

W. J. YATES, Editor and Proprietor.

----CHARLOTTE, N. C.

February 5, 1867.

THE LEGISLATURE .- We give in another column a sketch of the proceedings of this body for the last week. It will be seen that but little business has been perfected.

We dislike to find fault with the Legislature. and certainly have no disposition to ridicule it, because we know there are some men in it who are earnestly working to do good and promote the welfare of the State. But the fact is notorious that the majority do not seem to understand their duties, or, if they do, are not disposed to promptly discharge them. Each days' session of the Legislature costs about \$1.200. Too much time is wasted in considering impracticable measures and debating foolish propositions.

If the members are really anxious to relieve the people, let them abolish some of the useless offices now in existence and thus save money to the Treasury, and let appropriations for useless purposes be stopped, so that taxes may be reduced.

All attempts to relieve the people by stay laws. interfering with the Courts, &c., will only cause further trouble and distress, and may result in the ruin of the debtor class. We are in favor of granting all necessary and reasonable indulgence to those who are disposed to make a fair settlement of their obligations; but we really believe that most of the trouble has been caused by such taken, and as the present Legislature proposes to take. Were it not for the stay-law there would not be one-half the suing that is now going on.

If the Legislature wants to relieve the people, let it quit running the State in debt, and abolish the useless offices of State Geologist and Adjutant General.

The bill introduced into the House of Commone last week, by Mr Latham of Craven, to still Judiciary Committee after warm opposition on the part of the friends of the bill. The passage of such a bill would be nothing less than repudiation. We do not think it will be adopted .-Debtors had better try to make fair terms with

CONSISTENCY .- Some papers and letter-writers in this State are making deleful complaints because Judge Pearson, of the Supreme Court, in a late decision, made an argument to prove the legality of the Conventions and Legislatures held under authority of the Provisional Government, &c. They say the Judge went out of his way to make a political argument. But these same papers and letter-writers, who pretend to be so horrified, have never had a word to say against Judge Merrimon for going on a political mission to Washington, nor against other Judges who accepted political offices by taking seats in our late Conventions. We have time and again protested against such conduct on the part of certain Judges, but those who are now blaming Judge Pearson never had a word to say when other Judges went into politics. Consistency is a

made to establish a line of Street Cars in this and unless it brings its full value, the Sheriff or city. A track laid through our four principal other officer shall postpone the sale for twelve streets, with light cars to be drawn by one horse, would afford great convenience, and no doubt would pay handsomely. With stone pavements. a steam fire engine and a line or two of street cars, we can afford to claim to be a City.

MOVING OFF .- It would be well for those who are thinking of moving from North Carolina, to consider the following statements of the Statesville American before they break up their present one ends. Under the false security of such a law.

"There appears to be a kind of mania among many people to remove from the State in quest of new homes elsewhere. While a few may better their condition by so doing, a large majority will rue the day they ever left old North Carolina .-We learn that many who went from Randolph, Davidson, and other counties, to the Northwest. regret it exceedingly, and are anxious to return. but having spent everything to get away, are now unable to come back. This will be the fate of others that are so unwise as to leave. We would advise those who have homes in North Carolina, to remain where they are—it will not be long be-Here the people have many advantages, many blessings that they cannot hope for among strangers in a strange land; and if the soil be not quite as good and productive as in some other States, the deficiency is more than supplied by other advantages. Those who remove, not only make sacrifices to leave, but are apt to be fleeced cormorant speculators and extortioners, who live consideration, and have guarded the rights of the and thrive by the influx of new victims."

