



THE STATES: "Distinct as the Billows, but one as the Sea."

Western Democrat

BY JOHN J. PALMER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CHARLOTTE. Tuesday Morning, Aug't 19, 1856

DEMOCRATIC Anti-KNOW-NOTHING TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT, JAMES BUCHANAN, OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, J. C. BRECKINRIDGE, OF KENTUCKY.

ELECTORS FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT: For the State at Large: Henry M. Shaw, of Currituck. Samuel P. Hill, of Caswell.

DISTRICTS: 1st Dist. Wm. F. Martin, of Pasquotank. 2d " William J. Blow, of Pitt. 3d " M. B. Smith, of New Hanover. 4th " Gaston H. Wilder, of Wake. 5th " S. E. Williams, of Alamance. 6th " Thomas Suttle, Jr., of Rock'mg. 7th " R. P. Waring, of Mecklenburg. 8th " W. W. Avery, of Burke.

THE HON. JOHN W. CHRISTFIELD OF MARYLAND.

We invite attention to the able letter of this distinguished Whig, of Maryland, on the first page of to-day's paper. It is an admirable production, well written, and abounding in good sense. He coincides with the Whig U. S. Senators of that State, in the opinion that the contest is entirely between Buchanan and Fremont, and that it is the duty of all Southerners to pursue the only course which promises the defeat of Black Republicanism—the support of Mr. Buchanan. We wish every old-liner and young-liner in the land would read the straightforward and patriotic letter of Mr. Christfield.

THE OPINION OF SENATOR JONES, OF TENNESSEE.

Senator Jones, of Tennessee, an old line Whig, delivered a speech in the U. S. Senate, on the 9th instant, and avowed his determination to vote with the Democratic Party in the approaching election for President. After defending Mr. Buchanan from the charge that he was the author of the bargain and intrigue allegation against Mr. Clay, and avowing his belief that the "American" party were not sound on the Kansas question, Senator Jones said the most ardent friends of Mr. Fillmore, claimed for him but four States, leaving him minus sixty votes of an election, "but from the signs of the times it did not appear that he could carry any one of them." Nor does Senator J. believe Mr. Fillmore's chances would be improved, could he succeed in defeating an election by the people and carrying it to the House of Representatives.

The National Intelligencer.

The Richmond (Va.) Examiner says: "It is authoritatively stated that the National Intelligencer, the time-honored organ of Clay and Webster and the Old Line Whig party, will support Mr. Buchanan for the Presidency."

The National Intelligencer, John M. Clayton, of Del., Senators Pratt and Pearce of Md., Reverdy Johnson, John W. Christfield, of the same State, Senator Jones of Tennessee, the Hon. Percy Walker, of Alabama, &c., all coming out in favor of Mr. Buchanan, within the last few days.—It is apparent that the Know-Nothing party will ere long be left entirely in the keeping of Kenneth Rayner, John M. Bots, and politicians of that dignified stamp.

THE HON. JOHN KERR.

Know-Nothing Journals continue to copy and endorse the mean and disgraceful act perpetrated by the Know-nothings of Rutherfordton, who tolled the town bell at the conclusion of the speech recently delivered there by the Hon. John Kerr. The best commentary on that low-minded act, and the highest compliment on the ability of the speech of Mr. Kerr, are to be found in the vote of that county, which exhibits a Democratic gain of six hundred and eighty-seven, since the Governor's election of 1854!—The People of Rutherfordton have thus given an appropriate rebuke to the backgraders who rung the bell.

THE LETTER OF DR. ROSS.

In our next we shall take pleasure in complying with the request of a lady, and laying before our readers a letter from Dr. Ross, of Huntsville, Ala., on the subject of the slavery agitation. The communication appears in a late number of the Knoxville Presbyterian Witness. The Doctor believes that much good is to result to the South from the slavery agitation, and points to some facts already developed in support of his argument. His views are somewhat novel, but interesting and worthy of the most respectful consideration.

FROM EUROPE.

We have advices from Europe, by the steamer Baltic, to the 6th instant. Cotton was firm, and prices tending upwards.—Brazil-stuffs had largely declined, owing to favorable crop prospects.

NORTH CAROLINA ELECTION.

