

**Doct. P. C. Caldwell.**

INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has taken the shop recently occupied by Dr. D. T. Caldwell, where he can at all times be found, except when professionally engaged. As he will devote his time solely to his profession, he hopes to receive a share of public patronage.

April 28, 1827.—5132.

**DOCTORS**

**Thos. I. Johnson & Thos. Harris.**

HAVING associated in the practice of MEDICINE, respectfully tender their services, in the several departments of their profession, to the citizens of Charlotte and its contiguous country. They can at all times be found, at their newly established shop, on the lot formerly occupied by Dr. Thomas Henderson, two hundred yards south of the Court-House, except when professionally engaged. They are in daily expectation of a fresh and genuine assortment of Medicine from Philadelphia and New-York.

**Watches & Jewellery.**

**THOMAS TROTTER & CO.**

TAKE this method to inform the public, that they have opened a shop in Charlotte, in the house lately occupied by Doct. Samuel Henderson, on the north side of the Court-House, where they are well prepared to repair all kinds of

**Watches & Clocks,**

at the shortest notice. They hope, by a constant attention to business, to merit the public patronage. They have on hand and for sale, the following articles:—

- Gentlemen's gold patent lever Watches; Ladies' do. do. do. Silver lever and plain do. Chains, Seals and Keys, Slides and Rings; Breast Pins, Finger Rings, and Ear Rings; Silver Table and Tea Spoons; Soup Ladles and Sugar Tongues; Silver Spectacles, green and white, to suit all ages; Military Buttons, Lace and Epauletts; Ladies' Work Boxes and Reticules; Bags and Clasps; Thimbles, &c. &c. &c.

**Public Entertainment.**

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public, that he has purchased that well known establishment, lately owned and occupied by Dr. Henderson, and is now prepared to entertain travellers and others, who may please to call on him; and no exertions will be spared to render them comfortable, and their stay agreeable. His table will be furnished with every variety which the country affords; his bar with the best of liquors; and his stables with plenty of provender, and careful servants will be in constant attendance.

ROBERT L. DINKINS. Charlotte, April 20, 1826. \*80

**House of Entertainment,**



AND Stage House, at the sign of the Eagle in Charlotte, North-Carolina, by 1a136 ROBERT WATSON.

**Every man his own Miller.**

THE subscriber having purchased the right for Benbow's Patent Horizontal Grist Mill, for the counties of Mecklenburg and Cabarrus, will have them constantly on hand, finished in a neat and durable manner, to operate by hand or horse power. Those wishing to purchase, will do well to call and examine this Mill. The proprietor will also sell single rights for making and using the above Mills.

BENJAMIN F. ALEXANDER. Mecklenburg, March, 1827.—6130

The above Mill may be seen at the Cabarrus and Mecklenburg Courts.

**Notice.**

I DO hereby forewarn any person from trading for a note of hand which I gave to Martin Zimmerman, dated April 7, 1827, in this place, for the sum of \$100 00, as I am determined never to pay one cent of said note, because I never received one cent of value for it, and it was not given according to law.

CHRISTIAN EARNEY. Lincolnton, April 14, 1827. 5129

**Notice.**

WILL be sold, at the Court-House in Concord, on the 3d Monday in July next, by order of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, one negro man named Edward, who was committed to the jail of the county twelve months ago, and said he belonged to one Johnson, a trader in negroes. Said fellow is of middle stature, tolerably stout built, and light color, and is now to be sold according to act of Assembly, to use of the county and satisfaction of jail fees, &c.

J. W. HAMILTON, Sheriff. Concord, April 16, 1827. 5130

**Apprentices.**

WANTED, at this Office, two boys, 15 or 16 years of age, as Apprentices to the Printing Business.

**Ruffner's Strictures.**

JUST PUBLISHED, and for sale at this Office, "Strictures on a Book, entitled, 'An Apology for the Book of Psalms, by Gilbert MeMaster.' To which are added, Remarks on a book, [by Alexander Gordon] entitled 'The Design and Use of the Book of Psalms.' By Henry Ruffner, A. M. With an Appendix, by JOHN M. WILSON, pastor of Rocky River and Philadelphia.