State imposing punishment on those who pursuade, encourage or in any way induce servants or laborers to phans to bind out. Of course we did not bind violate their contracts for labor. Those who are trying out slaves, and there were but few free negroes, doth apply to the Congress of the United States, to hire laborers to carry off had better be careful or they and indigent white children usually found friends for the call of a National Convention, to propose

Saturday last. new weekly paper just issued at Lincolnton. N. C., by E. H. Britton, Editor and Proprietor .-There is no man who knows better how to make we hope he may be successful in his enterprise annum in advance.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

New Stock of Groceries-Hammond & McLaughlin. Houses, Lots and Land for Sale at Lincolnton-A A McLean, Executor Garden Seeds-Scarr's Drng Store Administrator's Notice-Robert Gibbon, Adm'r Garden Seeds and Planting Potatoes-J H McAden. Good News from Buxbaum & Lang New Hotel in Lincolnton-L H Kistler Dwelling to Rent-M L Wriston Fresh Groceries-James Harty & Co Dissolution-Wm Boyd & Co Family Groceries and Cotton Yarn-W Boyd A New Tailoring Establishment-R M Robinson and

Administrator's Sale-S. P. Alexander, Adm'r. Land for Sale-A F Stevens, Adm'r

county, late of the N. C. Militia:

"Mr Leach arose to a question of privilege .-He read from the Standard, quoting from the Charlotte Democrat, an attack made on himself charging him with being an old political trickster Company of New York opened a correspondence and office-seeker. He regretted that the Editor with the Virginia Board, tendering the co-operaof the Standard had seen proper to quote, with tion of that Company in directing immigration seeming commendation, statements so utterly des- to Virginia. We were notified that early in Sephimself. He showed by reference to the journal and public records of the country, and by his were expected to arrive at New York, and that lars in fifties; these notes to be paid, with interpublic acts and speeches, as well as by his polit- they would be sent to Virginia if lands could be ical antecedents, and his frank and open avowal purchased for them in 50 and 100 acre farms. of his sentiments on every public measure, for A gentleman of high character connected with that both charges were false, and wholly without lands for settling those emmigrants; but owing foundation, citing, in detail, numerous instances to the high price demanded, failed to make the in proof of their falsity. He closed by paying a purchase, and there being no time for delay the igh compliment to Col. Brown and the other

Who that knows Gen. Leach would have hought that he would get mad because we called him a political-trickster and office-seeker? The General himself knows that it is true, and acknowledges it when he boasts of being in public life for the last twenty years. We have no doubt every Senator was "laughing in his sleeve" while the General was making his "explanation" and pronouncing our statement false. It is a wonder some Senator did not break out in a hearty laugh and cause the General to go to cursing and rearing round generally, as he knows so well how to do when his blood is up.

the State who knows anything about his political citizens of Union county. We think the report course, knows that our statement is true. We originated from an announcement made by some believe it is the common sentiment, that General N. C. paper, a few weeks ago. that there was a action as our legislative bodies have already Leach will not do to rely upon-that he is a great secret political society in Union county, which, humbug and demagogue. We know enough we presume, was intended to convey the meaning about him to expose his inconsistent conduct that the so-called "radicals" were organizing in State have left the middle and upper districts, since the close of the war, but it is not worth | that county. while to waste time in that way-the game won't pay for bagging. When the General starts out as a candidate for Governor at the end of Gov. Worth's term, it may be necessary to refer to him again. But, really, we did not think the General would get mad because we said he was a further limit the jurisdiction of the County and political-trickster and office-seeker. It may be because, in case of failure therein, they would them, and has probably taken from three thou-Superior Courts, and prevent the collection of that he wants to make people think that he does be held liable for an indefinite amount, without all debts for the present, was referred to the not believe it bimself! In the meantime, he the protection of a special partnership system, might as well keep cool.

> LET THE PUBLIC KNOW, - The public Treasury pays the expenses of the Commission sent by and dormant, unless so invested .- Daily Guar- heard the total number that have left put down killed a negro. It is reported the negroes have of the Town-only a few doors from the Court Gov. Worth to Washington, and the people have dian. a right to know what that Commission has accomplished for the benefit of the State. If it has which we have no hope of seeing acted on by the cals, we would like to know it. We see in the proceedings of the State Senate of last week that a communication from Hon. Bedford Brown, one of the Commissioners, was read for the information of the Senate. We think the people of the State, generally, are entitled to know the contents of that communication. Let the public know what the communication is. Does it advise negro suffrage or the adoption of the Howard amendment? Out with it.

Probably "the General" (who was one of the Commissioners) will condescend to give the publie a little light on the subject.

