



# CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Tuesday, June 9,

#### YANKEE BARBARISM.

The following statement was sent to us for publi eation by a highly respectable gentleman in Eastern North Carolina, who knows the facts of which he speaks, and who has been in the war since the first gun was fired:

On the recent expedition in pursuit of the Yankees who surprised the 56th N. C. Reg't, we found two aged widows residing at Core Creek. One of bereaved sisters (Mrs. Morris and Mrs. Evans) had come together in their old age in the hope that the last moments of a long and afflicted life might be spent in peace. But the Yankee vandals willed otherwise. Of their thirteen negroes, all were carried off except an old bed ridden woman. These Yankee wretches stole every pound of bacon the old ladies had; all their flour and meal, and even their bedding, towels, bed clothes, kitchen utensils. soap, lard, &c. Their very Bibles and hymn books were carried off and the last consolation of religion taken from them. With pious forethought. one of the old ladies had prepared her winding sheet. This the base scoundrels tore to pieces with

savage exultation in her presence. The furniture of the Core Creek Baptist Church near by, was on deposit for safe keeping in the house of the old ladies. All this was stolen or destroved, and the church itself burned to ashes.

These facts, hundreds in Bansom's and Cooke's Brigades heard from the lips of these venerable widows. Capt. Robertson, Navy Contractor, told the writer of this that he had known them for thirty years, and that they were universally respected for their pious, consistent and exemplary lives.

As a mental retribution of heaven, the Yankee Colonel who committed these atrocities was killed by our troops in the pursuit. He was the author of most of the house-burning and plundering which have desolated the country for twenty miles around

How-strikingly do these facts rebuke the base Re-constructionists in this State! Is the old Union to be restored in the tears and groans of the widow and orphan and in the blood of our noble sons! Are we again to take to our bosoms the house burning, church-destroying infidels who found our land as the Garden of Eden and have converted it into a desert? As long as the memory can act and the heart feel emotion, let their crimes never be forgotten and their atrocities never cease to excite the deepest abhorrence! The voices of our murdered dead would cry out from their gory graves did we re-unite again with this race of Camanches! Never, never, never!

"A RESTORATION OF THE UNION FOREVER IMPOS RIBLE."-Under this caption the Fayetteville Observer of the 4th inst. has an excellent article, one which we hope every paper in this State and in the South will copy. Before the war, the Editors of the Observer were true and true Union men, but they now view the matter in its proper light, and, as good southern men, are unalterably opposed to a reconstruction of the Union under any circumstances. Next week we will publish the Observer's article in full, as we now have room offly for the following

"The admission (perhaps inadvertently) into an influential paper of a communication in favor of reconstruction surprised and grieved us, and induces us to remind our readers that they must ever keep before their own minds and instil into the minds of their neighbors who may not read and reflect on the subject (if any such there be.) the great leading idea that the Union is forever dissolved-its restoration forever impossi-

"Reconstruction would be no end of the war: would rather be the beginning of interminable war. Peace with the United States can only be secured by separatioh. And that separation every dictate of honor, of interest, and of humanity demands. God forbid that we should ever again be united with a people who have so deeply outraged our every feeling and right, and whose intentions towards us are as black as the

"Let no man, therefore, tolerate in himself or others a thought of so fatal a policy as a reconstruction of the old Union. The day for that is forever past. The blood of our slaughtered sons and brothers upon a hundred fields, from Bethel to Vicksburg, cries out from the ground against an idea so fatal and so base."

N. C. TROOPS.-Mai. Wm. Lee Davidson has been promoted to Lieut Colonel of the 7th Regiment in place of Hill, killed. Capt J McLeod Turner has been appointed Major in place of Davidson promoted. Lieut, Col. John B. Ashcraft, of the 37th N. C.

Regiment, has resigned.

Maj Thomas W. Mayhew, of the 33d N. C. Regiment. who was wounded in the late battles near Fredericksburg, has since died.

WIRE -J. M. Howie & Co., of this place, have erected machinery for making wire of all sizes. We have seen some of the wire made at the establishment of the Messrs. Howie and it seems to be as good as any we ever saw. This is a cheering sign of the progress of manufacturing in the South.

