

NEWS ITEMS.

Arrest of the Governor of Georgia—Louisville, May 16.—Gov. Brown of Georgia, arrived this morning and left this afternoon. He was arrested on the night of the 9th, at the Executive Mansion at Milledgeville, by Capt. Kneeland and Lieut. Bayard. He goes to Washington under charge of the latter.

Gov. Brown arrived in Washington on the 18th, under guard, and was placed in the Old Capitol prison.

It is reported that a detachment of cavalry was in pursuit of Gov. Magrath of South Carolina, who was last heard from when about leaving Spartanburg.

The Nashville Press learns that Gen. Forrest was killed by Capt Walker of the Confederate army, in revenge for shooting his son.

The Memphis Argus says that Forrest was killed at Parkville, Ala., on the 13th, by four of his own men, to avenge the death of six of their comrades ordered to be shot by Forrest the day before for exulting over the news of Johnston's surrender, which Forrest did not believe.

According to an order of the War Department, the Adjutant General has been directed to commence mustering honorably out of service all general field and staff officers who are unemployed, or whose service is no longer needed. Orders have been issued for the discharge of 50,000 employees of the Quartermaster's Department.

The Land Office has conveyed, by certified transcript, to the State of Wisconsin, for the construction of the St. Croix and Lake Superior Railroad, 156,450 acres of land.

On the 17th, U. S. Senator Stewart, of Nevada, delivered a lecture in New York to an audience composed mainly of capitalists, on the mineral wealth of the Pacific States; and Senator Nye also gave an interesting account of the inexhaustible treasures of Nevada, the youngest State in the Union.

A report from New Orleans says that a grand expedition is being organized to go to Texas.

Ex-Gov. or Hon. H. S. Foote has published in Montreal a long letter addressed to Secretary Stanton. He says he was ordered to leave the States in 48 hours. He is willing to go back for trial. No one appears to have much respect for a man who has acted like Foote.

Gideon J. Pillow, ex General of the Confederate army, has been captured near Selma, Ala. Gen. Ben Hill surrendered, with 700 men, to the U. S. troops.

It is stated that an attempt has been made or contemplated against the life of the Emperor Napoleon, by some 60 conspirators. The conspiracy was discovered in time to prevent harm.

On the 16th a negro got into a street car in Philadelphia and refused all entreaties to leave it. The conductor of the car, fearful of being fined for ejecting him, as was done by one of the judges of one of the courts in a similar case, ran the car off the track, detached the horses and left the colored man to occupy the car all by himself. The colored man still firmly maintained his position in the car, having spent the whole of the night there. The conductor looks upon the part he enacted in the affair as a splendid piece of strategy. The matter creates quite a sensation in the neighborhood where the car was standing, and crowds of sympathizers flocked round the colored man.

HAVE CHARITY.—It would be well for some people to ponder the following passage from the Bible, and entertain a little more charity for others.

"And it came to pass, after these things, that Abraham sat in the door of his tent about the going down of the sun, and behold a man bent with age, coming from the way of the wilderness, leaning on a staff; and Abraham rose and met him; 'turn in, I pray thee, and wash thy feet, and tarry all night, and thou shalt rise early in the morning and go on thy way.' And the old man said, 'Nay, for I will abide under this tree.' But Abraham pressed him greatly, and he turned and went into the tent, and Abraham baked unleavened bread and they did eat. And when Abraham saw that the man blessed not God, he said unto him, 'Wherefore dost thou not worship the most high God, creator of heaven and earth?' And the man answered and said, 'I do not worship thy God, neither do I call upon his name: for I have made to myself a God which abideth always in mine house and provideth me with all things.' And Abraham's zeal was kindled against the man, and he arose and fell upon the man, and drove him forth with blows into the wilderness. And God called unto Abraham, saying, 'Abraham where is the stranger?' And Abraham answered and said, 'Lord, he would not worship thee, neither would he call upon thy name, therefore have I driven him out from before my face into the wilderness.' And God said, 'Have I borne with him these hundred and ninety and eight years, and nourished him and clothed him, notwithstanding his rebellion against me, and couldst not thou, who art thyself a sinner, bear with him one night?'"

THE STAMP ACT

One of the Tax Laws of the United States.

