this force in that quarter, a not a stop to whatever portion of have been carried on under the affe may have been carried on under the asi flag, and to prevent its use in a trade while it violates the laws, is equally an out-the rights of others and the feelings of the rights of others of the several Govern-ty. The efforts of the several Governare annious seeking to surpress this borever, be directed against the ast, however, be directed as afforded by whiat are now recognized as afforded by whiat are now recognized as to commercial pursuits, before that object to commercial pursuits, before that object fully accomplished. Supplies of provi-fully accomplished. Supplies of provi-fully accomplished. Supplies of provi-rate cashs, merchandise, and articles rate cashs, merchandise, and articles to the prosecution of the slave- trade I with the prosecution of the vessels it is understand, freely carried by vessels of test nations to the slave factoreis; and the res of the factors are transported openly from slave station to another, without interruption ment by either of the nations to which

anend oy enner of the hardons to which ag, engaged in the commerce of that re, soluti to your judgments whether this ent, having been the first to prohibit, by the slave-trade-the first is its citizens all trade with the slave fac the is the citizens all trade with the slave fac-ies the const.of Africa; giving an example to attorn in this respect, which if fairly followed, not full to preduce the most effective results breaking up those dens of iniquity. M. VAN BUREN. Washington, December 5, 1840.

HE MESSENGER. ASHEVIELLE, Sta Ga

riday Morning, December 25, 1840

## President's Message.

faorder to place this document, entire, the hands of our readers, we have crowd. out much other matter ; particularly the diags of Congress and the State Lesture. We have only been able to give a cursory perusal. We find a portion of so far as we are capable of judging, uncionable; but, other parts are quite presence. We had hoped that Mr. VAN ney would have profited by experience, at this time have abandoned some of se projects which have been recently so ly condemned by the American peo-We discover, however, that the Subsury, his ruling passion, is strong in mh: and that he devotes a lrage portion his message to bolster up and sustain this sting-true to the old adage that a sickchild is certain to share the largest poren of its parent's affection. He has also ien occlision to manifest his still uncommising hostility to a United States Bank, ad all other Banks. "In lieu of a national uk, or a dependence upon banks of any cription; for the management of our cal affairs," he says, " I recommend the loption of the system which is now in ccessful operation. That system affords ery requisite facility for the transaction the pecuniary concerns of the Governent; will, it is confidently anticipated. duce in other respects many of the benewhich have been from time to time exend from the creation of a national bank. which have never been realized ; avoid e manifold evils inseparable from such an

stitution; diminish to a greater extent of Ia. an could be accomplished by any other asure of reform, the patronage of the ederal Government." We are at a loss understand precisely what the President ans here. What other benefits beyond etransaction of the pecuniary concerns of e Government, have from time to time een expected from the creation of a nation-

9th, they proceeded at once to business .---We have only room this week to state a few of the most important matters introduced. In the Senate, Mr. CLAY, of Kentucky, has introduced a resolution, declaring that the Sub-Treasury Bill ought, forthwith, to be repealed, and instructing the Committee on Finance to report a bill for that purpose. Mr. TALMADGE, of New York, a resolution to amend the Constitution of the U. States so as to limit the services of President to

one term of four years. In the House of Representatives, Mr. MORRIS, of Ohio, after introducing a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Trea. and Wm. R. Cooper. ury to report particularly on the various matters connected with the Sub-Treasury, fit, Naylor, Shepard, Dickerson, and Monhas given notice that he will, at an early day, introduce a bill for the repeal of said

Mr. J. Q. ADAMS called up again the abolition question, by proposing to repeal the 21st joint rule adopted at the last Session for the government of the two Houses, which prohibited the reception of petitions on that subject. He expressly disayows the intention of debating the subject; but-it will be difficult for a matter on which so much feeling exists, to pass silently through

the House. The following are the Standing Committees of the two Houses :

## SENATE.

On Thursday, the Chair announced the following Standing Committees, the first named on each being the Chairman : On Foreign Relations.-Messrs. Buc

hanan, Clay, of Ky., Calhoun, Roane, and Allen.

On Finance.-Mesars, Wright, Webster, Nicholas, Benton and Hubbard.

On Commerce .- Messrs. King, Davis, Norvell, Ruggles, and Mouton.