GLUE.-There is one article much used and greatly needed, which is becoming very scarce. We allude to Glue. We have been unable, recently, to find enough to make a roller for inking type, and we hear the complaint frequently that there is none to be had. Surely the manufacture of glue would prove a profitable business to some one, as the materials might be procured in abundance from dent of the Columbia Carolinion makes the followthe numerous Tan Yards now in operation in the ing suggestion: South. The trimmings from hides, hoofs, &c., used in making glue.

papers say that Smith is elected-his majority over Flournoy as far as heard from being 1.916. Smith was a democrat and Elournoy a whig-both are true men, and either would make an excellent Governor. Sam'l Price has been elected Lieut-Governor.

If will be seen by reference to the Government prices, that the price of Beef has been added. In this District it is fixed at fifteen cents per pound, nett.

The prices fixed for corn and flour are entirely too high. It would have been better if the Appraisers had advanced the price of meat (if necessary) and lowered the price of bread.

STRAWBERRIES AND CHERRIES .- We are indebted to friends for nice treats in the way of baskets of three hundred pounds sterling." our friends. .

OUR SICK AND WOUNDED .- We had a conversation the other day with a returned wounded North Carolina soldier, who has been in one of the hospitals at Richmond. He assured us that the wounded North Carolinians at Richmond received every attention from the Virginians, it was possible for them to give. He says he has seen the ladies of Richmond passing from hospital to hospital, carry ing baskets and dishes filled with delicacies for the sick and wounded, and while administering to the wants of 'all were particular to inquire for North Carolinians who had so gallantly borne the heat and burden of the day and defended their homes from the ravages of the inhuman invader. These statements are confirmed by parents and relatives of sick and wounded soldiers who went on to assist in nursing them. When we take into consideration the them was near seventy, the other near sixty. After fact that the citizens of Richmond and many portions losing their husbands and all their children, the of Virginia have been for the past two years sur rounded with the sick and wounded from all parts of the Confederacy, and that the demands on their attention and charity are numerous and unceasing, we think they are deserving of much more praise rather than the censure which some seem disposed to indulge in. .

> NORTHERN PAPERS .- We are indebted to Gen. D. H. Hill, and to Lieut-Col. R. D. Johnston the 23d N. C. Regiment, for copies of the New York Herald. They contains no news of importance, but are a sort of curiosity, showing the low morals and degradation to which the yaukee people have sunk since they have been deprived of southern management and influence. The fact is, the northern people will have to submit to be ruled by a King or some one invested with despotic power. as they are utterly incapable of self-government.

> In the copy of the Herald before us, there are one hundred and fifty advertisements of, females wanting situations to work to enable them to get a living. This is an average number of the daily applications. While the yankee authorities are trying to starve out the South, their own people are perishing for food, raiment and shelter.

> The following paragraph from the Herald of the 29th, shows the habits of a people who claim to possess all the decency and civilization :

have there been so many pickpockets operating on its inhabitants as now. Wherever there is a public gathering numerous thefts are committed by these ight-fingered gentry."

The Northern papers give the names of ten Yankee ships recently destroyed by the Confederate steamers Alabama and Florida. The NY Herald says the whole number of vessels destroyed is 114 -a loss of \$12.000,000. Push on the good work.

The Board of Internal Improvements for this State failed to have a quorum present on the 30th Herald we find an article copied from an English ult., and will therefore meet again on the 19th inst.

The Merchants' Bank of Newbern (doing business at Greensboro) has declared an annual dividend of seven per cent.

In Wilmington, on Tuesday night last, the fine residences of Jas. Dawson and Thomas D. Walker were consumed by fire, and the residence of Rev. A. P. Repiton much damaged.

DEFENCE OF GEN. PEMBERTON .- The Richmond Enquirer, in reply to a communication sent it by "An Alabamian," assailing Gen. Pemberton the commander of the Confederate forces at Vicksburg, North and in Europe they are the devil's best tools, of the 3d N. C. Cavalry communicates the follow-

"While you men of Alabama and Mississippi have for two long years stood here to defend the sacred soil of Virginia. by your side has Gen. Pemberton also stood for the same "two long years;" indeed he was here before "an Alabamian" or Mississippian had reached Virginia; for he came to Richmond within eight days after she passed the ordinance of secession, and was commissioned a colonel on the 28th April, 1861-the State seceded on the 17th. We write from the record. It is not true that "this same John C. Pemberton was in the service of Abraham Lincoln," (any more than was Gens. Lee, Johnston, Cooper, Longstreet, &c.,) and it is not true that he commanded a regiment of the U.S. Government "at the battle of Manassas." He resigned his commission in the U.S. service immediately on arriving in Washington, and promptly repaired to Virginia; he surrendered the expectations of large fortune from his friends in Pennsylvania, and gave up all for the State whose daughter he had taken to wife, and where he had lived and voted for years before the State seceded; he has faithfully and most ably discharged every duty entrasted to him, and is now closely beleagured in fighting for his country's cause. Let us strengthen his arm, by our encouragement; let us not impair | Progress. the confidence of his soldiers by unjust suspicions and false invendees upon his loyalty.