There are probably not a dozen of the readers of this paper who know the details of the Stamp Act. Yet, there is no law, State or national, the provisions of which are more important to the people. Here are such of its provisions as we think will prove most interesting and important to the reader:

SCHEDULE B.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT—of deeds	exempt
AFFIDAVIT in suit or legal proceedings	5 cents
AGREEMENT OR APPRAISEMENT—for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written	5 cents
ASSIGNMENTS OR TRANSFERS—of mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument.	
Of patent right	5 cents
BANK CHECKS, DRAFTS OR ORDERS, &c.—at sight or on demand	2 cents
BILLS OF EXCHANGE, INLAND—draft or order, payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated, [except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be forthwith presented for payment] for a sum not exceeding \$100	5 cents
For every additional hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof	5 cents
BILLS OF LADING—of vessels for ports of the United States or British North America	exempt
Or receipt for goods on any foreign ports	10 cents
BILL OF SALE—of any vessel, or part thereof when the consideration does not exceed five hundred dollars	50 cents
Exceeding \$500 and not exceeding \$1,000	\$1.00
Exceeding \$1,000, for each \$500, or fractional part thereof	50 cents
Of personal property [other than ship or vessel]	5 cents
BOND—personal, for payment of money [See Mortgage]	
Official	\$1.00
For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is \$1,000 or less	50 cents
Where the money recoverable exceeds \$1,000, for every additional \$1,000, or fractional part thereof	50 cents
BONDS—county, city and town bonds, railroad and other corporation bonds and script are subject to stamp duty. [See Mortgage.]	
Of any description other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule	25 cents
CERTIFICATES—of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars	2 cents
Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding \$100	5 cents
Of stock in an incorporated company	25 cents
General	5 cents
Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace	
Commissioner of Deeds or Notary Public	5 cents
Of search of records	5 cents
That certain papers are on file	5 cents
That certain papers cannot be found	5 cents
Of redemption of land sold for taxes	5 cents
Of birth, marriage and death	5 cents
Of qualifications of school teachers	5 cents
Of profits in an incorporated company, for a sum not less than \$10 and not exceeding \$50	10 cents
Exceeding \$50 and not exceeding \$1,000	25 cents
Exceeding \$1,000, for every additional \$1,000, or fractional part thereof	25 cents
Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such	25 cents
CERTIFIED TRANSCRIPT—of judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file (N. B.—As a general rule, every certificate which has, or may have, a legal value in any court of law or equity, will require a stamp duty of 5 cents.)	5 cents
CHECK DRAFT OR ORDER—for the payment of any sum of money, exceeding \$10, drawn upon any person other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand	2 cents
CONTRACT—[See Agreement]	
Brokers	10 cents
CONVEYANCE—deed, instrument or writing whereby lands, tenements, or other realty sold shall be conveyed, the actual value which does not exceed \$500	50 cents
Exceeding \$500, and not exceeding \$1,000	\$1.00
For every additional \$500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of \$1,000	50 cents
ENTRY—of any goods, wares or merchandise at any custom house not exceeding \$100 in value	25 cents
Exceeding \$100 and not exceeding \$500 in value	50 cents
Exceeding \$500 in value	\$1.00
For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise, from bonded warehouse	50 cents
Gauger's RETURN—if for quantity not exceeding 500 gallons, gross	10 cents
Exceeding 500 gallons	25 cents
POWER OF ATTORNEY—to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon	25 cents
To vote at an election of incorporated company	10 cents

To receive or collect rents	25 cents
To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate	\$1.00
For any other purpose	50 cents
PROBATE OF WILL—or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed \$4,000	\$1.00
For every additional \$2,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of \$2,000	50 cents
Bonds of executor, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subject to a stamp duty of	\$1.00
PROTEST—upon bill notes, check or draft	25 cents
PROMISSORY NOTE—[See Bills of Exchange, inland.]	
Renewal of, subject to same duty as an original note.	
RECEIPT—for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due, exceeding \$20, or for the delivery of any property	2 cents
TRUST DEED—made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage Conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as a conveyance.	
WAREHOUSE RECEIPT—for any goods, wares or merchandise not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse, not exceeding \$500 in value	10 cents
Exceeding \$500, and not exceeding \$1,000	20 cents
Exceeding \$1,000, for every additional \$1,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of \$1,000	10 cents
For any goods, &c., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard	25 cents
WRITS & LEGAL DOCUMENTS—writ or other legal process, by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity	50 cents
Writ or other original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is \$100 or over	50 cents
Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit, for \$100, or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid	50 cents
Writ or other process appeals from justices' courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record	50 cents
Warrants of distress, when the amount or rent claimed does not exceed \$100	25 cents
When the amount exceeds \$100	50 cents
INSURANCE—Marine, Inland and Fire. Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash, premium notes, or both, does not exceed \$10	10 cents
Exceeding \$10, and not exceeding \$50	50 cents
INSURANCE, LIFE—when the amount insured does not exceed \$1,000	25 cents
Exceeding \$1,000, and not exceeding \$5,000	50 cents
Exceeding \$5,000	\$1.00
LEASE—of lands or tenements, where the rent, does not exceed \$300 per annum	50 cents
Exceeding \$300, for each additional \$200, or fractional part thereof, in excess of \$300	50 cents
Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance."	
Clause of guaranty of payment of rent, incorporated or indorsed, five cents additional	
MEASURES' RETURN—if for quantity not exceeding 1,000 bushels	10 cents
Exceeding 1,000 bushels	25 cents
MORTGAGE—trust deed, bill of sale, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding \$100, and not exceeding \$500	50 cents
Exceeding \$500, for every additional \$500 or fractional part thereof, in excess of \$500.	50 cents
PAWNERS' CHECKS	5 cents
PASSAGE TICKET—from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than \$35	50 cents
Costing more than \$35, and not exceeding \$50	\$1.00
For every additional \$50, or fractional part thereof, in excess of \$50	\$1.00

