



CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Tuesday, June 10, 1862.

Col. William Johnston, OF MECKLENBURG COUNTY,

Is a candidate for Governor of North Carolina, and fully and unequivocally endorses the following Reso-

RESOLVED. That we, the Delegates of the people of North Carolina, in Convention assembled, entertain an undiminished confidence in the justice of the cause for which we have taken up arms, and we hold it to be the duty of the people of these Southern States to maintain and uphold that cause with all the means they can command; that in behalf of the people of North Carolina we declare to our sister States of the Confederacy, and to the world, that no measure of loss -no sacrifice of life or property-no privation, or want, or suffering, shall cause us to shrink from the performance of our whole duty in the achievement of

RESOLVED. That from the cruel and barbarous manner in which our enemies have carried on this war-a war in which aged and dignified men and helpless women have been seized, and without accusation or warrant of authority, cast into prison-in which private property has been wantonly destroyed-in which robbery and arson are the principal means of aggression, and in which servile insurrection has been proclaimed, we are convinced that there is a "radical mbracticability" between such a people and our-"will accept no alternative.

RESOLVED, That we have full confidence in the our whole country upon the success with which he has

RESOLVED. That to the officers and soldiers who have gone forth to meet the dangers of this war, we are under a deep debt of gratitude for the valor and fortitude with which they have defended us from the asseults of our enemies, and illustrated the glory of

Mr Johnston stands on the above platform, and, without regard to party, we invite all to rally to his support. He is no politician, but a hard-working business man, with ample experience and information. their places in the fight,

Election on First Thursday in August.

THE NEWS. We give the latest items in another column. There has been no regular battle near Richmond since Sunday the 1st instant. The enemy appears to be concentrating for the purpose of making a desperate effort on Richmond. We learn by passengers who arrived here on Monday morning direct from Richmond, that heavy cannonading

would take place on Monday. and it appears uncertain what he has been doing since he routed Banks' army. The last report is that he whipped Shields and Millroy at Strasburg. At any rate, he has frightened the Lincoln government pretty badly.

The enemy has been making some demonstrations on Charleston, and an attack is daily expected in that quarter.

GEN. JOHNSTON From a Surgeon at Richmond we learn that the extent of Gen. Johnston's wound, in the late battle, was three ribs broken by a ball which is supposed to have come from an exploding shell. The ball, after breaking the three top ribs in the right breast, lodged under the collar bone. The wound is not considered dangerous.

Bey The Raleigh Register and Raleigh Journa have hoisted the name of Col. Wm. Johnston as a can didate for Governor. If the Legislature last Fall had again gave the public printing to the Raleigh Standard that paper, too, would no doubt have supported Mr Johnston. Taking the public teat from the Standard's mouth had a powerful effect on the principles and con-

duct of the editor of that paper. Mr Johnston's name was first brought forward by the people without respect to party, and he will be supported by men of both the old parties. If we had desired or intended to keep alive party divisions in the such old party favorites as David S. Reid, or Burton Craige, or some other member of the old democratic harmony and unity in the State, and offered Mr Johnston as a compromise man. A few dissatisfied, disdemocratic party. They were unwilling to support sooner than they did.

We call on the people of the State to support Wm. Johnston as a compromise man, and rebuke those who are trying to create a party in opposition to the State and Confederate authorities.

HEAVY RAIN .- On Friday night last, one of the heav iest and most destructive rains known for many years, fell in portions of Iredell, Gaston and this county. Mills and mill-dams were washed away, fences swept off and farms more or less damaged. The Railroad from here to Statesville was considerably injured by the road-bed and culverts being washed up. The Road to Lincolnton was also seriously injured. Prof. Kerr, of Davidson College. informs us that 74 inches of water fell in that section in the course of two hours. "The greatest rain," he remarks. "which has fallen here within five years is 31 inches, and that occupied nearly three days in falling."

For the past two or three days the weather has been quite cool, rendering winter clothing and fires very com-

CANDIDATES .- The factionists in Wake county, who held a meeting in Raleigh recently, nominated J. P. H. thuss for the Senate, and H. W. Miller, Wm. Laws and G. H. Alford for the Commons. A writer in the Raleigh Journal proposes that Gov. Manly, Hon. S. H. flogers, W. D. Scarborough, and O. R. Rand, be run by the Southern Rights party in opposition to the above

Col. J. M. Long is announced in the Concord Flag as According tor the Commons in Cabarrus county.

Ars. Greenhow, who has been confined in Point. She reports that it was thought that Gen. was killed in the late fight.

least to a great extent. The rust on the blades of late wheat has injured it in some measure, but in no inthe speculators caused it.

enemy's loss was enormous-some say that it was two and a half to our one; others put the number higher; while negroes and deserters from the enemy report that they buried four thousand, and that officers told them so. The Richmond Dispatch says:

In killed, wounded, prisoners, and drowned, we enemy at least 10,000 men. But it has cost them, butions unanimously passed by the late State Conven- morally, more than this. It has taught them the extreme difficulty of reaching this city, and must, of effect. On the contrary, it has inspired our troops the whole, they will be full of confidence hereafter.