On Manufactures .- Messrs. Lumpkin, reston, Knight, Buchanan, and Allen. On Agriculture .- Messrs. Mouton, Dix,

on, Linn, Sturgeon, and Smith, of Conn. On Military Affairs.-Messrs. Benton, Preston, Wall, Pierce, and Nicholas. On the Militia .- Messrs. Clay, of Ala., Smith, of Ia., Anderson, Fulton, and Man-

On Naval Affairs,-Messrs. Williams, Southard, Cuthbert, Tallmadge and Tappan. On Public Lands .- Messrs. Walker, Fulton, Clay, of Ala., Prentiss, and Norvell. On Private Land Claims .- Messrs. Linn, Sevier, Clayton, Mouton, and Huntingdon. On Indian Affairs .- Messrs. Sevier,

Linn, White, Philips, and Lumpkin. On Claims .- Messrs. Hubbard, Young, Merrick, Williams, and Huntingdon. On Revolutionary Claims .- Messrs. Smith, of Conn., Sturgeon, Graham, Crittenden, and Robinson.

On the Post Office and Post Roads .-Messrs. Robinson, Lumpkin, Wright, Fulton, and Henderson.

On Roads & Canals .- Messrs. Young, Phelps, Henderson, Mangum, and Smith,

On Pensions .- Messrs. Pierce, Prentiss, White, Roane, and Huntingdon.

For the District of Columbia.-Messrs. Merrick, Crittenden, Mangum, Southard, and Clayton. On the Patents and the Patent Office .-

Committee on Manufactures-Messrs. Both Houses having organized, on the Adams, Nisbet, Slade, Tillinghast, Worth-ington, Dromgoole, Mitchell, Eastman and John Davis.

Committee on Agriculture-Messrs. De-berry, Dennis, McClellan, John Smith, Hammond, Shaw, Doig, Hook, and Ridg-

Committee on Indian Affairs-Messrs. ate. Bell, Lewis Williams, Alford, Chinn, Lucas, Hunt, John W. Davis, Parrish, and Ryall.

Committee on Military Affairs-Messrs. Waddy Thompson, Miller, Coles, Kemble, John W. Allen, Monroe, Sumter, Goggin, and Wm. O. Butler.

Committee on the Militia-Messrs. Keim Carter, Griffin, D. D. Wagener, Goode Edward Rogers, Triplett, P. J. Wagner,

Committee on Naval Affairs-Messrs F Thomas, Reed, Grinnell, Anderson, Prof. tanva.

Committee on Foreign Affairs-Messrs. Pickens, Cushing, Dromgoole, Granger, Hawes, Everett, Clifford, Leet, and Fine.

Committee on the Territories-Messrs. Pope, Jenifer, Wm. B. Campbell, Stuart, Brewster, Garret Davis, Jas. Cooper, Mor. gan, and Dana.

Committee on Revolutionary Pensions-Messrs. Taliaferro, Carr, Andrews, Steenrod, E. Davies, Brockway, Taylor, Hand and Peck.

Committee on Invalid Pensions-Messrs. S. Williams, C. Morris, Chittenden, Doan, Strong, S. W. Morris, Palen Sweeney and Edwards. Committee on Roads and Canals-Messrs.

Ogle, Carrol, Hill of Virginia, T. Smith, Rayner, Blackwell, Underwood, Crabb, and Albert Smith.

Committee on Patents-Messrs, Fletcher Beatty, Prep.iss, Newhard, and Paynter. Committee on the Public Buildings and Grounds-Messrs. Petrikin, Leonard, Keim,

John Hastings, and Osborne. Committee on Revisal and Unfinished Business-Messrs. Peck, Parrish, Jackson,

James, and Kille. Committee on Accounts-Messrs. Joseph Johnson, Charles Johnston, Marchand, Floyd, and Andrews.

Committee on Mileage-Messrs. Thomas W. Williams, Henry Williams, Henry, Judson Allen, and Kempshall.

