General Orders No 1. 1. In compliance with General Orders No. 10, To the House of Representatives : Headquarters of the Army, March 11, 1867, the undersigned hereby assumes command of the Second Military District constituted by the 1867, entitled "An Act for the more efficient government of the rebel States."

II. In the execution of the duty of the Comsuppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and bers of the public peace and criminals, the local military tribunal for trial

North Carolina and South Carolina is provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount abolish, modify, control or supersede the same. by the inhabitants.

IV. Whenever any civil officer, magistrate or act properly required of such tribunal or officer,

civil administration, the Commanding General lished, and the diligent, considerate and impartial execution of the laws enacted for their gov-

VII. All orders heretofore published in the Department of the South are hereby continued

nounced as the staff of the Major General Com-Ass't Adj't Gen. and Aid-de-Camp.

Aid-de-Camp and Acting Judge Advocate. Major James P Roy, 6th U S Infantry, Act. ing Assistant Inspector General. Brevet Maj Gen R O Tyler, Deputy Quarter-

master General U S. A , Chief Quartermaster S , U. S A , Chief Commissary of Subsistence. Brevet Lieut. Col. Charles Page, Surgeon U. S A., Medical Director. D. E. SICKLES,

Major General Commanding

THE DISFRANCHISED.

At the suggestion of many of our readers we republish the following showing what persons lowing persons are excluded:

1st. All persons who before the war, were members of Congress, or officers of the United States, and afterwards engaged in the rebellion 2d All persons who, prior to the war, were executive, legislative or judicial officers of the State, and took the like oath, and engaged in

This embraces Governors, members of the Legislature, and judicial officers from a Judge peace, who, at any time, held the office and took the oath and afterwards engaged in the rebellion. Who, then, are not excluded?

1st. No one is excluded b cause he held an office under the Confederate States from President down, if he does not fall within one of the does not exclude him.

2d No State or county officer is excluded on facts makes this evident. account of his having held the office and taken Therefore, neither a lawyer, sheriff, clerk, tax constitutions are not "loyal and Republican," collector, receiver, county tressurer, coroner, and requires the people to form them anew surveyor, constable or road commissioner is ex- What then, in the opinion of Congress, is necescluded.

years of age can be excluded

4th Militia officers are not excluded. tioned are free from the disqualification, and out regard to the part they took in the war.

A bar of Montana gold worth \$100,000 is to be sent to the Paris exhibition. Pennsylvania

Chief-Justice Chase has stated to the numerous applicants now in Washington that he will make no appointments under the Bankrupt bill until

Maryland.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

The President returned to the House of Representatives the Supplemental Reconstruction Bill, accompanied by the following message, giving his reasons for not signing it:

