

Proclamation BY WILLIAM W. HOLDEN, PROVISIONAL GOVERNOR, To the People of North Carolina.

WHEREAS, a Convention of the people of North Carolina has been chosen in pursuance of the proclamation of Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, of date May 29th, 1865, under the fourth section of the fourth article of the Constitution of the United States, which guarantees to every State in the Union a republican form of Government, for the purpose of enabling the loyal people of said State to organize a State government whereby justice may be established, domestic tranquility restored, and loyal citizens protected in all their rights of life, liberty and property; and for the purpose also of restoring said State to its Constitutional relations to the Federal Government, by presenting such a republican form of government as will entitle the State to the guarantee of the United States therefor, and its people to protection by the United States against invasion, insurrection, and domestic violence: And said Convention having assembled in the City of Raleigh, and adopted Ordinances hereinafter set forth, I, WILLIAM W. HOLDEN, Provisional Governor of said State, do hereby proclaim and declare, that an election will be held in the various Counties of said State on Thursday, the ninth day of November, 1865, as follows: 1st. For the ratification or rejection of "An Ordinance declaring null and void the ordinance of May 20th, 1861."

2d. For the ratification or rejection of "An Ordinance prohibiting slavery in the State of North Carolina." 3d. For a Governor and members of the General Assembly. 4th. For seven members of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States. 5th. For Clerks and Sheriffs of the respective Counties.

The elections shall be conducted in accordance with "An Ordinance providing for the election of the members of the General Assembly, to be convened on the fourth Monday of November, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, and for electing Representatives in Congress and Governor of the State," ratified by the Convention the tenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and hereinafter set forth; said Ordinance having been passed in pursuance of the proclamation of the President of the United States, of date May 29th, 1865, authorizing said Convention to "prescribe the qualification of electors, and the eligibility of persons to hold office under the constitution and laws of the State." And also, in conformity with the rules and regulations prescribed by the laws of this State concerning said elections, in force previous to the 20th day of May, 1861.

The people of the State are respectfully urged to maintain order among themselves at the election, and to discountenance appeals, the tendency of which may be to produce ill-feeling and alienation towards the Federal Government. The policy of the government has been liberal and generous towards North Carolina, and no pains should be spared to secure a continuance of this policy.

And the officers in the various Counties, appointed by the Provisional Governor, are enjoined to exert themselves to preserve the peace among the people on the day of the election; to act with justice and firmness in all matters that may claim their attention; to see that those entitled to vote are protected in their right of suffrage, and that every manifestation, if such manifestations there should be, of hostility to the Federal Government, is promptly rebuked and repressed.

Done at our city of Raleigh, the 18th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and in the year of the Independence of the United States the ninetieth. W. W. HOLDEN, Provisional Governor.

By the Governor: W. R. Richardson, Private Sec'y.

AN ORDINANCE Declaring null and void the ordinance of May 20th, 1861. Be it declared and ordained by the delegates of the good people of North Carolina, in Convention assembled, and it is hereby declared and ordained, That the ordinance of the Convention of the State of North Carolina, ratified on the twenty-first day of November, seventeen hundred and eighty-nine, which adopted and ratified the Constitution of the United States, and also all acts and parts of acts of the General Assembly, ratifying and adopting amendments to the said Constitution, are now and at all times since the adoption and ratification thereof, have been in full force and effect; notwithstanding the supposed ordinance of the twentieth day of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, declaring that the same be repealed, rescinded and abrogated; and the said supposed ordinance is now and at all times null and void. [Ratified in Convention, this seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord 1865.] EDWIN G. READE, President. JAS. H. MOORE, Sec'y of the Convention. R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE Declaring null and void the ordinance of May 20th, 1861. Be it declared and ordained by the delegates of the good people of North Carolina, in Convention assembled, and it is hereby declared and ordained, That the ordinance of the Convention of the State of North Carolina, ratified on the twenty-first day of November, seventeen hundred and eighty-nine, which adopted and ratified the Constitution of the United States, and also all acts and parts of acts of the General Assembly, ratifying and adopting amendments to the said Constitution, are now and at all times since the adoption and ratification thereof, have been in full force and effect; notwithstanding the supposed ordinance of the twentieth day of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, declaring that the same be repealed, rescinded and abrogated; and the said supposed ordinance is now and at all times null and void. [Ratified in Convention, this seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord 1865.] EDWIN G. READE, President. JAS. H. MOORE, Sec'y of the Convention. R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE Prohibiting Slavery in the State of North Carolina. Be it declared and ordained by the delegates of the people of the State of North Carolina in Convention assembled, and it is hereby declared and ordained, That Slavery and involuntary servitude otherwise than for crimes, whereby the parties shall have been duly convicted, shall be and is hereby forever prohibited within the State. [Ratified in Convention, this Ninth day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.] EDWIN G. READE, President. JAS. H. MOORE, Sec'y of the Convention. R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE Submitting to the qualified voters of the State, the ratification or rejection of certain ordinances. Be it ordained by the delegates of the people

