...servation, which have resulted in the ...aration of Mr. Tyler from the party ...hich brought him into power, and the ...reaking up of the Whig Administration.

I am, respectfully, your ob't servant,
JOHN BELL.

Messrs. Gales & Seaton.

Gen. Harrison's Pay.—Sometimes, ...ough very rarely, we find a Locofoco low ...ough to strive to make a political capital ...calling in question the appropriation to ...e widow of Gen. Harrison of his first ...ar's salary. We find in the Tuscarawas ...dvocate a dialogue, which will put this ...atter at rest. It runs in this wise:

Loco.—I think Congress very wrong to ...row the public money away upon the wid... of Gen. Harrison.

Whig.—They gave him a year's salary, ...hich I believe is customary in such cases.

Loco.—That may be, but look at twenty-...e thousand dollars. What a great tax it ...on the people of the United States.

Whig.—How much do you think will ...ome off you?

Loco.—I don't pay any United States tax ...rectly but some of the foreign articles I ...e are taxed and so I would pay in pro...rtion.

Whig.—Foreign taxed articles are chief...used by the rich. It is little that I or you ...e of them, and we have very little tax to ...y in that way.

Loco.—But this year's salary will have to ...e paid by the people, whether rich or poor.

Whig.—Well, we will put rich and poor ...gether, all alike, and what would be your ...hare?

Loco.—Why do you ask?

Whig.—Because I intend to pay you; I ...ill not hear you grumble at Congress do...g an act of justice to the widow and chil...en of such a man as Gen. Harrison.

Loco.—You will find more grumble than ...e, and I am better off than yourself.

Whig.—I know it; but, poor as I am, I ...an pay your share of this tax.

Loco.—Well, let us have it.

Whig.—I must first calculate your share ...n the slate. There are in the U. States, ...y the late census, 17,106,572, persons; ...ow much would be $25,000 to each per...on! Can you change a cent?

Loco.—Why do you ask; how much do ...ou make it!

Whig.—Can you change me a cent, I ...ay!

Loco.—No.

Whig.—Then take the whole cent, and ...it will pay seven of you if fairly divided, ...for the seventh of a cent is just your portion ...of this heavy tax of $25,000.

Loco.—Go to the dickens with your cent ...I will electioneer somewhere else.

Whig.—But take care to do it with some ...ignorant man that does not know the use of ...figures, and has no love for the brave de...fenders of his country.—*Cincinnati Gazette.*

From Texas.

The steamer Kingston arrived at New Orleans on the 5th, bringing Texas dates to the 2d. The election of President was to take place on the 5th, and but little doubt was entertained of the success of Gen. Sam Houston. We condense the following from the Picayune:

The volunteers, who went out to go ...operate with the Santa Fe pioneers, have returned without having been able to meet the Indians. They proceeded to the place where they were represented to be assembled in a large force, but before their arrival the crops had been gathered, and the village was deserted. They neither met nor heard from the expedition.

Capt. Lewis and his volunteers had returned to Austin from the Upper Brazos. From a Mexican spy they learned that some 500 Indians were collected near the Camanche Peak. They were strongly fortified, though it was thought Gen. Burleson who had gone against them would soon bring them to terms. An expedition was to leave Brazos against them on the 25th. Gen. Torrant with 250 had also gone thither. Capt. Chandler was attacked by a party supposed to be Cherokees, and a brother of Gen. Smith was killed.

Gen. Smith and the Burnet and Houston troops had returned, having scoured the whole country east of the Brazos, and thus proved that the Indian force East of the Cross Timbers are entirely dispersed, and not an Indian village remains in that section. A vast region of fertile territory has thus been redeemed from the savage dominion—abounding in the most beautiful scenery. This section has been long regarded as the garden spot of Eastern Texas.

An attack was recently made on the Fort at Kingsborough, Three Forks of the Trinity, by a party of twenty-five Indians. A slight skirmish ensued, in which one Indian was killed, when the rest of the party retreated, taking off the horses of the garrison. The horses, with the exception of three, returned the next morning. There were fourteen persons in the Fort, one-half of whom were sick.

On the 23d, a street fight occurred at Galveston, between Capt. Bennett and Col. O'Brian, with sticks and pistols. The parties were brought before His Honor the Recorder and fined $25 and costs, Texas Promissory Notes, and the matter was made up between them.