The Senate branch of our Legislature last week passed a bill to protect property, sold under execution, from sacrifice. The bill provides that where property is to be sold under execution, it STREET CARS .- A movement will soon be is to be valued by two disinterested freeholders,

A Raleigh correspondent of the Wilmington

Journal speaks of this matter as follows: "This is one of the many schemes of "relief" now before the General Assembly, but as the Supreme Court of the United States has already decided in express terms the unconstitutionality this State and the United States, according to can never make it right, and all the bankrupt of a similar act by the Legislature of Illinois. it | the Constitution of the United States, on terms | laws in the universe cannot make it right for seems that its passage would be idle and wicked alike safe and honorable to all parties; and to them not to pay their debts. There is a sin clap trap, and may lead to dangerous and ruinshould it again be held unconstitutional, vast amounts of property may pass from its owners for a "mere song." for if the act does not protect the debtor, the highest bidder, however insignificant the offer may be, would secure the property should it be withdrawn after once offered and

APPRENTICES .- The Supreme Court of this State has decided that children cannot be bound out as apprentices unless they and their parents (if they have parents living) have due notice of the proceedings in advance, and are present in fore a change will take place for the better .- | Court. Judge Reade, who delivered the opinion of the Court, says :

"The proceedings of our County Courts have been in a summary way in binding out apprentices. And, although it has been usual to have from observation, that it has not been invariably ratification may be proposed by Congress." on the road and at their point of destination, by the case, yet our Courts have usually acted with apprentices, and given satisfaction to society .-VIOLATING CONTRACTS .- There is a law of this abuse of power in this, as in any other exercise of tive proposition in said 5th article of the Con- lottery and liquor cases, has decided that the And there have been as few complaints of the duty by our Courts. It could not well have been stitution of the United States, otherwise. We have had, hitherto, but few orwill get into trouble. We advise persons who have among their relations to take care of them. And in the few instances where binding was necessary. care was taken by the friends of the children. The Hon. Wushington Hunt of New York, died on and by the Court itself, that the best that was possible should be done for the child. And, be-"The Lincoln Courier" is the name of a table, and were seldom taken except by those who felt some interest in their personal welfare, part of the Constitution of the United States. so that there were no inducements to frauds upon the Courts.

But now a very different state of things exists. an interesting newspaper than Mr Britton, and The war has impoverished the country, and made wrecks of the estates of orphans, and its casualat Lincolnton, and receive such encouragement ties have greatly increased their numbers, and as will enable him to continue it. Terms, \$3 per one-third of the whole population are indigent colored persons. So that the exceptional case before the Legislature of each State of the which we used to have, must be greatly multi- Union. plied, and the responsibilities and duties of the County Courts must be increased in proportion. It is, therefore, of great importance that their duties, and the rights of both apprentices and masters, in the proceedings for binding, should be defined and understood. We have no hesitation in saying that in all cases of binding apprentices. whether white or colored, it is the right of the his memory will be sweet. person to be bound to have notice, and it is the duty of the Court to see that they have notice, after several years of weakness and disease, was and it is, to say the least, prudent for the Court to require that the person should be present in Court. There can be no case where notice can be dispensed with, and the actual presence of the person ought only to be dispensed with where he

his interests are properly guarded."

RATHER COOL -- In the proceedings of the THE DIFFICULTY .- The following extract from State Senate of Monday, the 28th of January, we the Report of the Commissioner of Immigration find the following report of a "personal explana- for the State of Virginia, shows that one of the diftion" made by General J. M. Leach of Davidson ficulties in the way of immigration to the Southern States, is the indisposition of the land-holders to

sell land in small tracts at reasonable prices: "About the last of June, 1866, the President of the American Emigrant Aid and Homestead titute of truth: and then proceeded to vindicate tember one of the company's steamers from Copenhagen, with 700 emigrants as a select class the last twenty years, during which time, he had the company came to Richmond, and after conbeen with but short intermission in public life. ference with the Board, endeavored to purchase opportunity was lost. I have since been credi- dues, and by Sheriffs and other collecting offibly informed that this company of emigrants cers in payment of the public and county taxes. brought on more than \$280,000 in gold.