Speaking of the number of the enemy engaged, the

From all the information we can gather, it seems certain that the enemy was nearly, if not quite, two to our one. Now, while we can hardly applaud the tactics which, with so great a force as we had, allowed the learned a most important secret from these battles. traitor. We can best him two to one. If he come with only equal numbers, as he will be compelled to do hereafter. we can annihilate him. It must be recollected that our brave boys not only drove him from the field, but stormed his entrenchments with the vigor and impetu-Napoleon, or the 42d regiment of Scotch Highlanders, could not have acted more courageously.

Gen. Lee has command of our army at Richmond Gen. Johnston having been slightly wounded. selves; that for the independence we have asserted we Lee was considered one of the best officers in the old U. S. army. He has issued an address to the army. wisdom, integrity and patriotism of the President of congratulating the officers and men on their great galthe Confederate States, and we congratulate him and lantry displayed in the late battles, and saying that there will be no more retreating-that henceforth the watchword must be "Victory or Death."

> GEN. PETTIGREW .--- We are gratified to learn that Gen. J. Johnson Pettigrew was not killed in the late battle at Richmond. Reliable information received at Raleigh states that Gen. Pettigrew was severely woun ded through the lungs, and fell into the enemy's hands He was being carried from the field, but he directed those having him in charge to lay him down and take

> We see it stated in several exchanges that Gen Pettigrew is from South Carolina. It is an error; he is a North Carolinian, and went into the war as commander of a North Carolina Regiment. He had resided in South Carolina for some years.

EVIL SPIRITS .- There are a few persons in the Con federacy who are trying to weaken confidence in the Administration of the Confederate Government, under occurred on Saturday and it was expected another battle | the plea that the war is not conducted properly. We warn the people to beware of these evil spirits. They years, and that he will serve that term out unless precented by death or Yankee tyranny. Why, then, do those soured, ill-disposed persons try to weaken the public confidence in the President, and thus indirectly aid in crippling our Government. Suppose Mr Davis does not manage things exactly right, would it not be better to bear with him, and hold up his hands, than to submit to the Northern wretches who are now invading our soil, destroying property and abusing the women and children of the South.

> Let the Southern people remember the operations of Burnside at Newbern, Butler at New Orleans, Andy Johnson at Nashville, and other Lincoln officers elsewhere. If they don't want such brutes to rule over them, let them assist in sustaining our constituted authorities, and put down the men who are trying to foment discord and strife. The people of this State have been called upon to vote down the secessionists. Will they approve such counsel? We think not.

Col. G. B. Anderson of the 4th N. C. Regiment and Col. Pender of the 6th have been made Brigadier

GUBERNATORIAL .- We see by the Raleigh Standard that a meeting held in Raleigh, on Saturday the 31st State we would have favored the nomination of ult., managed principally by Mr Holden, Editor of the Standard, nominated Col. Z. B. Vance for the office of Governor. Mr Holden made the motions, made the party. But we and others were desirous of promoting speech, and introduced the resolutions. It is worthy of remark, at this time, that while the resolutions denounce our authorities, they do not endorse the Conappointed and revengeful spirits, with the editor of the federate Government, express no determination to Raleigh Standard as chief manager, determined that prosecute the war and offer no encouragement to the there should be a party feeling aroused, and therefore people to do so. The author of the resolutions has they nominated a politician and a bitter enemy of the frequently denounced secessionists as "destructives," and called upon the people to vote them down. Mr Mr Johnston because he favored dissolution a little Vance has got into rather bad hands, and might well pray to be delivered from such friends. But it was determined by a clique of the State Convention (as we stated last week) that Vance should be run, and the factionists who held the meeting in Raleigh only reechoed that determination. Mr Vance is a true Southern man, but we repeat, he is in bad company. He is a clever young man, good at telling anecdotes, but possesses neither the age nor experience to fill the

> When Mr Johnston's name was first mentioned the Raleigh Standard assailed him bitterly, but utterly failed to sustain a single accusation made against him. We shall not follow the example of the Standard and attack Mr Vance, however much there may be against poses, because Vance had not been made a Brigadierhim on the record.

The Raleigh meeting was rather a poor affair according to the accounts given by the Register and Journal.