The Jackson Mississippian pulishes a speech made by Gen. Pemberton, after three repulses of the enemy at Vicksburg. It is as follows:

traitor, and that it was my intention to sell Vicksburg. Follow me and you will see the cost at which I will sell Vicksburg. When the last pound of beef, bacon and flour; the last grain of corn; the last cow, and hog, and horse, and dog shall have been consumed, and the last man shall have perished in the trenches, then, and only then, will I sell Vicksburg.

We think the General will do to trust.

check the cavalry raids of the enemy, a correspon-

My plan is this, and I would earnestly urge (unwhich are now thrown away, might be profitably less some one will suggest a better) it upon our ganize ourselves into companies of ten or twenty Virginia Election. "We stated last week that men each—all who remain at home and can fire a gence, and no doubt an enemy to the cause. it was probable that Mr. Flournoy had been elected gun-each member to provide himself with a gun and a horse and twenty cartridges, and to be alway vernor of Virginia. Fuller returns indicate the ready. Most of our men have guns, and it is probelection of Gen. Wm. Smith, and the Richmond able the Government could now supply the deficiency. Also, let them have ammunition, or sell it to gether, will go far towards suppressing the frauds These companies should have some specified place order from headquarters all substitute papers, to and Mumford's vote combined puts Flournoy in a of meeting, in case of an alarm, and should thoroughlarge minority. According to old party lines, Smith ly acquaint themselves with all the thickets and hiding places along the roads in their neighborhoods. A body of ten or fifteen sharp shooters would throw a regiment of cavalry into the utmost confusion by firing on them from a place of concealment; turn them from their course or impede their progress, thereby allowing those pursuing to overtake and capture them. I make these suggestions, not for the purpose of alarming any one, but to get them to prepare to meet calamity that will most assuredly come upon many parts of our country.

Among late foreign news items, we find the

"A 'Commissioner' from North Carolina had issued in Manchester an 'invitation' for a subscription to cotton bonds of that State for the loan of

strawberries, to J. A. Cannon for cherries, and to to the above. Who is the Commissioner, how were for honor, for everything we hold dear. If we Miss Julia Griffith for strawberries and cherries. the bonds issued, and how is the three hundred fail, we lose everything. We shall then be slaves,

SOLDIERS ORPHANS' EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTE. -The Rev. Dr. C. F. Doems, who for some months past has been collecting funds for the purpose of establishing an Institution at Wilson, N. C., for educating the children of deceased Confederate soldiers, has met with great success and has already raised one hundred thousand dollars in this State. The Institution is designed to feed and clothe the pupils as well as educate them. A correspondent of the Raleigh Journal says:

"Fifty dollars, or more, contributed constitutes one a Trustee of this Institution: and for each fifty dollars given one is entitled to a vote in its management. Twenty-five hundred dollars secures to one a scholarship, by which he has the right to select an orphan, in perpetuity, from whatever county or State of the Confederacy he pleases. The donor may designate the county to whose credit he wishes his contribution placed. Orphans will be chosen from the different counties in proportion to the sum contributed by those counties.'

CANDIDATES .- W. J. Houston and Thomas Faison are announced as candidates for Congress in the 3d District.

John D. Hyman and Dr. Saml. L. Love are proposed as candidates in the 10th District.