I have considered the bill entitled "An act

diction of and try offenders, excepting only such remains in force, are brought within its purview. ginia, in Pennsylvania as in North Carolina. provision which left undetermined the question | wage war against their cause. as to what amounted to disfranchisement, and court neglects or refuses to perform an official whether, without a judicial sentence, the act ing the integrity of the government, I did not whereby due and rightful security to person or bill superadds an oath, to be taken by every necessary for the suppression of the insurrection. property shall be denied, the case will be re- person before his name can be admitted upon After a long and terrible struggle the efforts of ported by the Post Commander to these Head- the registration, that he has "not been disfran- the government were triumphantly successful, V. Post Commanders will cause to be arrested war against the United States." It thus im- strong arbitrament, yielded forever the issues persons charged with the commission of crimes poses upon every person the necessity and re- of the contest. Hostilities terminated soon afand offences, when the civil authorities fail to sponsibility of deciding for himself, under the ter it became by duty to assume the responsiarrest and bring such offenders to trial, and will peril of punishment by a military commission, bilities of the Chief Executive officer of the hold the accused in custody for trial by military if he makes a mistake, what works distranchise- Republic, and I at once endeavored to repress commission, provost court or other tribunal or- ment by participation in rebellion, and what and control the passions which our civil strife ganized pursuant to orders from these headquar- amounts to such participation. Almost every had engendered, and, no longer regarding these ters. Arrests by military authority will be re- man-the negro as well as the white-above erring millions as enemies, again acknowledge ported promptly. The charges preferred will twenty-one years of age, who was resident in them as our friends and our countrymen. The be accompanied by the evidence on which they these ten States during the rebellion, voluntarily war had accomplished its objects. The nation VI. The Commanding General, desiring to did participate in resistance to the lawful au- chief which, from the birth of the government preserve tranquility and order by means and thority of the General Government. The ques- had gradually but inevitably brought on the reagencies most congenial to the people, solicits tion with the citizens to whom this oath is to be bellion, was totally eradicated. Then, it seemed the zealous and cordial co operation of civil offi proposed must be a fearful one, for while the bill to me, was the auspicious time to commence the Three thousand bushels of corn were distribumemory: "I have endeavored to cross the Pocers in the discharge of their duties, and the aid does not declare that perjury may be assigned work of reconciliation; then, when the people of all good citizens in preventing conduct tend- for such false swearing, nor fix any penalty for sought once more our friendship and protection, ing to disturb the peace; and to the end that the offense, we must not forget that martial law I considered it our duty generously to meet occasion may seldom arise for the exercise of prevails, that every person is answerable to a them in the spirit of charity and forgiveness, military authority in the matters of ordinary military commission, without previous present- and to conquer them even more effectually by asylums, 1,715; destitute whites, 10,958; desrespectfully and carnestly commends to the peo- be made against him; and that the supreme au- of its arms. I yet believe that if the policy of ple and authorities of North and South Carolina | thority of the military commander determines | reconciliation then inaugurated, and which conunreserved obedience to the authority now estab- the question as to what is an offence, and what | templated an early restoration of these people

is to be the measure of punishment. appoint as many boards of registration as may ment be fast anchored in the Union and the be necessary, consisting of three loyal officers or great work which gave the war all its sanction, persons." The only qualification stated for and made it just and holy, would have been ac-VIII The following named officers are anthese officers is, that they must be "loyal." - | complished. Then, over all the vast and fruit-They may be persons in the military service or ful regions of the South peace and its blessings civilians, residents of the State or strangers. would have prevailed, while now millions are Capt J W Clous, 38th U S Infantry, Acting Yet these persons are to exercise most important deprived of rights guarantied by the Constituduties, and are vested with unlimited discretion. tion to every citizen, and, after nearly two years Capt Alexander Moore, 38th U S Infantry, They are to decide what names shall be placed of legislation, find themselves placed under an upon the register, and from their decision there absolute military despotism. "A military Re-Brevet Major J R Myrick, 1st Lieut. 3d Art, is to be no appeal. They are to superintend the public-a government formed on mock elections, elections, and to decide all questions which may and supported only by the sword," was nearly arise. They are to have the custody of the a quarter of a century since pronounced by ballots, and to make return of the persons elect- Daniel Webster, when speaking of the South ed. Whatever frauds or errors they may com- American States, as "a movement indeed, but a mit must pass without redress. All that is left retrograde and disastrous movement, from the Brevet Maj. Gen. W W Burns, Major and C. for the commanding general is to receive the regular and old fashioned monarchical systems," returns of the elections, open the same, and as- and he added : certain who are chosen "according to the returns of the officers who conducted said elections."

common justice would seem to require that they of the majority, properly expressed; and, above should have authority from the people them- all, the military must be kept, according to the selves. No convention so constituted will in language of our bill of rights, in strict subordiare affected by the provisions of the Constitu- any sense represent the wishes of the inhabitants nation to the civil authority. Wherever this tional Amendment and the Sherman bill in re- of these States; for, under the all-embracing ex- lesson is not both learned and practiced, there gard to exclusion from the ballot box. The fol- ceptions of these laws, by a construction which can be no political freedom. Absurd, preposthe uncertainty of the clause as to disfranchise- terous is it, a scoff and a satire on free forms of ment leaves open to the board of officers, the Constitutional liberty, for forms of government great body of the people may be excluded from to be prescribed by military leaders, and the the po'ls, and from all opportunity of expressing | right of suffrage to be exercised at the point of their own wishes, or voting for delegates who | the sword " will faithfully reflect their sentiments.