Amusing exploit.—The democrats of Tonawanda, (a village in the northern part of New York,) met on the receipt of the news of the Veto, to testify their joy by firing the big gun. They got it out, loaded it, and torch in hand, one of their number was about to fire it, when a huge two-fisted fellow bounded through the crowd, strode up to the piece, clapped a file in the vent, and, with hammer in hand, drove it home, exclaiming "vetoed John Tyler." The whole was done in an instant, and before the surprise he occasioned had subsided, he disappeared. Who he was, or where he came from, nobody knew.

Married,

On Sunday, the 26th ult., by James A. Rubel, Esq., Mr. Thomas Wilson, to Miss Avoline Young, daughter of Thomas Young; all of Yancey County.

BY AUTHORITY.

Laws of the United States,

Passed at the first Session of the 27th Congress.

[Public—No. 12.]

AN ACT to provide for placing Greenough's Statue of Washington in the Rotundo of the Capitol, and for expenses therein mentioned.

Be it enacted, &c. That the accounts of Horatio Greenough for expenses incurred in the execution of the pedestrian statue of Washington, authorized by a resolution of Congress, February thirteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, and the accounts and charges for freight of the same to the United States, be settled under the direction of the Secretary of State, according to the rights of the claimants under their several contracts liberally construed: *Provided*, That not more than six thousand five hundred dollars shall be allowed the said Greenough, in the event that the Secretary of State, under such constructions as aforesaid, shall consider him entitled to charge the same; and not more than eight thousand six hundred dollars for the freight aforesaid, and detention of the ship, and for an iron railing around the statue, including the sum of fifteen hundred dollars, assumed to be paid by the said Greenough, in addition to the original contract as made by Commodore Hull; and the sum of fifteen thousand one hundred dollars, or as much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated for the purposes aforesaid.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the sum of five thousand dollars or as much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, for the purpose of removing the said statue from the navy yard at Washington, and for erecting the same in such part of the Rotundo of the Capitol as may be deemed best adapted for the same by the Secretary of the Navy, in accordance with the joint resolution of Congress of the twenty-seventh of May, eighteen hundred and forty, anything designating the particular spot contained in the act of fourteenth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, to the entrary notwithstanding.

Approved, September 9, 1841.

JOHN WHITE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
SAM'L L. SOUTHARD,
President of the Senate pro tempore.
JOHN TYLER.

[Public....No. 13.]

AN ACT authorizing the transmission of letters and packets to and from Mrs. Harrison free of postage.

Be it enacted, &c. That all letters and packets evinced by post to and from Mrs. Harrison, relict of the late William Henry Harrison, be conveyed free of postage during her natural life.

Approved, September 9, 1841.

[Public—No. 14.]

AN ACT to make appropriations for the Post Office Department.

Be it enacted, &c. That the sum of four hundred and ninety-seven thousand six hundred and fifty-seven dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to enable the Post Office Department to meet its engagements and pay its debts, of which sum fifteen thousand dollars are hereby appropriated to enable the Auditor of said Department to purchase account-books for his office, and to bring up arrears of its business: *Provided*, That in virtue hereof no clerk shall be employed for a longer period than one year; to be accounted for in the manner prescribed in the second section of the "Act to change the organization of the Post Office Department and to provide more effectually for the settlement of the accounts thereof," passed July second, eighteen hundred and thirty-six: *Provided*, That the money hereby appropriated shall be accounted for by the Post Office Department hereafter, when the condition of its funds shall permit, to be refunded into the Treasury, or deducted from any sums which the Post Office Department may heretofore have paid into the Treasury.

Approved, September 9, 1841.

[Public—No. 15.]

AN ACT making an appropriation for the purchase of naval ordnance and ordnance stores, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the sum of six hundred thousand dollars be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of purchasing ordnance and ordnance stores for the use of the Navy of the United States.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to apply a part of the sum herein and hereby appropriated, not exceeding fifty thousand dollars, to the purpose of making experiments to test the value of improvements in ordnance, in the construction of steamers and other vessels of war, and in other matters connected with the naval service and the national defence; and also to the purpose of defraying any charges left unpaid on account of experiments of the like character heretofore made by authority of law.

JOHN WHITE.
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
SAM'L SOUTHARD,
President of the Senate pro tempore.
Approved, September 11, 1841.
JOHN TYLER.