TREASURY NOTES .- As we have had some inquiries in regard to funding Confederate Treasury Notes, the following explanations will be found

Seven per cent coupon bonds or registered stock, at the pleasure of the holder, will be issued in ex-

pleasure of the holder, will be issued in exchange month on which said Notes are issued. After the 1st of August next, Treasury Notes

which bear date before the 1st of December, 1862, cannot be funded in any kind of Stocks. Treasury Notes bearing date between the Ist of December, 1862, and 6th April 1863, are fundable

only in 4 per cent. stocks after 1st of August, 1863. All notes issued before the 1st of December last ought to be funded before the first of August next, as after that time they cannot be funded in Con-"Never before, since New York has been a city, federate Bonds, but will be paid by the Government "six months after the ratification of a treaty

We learn that Mr. Williamson, the Depositary at this place, has funded \$150,000 in 7 per cent Bonds since the 22d of April.

working for the cause of the devil instead of religion and civilization. In a late number of the New York paper stating that 750 French Protestant Clergymen had addressed a letter to their English brethren on the subject of the war in America, in opposition to cause represented by the Confederate States "would lish clergymen (so called) replied "Amen," and returned a letter congratulating their French brethren on entertaining the true sentiment! These French and English clergymen are imitating the bad example of the Yankee preachers. In the and his majesty is using them.

Maj Gen. R. S. Ewell, having been promoted to Lieut-General, has been placed in command of Jackson's corps, and was received with great satisfaction by the army.

ARRESTED .- James A. Eddie, the confidential clerk who robbed James H. Taylor, the Charleston artillery at that time-produced a shout of laugh-Auctioneer, of about \$19,000, was arrested in Richmond last week.

down from Randolph on Tuesday night of last partially cleared ground, where there was once a week. In some sections of the State these lawless | dwelling house. A solitary chimney stood there. creatures are becoming a perfect terror to peaceable | Behind this chimney the heroic Colonel "took his | citizens, and not only the militia officers, but the stand," while his regiment moved forward. They people, generally, will have to turn out and arrest | had not gone far, however, before the 55th opened them for the safety and security of their own on them, causing them to waver and halt. The families and property, if for no other motive. We redoubtable Colonel stuck his head out from belearn that the deserters are so desperate in portions hind the chimney and cheered them on. Another of Randolph that citizens are afraid to go abroad volley, and the Yankees began to break. "What after dark. One lady in that county, while absent are you running for, you cowardly"-(whis went a Vicksburg, but promptly and nobly and manfully at a funeral week before last, had her premises bullet by his head, which immediately popped robbed by them of everything she had .-- Raleigh | back.) Another volley, and the Yankees began to

We learn that many of the letters which soldiers receive from their relatives and friends at home induce desertion. Some of these letters make unnecessary and unjustifiable complaints of You have heard that I was incompetent and a hard times, &c., and some falsely represent that But it was "no go," and the panic became general. our Judges have decided the conscript law unconstitutional, and that if they (the soldiers) will out "Come out from behind that chimney .- 1 see come home they will be protected against arrest. left at double quick, amidst roars of laughter from Letters of this kind are doing much harm, and bringing disgrace and death upon many a soldier. An officer informs us that one of his men received a letter from his mother and got an officer to read A GOOD SUGGESTION .- In order to meet and it for him. The mother, in her letter, actually advised her son to desert, and stated that there were 8 or 10 deserters then in her neighborhood who were not molested. It is true, the mother and son in this instance are quite illiterate, but the Carter-and have repulsed them with heavy loss. a British schooner, which sprung aleak off the people and upon those in authority: We should or- letter was written by some one with more intelli- They retreated across the Cumberland, leaving South Carolina shore and the bearer of the dis-

acea for the ills of substitution in the army has been found, which, if it does not check it altothem cheaper than they can get it from speculators. by which so many persons are swindled. By an be valid or of any avail, must be countersigned by the commanding General of the army to which the substitute is sent. As Generals don't care to have their commands encumbered with substitutes, the substitute market may hereafter be quoted as fits of which may be estimated from the fact that a adull, and few offering."-Richmond Examiner.

Stonewall Jackson's message to the Women of the Confederacy.- A correspondent of the Knox- Charleston from \$1200 to \$2000. ville Register writes as follows of an interview

"After a visit to the Rappahannock army, the writer made a parting call on Gen. Jackson, in his tent. As we stood exchanging the last words some reference was made to what our ladies are reach, who may otherwise go barefooted and in mington Journal 3d. doing. "Yes." said he, "but they must not enstrawberries and cherries: To M. L. Wallace for We should like to get some information in regard them so for me. We are fighting for principle, We highly appreciate these little remembrances of pounds sterling (about \$1,500,000) to be used and we shall be worse than slaves—we shall have abundant yield of heads and grains well filled. nothing worth living for."

