THE BATTLES NEAR JACKSON, MISS.

The special reporter of the Mobile Register sends a despatch from Jackson, giving the particulars of a fight which took place on Saturday the 16th inst. A battle was fought at Baker's Creek, about twenty miles West of Jackson, where we whipped the enemy badly, until reinforced from Jackson. Pemberton then fell back to the Big Black Bridge. Pemberton estimates our loss at three thousand, and theirs at three times as many. Gen Loring was on the left, and was cut unknown. Gen. Tilghman was killed.

The following official dispatch tells the tale: 'Camp between Livingston and Brownsville,

May 18th, 1863.

Gen. S. Cooper: Lieut. Gen. Pemberton was attacked by the enemy on the morning of the 15th inst., near Edward's Depot, and, after nine hours fighting, was compelled to fall back behind J. E. Johnston, the Big Black.

General Commanding. May 19:

In the Saturday fight at Baker's Creek, we lost about 30 pieces of cannon, spiked and abandoned. his little command would be flanked and over-On Sunday the Federals advanced to take Big | whelmed by superior numbers, the 23d Alabama Black Bridge and were repulsed, but they crossed | was detached from this brigade, ordered to report higher up and took us in the rear. The bridge to Gen. Green, and assigned position on the right. was burned and the works abandoned. Our loss

sumed command at Jackson.

cur telegraphic head all the news we have from this important point. It is natural that much auxiety should be felt with reference to the defence of this place, and, without presuming to know more than others, we predict that all will be well there on the great day of trial of strength between the two armies. There is nothing, in our judgment, in the recent repulse of Gen. Pemberton to lead to the belief that there is any danger of the fall, immediate or remote, of Vicksburg. We are informed from various sources that our forces within the entrenchments, extending from the city as far back as the Big Black, have a supply of

gather we are decidedly hopeful as to the final issue .- Richmond Disputch.

The struggle for Jackson - Fighting in the streets .- The Editor of the Montogomery Advertiser, met with a highly intelligent gentleman of the army, who furnished an interesting account of affairs in the direction of Jackson, Miss. His advices from Jackson were derived from refugees who had escaped and telegraphed from Brandon and other points.

It appears from these accounts that the fight began at an early hour Thursday morning, 14th inst., and continued nearly all day, our troops commanded by Gen. Johnston, and the Yunkees by Grant. We were finally driven back to Jackson, and fought them through the streets until overpowered by greatly superior numbers, when we were compelled to evacuate the city. The enemy's force amounted to between 20,000 and 30,000, and our own only to about 9,000.

Gen. Johnston then retreated on Canton, twenty-four miles due north of Jackson, situated on the wagon road connecting thence by Vaiden to the road running due east to the Yazoo river, and leading directly to Vicksburg, some seventy miles from Jackson by this route.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL COUNCIL.

ifying except for a rather thin attendance of both and holding it until sunset. Clergy and Laity. A number of Parishes in the in the meanwhile General Green having rallied the enemy, of course were not represented.

&c., have been unusually liberal.

Hon. J. H. Bryan and Robert Strange.

The next Council is to be held at Williamsbo Fayetteville Observer.

TREATMENT OF CONFEDERATE PRISONERS .-Major Charlton H. Morgan, who has just returned, confirms the brutal treatment of rebel prisoners - mineut. at the North, as related by others and heretofore published. He on account of his fraternal relawere stripped to the waist in the presence of womoney. In passing through Philadelphia the allegiance. The curse of God will follow that address will be forwarded. prisoners were attacked by a mob, the boys throw- hateful race to its doom : ing sand and stones at them, and the women making the most indelicate and insulting demonstrations. At Fort Delaware, where they were confined for a short time, they were put in filthy pens and received two meals a day, the first consisting of crackers and the brackish water of the Delaware, which made half of them sick. The second meal consisted of crackers and tainted meat, cooked with garlie to disguise its putridity. On the way to Camp Chase the most insulting treatment received was from the East Tennessee renegade

soldiery.

BATTLE OF PORT GIBSON. A Bloody Affair.