It is quite certain, I think, that extensive sales of land may be effected to the mutual advantage of the proprietor, the emigrant and the State, if some effective plan of operations were adopted.

The only way that we know of to prevent a great loss of colored labor to this section, is for those who need hands to increase wages to that offered elsewhere. The trial might be made for

UNION COUNTY .--- The reports in Northern papers about outrages and trouble in Union county, are entirely erroneous. There are no But we can tell the General that every man in more peaceable people in the country than the

> SPECIAL PARTNERSHIPS .-- We respectfully call upon our Legislature to pass an act enabling capitalists to invest their surplus funds in special partnerships; as there is now a considerauthorized by law, to save them harmless beyond the amount of capital so invested. This system would throw into circulation a considerable amount of money which will otherwise be idle

An excellent and timely suggestion, but one succeeded in doing good and killing off the radi- Legislature, for that body seems determined to do nothing practical or useful. Its action tends to embarrassment rather than relief. The State would be better off if the Legislature did not assemble again for the next ten years.

> After a pretty warm contest in our neighboring town of Salisbury, the following persons were elected Municipal Officers for the ensuing sentative of their rights and property in all pecu-

Mayor, John I Shaver, over Jas H Ennis by 54 majority. Commissioners-J S McCubbins, John Shuman. John A Snider, Jack Hall. Jas E Kerr, T C McNeely, A Murphy and Thos E

IF An Association has been formed in New York to afford relief to destitute Southern people.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.-The following preamble and resolutions were presented in the House of Commons on Thursday last, by Col. Waugh, of Surry, and referred to the Com. | and void, and that the parties acquired no legal mittee on Federal relations :

Preamble and Resolutions proposing the call of a National Convention.

Whereas, The people of the State of North their representatives, their desire that harmo- head and clinch it : nious relations should be fully restored between effect such harmony are willing, in a constitu- in this neglect as clear and as deserving church tional manner to assent to any amendment of discipline as in stealing or false swearing. He the Constitution of the United States, giving who violates his promise to pay, or withholds full indemnity for the peace and permanency of the payment of a debt when it is in his power to the Union, which may be constitutionally pro- meet the engagement, ought to feel that in the posed, and whatever shall seem to them com- sight of all honest men he is a swindler. Relipatible with civil liberty and tending to promote gion may be a very comfortable cloak under the general welfare:

And, whereas, by the 5th article of the Con- man deal justly it is not worth having" stitution of the United States, it is declared,

"The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both Houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose tion of the Legislatures of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a Convention for proposing the reports in reference to the capture of Mr amendments, which, in either case, shall be Davis, which are very voluminous. valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by three-fourths of a bill, it is understood, containing a proviso, the several States, or by Conventions in three- rendering the recognition of the Southern States the person to be bound present, yet we know fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of

Believing that no better mode can be devised late war, than that contemplated by the alterna-

Therefore resolved, by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, That this State such amendments to the Constitution as shall seem fitted to promote the general welfare, the peace, harmony and perpetuity of the Union of these United States; which amendment, when sides, apprentices were never looked to as profi- ratified by three-fourths of the several States, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as a

Resolved further, That the Governor of this State transmit to the President of the United States a copy of these resolutions, to be com- Arkansas. municated to the Congress of the United States, and also a copy to the Governor of each of the States, with the request that the same be laid

WILLIAM T. BAIN .- Few names are better and more favorably known in North Carolina, than that of WM. T. BAIN. Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of North Carolina. In the Lodges of the State, his name is a house-hold word, and

This venerable servant of God and good citizen, gathered to his fathers, last night, at the residence of his son, Mr D. W. Bain in this city, full of years held the office. It is, of course, offered as an and ripe in grace.

has intelligent friends present, who can see that time of his death in the 7'th year of his age .-Raleigh Sentinel, Fel . set.