THE PROSPECT.-The Richmond Dispatch. speaking of the late encouraging news from Vieks-

"Awakening from their short-lived dream of conquest and subjugation, the deluded subjects of Abraham the First have at last found out that Vicksburg is not to be had except by hard fighting-by such fighting as they never have done and never will do so long as Yankee courage and Yankee generalship remain unchanged. Whilst the heroic garrison of the Western Gibraltar, surrounded by an overwhelming host, are mowing them down by thousands at every point of their line of attack, Johnson, with retribution, disaster and death in his train, is swiftly approaching in their flank and rear, and may at any montent strike a blow that will reverberate through all Yankeedom, and close by one single thunderclap the campaign of the West. Meanwhile, Sterling Price is on the war path, and the dame of the old hero resounds like the trumpet of judgment in the

ears of the cowardly oppressor. The flames of insurrection, yet smouldering in Missouri, will blaze out with redoubled fury at his approach, and an army of patriots will spring up from the soil under the martial tread of his patriot bands. By the destruction of Grant's army -and, unless be escapes by availing himself of the Yankee transports on the Mississippi, we anticipate nothing less from the decisive battle which will be forced mon him-Missouri, Arkansas, and Western Louisiana will be at once freed from the polluting presence of the hybrid and multicolored hordes by whom they are now overrun, and Banks, change for Treasury Notes of all dates before the the hero of many retreats, will have to repeat on 6th of April, 1863, until the 1st day of August, 1863, a grand scale his strategetic operations of last year. when he made such unprecedented fast time under Six per cent bonds or registered stock, at the the lash of Stonewall Jackson. When the universal rout begins, as begin it must, let every for all Treasury Notes, issued on or after the 6th of soilder of our victorious host remember the long April, 1863, for one year after the 1st day of the series of fiendish outrages perpetrated by our savage foes, and let the watchward be-

"Ley on, Macduff, . And damned be be who first cries: hold, enough!"

> For the Western Democrat. GALLANTRY REWARDED.

MR EDITOR: Permit me to mention the names of privates J. Logan Stowe and Jasper N. Stowe, both from Gaston county, and members of Co. H, 23d N. C. Regiment, promoted to Sergeants for meritorious conduct on the battle field at Chancel-AMICUS.

THE EXCHANGE BUSINESS SUSPENDED .-The Federal Commissioner baving refused to deliver regularly paroled Confederate prisoners ac- them at every point with great slaughter. The cording to the agreement defined in the cartel, hat negroes were put in front, and were shot down like been informed that no more Federal prisoners who | dogs. On the last day Gardner slipped out a regiment THE FOREIGN CLERGY .- It appears that a por- may fall into our bands will be exchanged until tion of the clergy in France and England are openly the said Confederates are handed over. Our commissioner has faithfully delivered over all Federal prisoners demanded under the terms of at Baton Rogue, and the siege of Port Hudson has the cartel until this occurence. Our account with the United States gives us an excess of prisoners. captured by our forces in all parts of the Confederacy, of about 17,000 non-commissioned officers and privates. The capture of commissioned offithe South and representing that the success of the cers about balance. Nearly every one of the former have been duly paroled and sent home. We put back the progress of christian civilization and have no information as to the cause of the retenof humanity a whole century." 1,500 of the Eng- tion of the Confederate prisoners alluded to, almost all of whom should have been delivered three months ago. One thing is certain, the United States will make nothing by its breach of honor .- Richmond Enquirer.

> AN INCIDENT-A Yankee Hero .- A member ing laughable incident to the Wilmington Journal:

During Gen. Longstreet's investment of Suffolk, and on the day that Col. Connally's 55th regiment N. C. troops reinforced the rifle pits in such splendid style, an incident occured ludicrously illustrative of Yankee chivalry, and whichthough there was an awful fire from the estemy's to our cause and a friend to our enemies.] ter in that gallant regiment. A Yankee regiment was sent out under cover of their artillery, to prevent Connally from reinforcing the pits. The Some seven or eight deserfers were brought | Colonel of this regiment advanced it through a scatter in confusion. "Stand up to 'em, boys"-(whiz and another duck of the head.) "Damn you, go back. What-are-you-running for?" These words were uttered between alternative bobs of the head.) "Go back; fight 'em, you cowards," he screamed from behind the chimney. Just about this time a solemn "rebel" voice called your nose." The gallant Colonel "come out" and our boys.