The Great Wake County Mass Meeting-A Flash in the Pan .- In spite of the flourish of trumpets by the Standard in heralding the Great Mass Meeting which | signature, but we do not deem it necessary to produce its Editor had called for Saturday last-in spite of the fact that the town of Raleigh and the county of Wake were shingled over with placards struck off at the Standard office, calling upon the "Conservatives" to rally in a great mass meeting-the meeting, when i did take place, turned out to be a most egregious failure, there not being, as we have heard, more than fifty persons present-so few, in fact, that the Chairman in announcing the result of the ballots would not give the number of votes pro or con. We have not vet seen a copy of the resolutions adopted, but understand that there was no resolution endorsing the Conprison for many months in Washington City, arrived keeping" Editor of the Standard entertained the meetat Richmond last week by flag of truce from City ing in about as dull and prosy a speech as ever soothed people into a gentle slumber on a hot day. Casey, who commanded the Federals near Richmond, lord of the Standard, and we wonder that he has not Public speaking is evidently not the forte of the landfound it out before this. The candidates nominated by the Convention are as follows: For the Senate, least, in our own army, as the Battle of Seven THE WHEAT CROP.—We think that the complaints J. P. H. Russ; for the House of Commons, G. J. Alford, about the failure of the wheat crop are premature, at | Wm. Laws and Henry W. Miller; for Governor, Col. Z. B. Vance. We have our doubts as to Col. Vance's acceptance of this nomination, inasmuch as we have heard that he declared that nothing should induce ing, as he did at Williamsburg, a brilliant and stance have we heard of the rust being on the stalk, him to leave the army while the war lasts. We have though there are probably localities where such is the the highest respect for Col. Vance, and while we should case, but it is not a general thing. We are informed dislike very much to see him the standard-bearer of a that there will be a very good crop of early wheat, and for his own selfish purposes, we shall not, however that the oat crop never looked better. Since the late ardently we may support his competitor, detract from rains, we are told, vegetation of all kinds looks im- Col. Vance's character and merits. If Col. Vance proved. From the deleful accounts put forth lately allows his name to be used, he may reckon confidently about the crops, we suppose the Yankees might calcu- on his signal defeat, for the bare touch, and much more late on starving us out, but we don't think Providence the support of the Editor of the Raleigh Standard, intends such a thing to happen. An old gentleman whose candidate he will be, is political poison. The said the other day that he had seen flour sell in this Southern Editor who is endorsed and enlogised by a to make him thus sink all the instincts of man-hundred Yankee prisoners, taken in the battles section at fourteen dollars per barrel when there was Yankee Editor, who stole the press and types with hood in the misrepresentations of the deliberate before Richmond, passed through this place on war, and that nobody starved then, and he reasona- which he operates, cannot fail by his support to do and habitual falsifier! When does McClellan Wednesday on their way to Salisbury.—Ruleigh bly concluded that no one would starve now, unless harm to any man or any party in the South whose cause he advocates.

THE BATTLE OF RICHMOND .- We give full accounts | TRAITORS .- The traitor, Stanly, before leaving Caliof the battles at Richmond on the 31st of May and 1st fornia for North Carolina to act as Lincoln's underof June. The enemy's force is stated by the Richmond strapper, made an address to his friends in California, papers at from thirty to fifty-five thousand, and our in which he stated that he was coming here for the force is put down at twenty to thirty thousand. Our purpose of winning the people of the Old North State loss is said to be 2,500 in killed and wounded. Those back to the Union. Stanly said he hoped he had not a who saw the field of battle concur in saying that the single enemy in the State. If he ever shows his head outside of the federal lines he will find out whether

Speaking of traitors, reminds us that two or three have turned up in Tennessee. 'Wm. H. Polk, brother of the late President, Ex-Gov. Campbell and Baylie Peyton, figured in a Union Convention at Nashville have not the least doubt that this battle cost the recently, along with Andy Johnson. These men were suspicioned as unsound before the State of Tennessee seceded, but after the act of secession they professed course, have had upon their minds a demoralizing acquiescence, but it turns out they only waited for an opportunity to show their treason. Polk was a candiwith the highest enthusiasm. Equal in numbers upon | date for Governor last summer, but the people would not trust him. May they all meet an ignominous death at the hands of Southern patriots.

A statement was published some weeks ago saying that Hon John Bell had deserted the southern cause and had gone North. We don't believe it. Mr Bell left Nashville on the approach of the yankees, and we enemy to be superior on the important point, we have must have better evidence before we believe him a

THE ATTEMPT TO DEPERCIATE CONFEDERATE MONEY AND STOCKS .- We repeat the declaration which we made in our last paper, that nothing can be more treasonable than an attempt to depreciate the credit of the sity of veteran soldiers. The Imperial Guard of Confederate Government, for unless this credit is sustained, we will surely become the subjects of Yankee domination, and with our liberties, lose all our property. It is, then, very much worse than idle for holders of Confederate money or securities to part with them for less than their face, for the purpose of investing in State stocks or any other description of property. With the loss of the Southern cause, (and it will be lost unless the credit of the Government is sustained,) State stocks will become worthless, and every other description of property share the same fate. North Carolina State stocks are as good as any in the Confederacy, but with the Confederacy subjugated, what would they be worth? Not a cent. And what would bank stocks and bank notes be worth? Not a button. It is manifestly, then, the interest of every man in the South to uphold the credit of the Government, and to frown upon every attempt to depreciate it.