The six Standing Committees on Expen ditures in the Departments were, under the

Rules, appointed at the last session, to continue throughout the Congress. On that for Expenditures in the War Department, Mr. Chapman, of Alabama, and Mr. Doe, of New York, were appointed to fill vacancies, occasioned by the resignation of Mr. Rice Garland, of Louisiana, and Mr. Tilghman A. Howard, of Indiana; and on that for the Post Office Department, Mr. Lane, of Indiana, was appointed in place of Mr. Anson Brown, of New York, deceased,-As now organized, these committees stand as follows :

Committee on Expenditures in the Department of State-Messirs. Underwood, By-

num, Crabb, Lowell and Trumbull. Committee on Expenditures in the Depart ment of the Treasury-Messrs. Evans, Atherton, Osborne, Warren, and Nathaniel

Jones. Committee on Expenditures in the Depart. ment of War-Messrs. Peter J. Wagner, Holmes, Jas. Cooper, Chapman, and Doe. Committee on Expenditures in the Department of the Navy-Messrs. Saltonstall,

Vanderpoel, Simonton, Green, and Ger-Committee on Expenditures in the Department of the Post Office-Messrs. Marvin, Boyd, Lowell, G. Davis, and Lane. Committee on Expenditures on the Pub Buildings ---- Messrs. Stanly, Fornance, Gates, Earl, and John W. Allen. The committee ordered on Thursday last on the motion of Mr. John Quincy Adams. to inquire and report respecting certain discrepancies or differences between the manuscript document of the last Session. respecting the negroes captured in the Spanish vessel called L'Amistad, and the printed document, consists of Messrs, Adams, Mc. Kay, Barnard, Medill, and Dennis. The committee on the Tobacco Trade ordered on Thursday last, on the motion of Mr. Jenifer, of Maryland, consists of Messrs. Jecifer, Coles, Sergeant, Dawson, Carroll, Grinnell, Triplett, Parrish, and

Legislature of North Carolina. uch important matter is before the Lere ; but as yet little of it is matured.

y have a bill before the House estab. lishing a Lunatic Assylum A bill to give to the counties of Cherokee and Honder each a Superior Court, has passed the Sen-

HUGH MCQUEEN, Esq., has been elected Attorney General.

MATHIAS E. MANLY, of Newbern, has been elected Judge of the Superior Court of Law and Equity to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of R. M. SAUNDERS. The vote was, on the last balloting,

Manly, 91 Hall, 64 One balloting took place on the 17th for Judge to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Judge TOOMER, without effecting an election. The vote was :

W. H. Battle, . . . 74 R. M. Saunders, . . 67 Scattering, . . . 18

The following resolutions, introduced by Mr. WADDELL, are considered of importance. They are said to have been enforce ed by an able speech from the mover.

I. Resolved, That to the successful developement of the resources of North Carolina, a system of Internal Improvement, which shall unite all the leading interests of the State, is indispensible.

H. Resolved, As the basis of any well devised scheme of Improvement, the Legislature regard the re-opening of Roanoke Inlet as an object of paramount importance, essential, not morely to the prosperity of North Carolina, but an object of great national interest.

III. Resolved, That seconda. v in importance only to this great work, to the successful accomplishment of which the national resources are alone competent, the Wilmington and Raleigh Rail Road constitutes the proper base line of a system for internal transport; and that the union of the Raleigh

and Gaston Road, with this great channel of travel and trade, is of vital importance to the ultimate success of both works.

IV. Resolved. That to make the State one, in interest and in feeling, and to distribut, with any equality, the benefits of improvement, the Western section of abundant, but transport difficult, should be united with the Eastern avenues to commercy, by the immmediate construction of Turnike or McAdamized roads.

V. Resolved, That to sustain and insure the permanency of the works already exccuted and to provide for the completion of the system contemplated by the foregoing the available funds of the State should be made

First. To aid the credit of the Wilmington and Raleigh, and the Raleigh and Gas. ton Rail Road Companies, the floating capital of the State, under the control of the Boards of Internal Improvement and the Literary Fund, shall be invested in bonds, to be hereafter issued by said Companies, and endorsed by the State. Secondly, That the proceeds of the Cherokce ands, which have accrued, or shall

hereafter accrue together with the interest Ral. Reg. arising from the bonds to be issued by the Rail Road Companies, as herein proposed,

of the Raleigh Register.] WASHINGTON, DEC. 12, 1840.

appears that the estimated balance in the Philadelphia decilnes. There can be no the meagre sum of \$824,273! Appropri- It is our interest, and their interest and ations by Congress will have to be small indeed, or another fictitious loan of Treas. well hope, however, that by a judicious poland safe keeping of the public revenue the 15th of Janu through the medium of the Banks, and the bills according. rencal of the Sub-Treasury, a more discreet regulation of duties on imports, so as to lessen as much as possible the great balance of trade now against us, &c. the National Treasury will exhibit a more grati-

ACCIDENT TO THE HON. WADDY THOMPon .- We regret to learn that an accident befell the Hon. Waddy Thompson, on the Petersburg and Roanoke Rail Road, on Saturday last.