[Public—No. 16.]

AN ACT making appropriations for outfits and salaries of diplomatic agents, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, viz.:

For outfits of ministers to Russia, Spain, Mexico, and Brazil, and of charges d' affaires to Portugal, Denmark, Sardinia, Naples, Chili, and Texas, sixty-three thousand dollars.

For salaries of ministers to Spain and Brazil, for the residue of the current year, eight thousand dollars.

For salaries of the secretaries of legation to the same places, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

Also, so much as may be necessary to pay, for compensation, to the clerks and other officers in the service of the two Houses, the librarian and assistant librarians of Congress, the gate-keeper and lamplighter, for the services rendered by them during the present extra session, three months' additional pay; and to the messengers, assistant messengers, pages, and laborers of the two Houses and Library of Congress, and to the hostler of the House of Representatives, the usual allowances made at the close of each session; and to each of the police of the Capitol the same as to the messengers, to be paid under the direction of the Committee on the Contingent Fund of each House. And the regular pay of the messenger of the office of the Secretary of the Senate and office of the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall be equal to the pay of any other permanant messenger employed in the Capitol.

Also, a sum not exceeding two hundred and seventy-three dollars for completing the contract for printing and binding the catalogue of the library.

Approved, September 11, 1841.

[Public—No. 17.]

