THE WESTERN DEMOCRAT, CHARLOTTE, N. C.



W. J. YATES, Editor and Proprietor.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

November 13, 1866.

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THE N. C. LEGISLATURE .- This body assembles on the third Monday of this month. instead of the 4th Monday as we stated last week.

Some of our exchanges are already discuss- gress : ing the question of what ought to be done and what left undone.

The election of a U.S. Senator for the short term (now filled by John Pool) will devolve on this Legislature, and no doubt many are "setting their caps" for the place. Unless a man is elected who can take the test oath the election will be a useless one, for there is no prospect of any one being admitted into Congress who cannot take that cath. We consider the oath an unfair requirement, but we can see no way to avoid its being demanded of our members. President Johnson himself does not insist on or advocate the admission of members who cannot take the oath. There is no way to get clear of it until Congress repeals it; and all know that there is at present but little prospect of that's being done.

If the Legislature is disposed to practice and enforce economy, it will discontinue the offices of State Geologist and Adjutant General of Militia, and thus save a considerable sum in the way of useless salaries.

We presume that the matter of negro testimony will again be brought to the attention of the Legislature. Ever since the abolition of slavery, we have thought that it would be to the interest of the honest, well-meaning portion of the community to permit negro testimony in all cases where he may be summoned. Many villainous white men instigate the negro to commit crime, & escape punishment themselves because, under certain circumstances.negro testimony cannot be taken against them. Let the negro's testimony go to the Jury for what it is worthhonest, respectable people have no good cause to apprehend danger.

JUDICIAL CIRCUITS .- So far as this immediate section is concerned, we think the law prescribing our Judicial Circuits needs amendment, and we hope the Legislature will make some alteration. The counties of Mecklenburg, Gaston, Lincoln,

WHAT MAY BE EXPECTED .- If the Southern | States are not restored to the Union at an early scheme is on hand which will benefit the town of day, and agitation quieted, we think that trouble Charlotte. The day is not far distant when six of a serious nature will spring up between the Railroad lines will branch off from this place .-New England and Western States. It is certain- We copy the following from the Lancaster (S. C.) ly to the interest of the South, as well as to the Ledger: whole country, that peace and good feeling should prevail between all sections of the country, for, under present circumstances, whatever injures one section will seriously affect the other section. The New York Times (a Republican paper) in

the following article gives an idea of what will happen unless a better spirit prevails with Con-

Sectionalism in New Shapes .- We notice that some of the Western journals, in discussing the question of protection and other matters in which the New England States are supposed to be specially interested, use language descriptive of the selfishness, narrowness and overbearing tyranny C. The advantages of such a line are very obof the latter section, that sounds amazingly like the denunciations of the "Yankee States" which we were accustomed to hear from the South some years ago. They are working up a sectional feeling which, however our eyes may be blinded to it under present circumstances, unquestionably has in it elements of danger for the future. It is not only Copperhead papers which are culpable in this matter, but Radical Republican journals, such as the Chicago Tribune, are among the most biameable. On the other hand, there are extreme protectionist journals in the Eastern States, such as the New York Tribune, which denounce the Free Trade overtures so widely held in the West in language as violent as they formerly applied to the Pro-Slavery doctrines held in the South; and seem to regard free trade as no less an outrage upon human nature than Slavery itself. As the antagonism widens and deepens. and the sectional feeling which is now making its appearance in connection with the subject becomes pronounced and intensified between the Western and the New England States, we shall probably have another struggle, which will require to be under other control than that of heat-

tion." If the Northern people would avoid trouble among themselves, they had better dispense with their vindictive feelings towards the South, and agree to a fair settlement of the questions at issue. If sectional agitation is continued the whole country will suffer, and another secession movement may be commenced, not in the Southern States, but in the great North-west. Inasmuch as the Southern Confederacy has failed, i is to our interest as a people that peace and good feeling should prevail throughout the United