The following letter from the President of the Rail Road Company, gives the particulars of the accident :

"Dear Sir :- You may hear divers vertions of the accident which happened to the Hon. Waddy Thompson, on our Road, this morning. The following are the facts:

The engine coming in was delayed by the sleet, and the buggage car was put ahead to break the ice on the rails. Coming down the hill the whole train stopped in the cut about 1 1-2 miles out : Mr. Thompson and ome others got out to walk to town ; after they started the hands scraped the snow off, and the train came on-Mr. Thompson was valking in the middle of the track, and the baggage car being ahead, the engineer could not see him. The car struck and mocked him down and the whole train assed over him. I hear he was badly nurt, but no bones were broken, and it apnears he fell between the rails, so that no cheels ran over him."

We are glad to hear that Mr. Thompson so much better that he resumed his journey to Washington yesterday .- Pet. Int.

AGRICULTURE OF TEXAS -The New Orleans Bulletin of Octobe." 29, has the following-from which an insight may be had theman's wool!! He'll wake him. into the agricultural prospects of our sister Republic :

"The cotton crop of Texas this year is quite productive. The estimate is that 50,-North Carolina, in which resources are 000 bales will be raised. The harvest of grain and other products is also abundant. The country will not be under the necessity of importing its provisions. On account of the scarcity of money, and the sparseness of population, lands will continue very low. Those who wish to emigrate can purchase as cheapiy, and subsist more comfortably. and at less expense during the present, resolutions, the following appropriation of than at any former period. All circumstances considered the prospects of the country were never more flattering."

> EDUCATION IN KENTUCKY .- The Superntendent of public schools in Kentucky, in recent Address, says, that of the 140,000 children of the proper age to go'to school, mly about 32,000 are receiving education He further states that it costs as much to educate the 32,000, under the present system as it would to educate the whole 140,-000 under the Common School system .-

The Whig gain in the whole Union is remarkable not more for its extent than for its character. It is not found in the cities,

NEW YORK, Dec. S. Letters from Philadelphia speak post-

By the annual Report of the Secretary of the Treasury, submitted on Wednesday, it fore quickened into life, and exchange on Treasury at the close of the year 1841, is doubt of a general resumption in January. honor too, to have a resumption and a resumption we must have. It is a mistake ury notes must be resorted to. We may though to suppose the United States Bank the only drawback. Uhat institution, I am icy on the part of the Administration of assured, is ready. Look out then, ye of Gen. Harrison-providing for the collection the South and West, for a resumption on the 15th of January, and legislate and draw

Mr. Holleman, V. B. of the Norfolk District, in Va. has resigned his seat in Congress, in accordance with a pledge he made to do so if Gen. Harrison' received -a mafying appearance in the course of a few jority in his District. Mr. H. is porhaps over scrupulous. It is men like Fisher, who deceived his constituents, or the New Jersey men, who were elected by the Van Buren party in Congress, not by the people -who ought to resign.

> Gen. Harrison, we understand, is expected to leave home for Virginia the latter part of this month. He will spend the month of January with his friends in the Old Dominion, and repair to Washington in February, to be ready on the 4th of March to enter upon the duties of the i. portant office to which the People have clevated him.-Maysville Eagle.

RIP VAN WINKLE -- We have it from the best authority that this venerable somno lesent personage has resolved to quit old State of North Carolina, and seek some more congenial atmosphere, where he may enjoy his map without interruption. It is suggested by some, that he will find a temperature and associations corresponding with his peculiar habits, in the Valley of Virginia -Nof. Herald.