**Constable's Warrants,**

For sale, at this Office.

**Entry Takers' Warrants,**

For sale, at this Office.

**Amieligetta.**

RIO GRANDE.—The Brig Caledonia, Capt. Robinson, arrived on Saturday, sailed from Rio Grande on the 2d March. We learn that reports had reached that town of the occurrence of a severe battle between the Brazilian and Buenos Ayrean armies. No positive intelligence of the result had been permitted to transpire, although it was believed the authorities had received the particulars. The reports in circulation, and they were generally credited, were, that the Brazilians had met with an absolute defeat, and were only preserved from total destruction by the presence of the Austrian soldiers, a body of which the Emperor has in his service. The rumour of the defeat of the Brazilian Army, our readers may recollect, corresponds with the report which has already reached us from Rio de Janeiro. The scene of action was about 230 miles from Rio Grande.

Balt. Patriot.

Commodore Porter.—By the schooner Teison, Capt. Hallet, arrived at N. York from Xibara, Cuba, we learn that letters had been received from Havana, stating that two brigs belonging to Commodore Porter's squadron had been captured by Laborde's fleet. A letter from Havana, dated April 7, contains the following passage:—"One of our coasting vessels has arrived here, bringing on board, as prisoners, the first officer of Com. Porter, one lieutenant, and several seamen, who were risen upon by the Spanish crew after their capture."

From India.—The editor of the Boston Daily Advertiser announces Calcutta papers to the 28th of December. It is mentioned in one of those papers, as proof of the great value of the newly acquired English possessions on the Jenasserim coast, that samples of cotton have been already produced, superior in quality to the Bandu, which had been considered the best grown in Hindostan. They were flattering themselves with the hope that this cotton would become a competitor in the English market with the American Sea Island.

MONTEREAL, MARCH 18.

Bold Language.—We may well say that a crisis is approaching. There can be no doubt that the question will soon be tried in Canada, whether our representative government is to exist or to be extinguished. An awful and tremendous crisis approaches, not only for Lower Canada, but for Upper Canada, New-Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and it will extend itself to Jamaica.

It is announced by the Quebec Mercury of the 27th inst., an official paper—that as often as the people of this province—the freeholders and landholders of this country, return into the assembly, gentlemen who have a hold on their confidence, & who will not surrender to the executive the uncontrolled dominion over the taxes of their constituents, and consequently who will not give up all their influence and power in the constitution, the government will turn them out; yes, fellow citizens, the expression in the government paper is—will turn them out—mind that, fellow citizens—a d if you are not fit to be trampled into the mire by tyrants and clerkarchies, what sensations will it excite?

The Mercury of the same date, conducted by official men, announces another project, which, equally with the tyrannical exercise of the prerogative, will annihilate our constitution.

Unless the House of Assembly surrender the Taxes of the country to the Executive, and consequently place the whole country and all its concerns at the mercy of the Executive, the Legislative Council, the majority of which receives a large amount of the monies at pleasure of the King and the Governor, will in future pass no money Bill for any object—Charities, Improvements, or others; will harass, punish, and injure the country; and the Governor, following precisely the doctrines of Charles I., of England, is to take, according to his discretion and pleasure, out of the funds of the country whatever he pleases.

These are the projects announced in an official paper. Let the Country not disregard them: last session their practice commenced. Now if the country is not roused by those official declarations, it is the basest, the vilest Country on the Globe—it is below Naples, or Spain in wisdom or spirit. But what is to be done? All that the Constitution or the Laws allow, while the Constitution and the Laws exist. Establish Constitutional Committees in every Parish and County; establish a Central Committee; form Resolutions and Addresses to the King and the House of Commons; and as the Principles with which we are menaced may be brought to bear against other Colonies, send in time, Commissioners to the House of Assembly in each.

Canadian Spectator.

In France, the grapes most valued for wine are small and of a harsh flavor. The oldest vines produce the best. The finest Burgundy is made in a vineyard where no vines have been planted in two centuries.

