# WESTERN DEMOCRAT.

OFFICE UP-STAIRS OPPOSITE SCARR'S DRUG STORE } A Family Paper, devoted to State Intelligence, the News of the World, Political Information, Southern Rights, Agriculture, Literature, and Miscellany.

BY WILLIAM J. YATES, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR. } CHARLOTTE, MECKLENBURG COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA. TERMS { $2 PER ANNUM In Advance.

E. A. YATES, ASSOCIATE EDITOR. } TUESDAY, JULY 7, 1857. New Series { VOLUME 5. NUMBER 53.



THE

Western Democrat

—Published every Tuesday—

Containing the latest News, a full and accurate Report of the Markets, &c.

TERMS:

For the year, if paid in advance,....$2 00
If paid within six months,..... 2 50
If paid after the expiration of the year, 3 00

☞Any person sending us five *new* subscribers, accompanied by the advance subscription ($10) will receive a sixth copy gratis for one year.

☞Subscribers and others who may wish to send money to us, can do so by mail, at our risk.

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WILLIAM J. YATES.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Just Received

FOR THE

SPRING & SUMMER TRADE,

As fine an Assortment of

Boots and Shoes

As has ever been offered to a

Southern People.

Call and see them at

BOONE & CO'S STORE.

☞Terms, CASH.

March 17, 1857. tf

Notice.

HAVING returned to Charlotte, I am again at the disposal of those who may require my services in the practice of Medicine and Surgery.

ROBERT GIBBON, M. D.

Feb. 26, 1857. 31-tf

K. M. MURCHISON. A. J. HOWELL.

MURCHISON & HOWELL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 101 Wall Street, N. Y.

Feb. 3d, 1857. 1y

DR. R. WYSONG,

Charlotte, N. C.

HAVING located in this place, respectfully offers his Professional Services to the citizens of the town and vicinity.

☞OFFICE in the new brick building, opposite the burnt district, Main Street.

April 28th 1857.

BREM & STEELE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

IN

Dry Goods,

Hardware, Hats, and Shoes,

*CHARLOTTE, N. C.*

May 5, 1857. 44-tf

LAND FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale the plantation upon which he formerly lived, lying on the waters of McMichael's Creek, on the Providence Road, six miles from Charlotte, containing about

250 or 300 Acres.

The Land is well improved, about one-half cleared and in a good state of cultivation, and the wood-land well timbered; with a good Dwelling House, three good Kitchens, Barn and Stables, all in good repair; also, a first rate Gin House and Screw; Cotton Gin, Thresher and Fan also, a

First rate Saw Mill

in good repair, all of which I offer with the land.

The Land can be divided to advantage to suit purchasers.

Any person wishing to purchase would do well to call and examine the Plantation, as I am determined to sell. They can call on Mr N. Bolick, who lives adjoining, on the main Providence road, where Mrs Hutchison formerly lived; he will show the premises with pleasure and direct any information about said land to the subscriber in Statesville.

JAS. H. KENNEDY.

May 5th, 1857. 44 6m

DR. B. CHERAS

Having located at MONROE, tenders his professional services to the citizens of the Town and surrounding country, and respectfully solicits their patronage.

☞Office at J. Bickett's.

April 28. 43-3m

Notice.

HAVING obtained Letters of Administration upon the estate of W. P. Trotter, deceased, I give notice to all persons indebted to the late firm of **T. Trotter & Son**, by note or book account for the last four or five years, to come forward and pay the same without delay, and thereby save cost, as the concern must be settled up.

THOS. TROTTER, Adm'r and Surviving Partner.

Feb. 3d, 1857. 31-tf

The Watch and Jewelry business will in the future be conducted by the subscriber, who will spare no pains or expense to give general satisfaction. Watch repairing done in a superior manner, and at the shortest notice.

THOS. TROTTER.

☞For the Neatest stock of Clothing you ever saw go to the Emporium of Fashion of FULLINGS & CO.

☞For the Prettiest stock of Clothing you ever saw go to the Emporium of Fashion of FULLINGS & CO.

☞For the Cheapest stock of Clothing you ever saw go to the Emporium of Fashion of FULLINGS & CO.