ed and bigoted partisans to end in a pacific solu-

NATIONAL BANKS .- The Acting Comptroller of the Currency has announced that bonds have een received for deposit with the Treasury of Eastern counties of this State, the peace and quiet the United States to an amount sufficient to secure the entire circulation of \$300,000,000 of national circulation authorized by law; and no more would be received after this date. The limit having the country. We frequently find accounts in the been reached, hereafter it will be useless to for- Newbern papers of highway robberies and other ward bonds or to apply for increase of capital or for the organization of new national banks with the expectation of obtaining circulating notes. From the above it appears that no more National Banks can be established. We don't know that that makes much difference, for it is evident to all business men, and the people generally, that the National Banks do not afford the facilities and convenience that the times and necessities of the people require. However much the officers of these institutions may be disposed to accommodate, they frequently find it out of their power to do so-considering the amount of capital allowed them and the exactions of the Government laws. Therefore, the State Legislatures ought to petition Congress to modify the Banking Law so as to permit the organization of State or local Banks. We hope the Legislature of North Carolina will take the subject under consideration at its next session, and enlist the co-operation of other State Legislatures. There is but one Bank doing business west of Raleigh, two others in their efforts to save their own lives. and that is the National Bank of Charlotte. Of The gang alluded to, pursued them nearly ten course no one will pretend to say that one Bank is enough for all the country west of the State Capital.

NEW RAILBOAD SCHEME .- Another Railroad

The Railroad Question .- We have recently received a letter from a friend residing in Georgetown, on the subject of an extension of the Georgetown Railroad to Charlotte, N. C., via Lancaster. We cannot present the matter to our readers in a better way than by publishing that portion of his tucky will of course elect a Democrat, and probcommunication which relates exclusively to this ably Maryland also. This will give, with twenproject :

"GEORGETOWN, S. C., Oct. 24, 1866.

"W. M. Connors, Esq .-- Dear Sir :-- I have been requested by various prominent gentlemen of this town connected with the Georgetown Railroad, to ask your aid and influence with the people of Lancaster with a view to the extension of the same to your town en route to Charlotte. N. vious; it is the most direct route from the interior to the sea board and is nearer by sixty miles than by way of Charleston. The Georgetown road is already graded to the N. E. R. R., and the work will soon be speedily pushed to completion. If you can get up a meeting in your town our citizens will be happy to unite and send delegates to Lancaster. I am told by the Engineer of this road and by others conversant with the subject. that the enterprise is perfectly feasable and will bring you in direct route with the nearest point on the coast as well as in direct communication with Charleston."

We stated some time ago that the extensive Mining Company in the Eastern portion of this District, now partly composed of Northern capitalists, were contemplating a Road to connect their mine with some of the Roads below, with the view of ultimately extending the line to Charlotte. That a Road was indispensable to a full development of their mining operations, and that they were reported to have ample means at hand to insure the success of the enterprise. We understand that the matter is still under advisement, and that they prefer the Georgetown connection, as being more direct, and as presenting the double advantage of a route both to Georgetown and Charleston.

MEXICO .- After all the fuss about Maximilian and Mexico, it will be seen by news in another column that Max. has left Mexico. It would greatly promote the interests of the United States to have a stable, permanent Government in México, but we fear that the Mexicans themselves will never make such a Government. The factions of that country will continue to fight each other, and the result will be that the United States or some other Government will have to rule the country. Poor, unfortunate Mexico!

BAD STATE OF AFFAIRS .- In some of the

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS .- The elections ATLANTA ROLLING MILLS .- We are pleased up to this time give thirty four Republicans in to announce that the above mills will shortly be doubtedly be filled by Republicans, viz: One from Illinois, one from Indiana, two from Kansas, one from Missouri, one from New York, one from New Jersey, one from Nevada, one from

ty-six States represented, forty-four Republicans to eight Democrats.

So far the House of Representatives, exclusive of the South, stands-Republicans one hundred and twenty-three, Democrats thirtyeight. We have counted among the Democrats Ross and Burr of Illinois, Anderson of New Rogers of New Jersey, whose "Democracy" or Conservatism is at least doubtful.

Connecticut, California, Kentucky, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Tennessec, choosing twenty-nine members, are yet to cleet. Of four districts in Connecticut, the three in California, the three in New Hampshire, the two in Rhode Island, and two of the nine in Kentucky, while of the eight in Tennessee no proper esti male can be given .- Richmond Times.

SALES OF LAND .- A number of tracts of land were sold by the Ordinary and Commissioner in Equity on Monday last. As the market value of land at this time is very uncertain, we subjoin a list of the prices obtained. The following tracts were sold by order of the Ordinary : Estate of H P Hancock: 193 acres, \$220; 52 aeres, \$195; 33 acres, \$66; 48 acres, \$25.