An eye-witness of the recent fight at Port Gibson, Miss, has furnished the Jackson Appeal with the following reliable statement :

To guard against a possible raid upon the town by Grierson's cavalry, and at the same time to watch on the 29th of April Gen. Green, with part of his near Bethel Church, some four miles from town, to the Governor, he says: and awaited their approach. His command consisted of the 15th Arkansas infantry, numbering 180 men, part of the 21st Arkansas, 65 men; 12th battalion Arkansas sharpshooters, numbering 60 men, and the 6th Mississippi, about 350 men-in

The enemy's advance encountered the pickets about midnight. Some skirtnishing ensued, followed by heavy cannonading, which continued until daylight. The brigade of Gen. Tracy, hav-BAD NEWS .- A special dispatch furnishes the ing marched rapidly all day, arrived at night and following from Vicksburg, dated Tuesday night, took position on the extreme right. At the earnest solicitation of Gen. Green, who foresaw that, as soon as daylight revealed his position and strength,

At sunrise the battle commenced in carnest. The position held by Gen. Green was attacked by Vicksburg is closely besieged, and the enemy is a heavy force of the enemy, outnumbering him closing in on every side. Gen. Loring has as- three to one. After a fierce conflict, the Federals fled, leaving the ground strewed with their dead. AFFAIRS AT VICKSBURG .- We present under But after a short interval they returned with augmented numbers, and a second time were driven

back with dreadful slaughter. In the meantime Gen Tracy's brigade was engaged on the right, this gallant officer being killed in the very first onset. The brigade fought gallantly and succeeded in holding their ground against fearful odds. Gen. Bewen arrived on the field about 10 a. m. He perceived at a glance that the position of Gen. Green must be outflanked by the enemy in such numbers as ato envelope and capture his gallant little force or drive them from the field, unless speedily reinforced. Baldwin's brigade was ordered forward on double provisions sufficient to subsist them for four quick, but too late; before they could reach the field, the enemy rallied his forces the third time. In the late fight only a portion of our forces and brought his thousands against the little rewere engaged, and Gen. Johnston, who is now in maining force of Green, flanking him on the left. command of all the forces employed for the pro- and, after a most stubborn and bloody contest, tection of the place, with the reinforcements sent forcing our boys to fly in disorder. Never did to his aid, had not arrived in time to participate men fight more gallantly. For eleven hours they in the struggle. His dispatch the day subse- held their position against overwhelming odds. quent to the fight was dated forty miles from the Twice did they empty their cartridge boxes, firing scene of the engagement. From all we can from sixty to eighty rounds each, and causing more of the enemy to bite the dust than their own forces numbered at the first. The 15th Arkansas being on the extreme left, and exposed to the flanking fire of the enemy suffered most, yet were the very last to leave the field, and many of them are prisoners. Of the one hundred and eighty, only about seventy-five escaped from the field. Only nine are positively known to be killed; several others mortally wounded, and how many fell in the last onset of the foe and the retreat from the field, is of course unknown and cannot for months be ascertained, but I will venture the assertion that since the beginning of the war no regiment ever suffered the loss of a greater proportion of the numbers engaged, or maintained a position longer against equal odds. All honor to the noble fifteenth. Nor is less honor due to the other regiments under Green's command. Though severely, yet they fought no less gallantly, and covered themselves with glory.

Baldwin's brigade having come up, a new line of battle was formed two miles in rear of the first position, Baldwin in the centre, Tracy on the right, and Colonel Cockrell, commanding the 3d and 5th Missouri regiments, on the left; the enemy advancing, about noon the battle was renewed with increased fury. Col. Cockrell, in gallant Missouri style, charged the enemy's right and The meeting of the Council of the Protestant found himself in the very midst of heavy masses Episcopal Church in the Diocese of North Caroli- of the enemy, from which he extricated his comna, held in St. John's Church in this town from mand by the most vigorous sort of fighting, and Thursday to Monday were in all respects grat- with heavy loss, falling back to his first position

Eastern part of the State being in the hands of the remnant of his shattered command, formed them on the 6th Missouri, which had been order-The additions to the Church during the past ed to report to him, by a skillful manœuvre led year have not been as large as usual, but the con- them in full view of the enemy marching toward tributions to the support of its Diocesan Missions our left, and then, countermarching out of view proceeded to the extreme right near the mouth of The religious services during the Council were Bayou Pierre, and again attacked the foe. Line interesting and were fully attended. The offer- of battle having been formed, Colonel Irving, of ings at communion (appropriated to the Fund for the 6th Missouri, wishing to advance some forty Fairmont, which cost \$250,000, and twelve months the relief of the families of deceased Clergymen,) yards to a better position, gave the commandamounted to \$215, and the collection for Diocesan "Forward!" Once forward, it was in vain to cry Missions, after a sermon on the subject by the halt. Forward became a charge and on dashed Rev Mr Sutton of Pittsborough, produced a liberal | the boys until ascending a hill, they found themselves in front of a tremendous force of Federals, Charles T. Haigh Esq., was re-elected Treasu- about sixty yards distant, on an opposing hill with rer, and Mr Wm. N. Tillinghast was elected Secre- an almost impassable ravine between. Here, for tary, in place of Mr Winslow, deceased. The two hours, the opposing forces fought, shooting several standing committees were re-elected, with and shouting at each other, in full view and easy such changes as were rendered necessary by deaths, distance; the Missourians defying the overwheland the following Delegates were elected to the ming odds of the foe to charge their own short General Council, viz: Clerical: Rev. Drs. Mason but stubborn column with the bayonet. A reand Hubbard and Rev. Mr Huske; Lay, Judge treat had been ordered and the lines were falling Battle, A. J. DeResset and R. H. Smith. Al- back, but the order had failed to reach Col Irving. ternates: Clerical: Rev. Dr. Cheshire and Rev. Accordingly he held his position until he perceiv-Messrs Geer and Watson; Lay: Kemp P. Battle, ed his isolated situation, when he effected a safe retreat from a most hazardous position.