"Resolved to quit," why bless your neart, the Whigs drove him from sis snug quarters in North Carolina some years ago and he took up his abode in South Carolina. where he is snoring too sound to think of a journey to Virginia .- Observer.

Just let him sweat, Mr. Observer, Mr. Calhoun is about to commence his gymnus.tic performances, and the first somerset he turns, will be apt to light into the old' gen-

## Rates of Exchange, &c. AUGUSTA, GA.

And and an and a second s		-	\$7
avannah Banas,	21.2 p	er et.	prem.
Jumbus Insurance Bank,	31.2		Here's
ommercial Bank, Macon,	31.2		44
Icchanics' "_Augusta,	51.2		**
geney Brunswick, "	51.2	84	
lanters' and Mechanics' Bar	nk		
Columbus,	1	** 6	lisc'nt.
Central Bank.	61.2	**	
Lilledgeville Bank,	4	**	
Domulgee Bank,	61.2		
Lonroe Rail Road Bank,	9	54	
lawkinsville Bank,	61.9		84
hattahoochie R.R.& B'k Co	. 1	**	65
Darien Bank,	25	**	**
Bank of Rome,	15		
Inion Bank,	50		
Southern Truit Co. "	30		
All other Banks now doing	g busines	s, at p	Har.
SPECTE PAYING BANKS M			
ance Bank of Columbus, (			
Macon, and Brunswick Age			
			-

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF THE MAILS, At and from Asheville, N. C.

ARRIVALS. DEPARTURES. Southern-Mondays, Tuesdays, Fridays and Thursdays & Saturdays, Sundays, at 4 o'clock, by 10 o'clock, p. M. Western, via Warm Wednesdays, Fridaya

liank, which have never been realised, beyond our capacity to divine. If he lades to the furnishing of a sound circuhting medium-a thing, by the by, which the friends of the Sub-Treasury have always denied was intended to be effected by -he surely does not intend to say to the American people that that had not been realized by the establishing of a national bank. In what manner the patronage of the Federal Government will be diminished by the Sub-Treasury is, to us, also inexplicable; unless he repudiates the doctri of Gen. JACKSON, (one on which he has

eretafore acted,) that the President is the Government, and by Federal Government means the Congress of the United States. If that be his meaning, we can well imagine how their patronage would be diminished by taking out of their hands the whole of the monetary affairs of the nation, and placing them entirely under the control of the Executive. The reiteration of his wan-

ton attack upon the States, unnecessarily affecting their credit and character, is, to say the least of it, uncalled for ; and comes with a bad grace from Mr. VAN BUREN, who is; evidently, to a great extent, the cause of the evil he complains of. He, by his policy, had destroyed confidence, deranged the currency, and driven from cirulation a large portion of it. The people had appealed to him and been told they had nothing to expect from that quarter. What course then was left for them ? They were mpelled either to go into a foreign market to procure money to carry on the many ortant works of internal improvement dready commenced, or abandon them.

07 HINES HOLT, Esq., has been nomiated by the Whig party in Georgia, to fil the seat in Congress vacated by the resignation of Judge CoLQUIT.

Mr. JOHN J. ROBERTS, of Newbern, has been appointed Professor of Modern

Messrs. Sturgeon, Davis, Prentiss, Robinson, and Porter. On Public Buildings Messrs, Fulton,

Merrick, and Smith, of Conn. To Audit and Control contingent Expenses of Senate .- Messrs. Knight, Fulton, and Porter.

On engrossed Bills .- Messrs. Henderson, Porter, and Phelps.

From the National Intelligencer. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. MONDAY, DEC. 14, 1840.

At 12 o'clock, the Speaker, the Hon. R. M. T. HUNTER, took the chair, and the jourhal of the last day's sitting was read. The Standing Committees ordered on

Thursday last were now announced, and are composed as follows :

Committee of Elections-Messrs. Rives, Fillmore, Medill, Aaron V. Brown, Truman Smith, Botts, Philip F. Thomas, Ran-Miller. dall, and Rariden.

Committee of Ways and Means-Messrs. John W. Jones, Evans, Atherton, Vanderpoel, Connor, Mark A. Cooper, Mason, Saltonstall, and Hubbard.

Committee of Claims-Messrs. Russell. Dawson, Banks, Giddings, Jared W. Williams, Gentry, John Hill of N. C., Galbraith, and Mallory.