The following by the Commissioner in Equity: Estate of Robert Phillips: 218 acres, \$800; 207 acres, \$205; 21 acres, \$30.

Estate of Mrs E T White : 200 acres, \$165. Estate of James T McDow : 310 acres, \$2000 (in gold.)

Estate of R H Porter : 354 acres, \$2125. cash to pay costs and expenses. The lowest price obtained was about 55 cents per acre and the highest near \$7 in gold.-Lancaster (S. C) Ledger.

The official Conservative majority in the city of New York is 46,654. Every ward in the city gave a majority for Hoffman. Messrs. Fox. Stewart, Brooks, Wood, Morrissey and Chanler, Congress.

Charleston Courier says that two citizens sen- field hands.

the Senate to six Democrats, with twelve vacan- located at this place, the removal from Atlanta the County Court of Mecklenburg, taken letters of cies to be filled, without counting the members having been determined on. Part of the ma-from any of the States of the South except Ten-chinery has already arrived; the remainder will with Atlanta administration according to law on the Estate of Win A Owens, deceased, hereby gives general notice to all creditors of said estate, to present their claims, probably follow in a few days. They are quite duly authenticated, within the time limited by law extensive works, and are owned by the Wil- for that purpose, otherwise this notice will be mington & Weldon and South Carolina Rail- pleaded in bar of recovery. road Companies, John Frazier & Co., of Charleston, and probably others. The works are payment immediately. Pennsylvania and one from Wisconsin. Ken- used for rolling out Railroad iron-straightening those bars which have become beat or otherwise injured .- Wilmington Journal.

A DREADFUL DREAM .- The five leading journals of Paris contain long and circumstantial accounts of a distinguished engineer whose head was turned perfectly white by a most frightful bidder, on a credit of six months, the purchaser dream. The engineer had visited a rough and giving Bond with good security, the following Lands unfrequented mineral region for the purpose of belonging to the Estate of William A Owens, de-York, Anderson of Missouri, and Newell and exploring and reporting to a company of capiexploring and reporting to a company of capi-talists upon the richness of a certain mine. The night of his arrival, and before he descended Lots being subject to the Dower of the widew of W into the mine, he lodged at a small inn, and after devouring a pound or two of pork chops, went to bed. He dreamed that he had visited these the Republicans will probably carry the the mine and was being hauled up, when he discovered that the rope was almost severed, that there was only a single strand to support his weight and that of the bucket in which he was drawn up. Suddenly, when he had ascended two hundred feet, the rope, he dreamed, gave way, and he uttered a fearful shrick, which aroused the inmates of the house, and when they bursted open the door of the dreamer's room they found a white headed man in the place of the black haired young gentleman who had retired a few hours before. The story is well authenticated, and this is the first instance on record of a man's head having been turned white from the effects of a dream.

A GOOD SUGGESTION .- The Richmond Whig coupsels all farmers and others who need the services of the blacks, to make their labor contracts for the next year now, while it may be done on more favorable terms, and with a better opportunity to make good selections. All on twelve months credit, except sufficient | We recommend this to our citizens as a proper and very desirable suggestion, in more ways than one. It is evident that a large number of Blacks in this vicinity are unemployed, and incapable of sustaining themselves during the approaching winter. The natural consequence Lot fronts sixty-four (64) feet on Trade Street and must be that, this class will resort to theft, in- | runs back on College Street one hundred and forty cendiarism, murder, robbery, and any erimes (140) feet, and really possesses advantages which no other lot in the city does for Grocery or Warehouse that will enable them to obtain food. On the purposes. Sale positive and title indisputable. other hand, the Blacks are daily learning that -all Conservatives,-are the members elect to they must behave themselves, and many are anxious and willing to secure permanent em- business houses, and if desired will be divided. T A special dispatch from Savannah to the ployment. So, that now is the time to engage D Gillespie will give any information desired.

MARRIED.

At Raleigh, on the 7th inst., Maj. Basil C Manly

October 31st, in Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus county,

DIED.

Notice.

ty, will meet at the Poor House, on Saturday the

24th of this month, for the purpose of electing a

Steward and a Physician for the year 1867. None

Guano.

Three Hundred Sacks Genuine Peruvian Guano,

A Carriage for Sale.

