

FRANKLINVILLE.

School Opened—Delegates to the County Convention—Personal Items.

John Burrow, who has been making brick for the cotton mill at Biscoe, has moved his mill near here and will make a lot of brick for Randolph Mfg. Co. who will make some additions to their plant in the near future.

J. C. Kivett has moved from the Barley residence to his residence recently purchased from M. S. Buie on Depot St. Robert Elkins moved to the Free residence on R. R. 1, and W. W. Free moved to his residence on Academy St.

Mrs. J. W. Tippett is on the sick list this week.

Quite a number of former citizens, who now live in High Point, are visiting relatives and friends in the city this week. Among them are Messrs. T. J. Steed, J. P. Craven, Charles Craven, and Miss Emeline Williams and some of the young men including Reese Williams, Hubert Maner, Gurney Cox, and Clyde Ellison after seeing the many school advantages which Prof. D. M. Weatherly's school offers here have decided to stay and enter his school.

At the regular communication of Franklinville Lodge No. 291 of I. O. O. F. several new members took the first degree and also a number of petitions were received from persons who are desirous of becoming members of the order.

School opened Monday morning with a large attendance for the not summer season and Prof. Weatherly deserves much credit for the hard work he has done in building up this school and making it one of the most popular in this section.

Mrs. Belfour Alfred and children, of Greensboro, visited Rev. J. F. Alfred last week.

W. B. Cox returned from a business trip to Pittsboro last Friday.

R. T. Glass held down the depot here last Friday and Saturday while Mr. Elkin attended the educational rally at Trinity.

W. G. Craven, of Trinity, is visiting his mother here this week.

One of the largest and most enthusiastic democratic primaries was held at the Town Hall Saturday evening. The house was called to order by C. E. Stuart, chairman of the executive board, and on motions of W. C. Jones was elected chairman of the convention and C. H. Julian secretary.

Several interesting speeches were made by prominent citizens. The following delegates and alternates were chosen for the county convention: J. M. Tippett, O. R. Cox, C. E. Stuart, E. K. Moffitt and Alex Gray, alternates J. F. Routh, H. P. Baldwin, J. C. Reese, T. A. Slack, and W. T. Wrenn. The delegates were instructed to give to each candidate in the county convention the same vote as received in the primary. Messrs. Hugh Parks Sr. and W. C. Jones were nominated for J. P. and T. A. Slack for constable.

Mrs. O. T. Leonard, of Greensboro, visited her mother, Mrs. W. C. Craven, last week.

West Randolph.

B. S. Lambeth lost about 1000 bushels of wheat on account of the wet weather.

Jno. Frazier is cheerful—a girl, C. W. Wilson and son, Friday, visited J. W. Nelson in Davidson county Sunday.

Miss Mary Frazier spent Sunday with Randle Cecil in Davidson.

A. W. Frazier and J. O. Kennedy went to Moore's Springs last week to spend a month.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Myers left last week for Morehead City.

C. C. Frazier visited in North Thomsville Sunday.

Mrs. A. W. Reddiek who has been ill for some time is improving.

Home Items—Moore County.

The saw mill of Lewis and Rush is located near the above place on the land of B. F. Tyson. They are passing through the timber in the state, and then the timber of adjacent lands will soon fall. Yet a little while and timber in this part of Moore county will be a thing of the past.

At the recent Democratic Convention Mr. W. C. Hamner was nominated for a second term for County Solicitor. He is one of the best men and at the approaching election the people should recognize this fact by voting up a big majority for him. W. R. L.

Friendship Items.

Mrs. S. W. Caddell and children are at Mt. Vernon Springs for a few days.

Mrs. D. Ba. Phillips, of Jonesboro, is a welcome visitor at the home of her mother, Mrs. John Baldwin.

Mr. and Mrs. John Revels and children, of One Hill who have been visiting by father William Cox have returned.

FOR SALE—A farm for sale, 27 to A. P. Hamner, real estate agent, Asheville, N. C. R. F. D. No. 1.

HIGH COST OF LIVING

Advance of Forty-eight Per Cent Under Present Tariff.

TRUSTS GET MOST OF THE PLUNDER

Compact Between Republican Politicians and Monopolists For Mutual Benefit—The Wage Earner and Those With Fixed Incomes the Principal Sufferers.

If the constitution had not provided for free trade between the states this country would never have advanced to its present position of power and wealth. Each special interest or product produced in every state would soon have been clamoring for protection from the competition of its neighboring and sister state, and a virtual embargo would have existed against interstate commerce. But what cannot be done to prohibit trade between the states has been accomplished to prevent trade with other nations and to tax the people of the United States if they undertake to import foreign products. At the outset, when this country was struggling to establish manufactures and free itself from the extortion of the mother country, a tariff on imports was desirable, both for protection and for revenue, but the tax imposed did not exceed 10 per cent, whereas now it exceeds on the average 50 per cent. If these present enormous tariff duties were necessary to support the government there would be some excuse for their imposition, but on many manufactured products the duties are so high as to be prohibitive and actually prevent imports, in many cases exceeding 100 per cent and in some cases 200 per cent.