Mr Berry, of Orange, has introduced into the Senate of North Carolina, a bill looking to the protection of the credit of the State, which has met with much favor from those who have examined its merits. It proposes that for the purpose of paying the bonds of the State now due, and the interest on the State debt, the Public Treasurer shall issue a million and a half of dollars in Treasury notes, payable on the 1st of January, 1873, bearing interest of 1 per cent. per annum, for every hundred dollars; five hundred thousand dollars each of the denomination of fives and tens, three hundred thousand dollars in twenties, and two hundred thousand dolest, at maturity, upon presentation at the State Treasury, out of any monies not otherwise appropriated, and to be applied, when issued, to the payment of bonds now due, and the interest of bonds now due whether bearing coupons or not. These notes will be receivable by the Treasurer of the State in payment of all public The bill also provides for the funding of the notes so issued in thirty years bonds, at the option of the holder, at any time after January 1st, 1870 .- Wilmington Dispatch.

[The Treasury Notes will not pass if issued. Burnt children dread the fire]

DEFACED GREENBACKS -Perhaps it is not known that defaced or mutilated greenbacks or National currency, whether bills or fractional currency, if holes are burnt in them or small pieces torn off, do not pass for the face of them, ing. Gold in New York 1361. but are required by the U. S. Treasury to be discounted, sometimes pretty severely by the Banks. Whether this is right, no one pretends to affirm, but the requisition is made nevertheless; and hence when mutilated bills are sent to us, those who send them must bear the loss.

NEGRO MIGRATION .- For two months past a large number of the colored farm-hands of the and have gone in large numbers to the South and Southwest. They have gone to all sections of the Southern country, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Texas and Florida. This last State appears to be the favorite, and some five thousand able amount of idle capital in the National Banks to six thousand at least have passed through this of this State on deposit, which the owners are city bound in that direction. The steamer Dicafraid to invest in ordinary mercantile concerns, tator, of the Florida, has been a favorite boat with sand to four thousand. On Saturday last the steamship Adele left the city for Galvestion, Texas, having on board some three to four hundred. The number that have left the upper country in wagons, it is difficult to estimate, but we have shot in the arm. He returned the fire and at twenty-five thousand. - Charleston News.

> IMPORTANT DECISION .- The High Court of Mississippi has decided that Confederate money and State Treasury notes were valid as a consideration during the war. The following extract shows the purport of the decision:

"The currency was, for upwards of four years, almost exclusively the circulating medium of the country-issued by governments having complete power over the people, and exercising undisturbed political functions. It was the repreniary transactions of a private character, and was at the time valuable and convertible into gold or silver coin to a considerable value. It answered all the purposes of a circulating medium among the people, and immense interests were acquired by means of it, under circumstances of the greatest good faith by both parties, and of large profit to the parties who received it; contracts of the Have now in Store for sale, a large stock of Grohighest obligation were entered into, in considera- ceries, such as tion of it, and by it food and clothing and other necessaries were obtained. Under such circumstances, to hold that such contracts were illegal rights under them, would be alike contrary to settled rules of law and to sound public policy."

PAYING DEBTS -One of our religious exchanges has the following strong remarks on Carolina have repeatedly declared, through this subject. They drive the nail in to the

"Men may sophisticate as they please. They which to hide, but if religion does not make a

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1 .- The National Banks amendments to the Constitution, or, on applica- are working to defeat the bill retiring their notes The President has submitted to the Senate

> The Reconstruction Committee are maturing as States, by the Supreme Court, nugatory, until the States are reconstructed.

The Ways and Means Committee have agreed to compose the animosities, growing out of the to abolish the tax on newspa per advertisements. The Supreme Court of the U.S. in several payment of a l'ederal tax does not authorize a business prohibited by State laws.

Allen B. Magruder applied for admission to practice at the Supreme Court of the District viz: the Home Tract containing :47 acres, subject of Columbia, but Judge Carter refused action, to the widow's dower; the tract known as the Thos. A superior article of country FAMILY FLOUR, setting the case for full hearing before a full Dulin place, containing 150 acres; also, the tract bench. Magruder is a member of the bar of the known as the Alexander Dulin place, containing 174 Federal Supreme Court, but cannot take the acres.