(nearly new) for sale,-Price \$300, cash. Enquire of Mayor Harris, or of Mr Joshua Trotter, at whose

Almanacs for 1867.

Blum's and Turner's Almanacs for sale by Nov 12, 1866. TIDDY & BRO.

North Carolina Form Book,

An excelient six seat, second hand Carriage,

and Fifty Barrels of Pure Bone Dust, now in Store

E. C. WALLIS, Chairman.

Opposite National Bank.

TIDDY & BRO.

2tpd

HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.,

need apply without a recommendation, &c.

Nov 12, 1866

and for sale by

Nov 12, 1866.

The Wardens of the Poor of Mecklenburg coun-

to Miss Lucy H Bryan, eldest daughter of Mrs John

S Bryan.

Notice.

The subscriber having, at October term, 1866; of

Debtors to the said estate will also please to make

and the state of the second	C. OVERMAN, Adm'r.
Nov 12, 1866	61
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Sale of Land.

Pursuant to a decree of the Superior Court of Law of Mecklenburg County, at October Term, 1866, will sell at the Court House in Charlotte, on Saturday the 22d day of December next, to the highest ceased, viz:

A Owens.

Also, one-half interest in two Lots in the Oity of Charlotte, Nos. 33 and 41, now occupied by Mrs Jane E Owens, and subject to her dower.

Also, one-half interest in a tract of land, just without the corporate limits of Charlotte, on the South-west, aljoining the lands of the late John Irwin, Dr Asbury and others, subject also to the life interest of Mrs Jace E Owens. C. OVERMAN.

Administrator of W A Owens, dec'd. Charlotte, Nov 12, 1866

Times copy cace a week till sele.

Executor's Sale.

The undersigned, Executors of the last Will of B. Smith, deceased, will sell at his late residence, 4 miles South of Charlotte, on Friday, Nov. 30th, 1966, the following property, viz : Housebold and Kitchen Farniture, Farming Implements, Wagons, Carriage, Buggy, Harness, Horses, Mules, Hogs, Cattle, Corn, Fodder, &c., &c. A reasons ble credit will be allowed. B. R. SMITH, JR.,

JUNIUS M. SMITH, Nov 12, 1866 Executors.

Good Property for Sale.

I will sell in this city, to the highest bidder, on Saturday, December 1st, proximo, if not disposed of privately, a Corner LOT of ground, opposite the arge Grocery Store of R M Oates & Co., and adjoining the Store of Stenhouse, Macauley & Co. The S. A. SADLER.

N. B .- This Lot is large enough for two large Nov 12, 1866 3tpd J. A. S.

Cleaveland, Iredell, Cabarrus and Union are so closely identified in trade and business transactions, they ought to be in the same Circuit, so that the Courts (the Superior Courts at least) will not occur in any two of these counties on the same week. At present, Lincoln, Gaston and Cleaveland do not belong to this Circuit, and the result is that the Superior Courts of Lincoln, Cleaveland and Mecklenburg, and Gaston and Cabarrus, occur in the same week. Many persons in Cleaveland, Gaston and Lincoln have business in Mecklenburg Court, or something that demands their presence here Court week, and vice versa.

There is no good reason why Yadkin, Surry, Alleghany, Ashe and Wilkes should be in the same Circuit with Mecklenburg, Union, &c. Let these counties, or a portion of them, be detached, and let Lincoln, Gaston and Cleaveland be added to this Circuit. We trust that the lawyers and business men of this Circuit will move in the matter.

N. C. RAILROAD .- It will be seen by a notice in another column that a special meeting of the Stockholders of the N. C. Road, is to be held in Raleigh on the 12th of December.

COTTON .- The latest news from New York and Liverpool shows that there has been a further decline in Cotton-consequently, the market here will be dull for a few days.

NORTHERN ELECTIONS .- On Tuesday last elections for members of Congress, State Legislatures, and Governors, took place in the States of New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Missouri, Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Illinois, Kansas, Massachusetts and Nevada. The result is, that except in the States of Maryland and Delaware, the Radical Republicans have carried everything, and they will have the same power in the next Congress that they had in the last.