This high tariff has naturally fostered combines and trusts in this country, to take advantage of the opportunity for monopoly. Prices have increased enormously, in consequence of lack of competition, and the cost of living has advanced 48 per cent since the present tariff law was enacted in 1897. But a small percentage of this increase is collected by the government, but the far greater percentage is collected by the trusts and combines, which control about all the general products consumed by the American people.

This trust taxation has led to vigorous protests by the plundered taxpayer, and in many states the independent Republicans are as hostile to the present tariff system as the Democrats are. But these protests have fallen on deaf or indifferent ears, and the party in power is still standing pat. It is no exaggeration to say that there is a compact between the Republican leaders and the trust monopolists to continue this unbolv alliance for mutual advantage, the trusts and combines getting the lion's share of the plunder and the Republican campaign funds a good percentage to keep that party in power.

If this same tariff system was in operation between the several states each one would have its tariff monopolists and commerce between the states would, on many products, be almost at a standstill. The vast concentration of the great industries at the points where the raw material is most available or where the skilled labor is located would have been impossible, for the rival interests in other states would have been clamoring for protection, and a tariff wall would have been erected around most of the states to prevent the free imports of other states. Such a wall exists today between us and Canada, between us and Mexico and even between our own colony of the Philippines, not to mention the wall between us and Europe.

In spite of this tariff tax and restrictions the necessities of our people have forced importations from and exports to all these countries. If the tariff wall was lowered to a reasonable tariff for revenue basis there would be more trade and therefore more money made, and, more important yet, the trusts and combines would be compelled to reduce their profits, and the cost of living would decline from 48 per cent above the normal to the proportion that the tariff rates are reduced, or thereabout. Those who work for wages would thus benefit, for to reduce the cost of living is virtually to advance wages, and, as every home provider knows, the increased cost of living has made it necessary for him to spend \$1.48 for what used to cost him \$1, and if his income has not increased 48 per cent he is really getting lower wages, according to the increase of his wages from the normal in 1897. Those with fixed incomes are even greater sufferers under this unfair system.

The Modern Religious View.
To see the president and his henchmen in Congress backing and filling and everlastingly compromising with the demands of the predatory trusts and discriminating in favor of criminal wealth against honest and frugal poverty is enough to discourage any true lover of his country. But let us take heart. The press and the pulpit are at last aroused. The preachers have stopped talking so much about "original sin" and Adam's depravity and Eve's weakness and are denouncing fellows who are guilty of "lying like Satan in high places," "plundering their neighbors by false weights and spurious coins" and "damning talented wealth."

The South's Choice.
Secretary Taft says found out who was the popular candidate in the south when he mentioned the name of Mr. Bryan, although it was untrue to Republicans. Other Republican orators should take warning.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

Lesson 8—The Judge, the Pharisee and the Publican—Luke 18:11-14—Sunday, August 19.

HOW TO PRAY.

Pray always: And he spake a parable unto this end, that men ought always to pray and not to faint. (verse 1)
Praying always with all prayer and supplication in the spirit, and watching thereunto with all perseverance and supplication for all saints. Eph. 6:18.
Continue in prayer, and watch in the same with thanksgiving. Col. 4:2.

Pray without ceasing. 1 Thess. 5:17.

Pray in Trouble:
Avenge me of my adversary. (verse 3).

The righteous cry, and the Lord heareth, and delivereth them out of all their troubles. Psa. 34:17.

He will regard the prayer of the destitute, and not despise their prayer. Psa. 102:17.

Let us therefore come boldly unto the throne of grace, that we may obtain mercy, and find grace to help in time of need. Heb. 4:16.

Pray Persistently:
She came * * * I will avenge her. (verse 3-5).

And he said I will not let thee go except thou bless me. Gen. 32:26.

Evening, and morning, and at noon, will I pray, and cry aloud; and he shall hear my voice. Psa. 55:17.

For this thing I besought the Lord thrice, that it might depart from me. 2 Cor. 12:8.

Pray with faith:
Shall he find faith on the earth. (Verse 8).

And all things, whatsoever ye shall ask in prayer, believing ye shall receive. Matt. 21:22.

If ye abide in me, and my words abide in you, ye shall ask what ye will, and it shall be done unto you. 15:7.

Pray in Humility:
The Publican said, God be merciful to me a sinner. (verse 13).

If my people, which are called by my name, shall humble themselves, and pray, and seek my face, and turn from their wicked ways; then will I hear from heaven, and will forgive their sins, and will heal their land. 2 Chron. 7:14.