The battle was fought at every point against rough on the 4th Wedenesday in May 1864 .- overwhelming odds, and the wender is that whole is, so many of our wounded being left in their plied with: bands, our loss in prisoners is great.

ed from captivity at the North, having been taken the fee, and will give a good account of themselves matters. by the enemy at Lexington and recently exchang- in the coming contest, which we all regard as im-

THE VICTIMS OF YANKEE BRUTALITY .- We tage enclosed, if to go to Richmond, and ten cents tion to Gen John H. Morgan, was subjected to are under obligations to a friend for the following if beyond. special indignities. At Camp Chase the prisoners list of persons driven by the Yankees from the town of Newbern because they were true to their manding General of the Department of Virginia, ed by good authority, that Mr Turner has faithmen and children and robbed of their clothing and country and refused to take the Yankee oath of at Fortress Monroe. No letter sent to any other

Mrs Wallace and two children; Sam Cook, wife strict compliance with these rules, except for prisand two children; Mrs Coleman, 75 years of age; oners of war, will be transmitted to the dead letter Mrs Russell and two children; H Marshall, wife office." and three children; three Misses Custis, sisters; Miss Justice; E W Ellis and daughter; Mrs Mel- General Winder to all letters sent from the South vin, 80 years of age; Mrs Oliver; Clifford Ball; to Fortress Monroe, for parties in the United J B Oxley; Asa Binum and wife; Jesse Binum; two Misses Osgoods; J Disosway, wife and six cut out and preserve this notice, as a failure to children; J Gooding, Jr, wife and two children; comply with it in one single particular will con- corn to the Government at \$2 50 a bushel, and S R Street, wife and seven children; L Philips, sign their correspondence to oblivion. wife and two children; B M Cook, wife and two children; Mrs Pittman and two children; Major WRECKED .- The steamship Norsman, with two Phillips; Mrs Simpson, 70 years of age; James Henry Sharp, 4 miles south east of Greensboro, hundred and fifty bales of cotton, bound for Nas- Hancock, wife and two children; two Misses was destroyed by fire on Wednesday night. One pleasure to report that every one in this vicinity gau, on going out of Charleston harbor, on the Pittman, sisters; James Armstrong, 68 years of of his horses and a wagon were burnt; and he seems anxious to do all they can for our soldiers hight of the 20th, struck a snag, and was there- age; Robert Lewis, 70 years of age; Needham made a narrow escape while reseuing his other in the field. Our friend A. E. Hutchison, has

A BRILLIANT ACHIEVEMENT.

Two Yankee steamers captured in North Carolina waters-All honor to our Partizan Rangers.

We have one of the most daring and brilliant feats of the war to record. On Saturday, the 16th, Capt. E. T. Elliott, commanding a company of Partizan Rangers, with thirty men, captured two Federal steamers in the Chesapeake and the movements of the enemy below Bayou Pierre, Albemarle Canal, and brought them through the Sound to Franklin, on the Blackwater, passing on off, but cut his way through to Crystal Springs, 30th, learning that the enemy was landing troops Elliott arrived in Raleigh with his prisoners, 13 twenty-siz miles South of Jackson. His loss is at Bruinsburg, he selected an excellent position in number, on the 19th. In Capt. Ellioti's report