could induce me to give my approval to such an now seem so obstinate must yield to the force election law for any purpose, and especially for of an enlightened and just public opinion, and of the Supreme Court down to a justice of the the great purpose of framing the constitution of sooner or later unconstitutional and oppressive a State. If ever the American citizen should legislation will be effaced from our statute books. be left to the free exercise of his own judgment, When this shall have been consummated. I it is when he is engaged in the work of forming | pray God that the errors of the past may be forthe fundamental law under which he is to live. gotten, and that once more we shall be a happy, That work is his work, and it cannot properly united, and prosperous people, and that at last, be taken out of his hands. All this legislation after the bitter and eventful experience through excluded classes above specified. The simple proceeds upon the contrary assumption, that the which the nation has passed, we shall all come fact that he was a Confederate Senator or a Con- people of each of these States shall have no con- to know that our only safety is in the preservafederate General, or that he took an oath to sup. stitution, except such as may be arbitrarily dic- tion of our Federal Constitution, and in accordport the Constitution of the Confederate States, tated by Congress, and formed under the re- ing to every American citizen and to every straint of military rule. A plain statement of State the rights which that Constitution secures.

In all these States there are existing Constithe oath and engaged in the rebellion, if he were tutions, formed in the accustomed way by the not an executive, legislative or judicial officer. people. Congress, however, declares that these sary to make the constitution "loyal and Repub-Sd. As no man under twenty-one years of lican?" The original act answers the question: age, when the war began, held any such office It is universal negro suffrage-a question which as disqualified, and none of them took the oath the Federal Constitution leaves to the States to support the Constitution of the United States | themselves. All this legislative machinery of during the war, and as the war commenced martial law, military coercion, and political disnearly six years ago, no man under twenty-seven franchisement is avowedly for that purpose and covering thirty-four lots, or eighty four thounone other. The existing constitutions of the sand superficial feet. It will be seven stories ten States conform to the acknowledged stand- high, crowned with a mansard, or French roof, The whole mass of our people who fall ards of loyalty and republicanism. Indeed, if and will contain one hundred and seventy four within none of the excluded classes above men- there are degrees in republican forms of govern- private parlors, six hundred chambers, single ment, their constitutions are more republican and in suites, besides over one hundred other it now, and feel perfect confidence in their ability may vote and hold any office in the States with- now than when these States-four of which were rooms members of the original thirteen-first became members of the Union.

provision of their constitutions be changed, ex. world. The exterior of this building, rich with will have there a pelble of coal weighing six cept such as confine suffrage to the white population. It is apparent, therefore, that these will be truly beautiful and imposing, contrasting provisions do not conform to the standard of re- wonderfully with the square masses of marble publicarism which Congress seeks to establish. and stone known as the Astor House, and the That there may be no mistake, it is only necessary that reference should be made to the original act, which declares, "such constitution The Union League has petitioned for the ap- shall provide that the elective franchise shall plication of the military reconstruction bill to be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates." | vive.

. At 10 11/08/1997 (STANLE 1)

What class of persons is here meant clearly appears in the same section. That is to say:-"the male citizens of said State twenty-one years old and upward, of whatever race, color, such election."