Committee on Commerce-Messrs. Curtis, Hillen, Burke, Toland, Habersham, Parris, Botts, Weller, and Winthrop. Committee on Public Lands-Messrs.

Morrow, Lincoln, Crary, Jno. White, Fisher, Garland, Jacob Thompson, Casey, and Chapman.

Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads-Messrs. McKay, Hopkins, Briggs, Marvin, Leadbetter, Joseph L. Williams, Albert G. Brown, Reynolds, and John B. Thompson.

Committee for the District of Columbia Messrs. W. Cost Johnson, Christopher H. Williams, Beirne, Clark, Davee, Graham, Cranston, Hawkins, and McCarty. Committee on the Judiciary-Messrs.Sergeant, Hoffman, Turney, Samuels, Barn-ard, Stanly, Trumball, Samson H. Butler, and Starkweather.

Committee on Revolutionary Claims Messrs, Randolph, Hall, Taliaferro, Parmenter, Montgomery, Ely, Swearingen, James, and Nathaniel Jones.

Committee on Public Expenditures-Messrs. Bond, Duncan, Crockett, Watterson, McCulloch, Green, Baker, Brackenridge, and McClure.

Committee on Private Land Claims Messis. Calhoun, Dellet, Wick, Wm. S. Languages in the University of North Car. Hastings, Jameson, Cross, Warren, Vroom and Boardman.

## Suicide.

On Sunday evening, the 20th instant, a man whose name, from papers found in his possession, is supposed to be ROBERT B. HAMILTON, put an end to his earthly existence, at the house of James M. Smith, in this village, by hanging himself with his pocket handkerchief fastened to the bed post. What could have induced him to commit this rash act, and thus rush unbid-

den into the presence of his Maker, he has left no clue by which we can ascertain, or even conjecture. He came to the house of Mr. Smith on Saturday evening in the Southern stage, complained of being indisposed, and went to a private room, where for it. he remained until he tied the fatal noose on the next evening. From papers found in his possession, it is supposed he had heretofore resided in Abbeville, S. C., and that he had recently been at Spartanburgh C. H. He had with him about \$150 in money,

and copies of notes supposed to have been placed in the hands of some person for collection, to the amount of about \$1600. which are in the hands of Mr. Smith.

SOUTH CAROLINA .- John P. Richardson has been elected Governor, and William K. Clowney, Lieut. Governor. A proposition is before the Legislature to give the people the election of Governor and of Presidential Electors.

shall be specifically appropriated to the construction of a Turnpike or McAdamized road, from the city of Raleigh to the West, with such lateral branches as may

be deemed necessary. The fate of the Road from Raleigh to the

West, is yet uncertain. There has been some able debuting on that subject, in which Mr. CLINGMAN took the leading part, as its advccate, and is said by the Raleigh papersto have encircled his brow with a wreath of imperishable laurels as a debater. We

are sorry that our limits will not permit us to publish his speech.

OT HOR. JOHN MCPHERSON BERRIEN, (Whig) has been elected by the Legislature of Georgia, a Senator of the United States for six years from the 4th of March next, in place of Mr. LUMPKIN, whose term then expires. The vote stood,

For Berrien, McAlister, Scattering,

THE LAW OF NEWSPAPERS .--- We learn from the Boston Courier that Judge Williams, in a late case before the Common Pleas, laid down the law in relation to a question interesting to editors of newspapers, as follows:

1. Where a subscriber to a newspaper orders it to be discontinued, and it continues to be left at his residence, the presumption is, in the absence of any evidence to the contrary, that it is left by the subscriber's orders, and upon a promise to pay

2. If a newspaper is left from day to day for a person at his place of business with his knowledge and consent, though not his expressed consent; and if he has reason to believe that it is so left under the expectation that he is to pay for it; in that case he will be bound to pay for it, unless he gives notice to discontinue it.