> ime ago, and yesterday found an opportunity to and were loudly applauded. execute it. About 6 o'clock p. m., at the usual Canal. I made the proper distribution of my arrest of Vallandigham has brought dishonor upon the Yankees, for a braver man never lived," and men, thirty in number, and when she came along the country, if the proceedings are approved by they then wlated to Mrs. Ely the particulars of his side, we halted her and demanded a surrender, the Government and sanctioned by the people; it death, and how desperately he defended himself. which was complied with without resistance. is not merely the steps to the revolution, but it is A Lieutenant who commanded the gang, said to Emily was lying about two miles below awaiting ernment we have for which we are asked to pour out would have killed him, but added, that had he aboard, determined if possible to secure this ministration will determine in the minds of more that he met death at the hands of as brave a man alongside of the Emily as if nothing unusual had decision with solemn solicitude. tured on the Arrow was a surgeon U. S. Navy. zenship. The great haste required gave me no opportunity of reporting their names. We found no guns on says the people would stand by Seymour with guns warded to you. After 8 o'clock I started for some cheers were then given for Seymour. port to secure my prizes. We steamed all night, passing a large gunboat (the Whitehead) mounting six guns; we passed Edenton about daylight, the people believing we were Yankees. In passing up the Chowan, five negroes hailed us believing us their Northern allies. I received them on board and immediately dispatched them to their owners, who no doubt have them now in a more available and certain shape. After a good deal of embarrassment, I concluded to run up the Black- property to the bridegroom, the father left our considerable wealth. The husband has been one water river, arriving at South Quay about one o'clock to-day. I was met by Major Rodman, afterwards by Major Boggs, who assigned Capt. Dobney, an old officer of the Navy, to the command of the boats, and sending my prisoners to Franklin, we started to the latter place arriving there at about 10 o'clock. But few articles except supplies for the crew, were found on board. The Arrow is valuable on account of her machinery which is said to be fine by the engineer who was assigned me by Maj Boggs. The Emily is valuable for her machinery as well as hull, which in my opinion and that of officers stationed twenty four hours.

here, would make a valuable gunbost. Nine of the prisoners brought to Raleigh were from New York, three from Pennsylvania, and one, Levi Bennett, is a Buffaloe of Hyde county. -Raleigh Progress.

THE CONFEDERATE RAID.

The Richmond Dispatch publishes a letter which gives a connected account of the operations of Gen. Jones in his expedition into North-west | heads and deserters in the county still continues. Virginia. At Greenland, in Hardy County, he from their position they suffered somewhat less captured a company of Yankee soldiers. The nar- Ashley, formerly Chief Engineer of the Illinois rative then proceeds:

Crossing the mountains, the brigade divided, our regiment (the 12th) and the Maryland battalion crossing the mountains in Alleghany County, Maryland. At Oakland we charged the town and caught 75 more Yankees, and burned the bridge. At Cranburry Summit, also on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, we caught about a dozen Yankees and then marched to Cheat River Suspension Bridge, which we destroyed. We then passed on to Kingwood, Preston County, and Morgantown, Monongalia County.

Gen. Jones, with the advance of the brigade, attacked Cheat River trestle work, but did not succeed in its destruction, on account of the superior force of the enemy guarding it. He then marched to Independence, on B. & O. R. R., captured 80 of the enemy, and burned the bridge there. We then formed a junction near Morgantown, and the command moved on to Fairmont. Here we had a little fight and captured 390 of the enemy. The melish of Pierpoint fled, and would not assist their Northern allies. The splendid to construct, was totally destroyed.

We then struck the North-western Virginia Railroad at Bridgeport, Harrison County, where we caught 80 Yankees, and destroyed the trestle work over Simpson's Creek. From this point we came on to Buckhannon. A number of minor We have destroyed several engines and cars.

OF TRUCE - We have been furnished for publica- Act. The specific tax is for the year ending 31st tion, by General Winder, with the following rules | day of December, 1863, and is due and payable adopted by the United States commandant, Gen. at the time of registration. Registration is re-Dix, at Fortress Monroe, and which will be enforc- quired, to be made within sixty days after the ed in regard to all letters forwarded from the North | passage of the Act, or at the time of commenceto Fortress Monroe, to go by flag of truce to Rich. | ment of business, and on the 1st day of January

"In order to secure the transmission of letters regiments were not captured by the enemy. As it across the lines, the following rules must be com-

"1. No letter must exceed one page of a letter The boys are cheerful, and ready again to meet sheet, or relate to any other than purely domestic

"2. Every letter must be signed with the writer's name in full. "3. All letters must be sent with five cents pos-

"4. All letters must be enclosed to the Com-

"All letters sent to Fortress Monroe without a

The same identical rules will be applied by States. Parties addicted to correspondence should

BARN BURNT .- We learn that the barn of Mr actual wants" a month before .- York Enq.