Without these provisions no Constitution supplementary to an act entitled 'An act to pro- which can be framed in any one of the ten States fore, is a re-appointment. Dr Jones will make to 31,) that the House adjourn on Thursday, to sought information from partial, anonymous vide for the more efficient government of the will be of any avail with Congress. This, then, a good officer .- Salisbury North State. Act of Congress, Public No. 68, 2d March, rebel States, passed March 2d, 1867, and to is the test of what the Constitution of a State facilitate restoration," and now return it to the of this Union must contain to make it republi-House of Representatives, with my objections. | can. Measured by such a standard, how few This bill provides for elections in the ten of the States now composing the Union have manding General to maintain the security of the States brought under the operation of the orig- republican Constitutions! If, in the exercise inhabitants in their persons and property, to inal act to which it is supplementary. Its de- of the constitutional guaranty that Congress tails are principally directed to the elections for shall secure to every State a republican form of to punish, or cause to be punished, all distur- the formation of the State Constitutions; but by government, universal suffrage for blacks as well the sixth scetion of the bill "all elections" in as whites is a sine qua non, the work of reconcivil tribunals will be permitted to take juris- these States occurring while the original act struction may as well begin in Ohio as in Vir-

cases as may, by the order of the Commanding Referring to the details, it will be found that, When I contemplate the millions of our fel- of New Hanover, Chairman, Hon. T. S. Ashe of General, be referred to a commission or other first of all, there is to be a registration of the low citizens of the South, with no alternative Anson, Col. E. W. Jones of Caldwell, Wm. State had a republican form of government. falling back. One of General Longstreet's staff voters. No one whose name has not been ad- left but to impose upon themselves this fearful III The civil government now existing in mitted on the list is to be allowed to vote at any and untried experiment of complete negro en- ner of Halifax. No proposition was made to of these elections. To ascertain who is entitled franchisement and white disfranchisement, it to registration, reference is made necessary, by may be almost as complete, or submit indefinite. Council adjourned last evening .- Ruleigh Senauthority of the United States, at any time to the express language of the supplement, to the ly to the rigor of martial law, without a single tinel, 28th. original act and to the pending bill. The fifth attribute of freemen, deprived of all the sacred Local laws and municipal regulations not incon- section of the original act provides, as to voters, guaranties of our Federal Constitution, and sistent with the Constitution and laws of the that they shall be "male citizens of the State, threatened with even worse wrongs, if any worse United States, or the proclamations of the Pres- twenty-one years old and upward, of whatever are possible, it seems to me their condition is ident, or with such regulations as are or may be race, color, or previous condition, who have been the most deplorable to which any people can be prescribed in the orders of the Commanding resident of said State for one year." This is reduced. It is true they have been engaged in General, are hereby declared to be in force; and, the general qualification followed, however, by rebellion, and that their object being a separain conformity therewith, eivil officers are hereby many exceptions. No one can be registered, tion of the States and a dissolution of the Unauthorized to continue the exercise of their pro- according to the original act, "who may be dis- ion, there was an obligation resting upon every per functions, and will be respected and obeyed tranchised for participation in the rebellion," a loyal citizen to treat them as enemies, and to the Fall term of the Superior Court of Guilford

Inflexibly opposed to any movement imperilitself produced that effect. This supplemental hesitate to urge the adoption of all measures chised for participation in any rebellion or civil and the people of the South, submitting to the or involuntarily, at some time and in some way | was saved, and that seminal principle of misment by a grand jury for any charge that may | the magnanimity of the nation than by the force to all their political rights, had received the The fourth section of the bill provides "that support of Congress, every one of these ten the commanding general of each district shall States, and all their people, would at this mo-

"If men would enjoy the blessings of republican government, they must govern themselves By such means, and with this sort of agency, by reason, by mutual counsel and consultation, are the conventions of delegates to be constituted. by a sense and feeling of general interest, and As the delegates are to speak for the people, by the acquiescence of the minority in the will

I confidently believe that a time will come I do not deem it necessary to further investi- when these States will again occupy their true gate the details of this bill. No consideration positions in the Union. The barriers which ANDREW JOHNSON.