## State of North Carolina.

WHEREAS, THE LAST GENERAL ASSEMBLY, by an act entitled, "A supplementary act to take the sense of the people of the State relative to the proposed amendment of the Constitution," did enact as follows:

Whereas, a bill to amend the Constitution of the State of North Carolina, has been read in each house of the present General Assembly on three several days, and agreed to by two-thirds of each house respectively, in the precise words following: "A bill to amend the Constitution of the State of North Carolina:"

Whereas, at the session of the last General Assembly, begun and held in Raleigh, on the third Monday of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, a bill, entitled "a bill to amend the Constitution of the State of North Carolina," was read three times in each house of the said General Assembly, and agreed to by three-fifths of the whole number of members of each house respectively. And whereas, the bill so agreed to hath been duly published six months previous to the election of the members of this present General Assembly, according to the clause of section one of article four of the amended Constitution, and the directions contained in the second section of the said bill; and it is the intention, by this bill, to agree to the preamble and first section of the bill aforesaid, containing the said alteration of the Constitution of this State: And whereas, a large number of the people are disfranchised by the freehold qualification now required of voters for members of the Senate; therefore, *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, two thirds of the whole number of members of each house concurring,* That the second clause of the third section of the first article of the amended Constitution, ratified by the people of North Carolina, on the second Monday of November, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty-five, shall be amended to read as follows: "*Every free white man of the age of twenty-one years, being a native or naturalized citizen of the United States, and who has been an inhabitant of the State for twelve months immediately preceding the day of any election, and shall have paid public taxes, shall be entitled to vote for a member of the Senate for the district in which he resides.*"

And whereas, it was farther provided by the said act, "that the foregoing amendment to the Constitution of this State, as embodied in the preceding section, be submitted by the Governor to the people on the first Thursday in August, 1857, sixty days notice having been given in ten newspapers";

NOW, THEREFORE, I do hereby give notice to all persons entitled to vote for members of the House of Commons, that polls will be opened on the first Thursday in August next, by the Sheriffs of the respective Counties, at the election precincts within the same, to take the sense of the said voters as to the ratification of said amendment to the Constitution of the State; those for ratification to vote with a written or printed ticket—"*Approved;*" those opposed thereto to vote with a similar ticket—"*Not Approved.*"

Given under my hand, as Governor of the State of North Carolina, at
[L.S.] the Executive office in the City of Raleigh, on the 18th day of May, A. D., 1857.

By the Governor: THOS. BRAGG.

PULASKI COWPER, Pr. Sec'y.

May 26, 1857. 2m


BOOKS

For Sale

AT THE

CHARLOTTE BOOK STORE.

THE AMERICAN SPORTSMAN: containing hints to Sportsmen, notes on shooting, and the habits of the Game Birds and Wild Fowl of America, by LEWIS.

THE GOLDEN LEGACY: a story of Life's Phases.

RILLS from the FOUNTAIN OF LIFE, or Sermons to Children, by Rev. R. NEWTON, D. D.

THE DAISY CHAIN or Aspirations: a Family Chronicle.

SHORPAC RECOLLECTIONS: A Way-Side Glimpse of American Life, by WALTER MARCH.

KATHIE BRANDE: a Fireside History of a Quiet Life, by HOLME LEE.

HOUSEHOLD MYSTERIES, by Lizzie Pitt.

EL GRINGO, or New Mexico and her People.

PAUL FANE, by N. P. Willis.

VIVIA, or the War of the Peasants and the Conscript: two interesting Romances bound in one volume.

THE NAPOLEON DYNASTY, or the History of the Bonaparte Family: an entirely new work, by the Berkley Men, with twenty-two authentic Portraits.

Call at P. J. LOWRIE'S Book Store.

March 31, 1857. 33-tf

H. B. Dowler & Co's

CELEBRATED

WHEAT FANS.

The subscribers are now engaged at Monroe, Union county, N. C, in putting up the above named Fans. In their manner of construction and operations and entire adaptation to the purposes for which they are designed, these Fans are unequalled by any that have heretofore been offered to the public. They are constructed of the best materials, and none but the best workmen are employed. An experience of five years in the business justifies the belief that entire satisfaction will be given.

All our work is warranted.

☞All orders will receive prompt attention and the machinery delivered according to order.

*References:*

D. A. Covington, J. P. Houston, Munroe, N C.
James B Robinson, Benj Morrow, Mecklenburg county.
Wm G Smith, Dr Watkins, Anson county.