NORTHERN ITEMS.

A dispatch from Cincinnati states that Gen. We heretofore mentioned that Lieut. Gambrill, Burnside has published an order reciting the pro- of Mississippi, a Confederate scout, was killed on ceedings of Vallandigham's trial by court martial, Sunday about ten miles from the Blackwater Rivthe finding of which is a sentence to close con- er, by the enemy's videtts. A gentleman just finement during the war in some fortress to be from Isle of Wight County gives us the particuselected by the commander of the department. lars of Lieut. Gambrill's death. They stamp him The order names Fort Warren as the place of cou- one of the bravest men this war has produced.

The Philadelphia Enquirer, of the 15th, says Roads, Isle of Wight County, by twenty-one it is reported in Washington that the President of the enemy, who immediately demanded a surbrigade, was ordered to Port Gibson. On the the way a number of the enemy's gunboats. Capt. has changed the sentence of Vallandigham to render. He instantly replied, "I never have sending him South.

> Square, New York, on Monday eveing, the 18th, rels of each, before he fell. Seven of the enemy "I have the honor to report the capture of the under the auspices of the Democratic Association, were killed and two wounded in the brief space of steamers Emily and Arrow, yesterday, the former A protest was made against the recent arbitrary four minutes, when the Lieutenant fell mortally a fine salling side-wheel steamer, and the other a arrests by the administration, and the suppression wounded. The survivors then repaired to the propeller, used on the canal between Norfolk and of free speech and the press. Four stands were house of Mrs. Ely, in the immediate vicinity, and the Albemarle Sound, Roanoke Island and other erected, and speeches were made at all of them. told her that a particular friend of hers was lying points. I had conceived a plan of capture some- All the speakers denounced the administration, dead in the road a short distance off. Upon ask-

> hour, the Arrow hove in sight in the Currituck sympathizing meeting at Albany, says that the him if it cost her life." "You ought to," rejoined After capturing the Arrow, knowing that the revolution. We pause to see what kind of Gov- Mrs. E., that he thought at one time, Gambrill the arrival of the Arrow, I took twelve men our blood and treasures. The action of the ad- done so, it would have consoled his friends to know prize, and believing that it would require a good than half the people of the loyal States whether as ever breathed. deal of caution, I placed the Captain of the Arrow this war is waged to put down the rebellion South, in the wheel-house and required him to steer up or destroy free institutions North, we look for its and calling upon a couple of ladies in the neigh-

> happened. My plan succeeded, and she surren- The first resolution adopted by the meeting of her own hands, assisted by her lady friends, gave dered without resistance. We captured on board the people of New York denounced the arrest and the body of Lieut. G. sepulture. - Petersburg the Arrow the officers and men, numbering seven, sentence of Vallandigham as a startling outrage Express. and thirteen on the Emily. Among those cap- upon the hitherto sacred rights of American citi-

One speaker, on refering to Seymour's letter, the boats, but a lot of mail-bags which are for- and bayonets in their hands, at all hazards. Loud

> The New York World publishes a letter from Newbern, N. C., dated May 6th, from which we extract the following items:

"A sensation was created here by the marriage this morning of Charles W. Lawrence, of Boston, a member of the 44th Massachusetts, to the accomplished daughter of Israel Disosway, a banker in Newbern. After making a transfer of his Her family is of the highest respectability, and of lines with other disloyal citizens. [Can this be of the most esteemed of citizens, an amiable man, possible?7

Nearly 12,000 men belonging to the two years and nine months regiments in this department, will soon be mustered out of the service.

The New York Tribune throws Gen. Hooker about five years overboard as a failure; says he has not advanced |. On the day of the occurrence Dr: Peters cirlled

Circinnati, May 18.—The rebels are collecting large cavalry force south of the Cumberland river, and a large infantry force east of the Tennessee river; they will advance into Kentucky this month under Breckinridge

A correspondent of the New York Tribune, writing from Anna, Union county, Ill, says:

"The tumult arising from arresting the copper-Among the principal citizens taken are L. W. Central Railroad; Dr. Harwood of the Wheat Growers' Bank, both of Anna; and J. J. Provo, merchant and miller in Jonesboro-all wealthy men. Such is the terror among the people in remote parts of the county, that quite insignificant persons are fearing that they will be arrested; and I add, as a remarkable fact, that during these passing nights, women and children go into the woods to sleep. All business is suspended, for those who have not been arrested have run away. Even one member of our State Senate departed.

at Chancellorsville that he has not left headquarters since the fight.