GEN. MORGAN.-We are gratified to see that this gallant soldier has been turned loose, it is said, with instructions to report to no one but Gen. Johnston. We have the first fruits of the movement in the following dispatch from Morgan himself, dated Monticello, Ky., May 12th.

"I have met the enemy 10,000 strong-the cavalry under Woolford, the infantry under Gen. is slight, considering two days' engagement.

THE IMPORTATION OF LIQUOR -A corres-

pondent of the Charleston Courier says: During the past week there was advertised and sold in Charleston, by three respectable firms, as a portion of cargoes running the blockade, 785 packages, consisting of cases, barrels, pipes and hogsheads of whiskey, brandy, gin, &c., the probarrel of whiskey may cost in Cincinnati 86 to \$10; in Nassau, after a chemical change to repre-

NEW FLOUR.-Col. T. J. Robertson has sent us a sample of new flour, ground at Geiger's Mill. He says he has nearly finished barvesting an Columbin Orrolinian, June beh.

LATEST NEWS.

At the last accounts Vicksburg still held out against the assaults of the enemy under Grant, and the invader has been severely punished. We counider the prospect | 13th, and continue twenty weeks. cheering, and do not believe that the enemy man capture the city. It appears, too, that the enemy has been again defeated at Port Hudson.

The Richmond Dispatch of Saturday says: "The news from the Southwest continues to be of the most cheering character: Nobly has Gen. Pemberton vindicated the confidence placed in him by President Davis. From all accounts, the defence of Vicksburg is the most glorious episode in the already crowded annals of our military history." deduction for absence unless in cases of serious illness. Pupils furnish their own candles, towels and

There is no news from the Virginia army. Important novements, no doubt, are going on, and the Governmen very properly keeps its own secrets. The yankee army has been withdrawn from opposite Fredericksburg. The enemy seem to fear that Gen. Lee is preparing to move into Pennsylvania or Maryland.

FROM VICKSBURG.

JACKSON, June 5 .- There is not even a rumor to-day rom Vicksburg or Port Hudson. Heavy firing coninues at the former place-last night it was terrific. We copy the following items from former dispatches: At the first assault on Vicksburg the enemy lost four Generals, namely: Shea, Lay, Burbridge and Reamer. Several houses have been burned by the enemy's

shells, and some women and children killed, but little

other damage done. The stench from the Yankee dead is offensive for six miles from Vicksburg. General Pemberton sent out & flag of truce demanding of Grant to bury his dead and attend to his wounded that had been lying on the field for five days. Grant was complying with the demand as well as he could. The Federal loss is from thirtyive to forty thousand. Grant and McClernand are disputing about seniority

A report, which is very generally believed at Jack-son, says that Grierson's (Federal) command had been captured by our forces at Woodville, Miss.

THE FIGHT AT PORT HUDSON. The following is a copy of a hasty note written a

New Orleans and sent into our lines . New ORLEANS, May 29 .- Tremendous fight at Port Hudson on the 27th. Yankees driven back with a loss of 3,000, killed and wounded. Generals Sherman (since reported dead.) Neal Dow, Chapin, and Nickerson, wounded. Gen. Payne killed. Negroes, to use the language of an aid of General Sherman to R. Evans, "massacred."

Sackson, June 1 .- A gentleman from Port Hudson on Saturday morning hast confirms the reported defeat of Banks, and says it was a most complete rout. Our forces are pursuing than.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT -A gentleman direct from Clinton, La., states that the Federals assaulted Port Hudson, and after four days' hard fighting. Gardner routed of mounted infantry, who came charging through the Federal lines, whooping and yelling. The enemy stampeded, and were pursued and slaughtered dreadfully. The cold steel was freely used. The enemy are been raised.

FROM TENNESSEE.

CHATTANOOGA, June 3 .- Creditable information reeived here states that Rosencranz has commenced falling back from Murfreesboro to the fortifications in | founded hope of eternal life in the Kingdom of Jesus Nashville. There is no doubt of his having sent large reinforcements to Grant. Bragg's army is on the qui vive and ready to follow.

DISMISSAL OF A BRITISH CONSUL.

RICHMOND, June 4 .- The President has revoked and annulled the exequatur heretofore given to George Moore as British Consul for this city, in consequence of his assuming to act in behalf of the Government of Her Brittanic Majesty on matters occurring in the further correspondence could be held with him as acceeding to this request he entered into correspondence recovery. as Her Majesty's Consul with the Secretary of War, Jane 2, thereby disregarding the legitimate authority of this

We are truly glad that the President dismissed the gentleman. The Government of England is an enemy

LATEST FROM THE NORTH.