ROSE & STEEL.

MONROE, Union county, March 20th. 6m

SOMETHING NEEDED.

A New Tailoring Establishment.

JAMES BRIANT informs his friends and former patrons, that he has reopened his TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT in the upstairs of the Building next to the Bank of the State, where he will be happy to see all those wanting any thing done in his line. All work warranted.

Oct. 25th, 1856. 17-tf

John Henry Wayt, M. D.,

SURGEON DENTIST,

(*Graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery.*)

Having located permanently, tenders his professional services to the citizens of Charlotte, N. C., and vicinity.

Dr. Wayt prepares and inserts artificial palates and obturators, and attends to the correction of congenital and accidental deformities of the teeth and jaws. He is also prepared to insert artificial teeth, after the most approved methods.

☞Ladies waited on at their residences if required.

Office on Tryon Street, in Carson's new building, up stairs.

Nov. 15th. 20—tf

Ready-Made Clothing

AND

Furnishing Establishment.

SPRINGS & HEATH

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public generally that they have received and are receiving an extensive assortment of Ready-Made Clothing at their old stand on the north side of Mint street, to which they invite attention.

Gentlemen's COATS;

Among their stock may be found Black Cloth Coats, single and double breasted; black and drab Alpacca in Sacks, Frocks and Raglans; French and English Drap-d'Ete; plain and fancy Cassimeres, gotten up in nice suits; plain and fancy Linen Marseilles, in suits; white Linen Drill and Linen Duck; each style embracing the different cuts, Sacks Frocks and Raglans.

PANTALOONS;

Pants of French and American Cassimeres, black and fancy; black and fancy Alpacca, steel cloth and French and English Drap-d'Ete; plain and fancy Linen and Marseilles of all grades.

They would call especial attention to their lot of

VESTS,

both single and double breasted, embracing black and figured Silk, black Satin, and the prettiest lot of Marseilles Vests ever offered in this market.

Gents Furnishing Goods,

The largest lot in this market, consisting in part of plain and fancy Linen and Cotton

SHIRTS;

Collars, Byron & Bishop; linen and cotton Drawers; plain and fancy Hosiery; Gloves, silk, kid, &c.; a variety of Cravats, silk and linen; Handkerchiefs, silk and linen; Suspenders, &c., &c.

ALSO,

A fine lot of HATS for the Summer wear, embracing all the latest styles of the Silk, Cassimere and Felt Hats; Straw, Leghorn, and Panama do.

They offer the above Goods

*VERY LOW FOR CASH,*

or to punctual dealers on time, with the express understanding that accounts are due when they want the money.

They return their thanks to their customers for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon them, and hope to merit a continuance of the same by diligence in business and untiring efforts to please. Call and examine their Goods.

SPRINGS & HEATH,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

April 7, 1857. 40-tf

FOR THE LADIES

TOILET.

A large assortment of Fancy Hair and Tooth Brushes of every quality; French, English and American Pomades for the hair; Lubin's Extracts of Jockey club, violet, marechale, tea rose, cedar, heliotrope, rose, new mown hay, sweet scented shrub, sweet pea, mouseline, bouquet Napoleon, summer, blossom, milleflowers, upper ten, jasmine, caroline, musk.

Cologne, Verbena, Jasmine, and Geranium Waters, &c. Just received at

SCARR & CO'S Drug Store.

April 14th.

Temple of Fashion

*IS NOW OPEN.*

Something Entirely New.

GENTLEMEN, one and all, young and old, who wish to wear Good, Fine Clothes, go to

J. W. COLE'S

NEW CLOTHING EMPORIUM,

*First Door above Kerr's Hotel,*

formerly occupied by Lowrie's Book Store, where you can get the best fits and the finest clothes for the least money than anywhere else in the State. The goods are all made up to order expressly for this market. Everything is gotten up in the very latest and neatest styles, and the making of every piece is

Warranted

to last, or otherwise made good. Let all go and look at his well selected stock of Ready-made Clothing, and be sure to examine his prices; he will put you up a suit so low that you will be compelled to wear fine clothes.

Gentlemen wishing any particular suits, by leaving their measures, can have them in 12 days. **warranted to suit or no sales.**

He intends to sell very low and conduct a strictly Cash Business. The purchaser will certainly find the Cash System at least 20 per cent. in his favor. His motto is "quick sales and small profits," for CASH ONLY. Yes, if you want the worth of your money come to me.