THE CONFEDERATE TAX ON COMMISSION MERCHANTS.—The following communication from the Secretary of the Treasury in response to an inquiry in reference to the tax on Commission Merchants under the new tax law, will be of interest to those concerned:

RICHMOND, May 13, 1863. SiR: In reply to your letter of the 8th inst., have the honor to state, that commission merchants, under Act of 24th April, 1863, are subject to a specific tax of two hundred dollars, and a bridges were also destroyed, one near New Creek. tax of two and a half per centum on all sales made. By section 5 of the act, the liability to pay the tax attaches from and includes the 24th RULES IN REGARD TO LETTERS BY FLAG day of April, 1863, the date of approval of the in each year thereafter. Return of sales is to be made to the assessor on the 1st day of July next, and at the end of every three months thereafter, Cameron, at Corinth, Miss., in December, 1862. and the tax on such sales is due and payable to 6. The officers and men paroled at Oxford, Miss., on the collector at the date of return.

Very respectfully, C. G. MEMMINGER. Secretary of Treasury.

LIBERAL AND PATRIOTIC .- Mr W. Turner, a manufacturer in this county, advertised in the Express a couple of months past to supply, gratis, to the widows of deceased soldiers, who are in indigent circumstances, one bunch of Yaru to each. fully redeemed his promise, and that he has dona- other condition, he is discharged from the same. ted 300 bunches of yarn in that behalf, equal, at present prices to \$2,000. We have yet to learn that any other Manufacturer has followed the patriotic example set by Mr Turner, but we hope leased and delivered to the Confederate authorities. that they will go and do likewise - States Ex.

MORE LIBERALITY .- Mr Wm. A. Robinson. of Clark's Fork, York District, has been furnish. ing core to soldier's families at \$1 per bushel "This shows more liberality than "subscribing" mileage, by many persons, who told the soldier's wives they had "not a grain to spare, above their | May 12, 1862

upon run ashere on Long Island. It is supposed Case, wife and two children; Mrs Stanly and horses. It was the work of an incendiary. - made a gift of one hundred pounds of good bacon. Wm.

A BRAVE MAN.

Lieut. G. was overhauled near Barham's Cross rsurendered, and never intend to," at the same An immense mass meeting was held in Union time drawing his revolvers and emptying the baring his name, and being told that it was Lieut. Cov. Seymour, in a letter to the Vallandigham- Gambrill, Mrs. Ely replied "that she would bury

True to her pledge, Mrs. Ely procured a cart, borhood, secured the body, washed it, and with

THE VAN DORN AFFAIR.

CHATTANOOGA, May 12 .- A gentleman just from Spring Hill, in Maury county, gives me some particulars in regard to the death of Van Dorn. The facts are singularly tragic; and in time of peace would create a national furor. The crowded condition of the great war canvass, however, will distract the public eye from the quiet, domestic melodrama.

Since taking up his quarters in Spring Hill, Van Dorn has been upon terms of criminal intimacy with Mrs Dr. Peters. She was a Miss Mc-Kissack-young, handsome and well educated. member of the State Senate, and heavy planter; a brother of Maj Peters, Chief Quartermaster to Charter as passed at the last session of the Legislature Gen. Polk. The pair have been married (a se- of North Carolina, cond marriage on the part of the gentleman) for

since he retreated with a larger army than Lee | upon Van Dorn and obtained a pass to go to Nashhad after he (Hooker) had lost 17,000 men. It ville. Van Dorn gave it readily, doubtless feelis equally severe upon Stoneman; contends that he | ing glad to get rid of a disagreeable and dangerous accomplished little or nothing, not interrupting encumbrance. They were alone together in an Lee's line of communication at all, or only for upper room, and it is supposed that Peters shot from the back of Van Dora's head, which was split in twain by the bullet. The report was not heard, however, and Peters mounted his horse, rode away, crossed our lines with the pass previously obtained and entered Nashville. - He has the Road which they have decided to sell. And the been, I learn, received with marks of distinguish- Board of Directors have resolved to abandon to the

for interment. Mrs Peters has returned to her own family.

These are the facts hard and dry. Rumors of the conduct of Van Dorn, not only in this one instance, but in two others, near Columbia, have

been prevalent for some time. Without doubt he has neted very badly. My informant tells me that he has degraded the cause and disgusted every one by his inattention to his duties and his constant devotion to the ladies, and to the exclusion of all else. Wine and women have ruined him as they have ruined many another brilliant, but reckless wau.