Washington, March 23, 1867. [Notwithstanding the objections of the President, both the Senate and House passed the

Bill over the veto by over two-thirds. A MONSTER HOTEL -The new hotel, to be erected in New York city, opposite the Central

Park, by Mr Cranston, of "New York Hotel," is thus described : This hotel is to be two hundred and one feet wide by four hundred and twenty feet in length,

will exceed that of the Grand Hotel in Paris, Congress does not now demand that a single making it the finest structure of the kind in the facades, pavilions, balconies, high roofs, etc.,

> Metropolitan and Fifth Avenue Hotels. A. T. Stewart, the millionaire merchant of New York, says that unless the South be re-

STATE NEWS.

Dr Isaae W. Jones, of Rowan, has been appointed by the President, by and with the the Union league, asking for the application of advice and consent of the Senste, Assayer of the reconstruction bill to Maryland, was referred or previous condition, who have been resident the Branch Mint of the U. S., at Charlotte in to the Judiciary committee. in said State for one year previous to the day of this State. Dr Jones was appointed during the recess of Congress, consequently his commission expired with the 39th Congress. This, there-

YARBROUGH HOUSE.-We would call attention to the advertisement of Mr Blair, in another column. He has the best reputation of any man is the State as a hotel keeper, and we are pleased to see that he has refurnished and repainted the Yarbrough House in a thorough manner. Persons visiting Raleigh cannot do better than to give him a call.

GOVERNOR'S COUNCIL -The Council met on yesterday. Present, Wm. A. Wright Esq. Eston, Jr. Esq., of Warren, and Dr Henry Joyconvene the Legislature in extra session. The

ROBBERIES .- The Salisbury North State says that robberies are becoming quite frequent | scrip from rebel States, until represented, passed in some parts of Rowan. As many as thirteen It goes to the President. occurred in one night about five miles south of Salisbury,-thus indicating an organized band engaged in such lawlessness.

PARDONED .- Governor Worth has pardoned Rob Davis, a freedman, convicted of burglary at County, and sentenced to be hanged. It is understood that Davis is to be sent out of the State by the Freedmen's Bureau .- Raleigh Sentinel.

MILITARY.-It is said that Brevet Major first named officer has already reached the city. -Raleigh Progress.

The rivers in the Eastern part of the State were greatly swollen. We learn, from the Norfolk Day Book, that the Roanoke and Meherrin, particularly, have inundated the surrounding country for many miles, and great apprehension exists that much property will be destroyed.

DESTITUTION IN NORTH CAROLINA.—Col. Bomford, Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau for the State of North Carolina, states that there are at least six thousand persons is North Carolina suffering from want of There are still in the diary words written a few food, of which number two-thirds are whites. ted during the month, sent by the Southern tomac five times and failed. I now propose to Relief Commission of New York city. The distribution by the Bureau of government rations was as follows: To hospitals, 6,483; orphan titute blacks, 13,421.

DAVIDSON COUNTY .- We are assured by an experienced miner, that Davidson county is fast becoming a genuine Eldorado Capital and ner, and was called to order for using words disenterprise with good machinery, it is said cannot find a better field for investment, even in California than is offered by the mines of this | nied any knowledge of the spoliation of the diary, region. We understand that certain longheads and disavowed any responsibility for the conin Congress are already taking time by the fore- duct of the prosecution. lock and looking after their own interests in the regions they are trying to reconstruct. It is a missions to adjust sequestrated debts, was refergood sign.

JEFFERSON DAVIS.

The following extract from the proceedings of Southern Relief Association, of Philadelphia the Senate convey a gleam of hope that the long have forwarded to Messrs. Worth and Daniel, of and unnecessary confinement of Jefferson Davis is drawing to a close, unnecessary from the fact chase 3000 bushels of corn, to be distributed that the most loval in the land-men like Horace among the destitute and suffering people of the Greely-have stood ready for more than a year State, without regard to color. The corn will be to become his bail in any amount:

"Mr Wilson introduced the following concur-

"Whereas Jefferson Davis, a citizen of the State of Mississippi, was captured by a military force in the service of the United States, on the 11th day of May, 1865, and has since been held in confinement as a "prisoner of war" and a "prisoner of State," in Fortress Monroe, Va: and whereas the said Jefferson Davis stands charged, on the highest authority, with the heinous crime of conspiring to murder the late President of the United States, Abraham Lincoln, and is also indicted for treason; and whereas the said Jefferson Davis has persistently declared his innocence of the offences charged against him, and through his legal advisers, by all means known to the law, has sought and demanded a speedy and public trial by due process of law, before a civil tribunal of competent jurisdiction;

"Resolved by the Senate, (the House of Representatives concurring,) That the longer confinement of the said Jefferson Davis without a trial, or the assignment of a specific time for trial, is not in accordance with the demands of justice, the spirit of the laws and the requirement of the constitution, and the common justice, sound publie policy, and the national honor unite in re- Company. The CASH dividend for 1866 is Thirty With almost every article usually kept in a Family commending that the said Jefferson Davis be (30) per cent. Now is the time to secure a Policy brought to speedy trial, or that he be released from confinement, on bail, or on his own recog-"Mr Wilson asked that the resolution should

be printed and laid over.

"Mr Saulsbury hoped it would not be laid over, but that the Senate would proceed to its immediate consideration. "The Chair said debate was not in or-

"The resolution was then laid over."

This resolution from Mr Wilson, alike creditable to his head and heart, will hardly surprise the country for the very good reason that no man Confectioneries and Fine Groceries, Calicoes, Delaines, Foulards, Challies, Poplins, outside of a lunatic asylum now believes that Mr Davis had any knowledge of or participation in the crime of Mr Lincoln's death. Had he been on trial at the time of the "conspiracy trial," and before a military commission, no doubt Butler would possess another opportunity to charge upon men in high station the shedding of innocent blood.

The resolution also asserts that Mr Davis has been "indicted for treason." This is true, and Mr Davis's counsel have urged and courted in every | Lorillard and Carolina Belle Snuff. way a trial on that charge. They are ready for to acquit him of the charge. In fact, few sound The size and style of this immense building lawyers can be found who will undertake to maintain the affirmative of the question. We hope the resolution will be at once passed, and the time fixed at an early day for his trial or release. - Washington Union.

Louisiana .- New Orleans, March 27 .-Gen. Sheridan has removed Attorney-General Herron, Mayor Monroe and Judge Abell, and appointed B L. Lynch, Attorney General, Edward Heath, Mayor, and W. W. Howe, Judge of the first district court. The removed officers deceased. habilitated, politically, business cannot reare ordered to transfer the appurtenances of the offices to their spessors.

CONGRESS.

March 25 .- In the Senate, a petition from

ment, were withdrawn. In the House, a resolution was adopted, (88 meet the first Wednesday in May, June, September. November or December, unless the President or officers jointly proclaim, ten days to the troops from other States, they would not previous to the time appointed, that there is no have made a scape-goat of Heath's Division, com. necessity of the meeting.

Several bills connecting the Mississippi river to hold "Cemetery Hill" at Gettysburg, on the and the lakes by a ship canal were referred to 3d of July, and would have said something about the committee on commerce.

War to employ dredge boats to keep open the channel of the mouth of the Mississippi, passed. Trimble, after Pender's fall on the 2d, fought The minority of the Maryland Legislature on the 3d under Longstreet, and did not leave petitioned Congress not to adjourn until that the field until Pickett's Division commenced

March 26 -In the Senate, a bill appointing three Commissioners to hear claims against the money seized from the Citizen's Bank of New Orleans, passed.

The bill withholding Agricultural College A bill fixing the day upon which the bank-

rupt bill is to take effect, was referred to the Judiciary Committee. In the House, a resolution, ordering the sur-

vey for a ship canal around the Louisville Falls. Messrs Butler and Bingham, in personal ex-

planations, furiously assailed each other. Mr Butler said that he had examined th evidence in the case for other purposes than of proving Mrs Surratt's unjustifiable hanging -Gen Robinson will supersede Col. Bomford in He said that the memorandum book in which the command of this State. Rumor says the Booth, day by day, kept his thoughts, plans and motions, was taken from his dead body, and with-

> held, though his pipe, spurs and knife were presented to the court.