Telegraphic dispatches state the result thus :

"The Republicans have increased majorities throughout the State of New York. Competent judges place the Republican majority in the State at 14,000. The Tribune claims more. The Republicans lose three Congressmen in the inland counties, but gain three in the river districts .--The Republican majority in the State is variously estimated at from 5,000 to 15,000, in Illinois at 40.000, in Wisconsin at 18.000, in Massachusetts at 70,000. In New Jersey the Congressional delegation stands 4 Republicans to 1 Democrat. In Delaware a Democratic Governor and Congressman are elected by about 1,000 majority-a gain of 500.

The Republicans have carried every State by increased majorities, with the exception of Maryland and Delaware, which will show considerable Conservative gains."

TRYING TO CHEAT NEWSPAPERS .- There is scarcely a day but what we receive advertise. ments from Northern concerns. who propose that if we will insert their humbug notices, and thus some kind. We always throw such stuff in the deed dated July 1.3th, 1863. to deceive and humbur the public, will be in- lot 237, which will be sold with the lot.

Were it not for the present unfair and stringent National Banking law, imposing a heavy tax and onerous restrictions on State Banks or local institutions of the kind. many of the Southern Banks would have been able to work along and finally overcome the difficulties and embarrassments entailed by the war, and ultimately pay their debts.

We hope the State Legislatures, not only of the South but of the North, will memorialize Congress on the subject and try and get fair play | damage." for all.

SALE OF CHARLOTTE NAVY YARD

We publish the following advertisement from the Raleigh Standard for the information of the public:

BURRAU OF REFUGERS, FREED. & ABAND LANDS,) Headquarters Asst. Com., State of N. C., Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 1st, 1866.

In compliance with instructions from the Commissioner of Bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands, dated Washington, September 28th, 1866, and by virtue of authority given in section 12 of the act of Congress passed July 16th, 1866, entitled "An Act to continue in force and to amend 'An Act to establish a Bureau for the relief of Freedmen and Refugees,' and for other purposes." will sell at Charlotte, N. C., on the premises, at 29th day of Nov., 1866, between the hours of 10 A. M., and 2 P. M., the following property formerly belonging to the so-called Confederate Government: Two lots, 100 feet front each on Trade Street, and

about 612 feet deep, designated in the plan of said sold under a decree of a Court of Equity for purposes of partition, &c. Said property was conveyed to the so-called Confederate States Government, by help to deceive our people, they will give us a E Nye Hutchison and John Wilkes, of the County and necessities of the poorer classes are ungold pen or pencil, or some pictures, or goods of of Mecklenburg and State of North Carolina, by heeded by these cormorants, and the actual cost

These lots are to be sold without the buildings reform. stove. Advertisements from abroad. not intended thereoa, except a two story frame house, 37 x 32 on

of the citizens appear to be greatly disturbed by bands of robbers and murderers prowling through outrages. Before people make up their minds gia. to remove from this section to the East they had better wait until things get a little more settled

that section. or until there is more security for life and property. It is stated that U.S. troops are to be sent to Eastern counties to preserve the tion of all apparent difference as to civil rights peace.

From the Newbern Commercial of last week we copy the following :

"Another Outrage .- On Wednesday last a person hired a horse at Captain Mowers' livery stable, used him all day, and at night returned him and paid his bill. Next day, the same horse was hired by the same person but was not returned according to promise. On Saturday. Mr Wigle, attached to Captain M's stable, while on do now is to secure the objects for which we a hunt for the horse, came upon him in a yard near Trenton, where a dozen or more men were congregated. He did not think it prudent to claim the horse, and returned home with the intelligence. Yesterday Captain M. and Mr Wigle came upon the parties at the designated place, but instead of getting the horse they nearly lost miles, but did not overtake them. Capt. Mowers

saved himself but lost his horse and injured a couple more. In consequence of this outrage, and of an ap-

plication of Mr O S Colgrove, (whose cotton gin was recently burned.) six men and a sergeaut of the U. S. regulars stationed in this city, leave this morning to be stationed on Mr Colgrove's C. furnishing the soldiers' rations.

pected. We trust the troops may succeed in capturing the outlaws who are doing so much

Outlaws of this character ought to be executed mmediately.