J. W. COLE, Ag't.

Charlotte, April 28, 1857. 6m

DR. H. M. PRITCHARD'S

DRUG STORE

IS REMOVED to the Stand on the North corner of Public Square, known as Irwin's Corner, where he will be glad to see his friends and customers.

May 12, 1857. 45-tf

Cigar, Tobacco,

AND

FRUIT STORE.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Charlotte and surrounding country, that he has just received a splendid assortment of

SPANISH CIGARS

of the choicest brands. Also, a fine article of CHEWING TOBACCO,

*FRUITS & CONFECTIONERIES.*

JAS. D. PALMER.

Opposite Boone & Co.'s Shoe Store.

Charlotte, April 7, 1857. 40-tf



WESTERN DEMOCRAT.

CHARLOTTE.


### POSTING THE BOOKS.

The House of Representatives stands thus:

| | Dem. | Blk. Rep. | K. N. | Vac's. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Maine | – | 6 | – | – |
| N. Hampshire | – | 3 | – | – |
| Vermont | – | 3 | – | – |
| Massachusetts | – | 11 | – | – |
| Rhode Island | – | 2 | – | – |
| Connecticut | 2 | 2 | – | – |
| New York | 12 | 21 | – | – |
| New Jersey | 3 | 2 | – | – |
| Pennsylvania | 14 | 10 | – | 1 |
| Delaware | 1 | – | – | – |
| Virginia | 13 | – | – | – |
| South Carolina | 6 | – | – | – |
| Florida | 1 | – | – | – |
| Arkansas | 2 | – | – | – |
| Missouri | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Illinois | 5 | 4 | . | . |
| Iowa | . | 2 | . | . |
| Wisconsin | . | 3 | . | . |
| Indiana | 6 | 4 | . | 1 |
| Ohio | 8 | 13 | . | . |
| Michigan | . | 4 | . | . |
| California | 2 | . | . | . |
| | 78 | 91 | 2 | 3 |

Of the Democrats 52 are from the free States, and 26 from the Southern States, a proportion of two to one. But the remaining elections are to take place at the South; and the Detroit Free Press makes the following estimate thereof:

| | Dem. | K. N. |
|---|---|---|
| Maryland | 3 | 3 |
| North Carolina | 6 | 2 |
| Georgia | 6 | 2 |
| Alabama | 7 | . |
| Texas | 2 | . |
| Louisiana | 2 | 2 |
| Tennessee | 6 | 4 |
| Kentucky | 6 | 4 |
| Mississippi | 5 | . |
| | 43 | 17 |

RECAPITULATION.

| | |
|---|---|
| Democrats | 121 |
| Black Republicans | 91 |
| Know Nothings | 19 |
| Vacancies | 3 |

This shows a handsome gain. Democratic members of the next House, 121; Democratic members of the last house, 76; gain, 45.

If the Democrats shall fill the vacancies in Pennsylvania and Missouri, and the Black Republicans the vacancy in Indiana, the Democratic strength in a full House will be 123, and the combined Black Republican and Know Nothing strength, 111. Clean Democratic majority, 12.

FEVER POISONS.—In a work recently published by an English physician on the transmission of fevers, after referring to the value of thorough ventilation, light and cleanliness to disinfect clothes and apartments, and to disperse infectious fever poison, he says:

"It is important to know regarding infection, that when not destroyed or dispersed in the sick room, it attaches itself and adheres with great tenacity to all articles of furniture—chairs, tables, drawers, &c., nestling in their innumerable pores; and unless these articles be scrubbed with a solution of chloride of lime, or exposed to a strong heat, or a free current of air for several hours, it may again become evolved, more virulently than at first, after the lapse of weeks. But it chiefly adheres to cotton or woolen materials. The patient's body-clothes and blankets become saturated with it, like a sponge with water; and in airing these materials a mere passing breeze is not always sufficient to carry it away.