ALEXANDRIA, MARCH 11.—It being necessary, on Saturday last, for the collector of this port to enforce the President's Proclamation in relation to the British Colonial Trade. The English ship Killingbuck, of London, from Antigua, with a cargo of molasses, rum and wine, and several passengers, arrived on that morning, and was promptly ordered to depart in 24 hours. On application to the President of the United States, the passengers were permitted to land, with their baggage, but no other privilege being granted, the ship sailed within the prescribed time, for some port beyond the limits of the United States. A part of the cargo was on account of resident merchants.

Phoenix Gazette.

A London paper relates an instance of wickedness, arising from the "accursed thirst of gold," which perhaps has never been surpassed. It was the case of a girl who was about to be married, and resolved on destroying her father and mother, with their five children, in order to possess herself of their property. Accordingly she infused into their drink at dinner (buttermilk) the deadly mixture, of which her parents and their children partook. The account states that the children luckily escaped, but the wretched mother, having drunk largely of the milk, was lingering in deadly agony. Even when she was writhing under the effects of the poison, and parched with a deadly thirst, her guilty offspring gave her, to quench her thirst, whey made with the poisoned buttermilk. The girl subsequently confessed her guilt.

Adoption.—There is a singular system in France relative to adoption of children. A family who has none, adopts as their own a fine child belonging to a friend, or more generally to some poor person (for the laws of population in the poor differ from those in the rich); the adoption is regularly registered by the civil authorities, and the child becomes heir-at-law to the property of its new parents, cannot be disinherited by any subsequent caprice of the parties; they are bound to support it suitable to their rank, and to do every thing due to their offspring.

A number of Spanish prisoners, released from Algerine slavery, arrived at Port Mahon in February last, in the most distressed situation. The officers and crew of the U. S. frigate Constitution, observing their destitute condition, volunteered a handsome subscription to relieve them, and paid their passage to Spain.

**THE VENUS DE MEDICIS.**

From Carter's Letters.

Preminent and triumphant over all the rest, rich as they are in the productions of the great masters of every age, is the apartment called the Tribune. This superb little temple in the form of an octagon, twenty feet in diameter, with a pavement of splendid mosaic, walls lined with crimson velvet, and a dome inlaid with pearl, has been selected, on account of enjoying a better light, as the depository of the most precious articles in the Gallery. Immediately on entering the door, the eye of the visitor falls full upon the immortal statue of the Venus de Medicis, which presents us a form as matchless in beauty, as did the goddess herself, when she rose in all her purity from the wave. What must have been the imagination of the man, who could conceive the image of a being so divine—what the skill and taste that could embody the conception, and call it forth from the marble!

But the subject so far transcends my powers, that I will neither repeat old panegyrics, nor attempt new ones. He who has read Byron's poetry will never read my prose. With the authors of some of the folio descriptions of the Gallery, I might apply the simile and inform the public, that the diminutive goddess is exactly four feet, 11 inches, and four lines in height—with the dancing master, I could describe her attitude upon the pedestal, resting upon her left foot, with her right brought to the first position; one arm forming a graceful curve, and the other dropping to her waist; her body gently inclining forward, and head soldier-like, addressed to the right.—With the antiquary I might trace her to Adrian's Villa, look up the label of old Cleomenes, the Athenian artist, and record just what parts of her legs, and arms, and trunk, have been added by modern sculptors—I might pursue her adventurous voyages and travels to Sicily and across the Alps, in the midst of revolutionary turmoils;—her sojourn in the Louvre, and her crowd of Parisian admirers—but after all, he that never has seen the statue would know little of its merits. There is a grace seated upon the polished brow and lurking in the tangles of silken tresses, a delicate softness in the slightly contracted eye, a charm in the pointing lip, a sweetness of expression in the face, as inimitable as it is indescribable. As to the rest,

"Leave to beared fingers, and wise hands, The artist and his art, to teach and tell How well his compass, chisel, and mallet, The graceful hand, and the voluptuous swell."