In this connection we may mention that we have eard of a recent transaction in this city in which the adividual entitled to a sum of money refused to take ny thing but notes of the Bank of North Carolina. If such an example as this is followed generally, the worst of consequences must ensue, for we repeat that if Confederate notes and securities are not good, there will soon be no good notes or securities in the South

The Register will confer a favor upon the true Southern men of the State by giving the name of the individual who refused to take anything but notes of the Bank of North Carolina in payment of a debt. The man's name should be known, and no matter who he is, or what his professions are, he should be considered as a secret enemy to the cause of the South. liable friend of the South. If Confederate money is discredited, the wives and children of our soldiers will starve, and much distress be produced throughout the South. When the soldiers return home they should be informed of the men who pursued a course calculated to injure them and their families. Such people may escape punishment now, but a day of judgment will surely come.

The Public Treasurer of North Carolina has authorized the Sheriffs and Tax Collectors to take Confederate notes in payment of taxes.

FROM CORINTH .- Gen. Beauregard has evacuated Corinth, and taken a better position. He could not get the enemy into a fair fight, and he has determined on a new move for that purpose. We have been expecting to hear that Corinth was evacuated, as the following appeared in the papers south of us some weeks

A correspondent of the Atlanta Confederacy, writing from Mobile, says: From what I can learn, and the best opinion I am able to form, we may expect an early falling back of Beauregard and his army-probably twenty or thirty miles on the Mobile Road. This i necessary to get water, if nothing else. It is all stuff about those artesian wells. Then the enemy have advanced to where they can shell our lines, and we cannot get at them without crossing a creek and a great swamp, where we would be met by heavy guns. One of their flanks is covered by a swamp that we cannot carry artillery across, and we can't get a fight out of them without advancing on their front, where they would have every advantage of entrenchments and heavy guns. This advance we have to make or fall back, and draw them still further into our country. where we can get at em on any side, and where we can have good water; but in gaining this advantage we lose the railroad from Corinth to Memphis.

A correspondent of the Favetteville Observer. writing from Camp Mangum, says that the 53d N. C. Regiment, Col. Wm. A. Owens, has been ordered to

COL. VANCE AND THE BATTLE OF NEWBERN,-If the Raleigh Standard had published our article about Col. Vance and the battle of Newbern, and allowed its meaders to see what we did say about it, we should not have felt called upon to allude to the matter again. Our object was, not to assail Col. Vance or detract in the least from whatever reputation he may be entitled to, but to show that the Standard had misrepresented him and had concocted a tale about Vance's exploits which had no foundation in reality; and also to call attention to the fact that the Standard was trying to create a feeling against the authorities, for party pur-General. In saying that Col. Vance was not in the fight, we meant (as we were informed by two gentlemen who were on the field) that he was not under firethat the position he occupied was out of danger. One of the gentlemen who made the statement to us has since offered to substantiate our statement over his anything of the kind. We expressly stated that we meant no reflection on Col. Vance, nor did we doubt his gallantry and bravery; but we object to the Standard's concecting stories about Col. Vance and the battle at Newbern for party purposes. That's all.

P. S .- Since the above was in type, we conversed with an officer who was in the battle, and he thinks our informant was mistaken about Col. Vance not being under fire-he thinks the Colonel was within range of the enemy's balls. It may be that our previous information was incorrect, (unintentionally no doubt,) though coming from a soldier who took an ac-

tive part in the battle. fought near this city, is designated in the reports and Lt col. Pepper were wounded, the latter mortalof the enemy, and is also known to some extent at Pines. We have not been able to obtain a copy of a late Northern paper; but we learn that an efficial despatch has appeared from McClellan claimcomplete victory! Driven from their entrenchments-driven out of their camps-their cannon taken-their tents taken-their stores of all sorts captured-driven among the bullfrogs, and driven back where they tried to come out-five hundred because the bog protected them from pursuit --McClellan yet claims a victory! Surely he must be under an extraordinary pressure and necessity propose to whip us again ?- Richmond Enquirer. Register.

MORE YANKEE OUTRAGES .- We copy the following from the Raleigh State Journal of Saturday, showing the operations of the Yankees in the eastern part of this