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue Stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in schedule B, except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided. Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments. It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whose use it is made may stamp it before it is used; but in no case can it be legally used without a stamp; and if used after the 30th of June, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars. Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrant, publication, petition, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps. Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original processes. The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and subject to a stamp duty of 5 cents, except when taken in suits or legal proceedings. Certificates of law, in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand, or at any time designa-

ted, are subject to stamp duty as "Promissory Notes." The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same stamp duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at the time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of fifty cents. When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which the instrument is liable under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties. In conveyances of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate on interest conveyed. No stamp is required on any warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required, and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rate required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case, a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

The streets down town that used to bustle and hum like a hive with business and activity, begin to wear their old aspect again. Drays fill the streets, boxes, barrels and packages the sidewalks, and men, with locomotive energy in them, move about with a velocity that is contagious. Old warehouses that have been closed and to let since 1861, are opening on every hand.—*Richmond Whig.*

FOR SALE,

A pair of well broken Carriage HORSES with light CARRIAGE and Harness. Also, two fine Saddle HORSES. They can be seen at the Express Stables. APPLY AT THIS OFFICE. May 22, 1865

FOR RENT,

A two-story BRICK HOUSE, containing six Rooms, partly furnished, situated nearly opposite the Episcopal Church, adjoining the residence of W. J. Yates. May 22, 1865. APPLY AT THIS OFFICE

A CARD.

DRS. W. W. & R. K. GREGORY beg leave to announce to the citizens of Charlotte and the surrounding country that they have resumed their Practice, and may be found at their Office or residence at all hours, when not professionally engaged. They hope by determination to devote all their time and energies assiduously to their profession, to enjoy deservedly the confidence of the people and attract as large a portion of their patronage as has been awarded to them heretofore.

N. B.—They will receive a few Students, to whom especial attention will be given and every effort made to prepare them for College. May 22, 1865. 61

Horse Stolen.

A small dark sorrel HORSE, with a heavy body, was stolen from the subscriber. A liberal reward will be paid for his recovery. P. M. BROWN. May 22, 1865 pd

OBSERVE THIS.

Some time since raids were made upon different deposits of Goods belonging to us, in our own private right, by different parties of our returned soldiers, they being under the impression that the goods belonged to the Confederate authorities. We have informed the parties who took them that they were private property, and many of them promptly returned what they had taken. Others have failed to do so, and this notice is for their benefit. We have their names, and now warn them that unless they bring in the goods in their possession without delay, they may expect to be dealt with very severely. We will add for their information, that in violently taking possession of our goods and appropriating them to their own use, they have laid themselves liable to prosecution in the Courts, and have forfeited their paroles. YOUNG, WRISTON & ORR. Charlotte, May 22, 1865. 21

J. T. BUTLER,

Watchmaker & Jeweler, CHARLOTTE, N. C., Respectfully informs the citizens of Charlotte and surrounding country that he has opened a shop in the store occupied by C. M. Query, next to Springs' corner, where he will give prompt attention to repairing Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, &c. Watch-glasses and materials in general at wholesale and retail. May 22, 1865.

STOLEN.

Taken from the subscriber on Wednesday last, the 10th inst., a MULE marked U. S. and blind in the right eye. The Mule had been taken from Charlotte on Tuesday and had been recovered and was on the way back when he was seized by a couple of soldiers about 10 miles from this place. If the Mule is returned no questions will be asked, but if not the names of the party who have him will be published. JOHN M. HOWIE. Charlotte, May 15, 1865. pd

CORN AND WHEAT.

I want to purchase Corn and Wheat at the Stone Flouring Mill in this place, for which the market price will be paid. JOHN WILKES. Charlotte, May 15, 1865.

Tailoring.

JOHN VOGEL, PRACTICAL TAILOR. Respectfully informs the citizens of Charlotte and surrounding country, that he is prepared to manufacture gentlemen's clothing in the latest style and at short notice. His best exertions will be given to render satisfaction to those who patronize him. Shop opposite Kerr's Hotel, next door to Brown & Stitt's store. January 1, 1865.