We are glad to state that in the Western counies. quiet and good feeling generally prevail.

prove their will Another important fact bear- of this factory, in style and texture, will compare high prices of the fabrics used by the masses. town, as lots 237 and 238, in square 36, being pro- In the face of this state of things, the Radicals perty formerly owned by Wm Allison, deceased, and of New England are loudly clamoring for more protection, and want a higher tariff solely as a means of increasing their profits. The wants of living is advanced, which calls for immediate

tenced to death by a military commission have been discharged from custody by the United States District Attorney, on a writ of habeas In this town. on the 31st ult., by the Rev. W corpus, and turned over to the civil authority. C Power, Mr Thomas W Phelan to Miss Annie E These were the last military prisoners in Geor-Pozzle. In this county, on the 18th ult., by Rev. B G

Jones, Mr Pinckney C Yandle to Miss Mary D C Erwin. NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 8 .- The Cotton accounts In Monroe, Union County, by Rev. J. E. Irby, Dr continue favorable. All crops spared by worms Thomas Bickett to Miss Mollie A. Covington, daughand rain will be saved. ter of D. A. Covington, Esq.,-all of Monroe, N. C.

The Governor of Texas recommends the extinc between the blacks and whites.

by Rev. Samuel Rothrock and Rev. Jacob B An-GENERAL SHERMAN'S SYMPATHY WITH THE thony, Col. R A Barrier to Miss Martha R Anthony, PRESIDENT.-Lieut Gen. Sherman, when in third daughter of one of the officiating clergymen. Washington, made no secret of his support of November 1st, in Rowan county, Mr Alexander the President's policy. On one occasion he Clark to Miss Harriet A., daughter of Mr Charles Barringer of Iredell county. said : "Soldiers have something else to do now besides fighting. We fought the rebels as long as there were any to fight. What we have to

In this town. on the 9th inst., Alexander, infant son of Rev A and Mrs M L Sinclair. fought. We fought to restore the Union; let In Raleigh, on the 6th inst., Henry D Turner, ir. us now restore it." He frequently expressed the 76th year of his age. his surprise and indignation that the Southern States were deprived of the right of representa-

tion so long after the termination of the war .-New York Commercial Advertiser.

STAY LAW VETO IN MISSISSIPPL-Governor Humphries, of Mississippi, in his recent message vetoing the stay law passed by the State Leg islature, takes the ground that the act is in vio-

lation of the State and Federal Constitutions which are claimed to be emphatic on the point that no law shall be passed impairing the obligation of a contract. In the act in question a plantation till he gathers in his cotton crop-Mr stay is given to the debtor for the payment of

In this connection we may mention that Capt. and the Governor argues that if this power thus Stubbs has made a requisition for forty horses to stay execution exists in the Legislature, he can and equipments to mount a portion of the troops see no limitation to its exercise except in legislahere for patrol duty. The horses are daily ex- tive discretion. If it be competent to stay execution during a period of four years, it is difficult to perceive what there is to prevent an indefinite

Groceries and Provisions.

shop the Carriage may be seen.

November 12, 1866.

few copies for sale by

Nov 12, 1866.

Nov. 12, 1866.

We have for sale some nice Hams. Also some plendid Buck Wheat Flour.

Just received 50 bushels bolted Meal, and any thing else that any one may want to eat. Just call and see. A fine lot of Flour of different brands just received.

Call and leave your orders. We will send all goods bought at our store to your house.

We keep constantly on hand, Sugar of all grades; Coffee of all grades; Molasses, Rice, Teas, Pepper, Spice, Cheese, Soap, Soda, Table Salt, best brands prior to our removal, (which will be in a few days,) of Family Flour, Chestnuts, Apples, Butter, Eggs, we offer our entire stock of Lard, Potatoes, Irish and Sweet, and anything else you may want. If we have not the article you wish vill get it for you. PRESSON & GRAY. N. B .- All Country Produce bought at our Store, at and below COST, for the purpose of closing out and the highest cash price paid. Nov. 12, 1866.

N. C. Railroad Meeting.

A meeting of the Stockholders of the North Carolina Railroad Company will be held in Raleigh, on Dress Goods, White Goods, &ce., Wednesday, the 12th day of December next, for the purpose of considering the By Laws a

Application will be made Carolina, to incorporate an Gruhan Carolina, to incorporate an Orphan Asylum in the City of Charlotte. Nov 12, 1866.

Lincolnton Female Seminary.