RICHMOND, June 6 .- Northern dates to the 3d have been received. Official advices from Vicksburg to the 29th indicate no change in the state of affairs there. The gun-boat Cincinnati was sunk by the rebel batteries on the 26th. The loss was over 200 killed and wounded. Lincoln speaking of military operations in Missis-

In the battle of Champion Hills, the 24th Iowa, made up largely of clergymen, and which was known as the preachers' regiment, was nearly annihilated. The rebels fought with the most reckless gallantry. regiment of Georgians refused to retreat or susrender,

sippi; said he expected the best results, but was pre-

them were killed where they stood. Burnside has prohibited the circulation of the New York World and the Chicago Times in his department. An arrival from Havana brings a report of the capture of Pachla and the whole Mexican army by the army of the French. Dates to May 27th give interesting details of the capture of a French steamer and transport. Finnisterre, who arrived at New York from Yera Cruz, on the 16th, doubts the report and says the latest news from Puebla was at the time of his departure, on the 16th, when the French held half of the city and the Mexicans the other half. The latter were strongly

A correspondent of an Atlanta paper says that Vallandigham will be sent immediately through our lines, by the first steamer, to Nassau, from mediately. Four little orphan girls are dependent upwhence he will repair to Canada.

A Lincolnite, collecting information in Morgan County, Maryland, against members of the Knights of the Golden Circle, has been shot.

DISPATCHES FROM ABROAD .- Dispatches from our Commissioner in England arrived in this city vesterday. They were brought by Lieut. Davis, General Order; No. 52. late of the British army. Lieut. D. was on board their baggage, camp equipage, etc., in my hands.
The Substitution in the army has

their baggage, camp equipage, etc., in my hands.
They lost 300 drowned while crossing the river.

I am on the field burying dead Yankees. My loss is slight, considering two days' engagement. mond - Dispatch.

> HORSES AND TOBACCO BURNT .- We learn from the Milton Chronicle, that the stables and tobacco barn of Thomas Woods, Esq , near Woods- for in said act, the officer impressing the property shall, dale, in Person, N. C., were fired by some incen- if he believe the appraisement to be fair and just, endiary on Tuesday morning last, before day dawn, dorse upon it his approval; if not the shall endorse upon it his reasons for refusing, and deliver the and entirely consumed, together with seven horses-four of them very valuable-and 20,000 pounds of tobacco.

sent foreign liquors, \$15 to \$20; and will bring in passed through this place yesterday afternoon en route for Richmond, we suppose to be exchanged. Ity taken, which faluation shall be paid by the proper It is easy to foresee the effect on prices which They were beyond doubt the meanest looking set ken, on the certificate of appraisers, as provided in with Stonewall Jackson a few days before his would be made by the importation of 785 pack- of men we ever saw, and were evidently of the the act of which this is amendatory. [Approved ages of shoes and clothing every few weeks in the lowest order of Western Yankees. Many of them April 27th, 1863.] place of the same number of liquor packages. were barefoot, all of them ragged and looked as if Many of our soldiers and their families at home, they had been half starved for months. We learn would have shoes and clothing at prices within their that eight thousand more are on the way .- Wil-

HOOP AND BAND IRON.

30 TONS Hoop and Band Iron, from 1 to 3 in-Also, 100 Kegs WROUGHT NAILS. BLIAS & COHEN

June 9, 1863 61-pd

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NOTICE. The sale of the property of Harbert Stowe, deceased will take place on Saturday the 13th of June, instead of the 18th, as heretofore advertised.

S. LANDER, Principal

LINCOLNTON FEMALE SEMINARY.

The Fall Session, 1863, will open on Monday, July

Terms.—One hundred and fifty dollars required in

advance: the remainder at the end of the session. No

LINCOLNTON, N. O.

Rarra, Board, including fuel and washing,

Plane Lessons,

Dise of Piano,

For further information, address

Regular Tuition, from \$10 to

#### H. D. STOWE, Adm's Jane 9, 1863

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL, RALEIGH, N. C.

RIGHT REV. THOS, ATKINSON, D. D.: Visitor REV ALBERT SMEDES, D. D., Rector.