From the Greensburg (Pa.) Gazette.

Shocking Affair.—An instance of very deliberate suicide has just been communicated to us. *Andrew Reichel*, of Mount-pleasant township, Pa. well known as "the old pump-maker," put a period to his existence by shooting himself, in his own house, one day last week. The particulars, as we gather from the inquest held by coroner Kuhns upon the body, are these: Having no family, his son had lived with him, until a misunderstanding took place, when the son left the house. In his absence, the old man ascended to the garret of the cabin by a ladder, got an old musket which had no lock, and put a heavy load of powder and slugs into it. He then laid it on the floor, with the touch hole upward, the butt of the gun being supported by a hog's foot, and the muzzle resting upon a piece of bacon. He then lighted a piece of punk, which he put upon the touch-hole, after priming, and laid himself down on his back, with his head close to the muzzle of the gun, & his body in a direct line with it, his arms folded across his breast. The charge entered the top of his head, came out at his throat, and entered again at his breast.

A little girl, daughter of Sarah Brooks, ear Nashville, Tenn. aged about 6 years, was, a few days ago, burnt to death, by the accidental communication of fire to her clothes. Having taken fire to the field where a young man was at work, she in sport gathered some dry grass, and set it in flames for amusement; the blaze seizing on her clothing, she was so dreadfully burnt before assistance could be given, that she survived but a few hours.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y. APRIL 11.—We took occasion some months since, to advert to two pieces of very superior Broad-cloth which were exhibited here, manufactured of Saxony wool from the flocks of Mr. Davies and Mr. Swift, by Mr. Wadsworth, of this village. Last Saturday, in common with many other of our citizens, we had the pleasure of examining another piece of Broadcloth manufactured by the same gentleman of Saxony wool from the flock of N. P. Tallmadge, Esq. We are not sufficiently skilled in such matters to pronounce with certainty how well this latter piece would compare with the two former, though we should think it is at least equal to them. Be this as it may, it is quite certain, that so long as our farmers can produce such wool, and we have manufacturers among us capable of making it into such cloths as Mr. Wadsworth has shown himself capable of making, even those who are most fastidious in the selection of their wardrobes, will have no occasion to seek for other than American cloth.

The great *Ce Colomona*, is advertised for exhibition at Boston. He is stated to be four thousand pounds weight, and is probably the largest in the world. He certainly disproves Buffon's doctrine of the degeneracy of animals in America.

Democratic Press.

It is stated as a remarkable fact, that in the village of Rochester, (N. Y.) in a population of 8000, there is not one *avert* a native of the village! The oldest person now living who was born there, is not seventeen years of age! The progress of this settlement, altogether, is unexampled.

An interesting Sight.—We were present at the election, on Monday, when the venerable Dr. Holyoke, who is now in his 99th year, walked up to the ballot box to deposit his vote in favor of Gov. Lincoln. It was an interesting spectacle, and attracted the attention of every one present. His venerable friend Colonel Pickering, who is in his 82nd year, likewise attended the election.

Salon Observer.

Depth of the American Lakes.—Lake Erie has about thirty-five fathoms of water above its lowest bed, though it is not often more than twenty-five in depth. Lake St. Clair is shallow, rarely exceeding four fathoms. Lakes Huron, Michigan, and Superior, are, in places, nine hundred feet deep, sinking about three hundred feet below the level of the ocean.

By a late list, it appears that there are thirty-four eminent English titles, the right heirs of which are supposed to be in the United States. Among them are the Earldoms of Northumberland and Warwick. A number of large estates are also in the same situation.

Active Benevolence.—A horse, harnessed to a chaise, was observed during the greater part of yesterday, tied at the lower end of Merchant's Hall. Some passer-by, more considerate than the owner of the beast, towards night placed on a conspicuous part of the harness, the following label:—"Wanted! Half a peck of Oats. Inquire within." Boston pup.

An American female dwarf, Miss, A. McDowell, is at present exhibited in New York. She was born in Cecil county, Maryland, March 26, 1797, and is now in her 31st year, weighs 20 pounds, and is only 20 inches high.