Humble yourselves in the sight of the Lord, and he shall lift you up. Jas. 4:10.

Pray for Forgiveness:
Be thou merciful to me a sinner. (Verse 13).

Then hear thou in heaven, and forgive [the sins of thy people, 1 Kings 8:34.
For thy names sake, O Lord, pardon mine iniquity, for it is great. Psa. 25:11.

If we confess our sins, he is faithful and just to forgive us our sins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness. 1 John 1:9.

The Growth of the Wabash System.

To provide for its fast growing business, the Wabash Railroad has under contract for delivery this year, eighty 80 locomotives and six thousand 6,000 freight cars. Large additions are being made to its terminals at Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Council Bluffs, Toledo and Decatur.

This road occupies a unique geographical position in the railroad world in that it operates mileage both east and west of the Mississippi River, forming the short line between Buffalo, N. Y., and Kansas City, Mo., and being the route selected to carry the last mail between these points, also unique in that it is the shortest line between the big commercial centers of the country.

Its main lines are laid with 80 pound steel rails throughout and the road is fully ballasted and thoroughly equipped. Every through train has high class dining and observation cars.

COUNTY CONVENTION

The Democratic convention for Randolph county, to nominate candidates for the general assembly and for the various county offices, is called to meet in the court house in Asheboro on

SATURDAY AUGUST 18TH, 1906
At 11 o'clock A. M.

The primaries are called to meet at the various voting precincts on

SATURDAY AUGUST 11TH, 1906
At three o'clock P. M. and instruct for such nominees as they may desire, and to send delegates to the County Convention; and also to nominate justices of the peace and constable.

By order of the committee.
E. MOFFITT, W. J. SCARBORO,
Sec. Chairman

This July 4, 1906.

TYPEWRITER BARGAINS. I handle all kinds of rebuilt typewriters that are made as good as new. Can furnish any make. A reliable "Oliver" can be seen at the Lexington Grocery Co. Prices in reach of all.
W. B. WEBSTER,
Asheboro, N. C.

An Expert Observer on the Manufacture of Chewing Tobacco.

An expert observer on the manufacture of chewing tobacco claims that it is the planter's process of flue-curing, producing and developing the stimulating flavor and bouquet of the tobacco grown on certain lands in the Piedmont tobacco belt, which popularizes the chewing tobacco habit.

R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company's factories are located in the famous Piedmont flue-cured tobacco belt, the finest chewing tobacco section known to the world. This kind of tobacco requires less sweetening to please chewers than any other tobacco grown. The Company's location enables it to secure the choicest selection of this flue-cured leaf, which are manufactured under the personal supervision of men who have made the selecting and blending of this particular kind of tobacco for chewing purposes their life study.

The Reynolds' plant for the manufacture of Schnapps and other of its brands of chewing tobacco, are operated largely by machinery, in the most hygienic manner, and reveals a system of cleanliness that would do credit to a model household. The old adage of "too many cooks" holds good in tobacco manufacturing. The Company has reduced the handling of tobacco to a minimum. Automatic conveyors take the leaf to the brushing machine (specially invented for the Reynolds Company), where, by an ingenious process, every leaf is brushed and cleaned. After this brushing and cleaning, the tobacco drops into another conveyor and is carried to the sweetening machines, where the sweetening is applied automatically, thereby insuring a uniformity and cleanliness impossible by the ordinary method; and thus, with the idea of cleanliness always paramount, the tobacco is conveyed automatically from one machine to another, throughout nearly the entire process of manufacture.

The pleasant and appetizing aroma of the tobacco leaf used, and the cleanly methods of manufacturing have caused visitors to the Company's factories to experience their first desire to chew tobacco.

Married.

Mr. Junius Mitchell and Miss Hattie Bean, both of High Point, were married on August 8th. They passed through here on their way to the home of the bride's father, Mr. Henry Bean, of Richland Township.

Farmers' Mutual

It is gratifying to note the recent growth of the Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Association of Randolph. Since the April meeting, at which time the Association elected new officers, more than a hundred new members have been added. At that meeting O. R. Cox, one of Randolph's safest business men, was made president and since he has been giving the affairs of the Association his closest personal attention. This in a measure guarantees the success of the institution. The membership now numbers about 600 of our best farmers.

Business Locals.

Notices inserted under this head at one cent a word each insertion.

WANTED STAVES—Highest cash prices paid for all kinds of staves for Norfolk market. Apply to E. A. Hammer, Asheboro, N. C.

WANTED! By Chicago wholesale and mail order house, assistant manager (man or woman) for this county and adjoining territory. Salary \$50 and expenses paid weekly; expense money advanced. Work pleasant, position permanent. No investment or experience required, spare time valuable. Write at once for full particulars and enclose self-addressed envelope. Address: GENERAL MANAGERS, 134 E. Lake St., Chicago.