The Yankees are still keeping up their old tricks about Washington, N. C. They still compel Mr Jas. R. Grist and Mr B. F. Harem to keep within their own premises, keeping a guard stationed around their respective houses. A few days before Mr Hatton was arrested, he had occasion to send his boy and horse to Washington, where-upon Mr Jno. R. Respass, Lieut. Col. of the N. C. Yan-kee regiment, seized the horse and appropriated him to his own use, saying it was "just the horse he wanted." The Yankees have sent Mr Hatton and Mr Alfred Stanly (brother of the Military Governor) to Fort Warren. They had released Mr Allen Grist. A few days ago they ar rested Mr Jesse Mooring, a very worthy and respectable gentleman, and called upon a negro (the property of Jas. Fowle, Esq., by the name of Jo, who is known to be the greatest rascal about the town) to prove his character. Jo said he knew Mr Mooring-that he was a gentleman, and he was then released. They seem to have getten very tired of Lt. Colonel Respass—so much so, that they have revoked his commission, and he is now no longer connected with the Yankee army. They say he is too great a fool to make an officer, but he is rascal enough to do their dirty work. Several negroes are going to them. We learn that all of Mr Jno. G. B. Grimes' negroes, about thirty-five in number, women and children, have been carried to Washington. Mr G. had moved his negro men up the country, and we learn one or two of them have left and gone to Washington. The Yankee pickets are stationed on Mr Cowper's farm—they have broken open his house and taken what they wanted of what was in the house. We learn the Yankees shell the surrounding country about Washington nearly every evening. They think that Confederate soldiers are in three or four miles of the town.

We have just learned that Capt. Steadman and Capt. Thignen, with 58 men of Col. Singletary's command had a fight with a company of Yankee cavalry and of infantry, on Friday last, on Tranter's creek, seven miles from Washington. The enemy were routed, leaving six killed, one of whom was their negro pilot. We sustained

There was a lady at Mr Cowper's in this city, on Sunday last, who left Newbern under a flag of truce about ten days ago. Her husband, who is a resident of Wash ington, belongs to the Bridger's Artillery. When the evacuation of Washington by our forces took place, the Company was transferred to Newbern, and the gentleman referred to, rented a house in Newbern, and moved his family from Washington to Newbern so as to be near When the retreat from Newbern took place, he had to leave with his company, and could not get his wife away—so she only succeeded in getting away about ten days ago. She told Mr Cowper that the report that went to the graveyard herself, and saw with her own eyes several coffins opened and the bodies exposed. That she saw the body of a lady who died about four months ago; that she saw where two of her fingers had been cut off, and she also saw exposed the body of a little child. she supposed to be about two or three years old. She also stated that they had opened all the vauits except one. These are facts and may be relied on. We have our information from Mr Cowper-to whom they were thus told by the lady above mentioned.

The Raleigh Register learns that Col. Geo. B. Singletary was killed at Tranter's Creek in the engagement with

Col. C. Leaventhorpe of the 11th or Bethel Regiment N. C. troops, stationed near Wilmington, had the infamous order of Picavane Butler at New Orleans No man who depreciates Confederate money is a re- read to the soldiers of his command, accompanied with

FELLOW SOLDIERS :- The infamous order which you have just heard read, proceeds from the General whom the fortune of war has placed in possession of one of the noblest cities of the South. The base encmy whom we oppose, not content with the crimes of invasion, with insurrectionary attempts among our domestic population, and with pillaging the fairest regions of our country, has now openly dared to threaten our most sacred relations, and to place our wives and our daughters upon the footing of common pros-

Gentlemen of North Carolina, the debased passions of his soldiery needed no such incentive. The records of crime written in the sad annals of Maryland, and in those other unfortunate portions of our country which have been polluted by the enemy's feet, prove but too well the fate, worse than death, which awaits those most dear to us in the event of his conquest and our humiliation. But, fellow soldiers, with the blessing of God, we need fear no such destiny for our country. Relying then on that blessing, let us resolve as one man that Wilmington shall not be reached by the invader, and, in the hour of trial, recalling these scandalous threats against the wives and daughters of New Orleans, let us meet him sternly and hurl him back upon his boats at the point of the bayonet.

C. LEAVENTHORPE. Col. Com'g 11th (Bethel) Reg't N. C. T. CAMP DAVIS, May 31st, 1862.

KILLED AND WOUNDED.

From various reports we make up the following list of some of the killed and wounded North Carolinians in the late battles at Richmond. It is impossible to learn all the casualties yet, amounting to several hundred among the North Carolinians alone:

23d N. C. Regiment .- Col Christie had his horse sho under him and was wounded by the fall ; Lt Col R I Johnson had his horse shot under him, and was wounded in the head and arm; Maj Christian had his horse shot under him, and was wounded in the body and arm. supposed mortally; Capt Shuford killed; Capts Black-nall, Miller, Hill, W II Johnston, and Peace, wounded; Lieuts Crocker, Gill, Nicholson, Coggin, Hill, Luria Hunter and Torrence, wounded. 30 non-commissioned officers and privates supposed to be killed and 120 wounded. The officers and men displayed the greatest gallantry. In charging a redoubt all the field officers fell and many of the companies were left without commanders, which caused the regiment to get scattered. but the men fought on with great bravery. Capt Baskerville is now in command of the regiment. Company K. Capt W H Johnson, went into the fight with 38 men, and only 12 came out unburt. Company B. Capt Shuford, of Lincoln county, and company F, Capt Miller, of Catawba county, suffered severely, but the names of the killed and wounded not ascertained. All reports agree that Lt Col Johnson acted with great ravery, as did all the officers of his regiment.