Gen. Sickles will return to North Carolina in a few days and resume command. One hundred negroes from Salisbury N. C.,

are here en route for the cotton plantations in The joint resolution reported by Mr Somner

to provide for the representation of the United States at the Paris Exposition appropriates \$78,-000, and provides for more salaried officials. A large amount of money has already been appropriated for this purpose, and it is estimated that by the time the exposition is over it will cost

important proposition has been introduced by closed at about 26. Mr Trumbull, the Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, which is designed to make inelligible for the Presidency any one who has ever amendment to the Constitution. Mr Wade an- Pork 10 to 121. sage, in order to give opportunity for the Leg- cording to quality. Coffee 30 to 33. Molasses islatures now in session to act upon it. 87} to \$1 25 per gallen. islatures now in session to act upon it.

Latest News.

THE LEGISLATURE.

RALEIGH, Saturday, Feb. 2. In the Senate, Mr Wilson, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred a bill for the relief of Guardians and minor children, reported back the same and recommended that no further

legislation be adopted on this subject. By the same, to whom was referred a resolution instructing them to enquire into the expediency of passing some law empowering Executors, Adminisrators and Guardians to compromise claims with persons who may be indebted to their wards and estates, considered the same, and do not think any such legislation is required, that Trustees acting in good faith, are clothed with that authority as the law now stands, and the Committee ask to be dis-

Both Houses have passed the Bill for the relief of the Sheriff of Union county.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2. In the Senate the Tariff bill passed by 27 to 10,

and goes back to the House for concurrence in the amendments. A bill directing the clerk of the Senate to place on the roll of the next Congress only the States now

represented, passed by 31 to 6.

The Intelligencer regards the failure of the tariff in the House as certain. D E Coon of Alabama, Geo R Butter of Memphis, Gen. Harris, Michael Hahn, E Pendleton, Ex-Gov. Pease of Texas, Hon. Thomas Settle and Hon. R R

Bridgers of North Carolina, have arrived here. The Treasury investigation develope no frauds. The impeachment question is gaining ground .-The Chronicle has a double leader urging it.

THE MARKETS .- The news from New York and Liverpool quotes Cotton as dull and rather declin-

FARE REDUCED .- The fare on the North Carolina Railroad has been reduced from ten dollars and a half from here to Charlotte, to eight dollars and seventy-five cents - Raleigh Enterprise.

How TO DESTROY THEM .- We learn that farmers are being annoyed very much by crows. Last Spring large quantities of young corn was destroyed by these birds, and during the winter they have seriously interferred with feeding stock A farmer requests us to say that now is the time to destroy these pests. Soak corn in Strychnine and put it where the crows gather. One farmer killed 35 in one morning in this way.

The first shad of the season were sold in the Wilmington market on Monday at \$3 a pair.

SAVANNAH, Jan. 30 .- The negroes on the South Carolina plantations across the river refuse to vacate or contract for work. A collision occurred between them and the United States troops. Lieutenant Lemon, of the Bureau, was 70 men has gone to the scene of disturbance. Another dispatch says:

Colonel Sibley has returned from the Cheves plantation, the scene of the negro revolt, and reports all quiet now, but deemed it necessary to leave a heavy guard to maintain order. The whole trouble is laid to a colored lawyer named | well timbered-the balance is in fine condition for Bradley, from Boston, who makes a boast that cultivation. On the premises is an excellent Orhe would like to see blood shed, and promises the negroes that if they will resist the United States troops at the point of the bayonet the land will be theirs. The burning of the steamer General Shepley is attributed to the same source.

There is a general feeling of insubordination among the negroes in that district.

NEW STOCK of GROCERIES. Hammond & McLaughlin

Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Flour, Bacon and Lard, Corn, Corn Meal and Rice, Bagging, Rope and Leather, Cheese, Blue Fish and Mackerel,

Candies and Raisins by the wholesale. Adamantine Candles, &c., &c. Liquors and Wines of various brands and quality, Old Homestead Wild Cherry Bitters,

A lot of fine Georgia Syrup, And other articles usually found in a Grocery Store,

at low rates for cash or in exchange for Country Produce of all descriptions. HAMMOND & McLAUGHLIN Feb 4, 1867.