8-1-61

LAND SALE.

By Virtue of an order of the superior court of Randolph county, in the special proceeding entitled Arthur Ross vs. Will Coltrane et al., I will on the 17th day of September 1906 at 12 o'clock P. M. at the courthouse door in Asheboro, Randolph county, N. C., sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, the following described lands:

Adjoining the lands of Sam McNeel and others in New Market township beginning at a stake near railroad, the south-east corner of lot No. 1 in the subdivision of the land of John Ross by his heirs, and running south 22.25 chains to a stake; thence West 7.77 chains to a stone; Coltrane's; thence North on said line 22.25 chains to a stake; thence east to the first station containing 10.14 acres more or less, being lot No. 1 of said subdivision, known as the McNeel Coltrane land.

J. A. SPENCE, Commissioner.

This 11th day of August, 1906.

MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of the powers contained in a mortgage deed executed to P. A. Williams on the 16th day of December, 1901, by Mary H. Garner and her husband, W. H. Garner, and recorded in the Register of Deeds for Randolph county in Book 19, Page 24, and duly assigned to E. E. Cox on the 27th day of July 1906, we will on the 28th day of September, 1906, at 12 o'clock P. M., sell to the highest bidder for cash the land described in said mortgage, to-wit, two tracts of land in Richland township, Randolph county, North Carolina, defined as follows:

First Tract—Beginning at a white oak, thence North 15 chains to a post oak, thence E. 29 chains to a white oak, thence South 15 chains to a red oak, thence West 30 chains to the beginning containing 30 acres more or less.

Second Tract—Beginning at a post oak at the plank road 55 degrees East 87 poles to a stake in said road the original corner, thence East 17 1/2 chains to a millberry stump old corner, thence North on original line 1/2 1/4 chains to a stone thence West 106 poles to a white oak on the ridge road leading from Elias Vance's farm to the plank road, thence South 30 West on road to the beginning containing 88 1/2 acres more or less.

Except 5 acres known as the Wiley Vaughn place described in deed from E. L. Spenser to said Wiley Vaughn and 19 acres described in deed from P. E. Williams to Asheboro Lumber Co., total remainder 64 1/2 acres.

P. A. WILLIAMS, Mortgagee,
T. E. COX, Assignee of mortgage,
This August 7th 1906.



Even Gibraltar can't compare with the foundation of this bank, because that famous rock has underground passages and our bank has not. Built squarely on honesty, every depositor can be sure of fair treatment, security for his money, and a constantly earning interest on same. Most risks can be blasted and crumbled, but the foundation on which this bank is built bids defiance to both.

Join our large family of satisfied depositors and build for future comfort on our solid foundation.

Write for Booklet, "Facts for Consideration."

Wachovia Loan & Trust Co.,

High Point Office. High Point, N. C.

DO YOU WANT THE BEST, SAFEST, EFFICIENT FAMILY MEDICINES?

BUY

- Vick's Little Liver Pills, 25c. Superior to Calomel for child or adult.
- Vick's Yellow Pine Tar Cough Syrup, 25c. Cures worst cough and prevents consumption.
- Vick's Turtle Oil Liniment, 25c. Best and largest for man or beast.
- Vick's Restorative Tonic Wine of Cod Liver Oil, \$1.00.
- Vick's Hum and Quinine Hair Tonic, 50c. Not an oil or dye, stops dandruff, restores the hair.

At all druggists or dealers or sent for the price by
L. RICHARDSON M'F'G CHEMIST,
Greensboro, N. Caro.

A Fountain Pen Free for Three New Annual Subscribers.



This pen is Kiser's celebrated Meridian pen guaranteed for one year. If not satisfactory send it back and we will give a new pen in exchange. This pen is the very best; as good as made anywhere. Don't pay \$3.00 for a fountain pen when you can get one free. Address

The Courier, Asheboro, N. C.

Wood & Moring's SUMMER CLEARANCE SALE

Offers you splendid opportunities for good buying at money-saving prices. Latest styles, best quality, most desirable goods at a sacrifice

This is an opportunity too good to miss—a chance to buy the latest styled SUMMER CLOTHING and FURNISHINGS at great reductions. The reason is simple—it's mid-season and time for us to clear up the broken lots that remain from early summer. It pays us to clean up in this way twice a year, better than to carry them over. Bear in mind that we only sell high-class goods. While some lots are broken in sizes we have your size in many attractive models and styles. Come and look them over and come early. It's not a question of profit. We don't look for that—the goods must be sold.

This clearance sale will include our entire stock excepting furniture and shoes General display Saturday.

Wood & Moring.
Up-To-Date Clothiers and Furnishers.