Fourth N C Regiment .- Killed: 2 Captains, 1 Lieut. non-commissioned officers, 65 privates. Wounded 3 Captains, 10 Lieutenants, 24 non-commissioned officers and 245 privates Forty considered mortally wounded. Among the killed was Capt Simonton of Iredell county, and Adjt Perry.

16th N C Regiment .- Col C T N Davis and 15 others tilled, and 109 wounded. In company M, Capt L W Stowe, Sergt H F White, private J S Smith, Thos Elwood, and D R Rosser, were slightly wounded, and J W Mauney, James Kizer, C S Stowe and Geo Anthony severely; Juo Sahms, J F Connor, and Patrick Skidmore, missing and supposed to be killed.

Capt Thomas Jones, of Caldwell county, was killed. The 5th N C Regiment, Col D K McRae, was in the fight, and lost about 100 men, out of 200. Col McRae went into the fight with a hot fever, became exhausted and relinquished the command to Maj. Sinclair, who gallantly led the men through the battle. Within the last three weeks the 5th Regiment has been literally

The 21st N C Regiment, Col Kirkland, was with Gen Jackson in the battles in the Valley. Col. Kirkland ly. The regiment lost 18 killed and 60 wounded.

A friend has furnished us with the following correct list of the killed and wounded in Capt M N Hart's company from Mecklenburg county (37th Regiment) in the battle at Hanover, May 27th :

Killed-Serg't Elam B Wolfe, privates Jos P Black, Jeptha J Spears, Alfred Young, Sterling H Russell, -Walker, David W Stinson, Abram Cloutz, Jacob Shoe, James Montgomery. Wounded-Corp'l John J Wilson, privates John B Nicholson, Thos E Blankenship, Jas S Taggert, Geo W Williamson, Berry G Henry, W D prisoners taken, and saved from utter rout only Gurly, Wm Kaziah, Lowrie Adams, Eli Patterson, Tho A Sharpe, J P Gordon, Dock Hall.

YANKEE PRISONERS .- Between five and six

LATEST NEWS.

FROM RICHMOND.

From the Richmond Enquirer of Saturday. THE NEWS ALONG THE LINES .- All was quiet along the lines yesterday. We believe there was no firing of any moment, except that of picket skirmishing, in which nobody on our side was hurt.

The usual number of rumors were in circulation in the city, none of which we could trace to any reliable

Jackson in still said, by military men, to be "on the wing," which we are inclined to believe, as it is not in seeping with the character of "old Stonewall" to renain idle when there is game about.

McClellan's Concentration. - Several private leters, found on the battle field of Saturday last, preent us with conclusive evidence that McClellan's forces on the Chickahominy consist not only of his Potomse Army, but of heavy drafts from his variously posted orces on the Confederate coasts, and the armies of the Nest. It is apparent at once that Richmond is inended to be the prize upon which is staked his last and grandest effort-for if he fails, it must most assuredly be his last, and the last we will ever see or hear of McClellan. Here, in front of Richmond, he would, if he could, concentrate the entire available force of the United States, believing that the fate of

From the Petersburg Express of Saturday. JACKSON AGAIN VICTORIOUS

We are pleased to hear that Stonewall Jackson had fight at Strasborg on Tuesday, with the forces of Shields and Milroy, whipped them, and captured 705 prisoners. An officer who was in the fight, brought his information to Lynchburg on Thursday evening, and communicated it to the Virginian, in yesterdays' issue of which paper we find it. This officer also states that Banks, Shields, Fremont, Millroy and Dix, were seeking to effect a junction of their forces to force up to Charlestown, Va., on Saturday last, which was met and routed by three regiments despatched by ackson for that purpose. We learn from the Virginian, that there were several gentlemen in Lynchourg Thursday evening, whose statements in the main onfirm the foregoing.

LYNCHRURG, June 6 .- Gen. Jackson's rear guard. with two pieces of cannon, had a brush with the Yankees near Woodstock, Shenandoah, last Monday. The engagement lasted only one hour. Gen. Jackson is falling back towards Harrisonburg.

aving secured all his immerse and valuable stores. This is from a Lynchburg soldier who left Staunton

From the Columbia Carolinian of Sunday. SURPRISE OF CAVALRY.

CHATTANOOGA, June 6 .- Three-fifths of Col. Adams' 1st Kentucky Cavalry force were surprised, last Wednesday evening, by a large force of Gen. Mitchell's command, supposed to be about four thousand, at a place called Sweden's Grove, twelve miles from Jasper, on the Winchester Road, and about twenty-eight miles from Chattanooga. Our men cut their way through, them pa will come back again. Adicu, my dearest losing in killed and wounded about twenty. The loss | Sne. of the enemy is much greater. Gen. Mitchell's forces are supposed to be moving this way. If so, they may rely on meeting a warm reception.