of North Carolina, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That on the second Thursday of November next, shall be submitted to the voters of the State qualified to vote for members of the House of Commons, for their ratification or rejection, the Ordinance passed by this Convention, entitled "An Ordinance declaring null and void the Ordinance of May the 20th 1861," and such persons as shall favor the ratification, shall vote a ticket with the words, "Anti-Secession Ordinance, Ratified," and those opposed shall vote a ticket in the words, "Anti-Secession Ordinance, Rejected." Also at the same time shall be submitted for their ratification or rejection an Ordinance, passed by the Convention, entitled "An Ordinance prohibiting slavery in the State of North Carolina," and those who favor a ratification of the same shall vote a ticket with the words, "Anti-Slavery Ordinance Ratified," and those opposed shall vote a ticket with the words "Anti-Slavery Ordinance, Rejected."

Be it further ordained, That the Sheriffs or other Officers who may ascertain the result of the polls in each County shall transmit the same to the Provisional Governor, who is hereby empowered and requested to cause the number of votes each way to be ascertained and proclaimed through as many as three newspapers published in different parts of the State.

Be it further ordained, That, if ratified, theseforth said Ordinances shall be the laws of the land, and that abolishing slavery shall become a part of the Constitution of the State. [Read three times and ratified in Convention, October 17, A. D., 1865.] EDWIN G. READE, President. JAS. H. MOORE, Sec'y of the Convention. R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE Providing for the election of the members of the General Assembly to be convened on the fourth Monday of November, 1865, and for electing Representatives in Congress, and Governor of the State: Be it ordained by the delegates of the people of the State of North Carolina in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That a General Assembly of the State shall be convened on the fourth Monday of November, 1865, the members whereof shall hold their places till the next election of such members, which shall be held on the first Thursday of August, 1866.

Be it further ordained, That the Provisional Governor is hereby authorized and requested to issue forthwith to the sheriff of each County, a writ directing that an election be held for the Senators and members of the House of Commons of such General Assembly, on the second Thursday of November next, under the rules, regulations and provisions of chapter 52 of the Revised Code. Be it further ordained, That immediately on the receipt of the writ, each Sheriff shall summon the Justices of the Peace of the Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to assemble at the court house on a day appointed by him, which shall be as early as practicable; and they or so many as may assemble, shall appoint inspectors for each place of election, who shall be forthwith notified of their appointment by the sheriff, and they shall conduct the elections and make returns of the polls in the manner prescribed in said chapter.

Be it further ordained, That each member and voter shall be qualified according to the now existing constitution of the State; Provided, however, That no one shall be eligible to a seat or be capable of voting, who being free in all respects, shall not before the twenty-ninth day of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, either have voluntarily taken and subscribed the oath of Amnesty prescribed in the proclamation of President Lincoln, with the purpose to suppress the insurrection and restore the authority of the United States, and thereafter shall have observed the same, or shall not have taken and subscribed the oath of Amnesty prescribed in the proclamation of President Johnson, bearing date twenty-ninth day of May, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, and who moreover, shall not in either case be of those who are excepted from the Amnesty granted by any of the said proclamations, unless pardoned; but provided also, That all persons who may have preferred petitions for pardon, shall be deemed to have been pardoned if the fact of being pardoned shall be announced by the Governor, although the pardon may not have been received; and provided also, That the payment of a public tax shall not be required as a qualification of the voter in the elections in November next.