LYING IN BED WITH THE HEAD HIGH.—It is often a question amongst persons who are unacquainted with the anatomy and physiology of a man, whether lying with the head exalted or even with the body was the most wholesome. Most consulting their own ease on this point, argue in favor of that which they prefer. Now, although many delight in bolstering up their heads at night, and sleep soundly without injury, yet we declare it to be a dangerous habit. The vessels through which the blood passes from the head to the heart, are always lessened in their cavities when the head is resting in bed higher than the body; therefore in all diseases attended with fever, the head should be pretty nearly on a level with the body; and people ought to accustom themselves to sleep thus to avoid danger.—*Medical Journal.*

Mr. and Mrs. Mahony live in Chicago.—They quarrel. The other day they got to throwing soda bottles at each other and cut each others faces badly. Then Mrs. M. had Mr. M. arrested; but the next morning she appeared and averred there had been no trouble between them. To this was opposed the evidence of a black eye upon her countenance and a cut upon his head. She said the cow kicked her and he said the horse kicked him, and they got off.

"My son, how could you marry an Irish girl?" "Why father, I am not able to keep two women. If I had married a Yankee girl, I'd been obliged to hire an Irish girl to take care of her."

### ELEMENTS OF SUCCESS IN BUSINESS.

The Petersburg Express says that Hunt's Merchant's Magazine of a recent date contains a brief paragraph under the above caption, which we earnestly commend to the serious attention of every young man in our community—aye, every young man whose eyes these lines may reach. Cut it out—paste it over your desk, on your work bench—in your memorandum book—in the crown of your hat—or in any place, where it will be ever before your eyes. One of our most prosperous business men, who has now attained to advanced age; and whose accumulated years have brought wealth and reputation along with them—has a simple motto; more in brief, but the substance of which is the same as the paragraph below—posted prominently on the mantle piece of his office room, where it has met his waking eye from day to day for more than thirty years past. Ask him the true secret of his success? He will point you to that rule, which has guided him in all his transactions. Let the young men of the rising generation, those who have just merged into manhood, and are now entering the race for success profit by the example of those who have achieved that which is most desirable in life—a competency and an unblemished reputation. The extract from Hunt's Magazine is as follows:

"A judgment quick and cautious, and clear and sound—a decided purpose—a firm will—energetic and persevering industry—punctuality and fidelity in every arrangement—justice and honor controlling every transaction—and courtesy—that true courtesy which spring from genuine kindness, presiding over all the intercourse of life.—Such qualities, indeed, whenever and wherever exhibited, may be said almost to insure a favorable result; for they are the means which common sense dictates, and which Providence is wont to bless."

### NEW YORK CITY BABIES.

During the past year the following amount of business has been transacted in New York babies:

Lost children restored 4,952, sick and injured aided 916, rescued from drowning 91. The method of recovering lost children is curious and efficient. Seldom one stops for three hours in a station house without hearing the anxious inquiry from a mother, "have you seen my child?" The policeman have seen many children in the street, but none that he knew was lost. "Will madam please to describe her child?"—Here of course must be imagined the mother's minute description of her lost one. It is in some cases a long time before the officer in attendance can ascertain the size, appearance, and age of the child. As soon as he does, however, he puts the police telegraph in operation and inquires at the office of the Chief of Police whether any lost children have been reported there. If not, the operator in the chief's office opens the line to the other station houses, and if a child has been found at any of them an answer is returned immediately and forwarded over the line to the station where the inquiry was first made. Such inquiries are hardly ever fruitless, for it is the duty of every policeman to report all children found strolling about and unable to tell where they live to their respective station houses without delay. Such children are kept for two days, when, if not claimed, they are transferred to the alms-house. It is, however, seldom that a child remain unclaimed so long. The facilities which the police and police telegraph afford for the discovery of lost children is now pretty generally known, so that when a child is missing some one repairs to the nearest station-house immediately, and the whereabouts of the absent little one is often learned in two or three minutes, even though it be in a distant part of the city.

Coleridge says, that even in after years, innocence preserves its natural moral instinct unimpaired. It is an established fact that a dove trembles at a snake, although it has never seen one before, and we may cite as a confirming instance of the instructive innocence of old bachelors, that *we* never see a very handsome and fashionable widow without feeling just as the dove does in the presence of a boa-constrictor, or hooded serpent. In making this confession, we mean nothing disrespectful to those fair but highly dangerous man-traps!