That Van Dorn was a man of daring genius there can be no doubt. Very handsome, with dark, dashing eyes and handsome moustache, a superb rider, a showy address, quick witted and graceful, The Fredericksburg correspondent of the Rich- he was also a man of sagacious foresight and keen mond Enquirer says, on the alleged authority of a intellect. But he was uncertain and unreliable. Yankee General, that the enemy's loss in killed, He always sacrificed his business to his pleasure. wounded, prisoners and deserters amounts to He was never at his post when he ought to be. 40,000. Also, that Hooker was so much injured | Was either tied to a woman's apron string or heated with wine.

> His loss will therefore, be little felt; we can only moral on the occasion of his death, give his faults to the past, and leave his soul with his God. -Cor. Richmond Enquirer, 16th.

> The staff officers of Van Dorn have published a statement relating to the affair, but we do not see anything in it disproving the above statement.

EXCHANGE NOTICE No. 5.

RICHMOND, May 9th, 1863. The following Confederate officers and men have seen duly exchanged, and are hereby so declared . 1. All officers and men who have been delivered at

City Point at any time previous to May 6th, 1863. 2. All officers captured at any place before the 1st of April, 1863, who have been released on parole. 3. All men captured in North Carolina or Virginia before the 1st of March, 1863, who have been released

4. The officers and men captured and paroled by Gen. S P Carter, in his expedition to East Tennessee

5. The officers and men captured and paroled by Lieut, Col. Stewart at Van Buren, Arkansas, January 25th, 1863; by Col. Dickey, in December, 1862, in his march to the Mobile and Ohio railroad, and by Capt.

the 23d of December, 1862; at Des Arc. Ark., oa the 17th of January, 1863, and at Baton Rouge, La., on the 23d of February, 1863. 7. All persons who have been captured on the sea or the waters leading to the same, or upon the sea

coast of the Confederate or United States, at any time previous to December 19th, 1862. 8. All civilians who have been arrested at any time before the 6th of May, 1863, and released on parole. are discharged from any and every obligation contained in said parole. If any such person has taken

9. If any persons embraced in any of the foregoing sections, or in any section of any previous Exchange Notice, wherein they are declared exchanged, are in any Federal prison, they are to be immediately re-May 17 1863

At the Medical Purveyor's Depot, at Charlotte, N. C., ten pounds (10 lbs) of leaves of the New Jersey Tea Tree [Ceonthus Americanus.] The leaves must have been carefully dried in the shade.

JAS. T. JOHNSON, Med. Purv'r.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to FULLINGS & SPRINGS. Yours truly, J. A. SADLER, Gov. Agent. | February 3, 1863

HISTORY OF THE WAR. - We copy from the Standard a paragraph stating that Lieut, M. J. McSween is engaged in collecting materials for a history of the war, with especial reference to the part borne in it by North . Carolina. We concur in the Standard's recommendation of his idea. He has himself-had uncommon opportunities and aptitude for personally collecting materials, and has every disposition to use them for the honor of the State. He is a native of Robeson county, a graduate of our University, and has been connected with the army, as a private or officer, since the war began.

Material for his work will be thankfully receiv. ed by him, or at this office for him. - Fay. Ola.

HANDSOME TESTIMONIAL .- A few of the many friends of the Rev. A. W. Miller, late paster of the Tabb Street Presbyterian Church in this city. presented him, on Friday last, with a purse of \$6. 000, in token of their high regard for him, and as an evidence of their appreciation of his zeal and devotion to the cause of religion during his term of ministry. This act on the part of a portion of Mr Miller's late flock, was no less graceful and praiseworthy, than it was merited and appreciated .- Petersburg Express.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT NORTH-CAROLINA. Adjutant General's Office, Militia, Raleigh, May 11, 1863. General Order, No. 6.

I. The following extract from the Act amendatory of the exemption Act, passed by the late Congress of the Confederate States is published for the information and

guidance of those whom it may concern. (EXTRACT.) SEC. 4. "In addition to the State officers exempted by the Act of Oct. 11, 1862, there shall be exempted all State officers whom the Governor of any State may claim to have exempted for the due administration of

the Government and laws thereof; but this exemption shall not continue in any State after the adjournment of the next regular session of its Legislature, unless such Legislature shall by law exempt them from mill. tary duty in the Provisional Army of the Confederate II. Militia officers are hereby exempted from the operation of the Conscript Act, so long as they yield prompt obedience to the orders issued from this office

The services of refractory and negligent officers will not be considered as necessary "for the due administration of the Government and laws of the State." III. Commanding officers of the Militia will commu-

nicate this order to the officers auder their command. By order of Gov. VANCE:

DAN'L. G. FOWLE, Adjutant General.