AN ACT relating to duties and drawbacks.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That on all articles imported into the United States from and after the thirteenth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one, there shall be laid, collected and paid on all articles which are now admitted free of duty, or which are chargeable with a duty of less than twenty per centum ad valorem, a duty of twenty per centum ad valorem, except on the following enumerated articles, that is to say: muriatic acid, sulphuric acid or oil of vitrol, alum, tartaric acid, aquafortis, blue vitriol, calomel, carbonate of soda, corrosive sublimate, combs, copperas, indigo, nitrate of lead, red and white lead dry or ground in oil, sugar of lead, manganese, sulphate and magnesia, bichromate of potash, chromate of potash, prussiate of potash, glauber salts, rochelle salts, sulphate of quinine, refined saltpetre, which shall pay respectively the same rates of duty imposed on them under existing laws; and the following articles shall be exempt from duty, to wit: tea and coffee, all painting and statuary the production of American artists residing abroad, all articles imported for the use of the United States, and the following articles, when specifically imported by order, and for the use of any society incorporated or established for philosophical or literary purposes, or for the encouragement of the fine arts, or by order and for the use of any college, academy, school or seminary of learning, in the United States, to wit, philosophical apparatus, instruments, books, maps, charts, statues, busts of marble, bronze, alabaster of plaster of Paris, casts, paintings, drawings, engravings, specimens of sculpture, cabinets of coins, gems, medals, and all other collections of antiquities, statuary, modelling, painting, drawing, etching, or engraving; and, also, all importations of specimens in natural history, mineralogy, botany, and anatomical preparations, models of machinery, and the models of other inventions, plants and trees, wearing apparel, and other personal baggage in actual use, and the implements or tools of trade of persons arriving in the United States; crude antimony, regulus of antimony, animals imported for breed, argol, gum arabic, aloes, ambergris, bole armenian, arrow root, annotto, anniseed, oil of anniseed, amber, asafœtida, ava root, alcornoque, alba cancella, bark of cork tree unmanufactured, burr stones unwrought, brass in pigs or bars, old brass only fit to be remanufactured, brimstone or sulphur, barrilla, brazletto, boracic acid, Burgundy pitch, berries used for dyeing, smaltz, lasting or prunella used in the manufacture of buttons and shoes, vanilla beans, balsam tolu, gold and silver coins and bullion, clay unwrought, copper imported in any shape for the use of the mint, copper in pigs, bars, or plates, or plates or sheets of which copper is the material of chief value, suited to the sheathing of ships, old copper fit only to be remanufactured, lapis calaminaris, cochineal, chamomile flowers, coriander seed, catsup, cantharides, castanas, chalk, coculus indicus, colombo root, cummin seed, cascarilla, cream of tartar, vegetables, and nuts of all kinds used principally in dyeing and composing dyes, lac-dye, emery, epaulets and wings of gold or silver, furs undressed of all kinds, flaxseed or linseed, flax unmannfactured, fustic, flints, ground flint grindstones, gambage, raw hides, hemlock, henbane, horn plates for lanterns, ox and other horns, Harlem oil, hartshorn, hair unmanufactured, hair pencils, ipecacuanha, ivory unmanufactured, iris root, juniper berries, oil of juniper, kelp, kermes, madder, madder root, musk, manna, marrow and other soap, stocks and soap stuffs, palm oil, mohair, mother of pearl, needles, nux vomica, orris root, oil of almonds, opium, palm leaf, platina, Peruvian bark, old pewter fit only to be remanufactured, plaster of Paris, quicksilver, rags of any kind of cloth, India rubber, reeds unmanufactured, rhubarb, rotten stone, elephants' and other animals teeth, polishing stones, bristles, ratans unmanufactured, raw and undressed skins, spelter, crude saltpetre, gum Senegal, saffron, shellac, soda, ash, sponges, sago sarsaparrilla, senna, sumac, tapioca, tamarinds, crude tartar, tentenegue, tin foil, tin in pigs bars, plates, or sheets, tips of bone or horn, tortoise shell, turmeric, weld, woad or pastel, Brazil wood, Nicaragua wood, red wood, cam wood, log wood, dye woods of all kinds, unmanufactured woods of any kind, except rose wood, satin wood, and mahogany, whale and other fish oils of American fisheries, and all other articles the produce of said fisheries and zinc; and also, wool unmanufactured, the value whereof at the place of exportation shall not exceed eight cents per pound: *Provided*, That if any fine wool be mixed with dirt or other material, and thus be reduced in value to eight cents per pound or under, the appraisers shall appraise said wool at such price as in their opinion it would have cost had it not been so mixed, and a duty thereon shall be charged in conformity with such appraisal: *And provided further*, That when wool of different qualities is imported in the same bale, bag or package, and any part thereof is worth more than eight cents a pound valued as aforesaid, that part shall pay a duty of twenty per centum ad valorem: *Provided*, That boards, planks, staves, scantling, sawed timber, and all other descriptions of wood which shall have been wrought into shapes that fit them respectively for any specific or permanent use, without further manufacture, shall be deemed and taken as manufactured wood.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That there shall be levied, collected, and paid on each and every non-enumerated article which bears a similitude either in material, quality, texture, or the use to which it may be applied, to any enumerated article which it most resembles in any of the particulars before mentioned; and if any non-enumerated article equally resembles two or more enumerated articles on which different rates of duty are now chargeable, there shall be levied, collected, and paid on such non-enumerated article the same rate of duty as is chargeable on the article which it resembles paying the highest duty; and on all articles manufactured from two or more materials, the duty shall be assessed at the highest rates of which any of its component parts may be chargeable: *Provided*, That, if in virtue of this section, any duty exceeding the rate of twenty per centum ad valorem shall be levied prior to the thirteenth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-two, the same shall not in any wise affect the disposition of the proceeds of the public lands, as provided for by an act passed at the present session of Congress: *And provided further*, That no duty higher than twenty per centum ad valorem, in virtue of the said section, shall be levied and paid on any unmanufactured article.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That from and after the passage of this act, the drawbacks payable on exported refined sugars, manufactured from foreign sugars, and on exported rum, distilled from foreign molasses, shall be reduced in proportion to the reduction which shall have been made by law (after the passage of the acts of Congress of the twenty-first of January, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, and twenty-ninth of May, eighteen hundred and thirty, allowing said drawbacks) in the duties on the imported sugars or molasses, out of which the same shall have been manufactured or distilled, and in no case shall the drawback exceed the amount of import duty paid on either of those articles.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That prior to the second day of February next the wines of France shall not be subjected, under the provisions of this act, or any existing law, to the payment of higher rates of duty than the following, namely: or red wines in casks six cents a gallon; white wines in casks ten cents a gallon, and French wines of all sorts in bottles, twenty-two cents per gallon: *Provided*, That no higher duty shall be charged under this act, or any existing law, on the red wines of Austria, than are now, or may be by this act, levied upon the red wines of Spain, when the said wines are imported in casks.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the act entitled "An act to release from duty iron prepared for, and actually laid on railways or inclined planes," approved fourteenth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, be, and the same is hereby, repealed; and there shall be laid, collected, and paid on such iron hereafter imported a duty of twenty per centum ad valorem: *Provided*, That such repeal shall not operate, nor shall such duties be imposed on any railroad iron which shall be imported under the provisions of the said act prior to the third day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-three, and laid down on any railroad or inclined plane, of which the construction has been already commenced, and which shall be necessary to complete the same.