FROM CORINTIL.

confederates. Details have not been received, but it s reported there was no loss of property. Heavy skirmishing occurred Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, in which the Confederates got the best of it. At last accounts the Confederates were at Bald-

sick were removed. The telegraph wires from Corinth have been removed and the bridges destroyed.

win, thirty miles below, on the Mobile Road. The

The cotton and sugar in Memphis have been burnt. Fort Pillow and Memphis have been abandoned.

DISPATCHES FOR ENGLAND.

Lord Lyons forwarded some important papers to his Government by the steamer Canada, which sailed from Boston last week. The steamer was detained by his order until dispatches by a special courier could be put on board. The event furnishes the Northorn journals with onsiderable food for speculation.

FALLEN BACK.-Gen. Beauregard has fallen back 27 piles to a better position, with fine water. His army is said to be in good condition. The report of his rear guard having been cut off, is a mistake.

NOT DEAD .- We are highly gratified at being able to state that Gov. Pickens has received a despatch stating that Gen. Pettigrew, Col. Lightfoot and Major Loring are not dead, but have been taken prisoners .- [Columbia

FROM THE WEST.

The federal fleet has been bombarding Vicksburg, Miss, ecasionally. At the latest dates our shore batteries had proven too much for the gun boats and they were compelled to retire. In answer to a demand for the surrender of the city the reply was, "Mississippians never surrender."
All along the whole line of the Mississippi River the planters have destroyed their cotton.

Found.

In my Store last week, a sum of money, which the owner can have by describing the same and paying for this advertisement. J. L. BROWN.

HIGH POINT FEMALE SEMINARY. HIGH POINT, N. C.

The Fall Session will begin on Monday, July 21st. 862, with the same corps of teachers and the same leading characteristics as heretofore. For information as to the merits of the school, we refer with confidence to our former patrons.

RATES PER SESSION OF TWENTY WEEKS. Board, at \$2 50 per week, \$50 00 Regular Tuition, lower classes, " higher classes, Piano or Guitar Lessons, Wax, Worsted or Feather work, Terms .- Fifty dollars in advance; the remainder

the close of the session. No deduction for an absence of less than two consecutive weeks For further information address. S. LANDER, A. M.,

June 10, 1862

For Sale, ELPER'S HOTEL, with all the Furniture and Fix

tures, stock of Provisions, &c. Possession given im-H. P. HELPER. Davidson College, N. C., June 10, 1862 1m-pd WANTED,

150 BALES OF COTTON. For first quality 9 cents will be paid, at A. A. N. M. TAYLOR'S. June 10, 1852.

MECKLENBURG GUN FACTORY. Stockholders in the Mecklenburg Gun Factory are

the share, within ten days from date.

By order of the Board, L. S. WILLIAMS,

equired to pay the first installment of ten dollars on

June 10, 1862 Sec. and Treas.

ADMINISTRATOR'S Sale.

On Tuesday the 24th day of June, I will sell at nuction, in the Depot Yard of the Charlotte and S. C. Railroad, a fine STEAM ENGINE and Boiler, with Shafting, &c., complete, about 12-horse power and in excellent order. Also, a sett of Burr-Stones for grinding meal, wit

Sifter, Meal Bin, and everything complete. Also, a sett of Burr-Stones with Sifters, Crushers, &c., for grinding Snuff.

Also, a valuable PLANEING MACHINE, with some Knives for cutting Mouldings.

Also, a fine sett of Carpenter's Tools, some Bolting Cloth, Wire Siering, Scamless Bags, &c. The property of the late P. P. H. Saurs. F. SCARR, Adm'r.

Gentlemen : Gen. Hill's Division went into the fight on Saturday evening at I o'clock. The engagement continued until after dark. It was a long and bloods one, we driving the enemy through the woods and swamps and taking possession of their fortifications and encampments. R. H. Anderson's and Kemper's Brigades (of Longstreet's Division) reinforced Gen. Hill late in the day, and contributed much to our success. On Sunday morning early the battle was renewed-Rains, (of Gen. Hill's Division,) Pickett and Wilcox bearing the brant. Huger's two Brigades, Armistead's and Mahone's were in the battle on Saturday, for a short time.

THE BATTLE BELOW RICHMOND.

To the Editors of the Richmond Enquirer :

This statement can be confirmed by Generals Rhodes, Garland, Rains, Colonel Anderson and every other brave man. Gen. Hill commanded both days, and was in the front under fire the whole time. He overlooked everything, and received no orders from his superiors.

THE YANKER ROBBERS .- The Memphis Appeal says the following is an exact copy of a letter found a few days since upon the battle field at Farmington, near Corinth, which was left behind by the author in his swift flight from the scene of conflict. Its contents serve to show the spirit by the "rebellion" and his own glory rests upon this one | which the agrarian hordes of the North are actuated in waging this war upon us. The original of the letter is in the hands of the editor of the Appeal:

HAMBURG, TENN., April 27, 1862.