In another column we give returns from 72 counties, which foot up as follows: Bragg..... 51,850 Gilmer..... 40,532

Table showing Bragg's present majority (11,327) and the following ten counties to be heard from. Lists counties like Cumberland, Carteret, Cherokee, Currituck, etc., with their respective votes for Bragg and Dockery.

Bragg's maj. (without further gains) 11,987 It would be safe, however, to estimate his gains in the above counties, at 1,000—making his entire majority in the State, 12,987—or, in round numbers, 13,000.

WITHDRAWING.

Know-Nothing journals have been circulating a miserable story that the Democrats have been considering a proposition for the withdrawal of Mr. Buchanan. The same journals were not long since engaged in representing that the only hope of the Democratic party, for success at the next Presidential election, rested on the refusal of Mr. Fillmore to accept the nomination of the disjunct Philadelphia Convention.

Know-Nothing journals have been charging that Democrats in Congress are in favor of giving away the public lands, in new States, for purposes of internal improvements therein. To show with what consistency such a charge is made, the Hon. David S. Reid has furnished the Raleigh Standard with an official statement from Thos. Hendricks, Esq., Commissioner of the General Land Office, showing that the Know-Nothing candidate for the Presidency, Mr. Fillmore, is a little deeper in the mud than the Democrats are in the mire on this subject. From September 1850 to February, 1853, during Mr. Fillmore's Administration, eight millions, two hundred and six thousand, six hundred and eighty-two acres of the public lands were "squandered" with his consent and "approval." The great grant to the Illinois rail-road Company, about which Know-Nothing leaders have carped not a little, was among the "squanderings" "approved" by Mr. Fillmore.

CELEBRATION.

The Standard informs us that a Barbecue is to come off at Raleigh, to-morrow (Wednesday) on a mammoth and magnificent scale, in celebration of the late Democratic Bragg victory. Democrats, Old-Liners, and all parties have a cordial invitation to participate, free of cost. At night there is to be a grand torch-light procession and other ceremonies, accompanied by bands of music, &c.

THE FIRST BALE.

The first bale of new cotton was received yesterday over the Manchester road. It was made by Gen. William Evans of Marion District, South Carolina, and consigned to Henry Nutt, Esq., of this place. General Evans, we understand, is the same gentleman who shipped the first bale ever sent over the road, and has since that time always been the earliest in the market.—[Wilmington Journal.]

A GOOD PRICE.

The bale of Cotton we noticed in yesterday's paper from the plantation of Gen. William Evans, from Marion District, S. C., was sold to-day by John L. Cantwell to Willard & Curtis for the fine price of fifteen cents per lb.—[Ibid.]

KNOW-NOTHING.

The trial of prisoners, for treason, was progressing at the last dates from Kansas. The free-soilers were threatening to rescue them from punishment, and the U. States troops were kept in readiness to see that the laws were faithfully executed.

Rain.

The hopes expressed in our last, have been fully realized. The rain of Monday night, the 11th inst. was followed by other copious showers during the week—thoroughly saturating the earth. The cotton crops are now reviving, and the late corn experiencing no little benefit. It is now—Tuesday morning—a light rain; the temperature at 70.

MISSOURI ELECTION.

Truett Polk, Governor; Hancock Jackson, Lt. Governor; Benjamin F. Massey, Attorney General; E. B. Ewing, Auditor; and W. H. Baffington, Treasurer—all Democrats of the right stripe—have been elected on the State Ticket in Missouri, over the Know-Nothing and Tom-Benton factions, by a clear majority of not less than 7,000. Messrs. Caruthers, Greene, Craig, and Phelps, regular Democrats, and Blair, Benton Democrat, and Anderson and Woodson, Americans, have been elected to Congress.—one of the latter to fill a vacancy in the present House of Representatives.—The Legislature also Democratic.

Benton was so badly beaten, for Governor, that his friends have withdrawn their field-clear for the Democrats and the Know-Nothing things on the 4th of November next. We fear the majority for Buchanan will not exceed 20,000 in Missouri.

KENTUCKY.

All right! The Democratic majority is between 7,000 and 8,000. In November it will be about 15,000. Mark what we say.

ARKANSAS.

Returns have been received from 24 counties of this State, which show that the House of Delegates have 65 Democrats and 10 Know-Nothings elected; and to the Senate, 20 Democrats and 5 Know-Nothings. Couway's (Dem.) majority for Governor is nearly 10,000, and both of the Congressmen are Democrats.