Sec. 6. *And be it further enacted*, that nothing in this act contained shall apply to goods shipped in a vessel bound to any port of the United States, actually having left her last port of lading eastward of the Cape of Good Hope, or beyond Cape Horn, prior to the first day of August, eighteen hundred and forty-one.

Sec. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That all laws or parts of laws inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

JOHN WHITE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
SAM'L L. SOUTHARD,
President of the Senate pro tempore.
Approved, September 11, 1841.
JOHN TYLER.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

THE Subscribers have just received from the manufactories in England and the Northern States, a handsome and well-assorted stock of

Hardware and Cutlery,

which they offer for sale on very reasonable terms, *WHOLESALE and RETAIL*, at the corner (brick building) of Centre and Mercer Streets,—

AMONG WHICH ARE:

English, Swedes and American Iron, assorted sizes,
Sanderson's cast Steel,
German, English and American Steel,
Band and Hoop Iron, assorted sizes,
Lead; cut and wrought Nails, all sizes,
Collins' Axes, Hatchets and Gouges,
Mill Irons, full assortment,
Anvils, Vices, Smith's Bellows, Horse shoes and Horse-shoe Nails,
Wagon Boxes, chains, wood screws,
Pots, Bake Pans and Frying Pans,
Table Knives and Forks, Pen and Pocket Knives,
Mill, crosscut, hand and tenant Saws,
Locks and Hinges, carpenter's Planes and Hammers,
Coffee Mills, Griddirons and Augers,
Grindstones, Manilla and cotton Rope ½ to 2 inches
And other articles, such as are usually kept in Hardware Stores.

HENKELL & ROBINSON.
Hamburg, Sept. 30, 1841. 1m67

The Greenville Mountaineer, Edgefield Advertiser and Highland Messenger will please give 4 insertions each, and forward their accounts to this Office.—*Journal.*

FEMALE ACADEMY.

THE annual public Examination will take place on Thursday and Friday, the 14th and 15th October.

Parents and other friends are respectfully invited to attend.

October 1, 1841. 66

CLOVER SEED!

THE subscriber has for sale at his store a quantity of first-rate clover seed.

Oct. 6. 8t67 A. B. CHUNN.

Factorage and Commission BUSINESS,

Hamburg, S. C.

AS I have declined selling goods, I beg leave to return my grateful acknowledgements to my friends, and the public generally, for their liberal patronage while thus engaged.

☞ I now offer my services to the public as an Agent, to RECEIVE and FORWARD

ALL KINDS OF MERCHANDIZE AND PRODUCE.

And, as I will not be engaged in any other business, I will pay strict attention to the interest of all those consigning their Produce or Merchandize to me, and while in my house the best care will be taken and forwarded with despatch, or orders promptly obeyed.

From experience and observation, I have long thought that a faithful agent could render considerable service to the Planters, in selling their cotton and flour, and buying their groceries; and, as I have been engaged in this market for the last ten years, and acquainted with the general *routine* of business, I therefore offer my services to my friends and the planters generally; and will faithfully devote my undivided attention to the interest of all those who may commit to my charge the selling of their produce and buying such articles as they may order.

IN ALL CASES, MY COMMISSIONS SHALL BE MODERATE.

H. L. JEFFERS.
Sept. 23, 1841. 2m66

P. S. I am not interested in any Warehouse in the place; therefore all cotton sent to my care will be stored as directed, and if no directions, my best judgment will be used for the planters' interest.

H. L. J.

The Greenville Mountaineer, Edgefield Advertiser, Pendleton Messenger, Highland Sentinel and Highland Messenger will insert the above two months, and forward bills.—*Journal.*

SADDLES, BRIDLES, &c., &c.

THE undersigned (late Smith & Wright) beg leave to inform their customers, and the public at large, that they are receiving invoices of a

Splendid stock of Goods,

from their manufactory, and from European markets, and can accommodate buyers on as fair terms as they can find any where else.

☞ They will have constantly on hand, a general assortment of

SADDLES, BRIDLES, MARTINGALES, & WHIPS, Trunks, Valices, Holsters & Harnesses,

Sole, Upper, and Harness Leather, Shoe Findings, Calf and Hog Skin, Saddlery Ware and Furniture, of every description.