MY DEAR SUE: I wrote to you a few days since. Fearing, however, that it has been misearried or intercepted. I write again. We are at this place, and expect to move forward in a short time on Corinth, a distance of sixteen or eighteen miles. We are expecting a hard contested battle, as we learn the rebels are in large force. Well, overwhelm Jackson. It is also stated that Dix sent a when that time comes up, we'll make the rebels feel the weight and power of our steel. I have seen many of the natives of this country. They present a we-be-gone look. They look like they never had any advantages of an education. I noticed some of the womens' dresses. You ought to be here to take one gaze at their huge appearance. Their hoops are made of grape vine and white oak splits. I feel sorry for the poor, ignorant things. Well, we will teach thom, in a lew days, how to do without white oak and grape vine hoops. They are now the same as conquered, and one mere blow and the country is ours. I have my eye on a fine situation, and how happy we will live, when we get our southern home. When we get possession of the land, we can make the men raise cotton and corn, and the women can act in the capacity of domestic servants. The women are very ignorant-only a grade above the negro, and we can live like kings. My love to all the neighbors. Kiss all the children for me, and tell JAMES DONLEY. Mrs. Sue Donley, Mount Vernon, Ill.

MARRIED

In Halifax county, N. C., on the 29th nlt., Mr. Thos. MOBILE, June 2.—Corinth has been evacuated by the C. Rainey, jr., aged 16 years, to Miss Emma J. Smith, aged 15 years.

DIED.

In this vicinity, on the 7th inst, from the effects of measles, after lingering several months, John Charles Dellmann Bernheim, son of Rev. G D and Elizabeth C.

Bernheim, aged I year, 7 months and 24 days. At the Hospital in Kinston, on the 3d instant, of typhoid fever, Robt W Cook, aged 28 years. Also, on the 6th instant, of the same disease. Thes J McCorkle, aged 38 years, both of Mecklenburg county, and members of Capt D G Maxwell's company, 35th Regiment.

Charlotte Market, June 9, 1862. Cotton 8 to 9-an advance on previous quotations.

Flour \$5 to \$5 25 per sack. Wheat \$1 65 to \$1 70 per bushel. Corn \$1 to \$1 05 per bushel. Bacon 334. (We heard of some one last week who

more than 334 for it. Have mercy on him.) Lard 30, Oats 50, Butter 30 to 35, Eggs 20, Molasses \$1 75, Sugar 30 to 35, Coffee \$1, Salt \$18

carried his bacon back home because he could not get

SUMMER

CLOTHING. Having enlisted for the war, I desire to close out the tock of SUMMER CLOTHING I have still on hand at ommon prices for cash. The stock consists of a variety of Mens' and Boys'

lothing, and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

165 I would also give notice that we have a great nany accounts standing open and would be pleased to have them settled by cash while money is plenty, or at east by Notes. My Books will be found in the hands of Mr Saml, P. Alexander, who Is authorized to make

settlement.

June 3, 1862.

June 3, 1862 4t-pd

J. M. SPRINGS.

For Sale. The subscriber offers for sale his House and Lot at Davidson College, with all the necessary out-buildings, an excellent well of water, garden, &c. Any person wishing a bargain would do well to call soon. GEO. F. SHEPHERD.

We are manufacturing, and keep constantly on hand at our Oil Mills, four miles south of Charlotte, a fine article of Cotton Seed Oil, which we will deliver at

terms as the same article can be had anywhere. Orders filled in their turn. STEPHENS & WHISNANT.

June 3, 1862 3t

either railroad depot in Charlotte upon as reasonable

NOTICE,

Persons wishing to settle their Accounts or Notes with Fisher & Burrough, can have an opportunity of doing so by calling at the store of A. A. N. M. Taylor, Don't delay, as we are anxious to get our business settled up.

J. C. BURROUGHS. June 3, 1862, tf

HIDES.

The market price paid for Hides, by S. M. HOWELL.

STOCK DIVIDEND. CHARLOTTE & S. C. R. R. CO.,) COLUMBIA, May 20, 1862

The Directors have declared a Stock Dividend of Thirty-three and a Third per cent, out of the surplus fund of the Company, which heretofore has been derived from the earnings of the road and used in paying for its construction and property and in the reduction of the bonded debt. The same will be paid at this office on and after the 26th of May inst.

Parties who may be entitled to a fraction of a share may receive the same in money, or pay an additional sum, so as to receive a full share. Stockholders are urged to have an early adjustment

of this dividend, and to bring or send their certificates with them to this office.

C. BOUKNIGHT.

Sec'y and Treasurer.

We are authorized to announce R. M. WHITE as a candidate for Sheriff of Macklenburg county, at the approaching August election.
May 13, 1862 te-pd

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce A. I. HOOD and andidate for the office of Sheriff of Mecklenburg county, at the next August election. Dec 10, 1861