Be it further ordained, That for the purpose of ascertaining the qualifications of persons proposing to vote, the inspectors may, and it shall be their duty whenever the vote may be challenged, or they shall have cause to suspect that he is not duly qualified, examine him and others on oath touching the question. Be it further ordained, That at the same time and place, elections shall be held for seven Representatives in the Congress of the United States, in pursuance of chapter sixty-nine of the Revised Code, which shall be conducted under the rules and regulations therein prescribed for such elections, and the voters in said elections shall be such only as shall be qualified to vote for members of the House of Commons, and the Provisional Governor shall give the certificate required by the ninth section of said chapter. Be it further ordained, That at the same time and place, an election shall be held for a Governor of the State, under the same rules and regulations prescribed in chapter fifty-three of the Revised Code, and the persons qualified to vote for members of the House of Commons under the ordinance, shall be qualified to vote for Governor.

Be it further ordained, That no person shall be eligible as Governor unless he shall be qualified according to the constitution of the State, and also shall be capable under the provisions of this ordinance of voting for members of the General Assembly. Be it further ordained, That the Governor thus elected shall take his seat so soon as the authority of the Provisional Governor shall cease, either before the first day of January, 1866, or afterwards, before the first day of January, 1867. Be it further ordained, That the Governor thus elected shall continue in office till the 1st day of January, 1867. Be it further ordained, That it shall be in the power of the General Assembly to modify so much of this ordinance as relates to the provisions for electing a Governor and his term of office. [Ratified in Convention this 10th day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.] EDWIN G. READE, President. JAS. H. MOORE, Sec'y of the Convention. R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

AN ORDINANCE To divide North Carolina into seven Congressional Districts. Section 1. Be it ordained by the people of

North Carolina in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That for the purpose of electing representatives in the Congress of the United States, the State shall be divided into seven districts, as follows: The first district shall be composed of the counties of Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Gates, Chowan, Hertford, Northampton, Halifax, Martin, Bertie, Washington, Tyrrell, Hyde, and Beaufort; The second district of the counties of Pitt, Craven, Jones, Lenoir, Wayne, Green, Edgecombe, Wilson, Onslow, Carteret, Duplin, and New Hanover; The third district of the counties of Brunswick, Columbus, Bladen, Sampson, Cumberland, Robeson, Richmond, Harnett, Moore, Montgomery, Anson and Stanly; The fourth district of the counties of Wake, Franklin, Warren, Granville, Orange, Nash, Johnston and Chatham; The fifth district of the counties of Alamance, Randolph, Guilford, Rockingham, Davidson, Forsyth, Stokes, Surry, Person, and Caswell; The sixth district of the counties of Rowan, Cabarrus, Union, Mecklenburg, Gaston, Lincoln, Catawba, Iredell, Davie, Yadkin, Wilkes, and Alexander; The seventh district of the counties of Ashe, Alleghany, Watauga, Yancey, Mitchell, McDowell, Burke, Caldwell, Rutherford, Cleveland, Polk, Henderson, Transylvania, Buncombe, Madison, Haywood, Jackson, Macon, Cherokee, and Clay, each of which Districts shall be entitled to elect one Representative in the Congress of the United States.

Section 2. The election for Representatives in Congress, shall be held and conducted in every respect, in conformity with the rules regulations and restrictions, as set forth and prescribed, in the Sixty-Ninth Chapter of the Revised Code except that the Polls shall be compared in the first district at the Court House in the county of Chowan, in the second district at the Court House in the county of Lenoir, in the third district at the Court House in the county of Cumberland, in the fourth district at the Court House in the county of Wake; in the fifth district at the Court House in the county of Guilford; in the sixth district, at the Court House in the county of Iredell; in the seventh district at the Court House in the county of Buncombe. [Read three times and Ratified in Convention, the — day of Oct. 1865.] EDWIN G. READE, President. JAMES H. MOORE, Sec'y of the Convention. R. C. BADGER, Assistant Secretary.