Next Door to the Court House. FRESH GROCERIES-FEB. 1st, 1867 Just received an elegant article of Molasses Cheese, C Coffee Sugar, Crushed Sugar, Rio Coffee, Tea, Candles, Soap, Starch, Pepper, Ginger, Spice, Soda, Table Salt, Mustard, Ginger Preserves, Snuff,

Also, a good assortment of Dry Goods, Crockery, lardware and Cutlery, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Wood and Willow Ware, &c., &c. Store under Baumgarten's Photograph Gallery, newly established.

JAMES HARTY & CO. Charlotte, N. C., Feb 4, 1867.

GOOD NEWS FROM B. & L., At Corner Store under Mansion House.

We are now prepared to sell all goods at cost, in order to make room for Spring Stock. Calicoes, Shirtings, Delains,

Poplins, Alpaccas, French Merinos. Hoopskirts, Breakfast Shawls, Nubias, Cassimeres, Sattinets, Jeans, Kerseys, &c. Also a full stock of Ready-made Clothing, and a large assortment of Boots, Shoes, Hats, &c. All we ask is a CALL, we will make prices satisfactory. BUXBAUM & LANG. "

Corner Store, under Mansion House

LAND FOR SALE.

The Land belonging to the estate of Sugar Dulin, dec'd, will be sold at the late residence of said deceased, on Saturday, the 23d day of February, 1867.

The Land lies in Mecklenburg county, 12 miles East of Charlotte. Gold has been found on it. Terms, Twelve months credit, with interest from date. Sale at 1 o'clock. A. F. STENENS, Admr.

Feb. 4, 1867.

NEW HOTEL IN LINCOLNTON. L. H. KISTLER has opened a House of Entertainment for his own benefit and that of the traveling public ; also, will keep private boarders. His terms are moderate. Give his Table a trial once. His house is on Main street, second door west of the Court House, nearly opposite Maj Cobb's Store.

Feb 4, 1867 5w

the people of this country at least a million in CHARLOTTE MARKET, Feb. 4, 1867. Last week Cotton was below previous figures-25 THE PRESIDENCY .- In the U. S. Schate an to 27 being the rates. On Saturday the market

L. H. KISTLER.

Corn \$1 40 to \$1 42 from wagons-\$1 45 from stores. Peas \$1 374. Flour \$15 to \$16 50 per barrel-in demand. Bacon, new, 16 to 17 for bog round. Lard 18.

He was one of our oldest citizens, being at the sounced his purpose to press its immediate pas- Salt \$3 75 to \$4 per sack. Sugar 12 to 25, ac-

MARRIED.

On Wednesday, January 23d, at the Hasel Street Synagogue, Charleston, S. C., by Rev Dr Mayer, Mr Edward B. Cohen, late 1st Lieut. of the Charlotte Greys, to Miss Jinnie, eldest daughter of Mr David Elias, of Charlotte, N. C.

In Union county, on the 10th ult., by Rev. Mr. Scarboro, James Cox to Miss Narcissa Huntley, daughter of Hampton Huntley. In York District, on the 22nd ult., Mr L. N. Culp to Mrs M. J. Stewart. Also, on the 17th, Mr M. W. Mendenball to Mrs Sallie M. Erwin.

DIED.

In this city, on the 31st ult., John Springs, son of M. L. and Mary E. Wriston, aged 6 months.

Garden Seeds. The largest and most complete Stock ever brought

o this market, from the celebrated Houses of LANDRETH, THORBURN and

BUIST. SCARR'S DRUG STORE.

Feb. 4, 1867.

TO RENT. very desirable residence with all necessary outbuildings and a large garden attached. M. L. WRISTON. Apply to at Hutchison, Burroughs & Co's.

Feb 4, 1867.

GARDEN SEEDS. Just received at the Corner Drug Store, a large

and fine assortment of Buist's Genuine Garden Seeds,

Consisting of every variety grown in this climate. Warranted Good and Reliable.

For sale, Wholesale and Retail by J. H. McADEN.

Planting Potatoes. 20 BARRELS NORTHERN IRISH POTATOES. expected daily, for sale at the Corner Drug Store.

Feb 4, 1867. J. H. MCADEN. ROUSES, LOTS AND LAND SALE.