They request those in need of articles in their line, to call at the old Brick Stand, (sign of the "Black Horse,") corner of Centre and Mercer streets, where favors will be thankfully received and orders punctually attended to.

WRIGHT, BULL & CO.
Hamburg, Sept. 9, 1841. 1m66

☞ The Greenville Mountaineer and Highland Messenger will copy four times, and forward accounts.—*Journal.*

NEW STORE.

The Subscriber

RESPECTFULLY announces that he has leased the *STORE*

Corner of Market and Centre Streets,

lately occupied by Mr. G. H. Taylor, and will keep on hand an assortment of

Groceries,

COTTON BAGGING, ROPE, IRON, &C., &C.

☞ Orders from the country will meet with prompt and strict attention.

H. URQUHART.
Hamburg, Nov. 9, 1840. 24tf

Stop the Villain!!!

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS REWARD!!!

ON the 24th instant, *JAMES H. McCLOUD* broke jail in this place, and made his escape, being committed under a charge of breaking open a store. *McCloud* is about thirty years of age, near six feet high, sandy hair and beard rather red. The subscriber will pay $25 00 for his apprehension.

JAS. M. SMITH.
Asheville, N. C., Sept. 1, 1841. 66

Wanting to employ.

A GOOD MILLER, who can come well recommended as an honest, industrious man, can find employment with the subscriber, to take charge of his saw and grist mills. One with a small family preferred. Apply immediately.

JAMES M. SMITH.
Asheville, Sept. 29th, 1841. 66

Augusta Bank-Note Table.

Corrected for the Chronicle & Sentinel, by John G. Winter, No. 248, Broad Street.

AUGUSTA NOTES.

Mechanics' Bank,		par.
Agency Brunswick Bank,		"
Bank of Augusta,		"
Augusta Ins. & Banking Company,		"
Branch Georgia Railroad,		"
Branch State of Georgia,		"

SAVANNAH NOTES.

State Bank,	1 a 2	dis'nt.
Marine & Fire Insurance Bank,	1 a 2	"
Central Railroad Bank,	1 a 2	"
Planters' Bank,	1 a 2	"

COUNTRY NOTES.

State Bank Branch, Macon,	1 a 2	dis'nt.
Other Branches State Bank,	1 a 2	"
Bank of Columbus,	11 a 13	"
Brunswick Bank,	1 a 2	"
St. Mary's Bank,	1 a 2	"
Branch Central R R. Bank, Macon,	1 a 2	"
Branch Mar. & Fire Ins. Bank,	1 a 2	"
Insurance B'k of Columbus, Macon,	1 a 2	"
Commercial Bank, Macon,	1 a 2	"
Planter's & Mec's B'k, Columbus,	12 a 14	"
Milledgeville Bank,	1 a 2	"
Bank of Hawkinsville,	15 a 20	"
Western Bank of Georgia,	no sale.	
Rockersville Bank,		
Georgia Railroad Bank, Athens,	1 a 2	"
Farm'rs' Bank of Chattahoochee,	2½ a 3½	"
Central Bank,	10 a 11	"
Ocmulgee Bank,	1 a 2	"
City Council of Augusta,	1 a 2	"
City Council of Columbus Macon, and Milledgeville,	18 a 20	"
Monroe Railroad Bank,	uncertain.	
Bank of Darien and Branches,	"	
Chattahoochee R.R. & B'king Co.	"	

SOUTH-CAROLINA NOTES.

Charleston Banks,		par.
Bank of Hamburg,		"
Country Banks,	½ a 1	dis'nt.

SPECIE-PAYING BANKS.

Mechanics' Bank, Augusta.
Bank of Augusta.
Augusta Insurance and Banking Co.
Branch State Bank at Augusta.
Do. Geo. R. R. Bank do.
Agency Brunswick Bank, do.
Commercial Bank, Macon.
Insurance Bank of Columbus at Macon.
Do. Branch in Savannah.

A LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post Office at Asheville, on the 1st of October, which if not taken out before the 1st of January, 1842, will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters:

Wm J Alston	Wm McChesney
Col Alston	Rev G A Mathes
B Alston	Peter and G o Miller
J E Alexander	J A McCollough 2
Robt Alexander	J H Moore
Col S Birdsall	J McKnight or J Patton
Jesse Blanton	
James Brevard	J Miller or Wm Deaver
J Birnhill or E Lannon	Col Thos Morris
Col L Briggs	J M Neel
Mrs C S Crose	B Oates 2
Jacob Cooner	J W Palmer
L Cruell	Wm Paxton
Miss M M Duckett	Capt S Potter
MajGen B M Edney 3	Jos B Pyatt
M Featherston	Messrs Patton & Setliff
Rev F M Fanning	A A Porter
Miss S A Gregg	J A Patton
Mrs L P Green	Miss M M Prayton
Mrs M P Gibbes	E Price
J T Griffin	Col H Reburn
J W Gillespie	E or P Reed
James Henry	Miss M Rhodes
Miss P Hicks	S Rhodes
Jacob Hice 2	Dr T S Roberts
Z L Harris	C B Richards
Thos Hipps	Wm Stevens
J Haren	C O Sarrels 2
D Hallard	J P Sadiff
John Henderson	Jos Sensabaugh
Wm Hassciting 3	A or H Waggoner
W Jones	Jos Worley
J Q A Lewis	Willis Worley
Wm Kelly 2	J J Wolf
Capt Wm Harrison	E White
Squal Murray	J M D Whitson
Rev S Morgan	

W. COLEMAN, P. M.
October 8, 1841. 67

A LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post Office at Franklin, on the 1st of October, 1841, which if not taken out in three months will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters:

Banks William	Mashburn Thomas
Carter G S	Murray Prusle or
Elliot William	Wm Jones
Ensley James	McIntire Andrew
Forrister John	McHan James
Fullings Charlotte Miss	McDowell John
James Benjamin	Morrison William 2
James James	Pendergrass Miles or John
Johnston Joseph	
Jarrotte N J	2 Plemmons Thomas
Judkins Tims J	Penland George
Johnston Robert	Scott John
Kilpatrick Ebenezer and Benjamin	Shope Jacob
	Shepherd Joseph D
Lowdermilk Jos J	Sanders Lemuel
Ledbetter Ira 2	Thomas William
Moore Wallace	Wilde George
McClure George	Williams William
Mason John	Young John

J. R. SILER, P. M.
Oct. 8, 1841. 67

A LIST OF LETTERS,

REMAINING in the Post Office at Burnsville, which if not taken out in three months, will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters:

Allen Joseph	McCurdy Dr W W
Deweese Rev Garrett	McElroy Mrs M S
Flemming Saml 2	McCourry Jas L
Gibbs Thomas	Patterson Rev J H
Honeycut Jacob 2	Phillipps John 2
Howard A G	Straley Dr J L
Hughs Wm	Silver Jacob
Hensley Henry and Polly	Shewford Martin
	Wilson Jesse
Horton Mrs Elizabeth	

J. A. WILSON, P. M.
Oct. 8, 1841.

The undersigned,

HAVING qualified as Administrators of the estate of *BENJAMIN KING*, dec'd., at July Session, 1841, of Henderson County Court, respectfully request all persons who are indebted to said estate to come forward and make payment.

And those having claims against the estate will present them, duly authenticated, as the law directs, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

ELISHA, DANIEL & JOHN KING, } Adm'rs.
September 15, 1841. tf 64

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Charleston, S. C.

FARRAR & HAYES

RESPECTFULLY announce to their friends, that their Stock is now complete—to which they have added a large and general assortment of COTTON BAGGING, BALE ROPE, and TWINE; and is offered for sale at usual.

Charleston, Aug. 20, 1841. 6 61

☞ Wanted, immediately, ☜

1000 FEET of Yellow Pine PLANK,—well kiln-dried, and delivered in Asheville. 500 ft. ½ inch thick, 12 ft. long and 18 inches wide. 500 ft. 1 inch thick, 15 to 18 inches wide, and 12 ft. long. Besides, a large quantity of other sawn LUMBER—the particulars of which will be made known on applicaiton at this Office.

September 15, 1841. 3 64

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.

THE subscriber wishes to sell the House and Lot in the town of Asheville, now occupied by himself, situate on the main street, south of the Court House.