MILITARY COMPANIES. The following is an Ordinance adopted by the Convention last week, authorizing the organization of a force in each county in the State to preserve law and order:

Be it ordained by the delegates of the people in Convention assembled, and it is hereby ordained by the authority of the same, That the Sheriffs appointed under the Provisional Government shall, as soon as practicable, summon the Justices of the Peace as appointed by the Provisional Governor, for their respective counties, to meet at the Court House of the several counties, on a day certain, and a majority, or such number of said Justices as shall be assembled, shall have power, and they are hereby authorized, to enrol and organize as many military companies, as auxiliaries to the county Police, as they in their discretion may deem necessary, for the preservation of law and order, under the following rules and regulations: The said Justices shall enrol all or any portion of the free white male residents between the ages of eighteen and thirty-five, and if necessary extend the enrolment to forty-five years. They shall appoint or direct the election of all necessary officers. They shall prescribe the duties, police or otherwise, to be discharged by said forces. They shall make such exemption as they may deem proper. They shall have power to enforce all their orders by the infliction of such pains and penalties as they may consider necessary, just and proper. And in case of any serious disturbance or outbreak, the said forces shall be deemed auxiliary to the county Police, and shall be subject to the same orders. And the said Justices, shall, from time to time, have power and they are hereby authorized to adopt such measures as they may deem necessary to render the said forces efficient for the purpose herein set forth.

Be it further ordained, That this ordinance shall remain in full force until the militia are organized or until it is modified or repealed by the General Assembly. Be it further ordained, That the Clerk of this Convention shall transmit a copy of this ordinance to each Sheriff and County Court Clerk in the State immediately after its ratification.

OUTRAGES BY THE BLACKS. We would not by any means hold all the blacks responsible for the two recent brutal outrages some of their race have perpetrated upon highly respectable white men of this county, but we say in all candor to the more intelligent of them that if these things go on they will kindle prejudice and hatred in the breasts of the whites against the whole race, that it will be fearful to contemplate. It is evident that many of the blacks neither appreciate their freedom or their condition, but that they have a vague idea that they can do as they please, even to the commission of unwarrantable violence on the persons of white men and women, and that they will be protected in it by the United States government and its officials. Now this is a great mistake, and one that will prove highly dangerous to them if persisted in; for while martial law continues the officers of the Government are strictly enjoined to punish lawlessness among all classes and colors, and they will perform their duty. And let the intelligent blacks who mean to obey the laws and try to deserve the esteem and secure the respect of the whites, exert themselves to the utmost to restrain and control the more ignorant and depraved of their own color. We abhor the lynch law and mob violence, but if the blacks continue to commit these atrocious crimes against the whites—by instances of whipping and otherwise brutally treating white men and women—if they will not be able to prevent summary and most terrible retaliations; and if such a way of races be once inaugurated God only knows where it will stop.

The recent outrage upon Mr Caswell Powell, by blacks, caused much bitter feeling among our people, and now the attack upon Mr Parker and his wife on Saturday night last, only adds fuel to the flames. The great mass of the people of North Carolina are disposed to treat the negro with justice and kindness; but if such acts of violence as these be continued, the day will soon come when he will not have a friend amongst us. It is a fearful thing to contemplate that a citizen five miles from this city cannot retire at night without the fear of being dragged from his bed by negroes before morning, and yet such is the condition of things, two cases having occurred within ten or fifteen days! And well we believe the military agents of the government to be disposed towards our people, we cannot look for hope for protection and security from these dangers until civil law is entirely restored and thoroughly enforced; and we trust the Legislature will act promptly in the matter on assembling—Raleigh Progress.

THE CHOLERA.—The appearance of the cholera at Southampton, in England, a port from which there is constant communication with New York by steamers, is a circumstance which should not be passed over in this country without notice. Hitherto it has been hoped that England would escape the pestilence during the present year, at least, and a retrograde movement of the disease on the continent of Europe was spoken of with confidence. It appears, however, that it has not sensibly abated in the Mediterranean ports, and its invasion of England may well be looked upon with alarm. The cool autumn weather may restrain its virulence, but in the seaport towns and thickly-settled cities it will find snug places of habitation, where it may abide during the entire winter. We can scarcely hope to escape a visit from this unwelcome guest next year, and it may be among us before 1865 is numbered with the years that have gone.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