PAPER.—There are 750 paper mills in the United States, in which are 3,000 engines, making 900,000 pounds a day or 270,000,000 a year; 6,000 tons of straw for wrapping paper and pasteboards are used, and the average annual importation of rags is 10,000 tons. It is estimated that one and a half pounds of rags are required to make a pound of paper, and the cost of labor is one and a quarter cents for each pound of paper. The consumption of paper in this country equal that of England and France.

A little boy once said to his grandmother: "Grandmother, I hope you will die first."

"Why so, my child?"

"Because I can stand trouble better than you can."

This hint from an affectionate and brave boy occasioned great laughter.

### TEA TABLE DRINKS.

There are three aromatic beverages—tea, coffee, and cocoa—which are generally used in all parts of civilized Europe, Asia, and America. In the countries of China, Thibet, Russia, Holland, England, and the various States and Provinces of North America, having an aggregate population of five hundred million human beings, an estimated quantity of two thousand million pounds of tea—four pounds to each individual—annually used. Coffee, which is preferred by many people to tea, and which is, indeed, the staple minor luxury of Mahomedan life, is yearly becoming more and more generally used. It is estimated that six hundred million pounds of the coffee bean are consumed every year by one hundred and twenty millions of men. Cocoa, the least popular of these drinks, is still a favorite beverage in Central America, Italy and Spain, and is probably consumed to the extent of one hundred million pounds a year among a population of fifty million.

An article in the April number of the Edinburgh Review gives some interesting facts in relation to the chemical properties of these three tea table drinks, which are common upon every table in our land, and explains at length the reasons why they are always so refreshing to the weary and so apparently nourishing to the hungry. It says that the tea, coffee and cocoa all contain in the roasted state in which they are used, aromatic oils, in minute proportion, to which the peculiar aroma of each is due. They contain, also a proportion of an astringent substance resembling the tannin of gall nuts or oak bark. In the tea and coffee is found variable quantity of a white crystalline body called theine; and in cocoa a substance of nearly a similar character known by the name of theobromine. Of these three constituent parts, two of them, the volatile oil and the theine, are known to exercise a peculiar influence upon the system. The oil possesses narcotic properties, intoxicates, occasions headache and giddiness, and sometimes paralysis in those who, as tea tasters, are much exposed to its influence. New tea contains this oil in larger quantities than old. The small proportion of it which exists in tea as we get it from China is harmless.

The theine which is found in coffee and tea, and the theobromine in cocoa, are bitter, strengthening substances, distinguished particularly by the peculiar property of retarding the natural waste of the animal body. The faster the waste the larger the quantity of food which must daily be consumed to make up for the loss which it occasions. The theine, or theobromine, therefore, by lessening the waste, lessens also the amount of food necessary to be eaten within a given time. The volatile oil produces a similar effect in a somewhat less degree, and when old age comes on and the powers of digestion diminish, the infusion tea, which contains both these ingredients, by lessening the waste, aids the digestive powers to maintain the strength and bulk of the weakening frame. Dr. Johnston, the author of a work upon "the chemistry of common life," says, in connection with these important properties of the theine and volatile oil, that—

"It is no longer wonderful, therefore, that tea and coffee should be favorites—on the one hand with the poor, whose supplies of food are scanty, and on the other hand with the aged and infirm, especially of the feebler sex, whose powers of digestion and whose bodily substance have together begun to fail. Nor is it surprising that the aged female whose earnings are barely sufficient to buy the common necessaries of life, should yet spare a portion of her small gains in procuring this grateful indulgence. She can sustain her strength as well with less common food when she takes her tea along with it; while she feels lighter at the same time, in spirits, more cheerful and fitter for the dull work of life, because of this little indulgence."—*Boston Journal.*

CURING HIDES.—It is not generally known that well cured hides will command from one to two cents per pound more than hides cured in the way usually adopted by our butchers and farmers. Tanners who thoroughly understand their business know this to be a fact, and will not buy hard sun-dried hides, when they can procure those that have been properly cured; from these two important facts—hides cured in a proper manner are much easier and quicker worked by the Tanner, and will make a superior article of Leather.

In order to enlighten those who wish to secure the best price for hides, we give the following mode of curing, which we procured from a gentleman who *knows* it to be a most excellent plan:

After the hide is taken from the animal, wash the blood from it with clean water, spread it on the ground floor, salt it well, and let it remain in a cool place from 12 to 24 hours, then hang it under a shelter until nearly dry, turn the hair side out, and when perfectly dry, it will be in fine condition for Tanning.