IOWA.

A fusion of Know-Nothingism with black Republicanism has defeated the Democrats in this free-soil State—the majority about the same as last year—between 4,000 and 5,000. Hall (Dem.) it is believed is re-elected to Congress.—The other district elects a Fusionist.

TEXAS.

Returns from the Texas election show increased Democratic majorities.

ATLANTA AND CHARLOTTE RAIL-ROAD.

Many of our readers will be pleased to see in to-day's paper the proceedings of a meeting in Dallas, Gaston County, in favor of an air-line Rail-Road from Charlotte to Atlanta, Georgia. This is an enterprise which has begun to elicit general attention and interest, not only along the line of the contemplated road, but from the travelling public and all who desire a more direct, comfortable, expeditious, and a cheaper route from the South to the North than that afforded by the present zig-zag rail-road lines. As to the demand for such a road, there can be no difference of opinion amongst those who have reflected upon the subject; and that it would be the great thoroughfare between the South and the North, and pay a lucrative premium on the capital required for its construction, there can be no doubt. Let the friends of the work continue to draw attention to it, and the day will not be distant when the enterprise will be put under contract.

We hope our editorial brethren, between this place and Atlanta, will notice the proceedings of the people of Gaston, and urge upon all who approve of an air-line road between the points indicated, to hold similar meetings to promote so desirable an object.

THE PUBLIC LANDS.

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TEXAS.

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There was an error, in regard to Tennessee holding her elections on the 9th inst.

NORTH CAROLINA ELECTION.



Democratic Majority about 13,000!

We give below the Vote, with that for Governor in 1854—(10 counties to be heard from.)

Table with columns for Counties, Bragg (D.), Dockery (W.), Bragg (D.), and Ouler (W. N.). Lists counties like Alamance, Alexander, Anson, Ashe, Burke, Bladen, Bertie, Beaufort, Brunswick, Cabarrus, Catawba, Craven, Cumberland, Chowan, Columbus, Camden, Carteret, Cherokee, Caswell, Chatham, Caldwell, Currituck, Cleveland, Davidson, Davie, Duplin, Edgecombe, Forsythe, Franklin, Gaston, Greenville, Guilford, Greene, Gates, Haywood, Halifax, Hertford, Hyde, Henderson, Iredell, Jackson, Jones, Johnston, Lenoir, Lincoln, Madison, Martin, McDowell, Moore, Montgomery, Macon, Mecklenburg, Nash, New Hanover, Northampton, Onslow, Orange, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Pitt, Person, Robeson, Rockingham, Rowan, Rutherford, Randolph, Richmond, Sampson, Surry, Stokes, Stanly, Tyrrell, Union, Wake, Warren, Washington, Watauga, Wayne, Wilkes, Yadkin, Yancey.

Bragg's maj. 2,085 B.'s maj. 11,327

The ten counties to be heard from will give Bragg about 1700 majority—making his majority in the State 13,000!

DEMOCRATIC GAINS.

Table showing Democratic gains in 1854 compared with the Governor's election in 1854. Lists counties and their respective gains for Bragg and Dockery.

KNOW-NOTHING GAINS.

Table showing Know-Nothing gains in 1854 compared with the Governor's election in 1854. Lists counties and their respective gains for Dockery and Ouler.

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.

In the last Legislature there was a Democratic majority of about 20. In the next Legislature, the Democratic majority will be about 40—so states the Raleigh Standard. There was at the late election a net gain of 5 Senators and 15 Commoners. As soon as the returns are in from the whole State, we will endeavor to give a list of the Senators and Delegates elect.

A CHAIN GANG.

