road to the first station." The same containing 45 acres and known as the Mrs. L. R. Haughton share of the division of her father's estate.

This the 28th day of December, 1921.

G. G. Askew and C. W. Askew, admrs of George E. Askew Assignee.

C. G. Parker and A. M. Browne, mortgagees.

L. C. Williams, attorney. D30

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