### PRETENDED ARISTOCRACY.

There is a great deal of humbug and shamefaced deceit in the world now-a-days, and we have been not a little amused by the pretensions made to rank and title by some whose ancestry were not unwilling to own that they earned their daily bread by "the sweat of their brow." Those who assume for themselves a superiority of station above their fellows, are generally descended from parents who claimed no pre-eminence for their high birth or degree. By fortune favored, they have been placed in a position in life to command respect—for their money, and believing gold to be the title to aristocracy, they assume a haughty demeanor, and say to those less fortunate, "I am holier than thou." The true nobleman is to be distinguished by his manners, and not by the amount of his ducats.

"True is, what whilome that good poet said,
That gentle mind by gentle deed is known;
For man by nothing is so well betray'd
As by his manners, in which plain is shown
Of what degree and what race he is grown."

We honor and respect the man who strives to maintain the dignity of whatever station he may occupy in life, but there are so many whose pride is the basis of their claim to aristocracy, that we cannot but smile as they exhibit their weakness.—Low birth is no crime and he who calls the poor seamstress "Mother," is equal in all respects—provided he is a man—to him who was matured and reared in the cradle of luxury.

"Titles of honor add not to his worth,
Who is an honor to his title."

Beneath the homespun raiment of the hard-fisted son of toil, there may beat a heart as sensible to high and noble feelings, as can be found back of the silks, satins, and broadcloth of wealth. The germs of greatness are hidden in the recesses of labor, and from time to time develop themselves to startle and astonish the world.—All the great men of the land, in early life, were poor and without position. The innate spirit of nobleness that finally claimed acknowledgement from the people, was not the result of title or proud position. It sprung from the heart of honor and virtue, unadorned by wealth or fortune, or by rank.

"Whoe'er amidst the sons
Of reason, valor, liberty, and virtue,
Displays distinguishments, is a noble
Of nature's own creation."

### WORKING GIRLS.

Here is a short chapter in commendation of the working girls, a numerous class of the community, whose useful labors are too little appreciated:

HAPPY GIRLS! who cannot love them.—With cheeks like roses, bright eyes and elastic step, how cheerfully they go to work. Our reputation for it, such girls will make excellent wives. Blessed indeed will those men be who secure such prizes. Contrast those who do nothing but sigh all day, and live to follow the fashions, who never earn the bread they eat or the shoes they wear, who are languid and lazy from one week's end to another. Who but a simpleton and popinjay would prefer one of the latter, if he were looking for a companion? Give us the working girls; they are worth their weight in gold. You never see them mincing along, or jump a dozen feet to steer clear of a spider or a fly; they have no affectation or silly airs about them. When they meet you, they speak without putting on a dozen silly airs, or trying to show off to a better advantage, and you feel as if you were talking to a human being, and not to a painted automaton or a fallen angel.

If girls knew how sadly they missed it while they endeavor to show off their delicate hands and unsoiled skins, puting on a thousand airs, they would give worlds for the situation of the working ladies, who are as far above them in intelligence, in honor, in every thing, as the heavens are above the earth.

Be wise, then; you have made fools of yourselves through life. Turn over a new leaf, and begin, though late, to live and act as human beings, as companions to immortal man, and not play-things and dolls. In no other way can you be happy and subserve the designs of your existence.

CHIEF JUSTICE SAUNDERS.—Roger North gives the following curious account of Sir Edmund Saunders, Chief Justice of the King's Bench: "His character and beginning were equally strange. He was at first no better than a poor beggar boy, if not a parish foundling, without known parents or relations. He had found a way to live by obsequiousness, in Clement's Inn, as I remember, and courting the attorney's clerks for scraps. The extraordinary observance and dilligence of the boy made the society willing to do him good. He appeared very ambitious to write; and one of the attorneys got a board knocked up at a window on the top of staircase, and that was his desk, where he sat and wrote after copies of court and other hands the clerks gave him. He made himself so expert a writer that he took in business, and earned some pence by hackney writing. And thus by degrees, he pushed his faculties, and fell to forms, and, by books that were lent him, became an exquisite entering clerk, and, by the same course of improvement of himself, an able counsel, first in special pleading, and then at large. And after he was called to the bar, he had practice in the King's Bench Court equal with any there."