PARDONS.—The Washington Chronicle, of the 11th instant, says: One hundred and seventy-five pardons were granted to residents of North Carolina, yesterday, by President Johnson. A private dinner was given in Boston to Alex. H. Stephens, Vice-President of the late Confederacy, at which it is said he made a speech expressing his purpose to support the President's reconstruction policy. The discovery that Dr. Barry, who died recently at Corfu, and who had occupied for the last fifty years a prominent position in the British army as assistant surgeon, and afterwards as medical director, and who had taken an active part in a dozen and more battles, was a woman, continues to be the talk at all the military clubs of London. The fact has been substantiated by the highest medical authorities, and the successful concealment of Dr. Barry's sex seems to be more unaccountable, as the Dr. went on several occasions through the pangs of martyrdom.

THE TAX ON BRANDY. Assessor's Office, S. Internal Revenue, 34 District, N. C., Salisbury, Sept. 29. Hon. William Orton, Commissioner of Internal Revenue: Sir:—A good many of the distillers of brandy in this district, especially those who distilled for their neighbors, have now got through distilling for the present year. In the mean time, they, the distillers, have permitted their neighbors to take away the brandy thus made for them, and have sold that which belongs to themselves. It has been impossible for me to assess this brandy for the want of organization. In the absence of the proper officer, a collector, to grant these distillers licenses, they contend that they are not liable for the tax of one dollar and fifty cents per gallon. Of course, I don't think as they do, but what I want to know is, shall I require these distillers to return upon oath the amount of brandy they have thus permitted to leave their establishment from the time they commenced the distillation of the same. Very respectfully, H. H. HELPER, Assessor.

TRAVEL DEPARTMENT, Office of Internal Revenue, Washington, Oct. 10th, 1865. Sir:—Your letter of the 29th ult., relative to distillers of brandy, in your district, has been received. The distillers named by you, should take out licenses as such, and they should make returns for all brandy distilled by them, from the date of the establishment of your district, as set forth in Section 2d, of circular of Secretary of the Treasury, dated June 21st, 1865. Very respectfully, E. A. ROLLINS, Deputy Commissioner.

H. H. HELPER, Esq., Assessor, 3d District, Salisbury, N. C. The State of Kentucky has been relieved from martial law, and the people are rejoicing on account thereof.

CAPTIONS. Of Ordinances Passed by the Convention. An Ordinance declaring null and void the Ordinance of May 20th, 1861. An Ordinance prohibiting slavery in North Carolina. An Ordinance in relation to the authentication of Ordinances and other Acts of the Convention. Resolution upon the subject of a total amnesty to the people of North Carolina. Resolution concerning the per diem and mileage of the officers and members of the Convention. Resolution to print 120 copies of the Constitution of the State. Resolution concerning a flag. An Ordinance to divide North Carolina into seven Congressional Districts. An Ordinance providing for the election of the members of a General Assembly to be convened on the 4th Monday of November, 1865, and for electing Representatives in Congress, and Governor of the State. Resolution asking for the removal of the colored troops from North Carolina. Resolution directing to be printed the Acts and Resolutions of the General Assembly which convened on the 3d day of November, 1864. An Ordinance for the election of Clerks and Sheriffs. An Ordinance providing for the election of two members of the House of Commons from the county of Cumberland and one from the county of Harnett. An Ordinance to give publication to the Ordinances ordering elections on the 2d Thursday of November next. An Ordinance submitting to the qualified voters of the State, the ratification or rejection of certain Ordinances. An Ordinance upon resignations and vacancies. Resolution upon public records. Resolution concerning the test oath. Resolution in regard to a recess of the Convention. An Ordinance to provide Revenue for the year 1865. An Ordinance to protect the owners of property and for other purposes. Resolution to transmit certain documents to the President of the United States. Resolution to publish an Ordinance. An Ordinance declaring what Laws and Ordinances are in force, and for other purposes. An Ordinance appointing a Judge to determine State claims to property. An Ordinance to organize a temporary force for the preservation of law and order. Resolution calling on the Governor for copies of certain acts of the General Assembly passed in secret session. Resolution of thanks to President Johnson and Governor Holden. A Resolution to constitute a commission to prepare and report a code of laws on the subject of freedmen. Resolution with regard to Government horses and mules. Resolution requesting the President to proclaim the people of North Carolina restored to their rights and privileges under the Constitution and the Union. Resolution enquiring of the Pub Treasurer what amounts have been expended for the relief of the families of indigent soldiers, for the purchase of corn for the use of the Counties, and for the Salt Works, and in what currency these disbursements were made. An Ordinance declaring vacant all offices in the State in existence on the 26th day of April, 1865. An Ordinance in relation to the deposit and publication of the Ordinances and Resolutions of the Convention. An Ordinance providing for the compensation to Sheriffs for holding elections for delegates to this Convention. An Ordinance to give jurisdiction to the Provisional Courts of Pleas and Quarter Sessions. An Ordinance recognizing the just debts of N. Carolina, and prohibiting the payment of all public debts created or incurred in aid of the rebellion. Resolution to provide for the printing and distribution of tickets.