The exercises of this Institution will be resumed on the 19th November, under the direction of Judge and Mrs Brevard, assisted by competent instructors. The Session will continue forty weeks, (until the 30th August, 1867.) payments to be made quarterly in gold or its equivalent in provisions or currency. Young ladies entrusted to their care, will be treated with parental kindness, while every effort will be made to improve them intellectually, and proper attention paid to their health, manners and deportnent.

Terms per Quarter of Ten	Wee	ka z	
Tuition in English, from	\$ 3	75 to \$	7 50
Latin and French, each,		00	
Music,	10	00	- 1
Use of Piano for practice,	2	00	
Board, including washing and fuel,	27	50	
Board will be required in advance will be expected to furnish 1 pair cases, towels and lights. Nov 12, 1866.	she	t cach ; ets, 2 p	pupit illow

IMPORTANT TO THE PUBLIC.

"MONEY SAVED IS MONEY MADE."

H. & B. EMANUEL,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.,

Assures the citizens of North and South Carolina, that they are prepared to verify the above maxim, by offering their large and extensive Stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Stationaries, Notions, Furnishing Goods, Ribbons, Laces, Hats, Bonnets,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

to Retailers at wholesale prices.

They have employed hands to mannfacture especially for them the following:

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes and Clothing, with which they will keep the Charlotte market well supplied. Their Clothing are made of the best material and in the latest style.

All their Goods are of the latest Importation. THEIR DRESS GOODS,

both for Ladies and Gentlemen are of the latest and most approved Patterns.

They are thankful to the citizens of Charlotte and surroundibg country for their very liberal patronage heretofore extended, and hope to merit a continuance of the same.

One door North of Mansion House. Call once and you will be induced to call again.

H. & B. EMANUEL. Nov 12, 1866.

TO THE PUBLIC.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS,

Having rented the well known and popular Stand KAHNWEILER & BRO., on Trade Street, and

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS,

Shoes, Hats and Notions,

our entire present stock, as we intend for the future to keep only a certain line of GOODS at our new stand; therefore, we call the attention of our patrons, particularly the ladies, and the public generally, to our large and handsome assortment of

consisting in part as follows :

the debt extending over a period of four years;

extension. The Legislature postponed the consideration of the veto message till January next

ROCK ISLAND FACTORY, CHARLOTTE, N. C .-We have recently had the pleasure of passing through this establishment, and candor compels

WHO PAYS ?- The newspapers recently re- us to say, that we have never seen more beautiful corded the fact that a Massachusetts manufac- machinery, nor ever witnessed more order and turing company had just declared a dividend cleanliness than is to be found in its various deof one hundred per cent on a year's profits, af- partments. There is a place for every thing and ter reserving surplus enough to enlarge and im- every thing seems to be in its place. The goods

ing upon this point, is the announcement of a to advantage with any similar goods brought to woolen manufacturer in the same State, that our markets from Northern establishments. We before the war it cost him \$3,50 to make a yard trust the day is not far distant when similar facof cloth which he sold for \$4, and that now he tories, conducted by men of like enterprise and public Auction, to the highest bidder, on Thursday, sells at \$8 per yard what only cost him \$4 to system as are to be seen in this, will spring up in produce. These manufacturers make goods for every section of our Southern land. Our friends the million, and their enormous profits account, of the Rock Island Factory need no "puffs" to in some measure, for the present extraordinary push them forward, their goods need only to be seen in order to be admired and sought after.

> Success to all such enterprises and all such men.-Evangelical Lutheran. FRIGHTFUL EARTHQUAKE IN RUSSIAN AMERICA. -The ship Imperial arrived in port Tuesday last from Kodiak, bringing intelligence of a frightful earthquake at that Island, about 4 o'clock, p. m., on the 5th of September. Three houses, and every chimney in the town were knocked down. The captain of the Imperial says that the sensations