The Common Council of the City of Richmond, Virginia, recently passed an act directing that persons who shall hereafter be committed to the jail of that city, for offences not punishable under the criminal laws of the State, shall have chains and balls attached to their legs, and compelled to work on the public streets, under the whip and lash of an overseer. This is a harsh measure, which will, we predict, when viewed under its practical operation, receive the condemnation of all liberal-minded citizens of Virginia. We judge by our own feelings. Is it not cruel to bring disgrace upon whole families, by placing a husband, a father, a son, or a brother, in this chain gang, under the eyes not only of his immediate kindred, but of the whole community, for the crime of drunkenness, a mere breach of the peace, or some other similar petty offence? It is a punishment not suitable to the offence—a position more humiliating and degrading than confinement in the penitentiary, shut out from the view of the world—and a disgrace which may be cast at innocent families for ages to come.—Even the murderer might regard such a public punishment and degradation as severe. Many, we doubt not, who will come under the operation of this law, have been useful and respectable citizens, in days of prosperity, and now may have wives, children, connexions, and friends to witness a father, a connexion, or friend, consigned to the chain gang, in the public streets of a crowded city, for the mere (and common) crime of getting drunk—an offence which, for reasons well understood, two-thirds of the criminals will go unpunished. Laws are made to reform as well as to punish.—A man may wipe out the disgrace of confinement in jail or even a private work-house, for drunkenness, breaches of the peace, &c., and reform, and again become a respectable member of society; but all incentive to reformation will be cut off by the lasting disgrace of wearing a ball and chain, with an overseer over him, and compelled to work, in the public streets, under the eyes of a crowded city. His best friends would no longer have a hope of reforming one who had thus been degraded. Such a harsh measure might be dealt out to the worthless free negroes of a city, but surely Virginians, and strangers too, will look upon such a sight as a chain gang of white men, exposed in the public streets of that city, for no crime (or if it be a crime, one for which nine-tenths of the criminals will go unpunished) with abhorrence and disgust. We are no apologists for drunkenness and loafing; but, charity and humanity are loudly attributes which should not be outraged as in the case before us. Poor, frail human nature might present strong extenuating causes for the wreck of fortune, character, and love of the bottle, in many cases, if the hidden secrets of private history could be read. And certain it is, a chain gang for offenders of the class of unfortunates upon whom it is to bear, violates the spirit if not the letter of the laws of Virginia, which are designed to be just and not cruel. If such a law be carried out impartially and without favoritism, by the Mayor of Richmond (and his oath binds him to do it) it will not be long, we predict, before its cruelty and hideousness are seen, and a general petition go up to the Council for its repeal. It will be well for those who advocated and passed such a law, if the time never arrives when their own experiences or that of some of their immediate friends, shall convince them of the truth of what we say. Of one thing we are certain, such a law, with its degrading practical workings constantly before the eyes of liberal and humane Virginians, will not be long tolerated in the Capital of that great State. Even the rogues and the murderers of the penitentiary of the State, are allowed to work in the public grounds of that city, without heavy chains and balls attached to their bodies.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

The Rev. W. S. PHARR was installed Pastor of Ramoth Church, on the 8th instant, by a Committee of Concord Presbytery. The Rev. D. Lacy preached the sermon, propounded the constitutional questions, and gave the charge to the Pastor. The Rev. H. B. Cunningham gave the charge to the people.

MARRIED.

At Beattie's Ford, on the 13th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Hewitt, Hon. R. W. CONNER, to Miss MARY L. BROWN, daughter of Alfred M. Burton. Near East Rocky River, on the 15th inst., by A. M. Gillespie, Esq., Mr. JOHN L. VARNER, of Parkville, Cabarrus county, to Miss MARTHA FULLHAM, of Mecklenburg. At Fox Creek, on the 7th instant, by the Rev. H. B. Cunningham, D. D., Mr. JAMES F. HIPP to Miss MARGARET A. CATHEY. On the 24th ult., by Alexander Cooper, Esq., Mr. JOHN P. ROBINSON, to Miss SUSAN E. RODDEN, all of Mecklenburg. On the 1st ult., by Alexander Cooper, Esq., Mr. JOSEPH M. ROBINSON, to Miss FANNY KING, all of Mecklenburg. On the 13th inst., by Alexander Cooper, Esq., Mr. R. J. WARD, to Miss MARTHA A. JOHNSON, all of Mecklenburg. On Wednesday, the 16th instant, by Rev. David P. Fox, Mr. JOHN W. HENDERSON, of Mississippi, to Miss HARRIET E. COOPER, daughter of Alexander Cooper, Esq., of this county—all for Buchanan and Breckinridge.

DIED.