Notice.

The Board of Directors of the Western Plank Road Company having accepted the amendment of their

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held at Charlotte on the 4th inst., a resolution was passed that they would retain for the Company and charge toll on that part of the road from Peter Cansler's to where the Plank Road diverges from the Public Road, about two hundred vards east of where Orr & Alexander's Saw-Mill used to stand, on the east side of the Catawba river, including the River Bridge. And they also instructed their President to sell the Road and Bridges from the Town of Charlotte to its junction with the Public Road, leading by Stewart's to a point about half a mile east of J. P. Ross', with its Privileges, excepting the Toll House and Lot, and also the Bridges ver Long Creek and Killian's Creek; but in the meantime they will not charge any toll on any part of public all the balance of said Plank Road except such The body of Van Dorn was coffined and sent off parts as they have reserved for the Company, and ordered to be sold, as above stated, and notice is hereby given to the public to that effect.

C. C. HENDERSON.

Pres't W. P. Road Co. PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell to the highest bidder, in the town of Charlotte, for cash, on Tuesday, 2d June, the Toll House and Lot in Charlotte, belonging to the Western Plank Road Co. And also, at the same time and place, that portion of said Plank Road (and its Privileges) lying between the town of Charlotte and the point on said Road where the Public Road, leading by Stewart's, intersects the Plank Road, about a half mile east of J. P. Ross', including the Bridges. And also, at the same time and place, the Bridge over Long Creek. And on Wednesday, the 3d June, I will sell to the highest bidder, at Lincolnton, for cash, that splendid bridge over Killian's Creek, including its C. C. HENDERSON, May 12th, 1863 4t Prest. W. P. Road Co.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

As the Executor of Gen. Wm. Allen, deceased. will expose to public sale, at the late residence of said deceased in Cabarrus county, on Wednesday the 27th day of May, the PLANTATION on which the said Wm Allen resided. Also,

Eight Likely Negroes,

among them men, women and children; one Share in the Char. & S. C. Railroad ; Horses, Mules, Cattle, Hogs, and Grain of various kinds; a tot of Bacon; two Wagons, one Carriage, Gears, Farming Tools; one sett of Blacksmith Tools; Household and Kitchen Furniture, and various other articles too tedious to enumerate. Terms made known on day of saic.

All persons having claims against the estate will please present them for settlement within the time precribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of

their recovery. WM. B. PARKS, Executor. May 5, 1863 . 4t-pd

\$300 Reward.

WILL give the above reward to any person who will take up my boy SAM, if captured without serious injury and delivered to me or confined in Jail so that I can get him. He has been lying out over twelve months, ranging from near Charlotte to Reedy Creek. He is 22 years old, medium size, and has a scar on his forhead. Address me at Charlotte, N. C. JNO. WOLFE. Feb 24, 1863

From the subscriber, on the 5th of April, six head of Cattle-among them two Milch Cows, one a brown color, the other white and black, both large and fine; the brown cow had a very large bell on; neither of them are marked. There was also among them a red Yearling, marked with a sallow-fork in each ear. Any information so that I may get them will be thankfully received and a liberal reward given. E. A. McLEOD.

STRAYED

Address me at Charlotte, N. C. April 28th, 1863 1m

Receiver's Sale. 10,000 ACRES LAND:

On Wednesday and Thursday, the 20th and 21st of May, 1863, at SHELBY, Cleaveland county, I will sell at public sale, in convenient lots for farming purposes, Ten Thousand Acres of Land lying in Cleaveland county, sequestered as the property of Goold Hoyt and Isaac Bronson, alien enemies of the Confederate States.

Terms-Note and security for the purchase money to be paid when sale is confirmed by the Confederate Court-the Court to be held the first Monday in June. D. SCHENCK, Receiver. April 21, 1863

NOTICE.

The Notes and Accounts due the Estate of Patrick J. Lowrie, dec'd, are in the hands of S. P. Smith

Esq., for collection. All persons having claims against form for settlement, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. L. J. LOWRIE, Executive. April 21, 1863 1m-pd NOTICE.

A number of Notes due the Building Committee the M. E. Church in this place, have been placed in my hands for collection. Persons owing said Notes by note or account, are hereby notified to call upon will confer a favor by calling on the undersigned at Wm. W. Grier, ex-sheriff, and make immediate settlesame, as it is now desirable to have them collected. May 12, 1863