Steam Engine.—We are informed, that Mr. Perkins has at length got rid of the only obstacle which presented itself against the action of his immensely powerful steam engine—that of effecting nearly a perfect vacuum under the foot of the piston, by which means the whole power or elasticity of the steam from the induction pipe is allowed to operate without resistance.—Certain other improvements have also been effected for diminishing friction, &c. but as we understand they form the subject of a fresh patent, we cannot at present enter into further particulars.

Literary Gaz.

Catholic Question.—This momentous topic of British Catholic emancipation and Irish subordination and peace, upon which the weal of the empire was, on both sides in the debate, declared to depend,—was fully argued, and finally decided, in two sittings of the House, on consecutive days. Let this despatch be compared with the duration of debate in our Congress, even on subjects of much less extent and relative importance. Occasionally, more weeks are consumed with us than hours in the British Legislature; and it cannot be said by any one who has read the reports of the argument on the Catholic Question, that it was not ample; that it did not embrace all that could be deemed necessary to enable a hearer to decide, though he had been wholly un-informed and unconcerned.

Nat. Gazette.

A Dangerous Adventure.—Not long since a reverend clergyman in Vermont, being apprehensive that the accumulated weight of snow upon the roof of his barn might do some damage to his real estate—to the treasures of his earthly inheritance; was resolved to prevent it by seasonably shovelling it off. He therefore ascended it, having first, for fear the snow might all slide off at once and himself with it, fastened to his waist one end of a rope and given the other to his wife. He went to work, but fearing still for his safety, "my dear," says he, "tie the rope around your waist,"—no sooner had she done this than off went the snow, poor minister and all, and up went his wife.

Thus on one side of the barn the astounded and confounded clergyman hung, but on the other side hung his wife, high and dangling at the end of the rope. At that moment, however, a gentleman luckily passing by, delivered them from their perilous situation.

Vermont Patriot.

"A Faithful Dog."—We understand some of the inhabitants in the vicinity of the "mill dam" were awakened from sleep about 12 o'clock on Monday night, by an unusual barking of a dog. Efforts were made to rid themselves of a troublesome disturber of their slumbers, by killing the dog; and while in the pursuit, they found his master in a deep hole near the dam, in which he had fallen, and from which, on account of the sad effects of intemperance, he was unable to extricate himself. His faithful dog moaned by his side, and brought that relief without which his master might have perished.

Concord Gazette.

Never Despair.—A gentleman who had paid some attention to a young lady, near Portsmouth, N. H. proposed marriage, which she declined, on account of her youth, (not a common reason.) He begged her to name when he might expect a favorable answer. She replied in 20 years—(her age was then 20.) He paid strict attention to her, and at the expiration of that time reminded her of her promise; when, true to her word, she accepted his hand, and they were married.

Fecundity of Fishes.—It is asserted of the Herring, that if suffered to multiply unmolested, and its offspring to remain undiminished during the space of twenty years, it would show a progeny many times greater in bulk than the whole earth! And that a single Codfish will produce at a birth, if they escape depredation, a number equal to the whole population of England.

[The book of Nature laid open.]

An Old Bachelor in Ohio, by way of a set off against Gen. McClure's proposition to tax Bachelors instead of dogs, proposes as follows—hear him. "Let every one who is tired of conjugal felicity, pay a certain fee to the state for a divorce according to his ability; and it will not only supercede the necessity of taxing dogs, but there will be no need of taxes of any kind. And if government will give me the exclusive privilege of unmarried all those who wish to be unmarried in the United States, I will pledge myself to pay off the National Debt in five years."

Georgian.

We were much amused with the reply of one of Capt. Head's companions on the summit of the Cordilleras, when all around was a surface of snow—"cheerless, wild, and inhospitable as the view was, still it was sublime,"—he observed to one whose honest heart and thoughts clung to England—"what a magnificent view, what thing can be more beautiful?" After smiling for some seconds, the Cornish lad replied, "them things, sir, that do wear caps and aprons."