Ordered to be printed.

This memorandum book is in possession of the Judiciary Committee, with eighteen pages of Springs' Building, Charlotte, N. C., entries made prior to Lincoln's assassination, cut Has for sale "Spear's Anti-Dust Cooking out. Mr Butler wanted to know if that book was complete, when it fell into the hands of the government? Why was the diary withheld Everybody who has used one of these Stores from the court? I do not charge the gallant testify that, for convenience in cooking, durability soldiers, who sat in the court, with wrong .-They did not see the diary; otherwise they would have judged different. Who spoilated that book? Who caused that innocent woman to be hanged? hours before Booth's death. He quoted from return to Washington, give myself up and clear myself from the great crime." Why was not Conger allowed to tell what was found on Booth's body? He believed the diary would show that up to a certain hour, Booth intended to abduct Have in Store and for sale, on reasonable terms for

Mr Bingham replied in a very excited manreputable. He claimed that words written after the act were inadmissible as evidence, and de-

The Senate amendment, providing for comred to the Judiciary Committee.

More Relief.- We are glad to learn that the Wilmington, a sfficient amount of money to purpurchased and placed in the charge of Col. Bomford and Gov. Worth for distribution .- Raleigh

N. C. Railroad Schedule.

Leave Charlotte. 9 55 A M. Raleigh, 8 20 P M. Arrive at Goldsboro, 11.15 " 3.15 " Leave Goldsboro, " Raleigh, 6.25 " Arrive at Charlotte, 5.30 A M. ACCOMMODATION AND FREIGHT TRAIN. Leave Charlotte, 5 00 P M. " Raleigh, 7.45 A M. Arrive at Goldsboro. 11.15 " Leave Goldsboro, 2 20 " 7.15 " " Raleigh, Arrive at Charlotte, 10.20 P M.

GENERAL AGENTS OF THE

HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.,

EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

Cash Capital \$3,000,000. Annual Income \$2,000,000.

The Policy Holder shares in the profits of the and thereby make a sure and certain provision for your family. Call for Circulars and Policies.

ACCIDENTAL POLICIES, in the Traveller's Insurance Company of Hartford, issued. FIRE Insurance Companies of known and indisputable responsibility represented by us. B. NYE BUTCHISON. J. C. BURROUGHS. R. A. SPRINGS.

D. G. MAXWELL A. R. NISBET. NISBET & MAXWELL, DEALERS IN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. Parks' Building, Tryon Street, CHARLOTTE, N. C. March 25, 1867.

At NISBET & MAXWELL'S, Choice Havana and American Segars-the best and largest stock in the city. fine assortment of Chewing and Smoking Tobac-

co-best brands. 1,000 pounds choice Leaf Lard, 3,000 pounds Bacon, and superior lot of Rice and Buckwheat Flour.

7-30 TREASURY NOTES WANTED

March 25, 1867.

First National Bank of Charlotte. T. W. DEWEY, Cashier. March 25, 1867

NOTICE.

I will sell on Saturday, 6th of April next, one fine GOLD WATCH, the property of Miss M. A. Lowrie, T. H. BREM, Adm'r. The sale will take place at the Public Square, at 11 o'clock. Warch 18, 1867.

From the Raleigh Sentinel.

THE NORTH CAROLINA TROOPS MESSRS EDITORS :- The ignorance displayed by Mr Pollard and Mr McCabe, in their accounts of some of the battles fought by Lee's Saturday's proceedings, relative to adjourn- army, shows that these would be historians took no part in the battles themselves, and that they have not consulted "official reports," but have newspaper correspondents and other unreliable sources. Had they been disposed to do justice manded by Pettigrew, to excuse Pickett's failure the movements of Lane's and Scales' Brigades A resolution authorizing the Secretary of on the left, in that engagement, as these Brig. ades of Hill's Corps, commanded by the gallant officers was an eye witness to the action of these two Brigades, as he was in rear of them when they fell back-he having ridden through a hot fire but a short time previous, to deliver an order from General Longstreet to one of the Brigade commanders, relative to the enemy's flanking column on the left.