Mr Lewis Hanes of Davidson, has resigned the office of Private Secretary to Gov. Holden. W. R. Richardson has been appointed in his place.

COMMERCIAL.—New York, Oct. 18.—Flour has declined five to 10 cents, sales 9,000 bbls; State \$7 85 to \$8 75; Ohio, \$8 90 to \$10 00; Southern, \$9 70. Wheat declined two to four cents; Corn declined two to three cents; sales 70,000 bushels; Pork heavy; Whiskey firm at \$2 30; Cotton dull, sales 2,500 bales at 60 cents; Naval Stores steady; gold 1 46 1/2.

Large Sale of Land and Personal Property AT AUCTION. Having returned to my home in Virginia, I will sell at Auction, on the premises, on Wednesday the 25th instant, my Farm called "Greyhams Place," containing about 600 acres. It is located in the Scotch Irish settlement, in Rowan county, on Third Creek, extending across the same, within three miles of Third Creek Depot; has from 60 to 75 acres of rich bottom land, adapted to both grain and grasses; two comfortable Dwelling Houses and all necessary out buildings; several Peach and Apple Orchards; is well watered with a stream in each field, and numerous springs; abundance of wood and timber. It was originally two farms and can be advantageously divided. Also, at same time and place, will be sold the crop of corn, fodder, hay and straw, 4 good mules, 2 horses, 45 fatted hogs 50 head of stock hogs, cattle, wagons, ploughs, and all the farming implements. Also, will be sold, on Wednesday, the 1st day of November, on my Farm near Salisbury, the crop of corn, fodder, hay, shucks, &c., 20 head of fatted hogs, 35 head of stock hogs, 20 head of cattle, including several good milk cows, 20 head of sheep, horses, wagons, ploughs, and all the farming implements. Also, all the household and kitchen furniture, embracing beds, mattresses, stoves, bureaus, tables, &c., &c. TERMS.—For personalty, Cash; for realty, \$1,500 cash, balance in three equal annual instalments, interest from date—title retained until paid. JOHN WASHINGTON, SAML. RIVES, Sr., Auc. Salisbury, N. C. Oct 16, 1865.

Administrator's Sale. As Administrator of J. L. Morrow, deceased, I will sell at his father's residence, 12 miles from Town, on Friday, the 20th of October, 1 saddle Horse—2 mules, Wardrobe, Bureaus, Trunks, Books, and other articles of household furniture. At the same time and place, if not disposed of privately before that time, will be re-sold the Plantation upon which the deceased resided, known as the Alex. Springs place. J. M. HUTCHISON, Adm'r.

All persons indebted to the estate of J. L. Morrow, dec'd, are requested to make payment, and those having claims against it to present them, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. J. M. HUTCHISON, Adm'r. Oct 16, 1865.

Administrator's Sale. As Administrator of Wm. A. Owens, deceased, I will offer at Public Sale on Tuesday, 7th November, Household Furniture, consisting of Beds, Beds and Bedding, Chairs, Tables, &c., Library of Law and Miscellaneous Books, and one Fire Proof Iron Safe. At the same time will be rented a Dwelling House near the Female College, for the year 1866. All persons indebted to said deceased are hereby notified to make immediate settlement, and those having claims against the estate will present them in the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. J. M. SPRINGS, Administrator. Oct 16, 1865.