The next term will begin July 10th, and end Decem-

For Board and English Tuition, the charge will be \$225, payable in advance. For a circular containing full particulars, apply to

Parents desiring to enter their children the next term, should address the Rector immediately.

### EIGHT PER CENT FUNDING.

The attention of the public is directed to the following regulations, issued by the Secretary of the Treasury in relation to funding of Confederate States Treasu-

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

Charlotte, N. C.

RICHMOND, May 25, 1863. The following regulations are established for the guidance of the officers of the Treasury, in relation to the two year Treasury notes and eight per cent certificates, issued under the act of Congress of May 16, '61: 1. The holders of any of the two year Treasury notes, issued under the provisions of the said act, may, at any time, on or before the 31st of July, 1863, exchange the same for eight per cent, bonds, payable in ten years, to be issued under the authority of said act.

form, to be taken up by delivery of the bends as soon as they shall be prepared. C. G. MEMMINGER, Sec'y Trea'y. A. C. WILLIAMSON, C. S. D.,

2. The Treasurer, Assistant Treasurer and Deposito-

ries will issue certificates to such holders, in the usual

DIED.

In this town, on the 3d instant, after a painful illness of several months. Mr Abram C. Steele. In this county, by being blown up in the Powder Mill on the 23d ult., Mr Geo. W. Hutchison, aged 22 years and 7 months, son of Cyrus and Mary A. Hutchi-

In Union county, on the 24th ultimo, Mrs Christina Richardson, aged 80 years. For 40 years she was a member of the Methodist Church, and died with a well Christ - Com

In Salisbury, on the 26th ult. Mrs Laura Cone, wife of Robert E. Love, Esq., aged 42 years. In Gaston county, on the 20th ult, from disease contracted in camp, J. R. Strain of the 5th S. C. Regiment,

## NOTICE.

Maving qualified as Executor to the Will of William State of Mississippi. He was requested to submit to Allison, deceased, notice is hereby given to those ining claims against the estate must present them imme-British Consul for the Port of Richmond. Without | dintely, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their WILLIAMSON WALLACE, Jane 2, 1863

TAKEN UP On Sunday the 17th of May, a dark-brown MULE, branded "C. S.," 4 years old and about 12 hands high. The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove

property, pay charges and take it away. ALBERT WALLACE June 2, 1863

North Carolina

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS. This delightful Summer Resort is now open for the reception of visitors, and the public can have the

benefit of these valuable waters. PRICES OF BOARD-\$5 per day, \$28 per week, \$75 for four weeks.

We have a plentiful supply of Provisions, and a good stock of Ice secured. There is a daily line of Hucks when a beavy charge was made and five-sixths of and Mail from the Western N. C. Railroad to the H. L. ROBARDS

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS. OFFICE CHARLOTTE & S. C. RAILROAD, 1. Columbia, May 30, 1863. Liquor will not be transported by this Company or the A., Tenn & O. Railroad company, unless securely boxed and strapped.

THOS. B. SHARP.

Gen'l. Sup't.

TO JOHN HARTY'S DEBTORS Humanity requires you to come forward and pay im-

June 1, 1868 6t

on what you owe. The Notes and Accounts are in the hands of Sheriff White. Don't let him be under the necessity of calling on you—see him roon. T. H. BREM.

June 2, 1863. 4t Adm'r of John Harry, dec. ADJUTANT & INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE, Richmond, May 1st, 1863.

The following Act of Congress, approved by the President, is published for the information and direction of all concerned, in connection with the act relat-

An act to smend an act estitled "An act to regulate impressments by officers of the army."

The Congress of the Confederate States of America do enact. That in all cases of appraisement provided same, with a receipt for the property impressed, to the owner, his agent or attorney, and, as soon as practicable, forward a copy of the receipt and appraisement, and his endorsement thereon, to the board of apprais-One hundred and ninety-eight Yankee ers appointed by the President and Governor of the prisoners, captured on the Mississippi, we learn, State, who shall revise the same and make a final valnation, so as to give just compensation for the properdepartment for the use of which the property was tu-

> By Order, S. COOPER. Adjutant and Inspector General.

of local appraisers, to the undersigned, are bereby mutified that these appeals must be made up in due form and accompanied by suitable proofs and reasons, in accordance with the law, or they cannot be acceden. R. V. BLACKSTOCK, H.K. BURGWYN,

Commissioners of appraisement for M. C.