LINCOLNTON, N. C. A good opportunity to purchase Houses and Lots n the Town of Lincolnton, N U , and valuable Land conveniently situated within 14 miles of the Town. As Executor of the late Mrs E. Schenck, I will sell in Lincolnton, N C , on Thursday the 7th day of March, 1867, if not previously disposed of at private sale, the following valuable property, viz: The undivided interest of the Estate of Mrs Schenck in the improved Lot (No 3) whereon I now live, together with my own interest in the same, in-

cluding the entire interest of the whole. This Lot is very well improved, having upon it . large and comfortable Rooms-10 with fire-placesand four large rooms in the Basement-2 with fire-Captain Brand a prisoner. Colonel Sibley with House. It was elected for a Public Hotel, but is well adapted to the wants of a private family, or may be used as a Boarding House. Stables, Corncribs. Smoke-house, Kitchen, &c., all in good repair.

Also, one unimproved Lot, No. 44. This Lot is under a good fence, and is in the cultivating order. Also, One Hundred and Thirty-one Acres of Land, ying on the South-fork of the Catawba River, within 14 miles of Town. A good part of this Land is chard and a fine site for a residence.

A. A. McLEAN, Executor. At the same place and time, I will sell my

own LOT, No. 33, surrounded by a good fence, and n excellent condition for cultivation. There is a capital Spring of good water on this Lot. Also, One Hundred and Thirty-two Acres of Land adjoining the above mentioned tract of Mrs Schenck. There is a good Kitchen, a good Blacksmith Shop, a fine Orchard, a capital Spring of good Water, and a

Also, Cattle and Farming Implements.

large Meadow on the premises. Terms made known on day of sale. A. A. McLEAN.

NOTICE.

Having qualified as Administrator of Miss Eliza B. Lowrie, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to her Estate to make payment to me, and all persons having claims against the said Estate are notified to present them properly authorticated within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. ROBERT GIBBON,

Administrator.

DISSOLUTION. The firm of WM. BOYD & CO, was dissolved on he 1st of January, 1867, by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm will please

come forward and settle. WM. BOYD & CO.

GROCERIES. Having purchased the interest of JAS. H. CAR-SON, in the late firm of W. BOYD & CO., I shall

Family Grocery Business

at the Old Stand in the Springs' Building, one door Thankful for the very liberal patronage bestowed on the Old Firm, I would solicit a continuance of the same. My motto shall be, Quick Sales and Short Profits, with fair dealings. Old friends as well as new customers will find a general and full assortment of Family Groceries at

Come one, come all, and if you do not wish to buy, you may find a comfortable seat by a good fire. In addition to the Family Grocery Business, I buy and sell on Commission, Cotton, Grain, Flour, Tobacco, Cot-

ton Yarn, Bacon, Fertilizers, &c., to which punctual attention and prompt returns are Orders or Consignments soliched. My business will be conducted exclusively for Cash, as profits in my line of Trade are too small to sell on credit.

From a long experience in business as well as a general knowledge of Transportation, I hope to give entire satisfaction and share a liberal patronage.

Just Received.

Corn Meal, Grits, Durham's Smoking Tobacco, fine assortment of Chewing Tobacco, Genuine Lorillard Snuff, a prime article of Sugar and Coffee. For sale by, Feb 4, 1867.

Cotton Yarn. Several Bales COTTON YARN, just received from

Rocky River Factory. I have sold this Yarn for two years. It gives entire satisfaction. Persons cannot do better than by calling on W. BOYD. Feb 4, 1867.

A NEW

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT. The subscribers having united themselves under the style of ROBINSON & GRAHAM, for the purpose of conducting the Tailoring Business, nearly opposite the National Bank, flatter themselves that from their long experience in the business they will be able to give general satisfaction, and thereby merit and receive a liberal patronage. CUTTING attended to promptly, and done in

the best style. We warrant all our work. R. M. ROBINSON. A. GRAHAM. Feb 4, 1867. Administrator's Sale.

On Monday the 25th of February, I will sell at the

esidence of the late John M. Springs, all his House-

hold and Kitchen Furniture.
S. P. ALEXANDER, Admr.