H. B. WILLIAMS. Is now receiving and opening, in the New Book Store of C. W. Downing & Co., 2 doors north of the National Bank, Fall and Winter Goods, embracing most of the articles kept in other stores, and many that are not to be found at other places. Dry Goods, Crockery, Glass and China Ware, A splendid stock of SHOES of every kind, J. Miles & Son celebrated Ladies, Gents and Children's Shoes. A large stock of Saddles, Bridles, &c. Groceries, Bagging, Rope, Bale Yarn, Rifle Powder, Shot, &c., White Lead, Sole Leather and Calf Skins, Ladies Hoop Skirts of a superior make, Clover Seed, Flour, Superior and Extra. All Goods we have will be sold cheap for cash or cotton. No credit given. H. B. WILLIAMS. Oct 16, 1865.

WITTKOWSKY & WALTER HAVE received and are daily receiving accessions to their immense stock of SEASONABLE GOODS—all new and selected with the greatest care expressly for the Wholesale and Retail trade. They have full lines of Dry Goods, READY-MADE CLOTHING, Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, Hats, Leather, Notions, Groceries. And other Goods, to which the attention of the Trade is particularly requested. Our long experience in the North Carolina trade, together with unequalled facilities for the purchase of Goods in the Northern cities, enable us to offer such inducements as need not be known to be appreciated. Our stock is kept full and complete in all departments by constant arrivals of the freshest and newest Goods expressly selected and manufactured for us. Patronage is respectfully solicited. WITTKOWSKY & WALTER, No. 177 corner, between the two Dry Goods Stores. D. L. WALTER, late of New York. MR J. RINTELS will be happy to see his friends as above. Charlotte, Oct. 16, 1865.

Bibles, Presbyterian Hymn Books, Prayer Books. Of every variety and style of binding. Shorter Catechisms, Tracts of Zion, Zion Songsters, Presbyterian Psalmists. Just received: C. W. DOWNING & CO., New Book Store. Oct. 16, 1865.

ELIAS, COHEN & CO. Are now in receipt, and daily receiving a large and splendid assortment of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Caps and Shoes. Groceries and Fancy Articles, which they offer to their friends and customers, at their usual low rates. The attention of wholesale buyers is called to our Stock before making purchases elsewhere. We are determined not to be undersold. Oct 16, 1865.

Charlotte Foundry & Machine Shop. PARTICULAR NOTICE. The public is respectfully informed that I am prepared to build and repair Steam Engines and do all kinds of Machinery work. Also, make Castings in Iron and Brass. I am well-fitted up, and guarantee work to be done as well and as cheap as at any Shop in the State. Old castings bought or taken in exchange for work. J. M. HOWLER, Proprietor. Oct 16, 1865.

W. C. & Rutherford Railroad. On and after Saturday the 14th October, 1865, the Passenger Train on the Western Division of this Road, will run on Monday's and Wednesday's and Saturday's. GOING WEST. Leaves Charlotte at 1:00 A. M. "Tuckasee" at 8:40 " Arrives Cherryville at 11:45 " GOING EAST. Leaves Cherryville at 12:15 P. M. "Tuckasee" at 4:00 " Arrives Charlotte at 5:00 " B. S. GUION, Eng. & Supt. Oct 16, 1865.

THE BIBLICAL RECORDER. On or before the 1st of November, I shall resume the publication of the Biblical Recorder, in this city. The Recorder will be, what it has been heretofore, a religious and family newspaper. Each number will contain a large amount of original and selected reading matter designed to interest and improve all classes of readers. The regular department will be continued under the supervision of a gentleman every way qualified for the work; and will contain a summary of the important events now occurring around us. This department will be done for the benefit of those who may not be able or inclined to take more than one newspaper. I shall add to the stock of materials now on hand, such articles as will enable me to execute job work of every kind with neatness and dispatch. Orders are solicited. By industry and energy, and aided by able contributors, I hope to make the Recorder more attractive and useful than it has ever been. TERMS.—1 copy 12 months, \$4 00 " " 6 " " 2 00 " " 3 " " 1 00 " " 1 " " 50 " " J. D. HUTCHAM, Raleigh, N. C. Oct 16, 1865.