 Brecutor's Sale-B & Smith, Jr, and Junius M Smith, Executors Administrator's Sale-C Overman, Adm'r. Notice-C Overman, Adm'r. New Goods at Kahnweiler's old Stand-A Weill & Co Notice of Wardens of the Poor. Valuable Property for Sale-J A Sadler. Guano and Bone Dust-Hutchison, Burroughs & Co Lincolnton Female Seminary. Dry Goods, Groceries, &cH & B Emanuel, Mansion House building. Town Ordinance-S A Harris, Mayor. Notice of Kahnweiler & Bro. Almanacs and Form Book-Tiddy & Bro., Book Store. Groceries and Provisions-Presson & Gray. 	desirable in the city for mercantile or manufacturing purposes. I will also sell on the same day, on the Fair Grounds of the Mecklenburg Agricultural Society, eight or more frame buildings, built and used by the so-called Confederate Government as hospitals. TERMS:—For the real estate, Cash, in Government funds, on the delivery of a warranty deed therefor, in the name of the United States; for the buildings, Cash, in Government funds on the day of sale, the buildings to be removed within fire days thereafter. THOS. P. JOHNSTON, Capt. & A. Q. M., Bu, R., F. & A. L., Brevet Major U. S. Vols. "Sonny, does your father take a paper?" "Yes, sir, two of 'em. One of 'em belongs to Mr Smith and the other to Mr Thompson. I hook 'em both off the steps and Post Office as regular as can be."	of the Mississippi.—A correspondent of the Southern Recorder furnishes that paper with the following incident: On the 18th day of April, 1865, General W. W. Allen, of Alabama, commanding a division of Wheeler's cavalry, being hard pressed by the enemy as be was leaving Raleigh, N. C., ordered a detachment from the first Georgia cavalry to hold them in check, for the division to form. Under that order, Major John W. Tench, at the head of four companies of the first Georgia, made a dash upon the rapidly advancing column, threw them into a confusion almost amounting to a rout—thereby gaining time for General Allen to dispose his troops so as to secure a safe retreat. I think the date is correct. General Allen, no doubt, remembers. and will testify to the fact. Our Georgia Major should be allowed to	appeared as though she was being dragged at railroad speed over the rocks. Huge masses of stone, which had lain unmoved for centuries, were torn from their resting place on the mountain sides, and hurled with deafening noise to the bot- tom of the valleys below; although great damage was done to property, no lives were lost. Kodiak is an island of Russian America, southeast of the peninsular of Aliaska. It is of a very irregular shape, about seventy five miles in length by fifty in breadth. The surface is mountainous. On the north side is the harbor and station of St Paul in which the Imperial was lying at the time of the earthquake.—San Francisco Occidental. NOTICE. The undersigned, having moved to Wilmington, have placed their unclosed business in the hands of Messrs. HUTCHISON & BROWN, Attorneys at Law, and request all concerned to call upon them	amendments to the Charter as may be suggested. A punctual attendance, either in person or by proxy, is earnestly requested. THOMAS WEBB, Nov. 12, 1866. CHARLOTTE MARKET, Nov. 12, 1866. COBRECTED BY STENBOUSE, MACAULAY & Co. Some 200 bales Cotton were sold last week. Dur- ing the forepart of the week 32½ was paid, but at the close of the week, 28½ was the highest price obtained. Flour is in demand at \$15.50 per barrel. Corn \$1.40 to \$1.50. The market is barely sup- plied. Bacon 23 to 24 cents, hog round—in demand. Corn Whiskey \$2.50 per gallon. No Apple Brandy offering. Wheat \$2.60 to \$3. Oats 90 cents to \$1 per bushel.	French and Esglish Merinoes, Plain and Figured Alpaccas, Plaids, Coburgs, all Wool DeLaines, Plain and Figured, and numerous other styles of Dress Goods—all of which we will actually sell at e sacrifice. TO THE GENTLEMEN, who desire to be clothed in a rich and handsome SUIT, from top to toe, will find it to their interest to give us a call and save money. Nov 12, 1866. Man Ordinance, Forbidding the Sale or Use of Fire Crackers, Fire Works, dec. Be it ordained by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Charlotte, That any person or persons who shall discharge any gun or pistol, or sell, or set fire to, or explode, or use any squib, Fire Cracker, Fire Works, Roman Candles, or Fire Balls, or raise or elevate any Balloon or Kite within the limits of the City, shall forfeit and pay for each and every offence, the sum of Five Dollars. S. A. HARRIS, Mayor. T. W: Dawar, City Clerk.
Store.	regular as can be." That's what's the matter! There are too	fact. Our Georgia Major should be allowed to	Law, and request all concerned to call upon them and make settlement.	Wheat \$2.60 to \$3 Oats 90 cents to \$1 per bushel.	S. A. HARRIS, Mayor,