On Friday night last, in Mecklenburg county, Mr. LEONIDAS ERWIN, of South Carolina, in the 31st year of his age. At her residence, in this county, on the 10th ult., Mrs. MARGARET REID, relict of the late Joseph Reid, in the 65th year of her age. The deceased was universally acknowledged by all the members of her family and all her neighbors to be an exemplary, industrious and hospitable lady; and it is to be hoped that, though bereft of the remains of her beloved and affectionate mother. The only source of consolation in such separation from friends is to be found in the equity and benevolence of the divine government, and in the hopeful conviction that our loss is her everlasting gain. Coz.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE firm of B. Koopman & Co., has this day been dissolved, by mutual consent. All persons indebted, will please make early payment to B. Koopman, who will continue the business on his own account, at the old stand. B. KOOPMAN, ELLIAS & COHEN. Aug. 16, 1856—4f

NEW TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

ALEXANDER & LENTILE. WOULD inform the citizens of Charlotte and the surrounding country, that they have taken the room No. 4, Springs Row, formerly occupied by R. M. Robison, where they intend carrying on the Tailoring Business in all its branches. Having engaged the services of A. B. Thune, whose reputation as a Cutter, is well known in this community, they feel no hesitancy in saying that they are well prepared to give satisfaction as any other establishment in this part of the country; and by close application and strict attention to business, they hope to merit a liberal share of patronage. His fees warranted. Fashions received monthly from the best reports. ALEXANDER & LENTILE. August 10, 1856—4f

Selling Off at Cost.

I WILL SELL until the first of October next, my whole Stock of Goods, at cost for cash. Persons in want of any Goods would save money by giving me a call. F. W. AHRENS. My Stock consists of Dry-Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Cigars, Glass-ware, Saddles and numerous other articles. The assortment is large, and the stock having been purchased mostly this last spring, it is well the attention of cash buyers, as all Goods will be offered at cost without reserve. F. W. AHRENS. All notes and accounts due George Bargman, and Geo. Bargman & Co., have been left with me for collection, and must be settled immediately, as longer indulgence will not be given. Aug. 19, 1856—4f. F. W. AHRENS.

A Valuable Plantation For Sale.

THE Plantation formerly belonging to the late Mrs. Cynthia Williamson, containing 136 Acres, more or less, will be sold at her late residence, on the 16th of September next. Any person wishing to purchase Land, would do well to examine it before the day of sale. The plantation is situated about 10 miles south of Charlotte, on the National Road, and is about 13 miles from Morrow's T. O., on the C. & S. C. R. R. The Land is well adapted to the cultivation of Grains and Cotton. Also, On the same day, and at the same place, will be sold 2 Negroes. Terms made known on day of sale. WM. D. RUSSELL, MARY HUNTER. August 19, 1856—5w

Can be Seen, AT MESSRS. FISHER & BURROUGHS'S, PLANNING MACHINE.

For inspection and sale—built at this place by S. J. PERRY. Charlotte, Aug. 19, 1856—4f

Ran Away

FROM the subscriber, on the 7th instant, an apprentice to the tailoring business, named W. H. Berryhill. All persons are warned against harbouring or employing said boy. D. L. REA. Charlotte, Aug. 19, 1856—3w

A Valuable House and Lot For Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale his large and well-improved House and Lot, situated in the southern portion of the town, adjoining the Lots now owned by R. F. Davidson and A. H. Martin, known as the "Spill" property. Mr. John R. Daniel is fully authorized to make sale in my absence. Persons in want of a desirable situation in town, would do well to call and examine this property. The House and all out-buildings are new and in first-rate order.—possession given immediately. Terms made to suit the purchaser. JOHN ALLISON. P. S.—The property will be rented until the 1st of January, 1857, to a good tenant. August 19, 1856—4f

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A Valuable HOUSE and LOT FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE subscribers offer their well-improved Lots in the town of Charlotte, for sale or rent, situated in the eastern portion of the town, known as the Penman property, containing 4 lots. The unimproved lots are very desirable building Lots. Apply to John R. ALLISON & DANIEL. Aug. 19, 1856—4f

RATES OF FREIGHTS BETWEEN Charleston and New York, By the Palmetto line of Steamers.