VIEGINIA .- The House of Delegates of the Virginia Legislature adopted a resolution to go into the election of a U. States Senator on Monday last; but it was lost in the Senate by a tie vote. The Petersburg Intelligencer says this conduct, on the part of the Senate, shows a fixed determination on the part of that body to defeat the will of the popular body, per fas aut nefas, and is in perfect keeping with the behavior of Raleigh Star.

in the depots of illegal and foreign voters, where corruption so often controls the election: but in the pure air of the country, amongst the farmers and ycomen. This is a change which will be permenent, for it is carried by honest conviction .- Beston At'as LARGE ARTIFICIAL LAKE -The Cleve. and Herald says that the grand Council Reservair in Mercer county, Ohio, covers 13,000 acres of land, the water from 4 to 27 feet deep. It is said to be the largest

artificial lake in the world. The Washington correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce writes-The Bank of the United States is now paying off its bonds due to the government and paying them in specie too. This is a fortunate supply for the Treasury, which,

according to all accounts, was getting quite

low.

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AN ATROCIOUS VILLAIN .- On Wedneslay nighs last, the downward train on the Wilmington & Raleigh Rail Road, when within about ten miles of Town, and going at a rapid rate, came in contact with a heavy piece of timber-on old sill-placed by ome desperate villain at a direct angle across the track. The engine and tender were thrown off to a distance of some twenty feet, both being capsized. The engineer and firemen, almost miraculously, scaped with but slight injury. The pasenger car was not taken off .- Wilmington Chronicle.

A new religious sect has sprung up in the restern parts of America, particularly in Marietta. They style themselves Halcy ons, and the most novel feature of their creed is, that " Aaron's breast, plate, called w the Jews Urim and Thummim, must be etrieved before the resuarection of the dead."

The New York Express says-" The packets going now find it difficult to fill up with freight, even at the present very re duced rates. We have hardly known so little produce going forward. Our supplies particularly of cotton, are exceedingly mall."

The following is the best definition of a oafer we have yet seen : ...

"A person who begs all the tobacco he ses-knows more people than are acquainted with him when he meets themoften looks at his borrowed watch to see that august assemblags for some years past. the time, and takes the papers six months and then tramps.

Thursdays & Saturdays, A. M. 8, P. M.

Fridays, 5 oclock, A. Western, via Franklin, to Ga .--- Wednesdays, 7.

Eastern, via Morganton Tuesdays and Satur-&c-Mondays & ridays, days, 5 A. M.

> Eastern, via Ruther- Mondays, Thursdays, fordion. &c .-. Sundays, and Saturdays, 5 o'clock Tuesdays and Fridays, A. M. at 8, P. M.

Eastern, via Burnsville. Wednesdays, &c.-Mondays, 4 P. M. Southern, via Cathey's Mondays, at 6 o'elock, Creek, &cc.-. Tuesdays, A. M. 6 P. M.

To Printers and Publishers. THE subscribers have made arrangements with the manufacturers for keeping on hund in this city, a general assortment of TYPE, PRESSES, CASES, FURNITURE, and PRIN-TER'S MATERIALS generally, which can be furnished to order at 12 hours notice. We have sufficient stock now in store, to enable us to put up a complete News or Job Printing Office, without being obliged to order any portion from New York. As this warehouse has been established at the carnest recommendation of many of our friends in the interior towns, we beg leave to claim from them sufficient patronage to enable us o increase and keep up the establishment on a scale sufficient to make it an object to all parties. All of the abve materials are sold on the same erms as in New-York, with the usual charges for insurance, freight and exchange. BURGES & WALKER,

85 East Bay, Charleston, S. C.

Powder. DUPONT'S superfine Sporting POWDER, in canisters of 1 lb, each, Do. Dr. of 6 1.4 lbs. each. For sale, by H. URQUHART. HAMBURG, S. C., Dec. 4, 1840.

Notice. HEREBY forgwarr all persons from har sour-ing my son JOHN IL, who is a minor, and left my house without cause. Any person or per-

ons so offending may expect to incur the penalty of the law. THOMAS PALMER. December 18, 1840.

TAILORING ESTABLISHWENT, IN ASHEV ..... A. J. Fain

WOULD respectfully inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has commen-ced the TAILORING BUSINF SS, in all its branches, in this place, and he pes, by constant attention to business, to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. He hopes to be able o give general satisfactir .n.

TTHe can always he found at his shop on ain street, a few Places below r. Smith's store .

V ANDITIONI EXPONAS. TUST prir, tod and for sale at this office. usual terms. Sept. 25, 1840.