On the lot is a large and comfortable house, suitable for a dwelling, store, or public house, with large and convenient stables and other out buildings. There is twenty-eight acres of land immediately joining the lot, and a tract of fifty Acres of woodland one mile from town. A further description is deemed unnecessary, as it is presumed any person wishing to purchase, will examine for themselves. Terms made to suit the convenience of the purchaser.

JOHN OSBORN.
Asheville, September 10, 1841. 63

Notice.

THE subscribers having qualified as Executors of the last Will and Testament of Jacob Summey, deceased, will sell on the 26th and 27th days of October next, on the premises, three miles from Henderson Court house, the following valuable property, viz:

Six Hundred Acres of Land,

with a comfortable dwelling house, and all other necessary out buildings.

Three Negroes.

Thirty-two Shares of Turnpike Stock—Horses, Cattle, Waggon, Carriage, and an extensive set of Copper, Tinner's, and Blacksmith's Tools—Ten Boxes Tin Plate, a quantity of Corn and Hay,—Household furniture—Copper Rivets and Copper Clippings—other articles not numerated.

Terms of sale, Twelve months credit, with note and approved security.

P. SUMMEY, JACOB RAMSOUR, } Ex'rs.

N. B.—All persons indebted to the estate of Jacob Summey, dec'd, are requested to make immediate settlement, and any person having claims against said estate will present them, properly authenticated, and within the time prescribed by law for payment, otherwise this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

P. SUMMEY, J. RAMSOUR, } Ex'rs.
September 10, 1841. 63 tds

EPSOM SALTS AND ALUM.

DR. JOHN MINGUS & CO.

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they are now prepared to work the

MINES

on the Smoky Mountain, near the Tennessee line, and they expect in a short time to be able to furnish the surrounding country with

Epsom Salts and Alum

of the best quality, on the most advantageous terms.

August 27, 1841. 1 61

Committed to Jail,

IN this place, on the 30th of August, a *NEGRO MAN*, who says his name is SHERIFF. Said negro is about five feet eight inches high; near 30 years old; says he belongs to William Zigley, Crawford county, Georgia. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be disposed of as the law directs.

J. M. SMITH, *Jailor.*
Asheville, Sept. 3, 1841. tf 62

Notice is hereby given,

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN,

That there was taken up by John Sitton, Buncombe county, N. C., 11 miles from Asheville, on Newfound creek, on the 28th of August, 1841,

A bright bay Mare and a Colt.

The said mare has a small white speck in the right eye—marks of the collar on the points of each shoulder; wind-galled on her left hind leg; supposed not to be less than twelve years old; with a large bell and leather collar, with a small scrap of leather sewed on the inside of the collar. Said mare is about 15 hands high; appraised her and colt to be worth forty dollars. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, and pay charges, and take her and colt away in the time prescribed by law, or they will be dealt with according to the same.

R. P. WELLS, *Ranger.*
September 3, 1841. 2 62

☞ NOTICE! ☜

HAVING disposed of my Stock of Goods, and rented my Stores to PATTON & OSBORN, I recommend my former customers to them. *Mr. OSBORN*, (who will conduct the business,) has been long in my employment, and I can safely recommend him as worthy of all confidence.

☞ Persons indebted to me, will find me in attendance at the old stand, and are earnestly requested to come forward and settle at once, and prevent suit.

JAS. W. PATTON.
Asheville, 23d July, 1841. 6 4

State of North Carolina,

CALDWELL COUNTY.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS—JULY TERM, 1841.

Willie Gathes, vs. Solomon Loudermilk. } *Attachment levied on Land.*

ORDERED by Court, that publication be made for six weeks in the "Highland Messenger" for the defendant to appear at our next Court to be held for the county of Caldwell, at the place appointed by law for holding said Court, on the fourth Monday in October next, to plead or replevy, otherwise judgment pro confesso will be entered up against him, and the lands levied on condemned to satisfy plaintiff's debt.

Witness, Elisha P. Miller, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the 4th Monday in July, 1841.

E. P. MILLER, C. C.
[Pr's fee, $5 50.] law. 61

Strayed

From the subscriber, living on Flat creek, Buncombe county, N. C., in June last, one small black filly, 3 years old, with a small bell on, and one clay bank or cream colored horse colt, 1 year old. The filly was raised in South Carolina, and may attempt to get back there. Any information directed to the subscriber, at Stocksville P. O., will be thankfully received.

C. G. WEAVER.
September 10, 1841. 63 3t