At Beattie's Ford, on the 13th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Hewitt, Hon. R. W. CONNER, to Miss MARY L. BROWN, daughter of Alfred M. Burton. Near East Rocky River, on the 15th inst., by A. M. Gillespie, Esq., Mr. JOHN L. VARNER, of Parkville, Cabarrus county, to Miss MARTHA FULLHAM, of Mecklenburg. At Fox Creek, on the 7th instant, by the Rev. H. B. Cunningham, D. D., Mr. JAMES F. HIPP to Miss MARGARET A. CATHEY. On the 24th ult., by Alexander Cooper, Esq., Mr. JOHN P. ROBINSON, to Miss SUSAN E. RODDEN, all of Mecklenburg. On the 1st ult., by Alexander Cooper, Esq., Mr. JOSEPH M. ROBINSON, to Miss FANNY KING, all of Mecklenburg. On the 13th inst., by Alexander Cooper, Esq., Mr. R. J. WARD, to Miss MARTHA A. JOHNSON, all of Mecklenburg. On Wednesday, the 16th instant, by Rev. David P. Fox, Mr. JOHN W. HENDERSON, of Mississippi, to Miss HARRIET E. COOPER, daughter of Alexander Cooper, Esq., of this county—all for Buchanan and Breckinridge.

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WYATT, STOGNER & LLOYD, FACTORS AND General Commission Merchants, Adger's North Wharf, CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE undersigned, Factors and Commission Merchants, offer to receive, forward, and ship merchandise and produce at the following rates. The prices here named are those which are generally charged by all the line of sail vessels, having no control over any other line than the one we have an interest in, we cannot say that the prices here named can be considered permanent, except by our Line. By that they are permanent. The "Palmetto Line" has ten fine first class Brigs and Schooners, constantly running, and will carry 1200 tons as follows: Wheat, 6 cents per bushel. Flour, in barrels, 2) cents. Freight on 10 casks, 10 cents. The drayage, wharfrage, insurance, and forwarding commission, per bushel, for wheat, is 1) cents. Flour, per barrel, - - - 4) cts. 10) cts. Freight on 10 casks, boxes, &c., from New York to Charleston, per cubic foot, - - - 4 cts. We measure every thing, to prevent overcharges. Every thing shipped by the "Palmetto Line" of vessels (Dolner & Potter, New York agents, and Holmes & Stowry, of Charleston) and consigned to us, shall be freighted for the above prices. Produce and Merchandise consigned to us will have the best attention. WYATT, STOGNER & LLOYD. August 12, 1856—3m

Notice.

BY virtue of an assignment to me, made by A. B. Downs, of the late firm of Bell & Downs, all persons indebted to said firm, are hereby requested to make immediate payment, as longer indulgence cannot be given. A. B. Downs is authorized to act as my agent in the settlement of the business, and to grant receipts in my name. J. M. HUTCHISON, Assignee. Aug. 19, 1856—2w

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, LINCOLN COUNTY.

Catharine Dellinger vs. Valentine Dellinger. In this case, it being heard by order of the Interlocutory decree of the Court, advertisement is hereby made, that defendant, Valentine Dellinger (who is now a resident of this State), be and appear at the next Court of Equity, to be held for the county of Lincoln, at the Court House in Lincoln, on the 5th Monday after the 4th Monday in August next, then and there to plead, answer, or demur to complainant's bill of complaint, or judgment pro confesso will be entered against him, and the case set for hearing except. And B. S. Johnson, as the Administrator, with the will annexed of A. J. Shull, dec'd, Jacob Shull and Henry Shull, are hereby enjoined from paying over to defendant, or any person claiming under him, any estate or money in their hands, to which the defendant otherwise would be entitled, as the husband of complainant. W. J. HOKE, C. & M. E. August 12, 1856—6w. [P's fee \$6.]

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, LINCOLN COUNTY.

Jacob Coon and Jacob Lenhardt, et al. vs. Original Bill in Equity. In this case, it appearing upon the affidavit of Jacob Coon, that defendant, John F. Lenhardt, is not a resident of this State, and is beyond the ordinary process of this Court, it is therefore ordered, that advertisement be made in the Western Democrat for six weeks, notifying said John F. Lenhardt, that he be and appear at the next Court of Equity, to be held for the county of Lincoln, at the Court House in Lincoln, on the 5th Monday after the 4th Monday in August next, then and there to plead, answer, or demur to plaintiff's bill