Virginia has enough to be proud of to render it unnecessary for her historians to misrepresent and treat with silence the noble deeds of the sons of her sister States. I am a Virginian, and I have heard General Lee, General Heth, and other Virginia officers, who had frequent opportunities of knowing, speak of the soldiers from North Carolina in the highest terms. When true history of the war is written, it will be found that the soldiers from the Old North State were second to none in bravery in our recent unsuccessful struggle for independence.

JAMES H. LANE.

COOKING STOVES.

OF THE NEATEST AND MOST SUPERIOR PATTERN. D. H. BYERLY. STOVES," which, for every variety of cooking

and great economy in fuel, cannot be surpassed by any Stove heretofore used. and cleanliness, they are far preferable to all other

patterns. Call and see them. D. H. BYERLY has also on hand a good assortment of Tin, Japan and Sheet-Iron Ware-such articles as are necessary for house-keeping. TIN-WARE made to order at short notice

on reasonable terms. REPAIRING promptly executed. Springs' Building, Charlotte, N. C.

March 25, 1867.

HAMMOND & McLAUGHLIN, cash or in exchange for Produce, a large stock of

Groceries. Mess Pork, Beef Hams, Bacon and Lard, Bagging, Rope, Nails, Iron, Salt, Farming Implements, Leather, &c., Molasses, (some very fine Georgia Syrup,) Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Rice &c A large lot of Cheese and Crackers,

Corn, Flour and Meal, Yarns, Sheetings and Shirtings. HAMMOND & McLAUGHLIN,

Trade Street, Bryce's Building. March 25, 1867. BANK NOTES

Bought at the Highest Market Rates at the First National Bank of Charlotte.

T. W. DEWEY, Cashier. March 25, 1867.

GOLD BULLION, U. S Securities, State and R. R. Bonds AND COUPONS, Bought at First National Bank of Charlotte.

T. W. DEWEY, Cashier. March 25, 1867.

Gold and Silver Coin Bought and Sold at the First National Bank of Charlotte.

T. W. DEWEY, Cashier. March 25, 1867.

GROCERIES, Groceries! Groceries!!

I have in Store, and am receiving daily, 20,000 lbs. choice Bacon-hams, shoulders and sides, 2,000 lbs. superior Leaf Lard, 20 barrels Mackerel-Nos 1, 2 and 3, 1,500 lbs. Coffee, Rio and Java, a very choice article, 3,000 lbs Sugar-all grades,

1,500 gallons Molasses-Porto Rico, New Orleans, and other grades, Together with a well assorted Stock of FANCY GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Pickles, Canned Oysters, Sardines,

Crackers, Gennine Havana Segars, Tobacco, smoking and chewing; Lorillard Snut, Pepper, Spice, Soda, Starch, Soap, Candles, Pure Cider Vinegar, Powder, Shot, Caps, Sieves, Buckets, Brooms, Blacking, &c., &c., Grocery, which I will sell low down for cash, wholesale and retail, at my store, two doors below Brem, Brown & Co's Hardware Store, and nearly opposite

the old Charlotte Hotel. Give me a call; all I ask is a fair trial. A. H. TATE. March 25, 1867. NEW GOODS.

BUXBAUM & LANG, Are now receiving their SPRING STOCK, Which will be sold at a small advance on New York

Prices. Their stock consists of everything belong. ing to Ladies' and Gentlemen's wear. Our Stock of DRY GOODS consists in part of Bleached and Unbleached Domestics, Irish Linens, Table Linen, full stock of Jaconet Edging, Cambrics and Insertings, together with a large lot of Hosiery, &c., &c.

LADIES' TRIMMINGS,

Buttons, Fringes, Tassels and Bugle Trimmings. Ladies' and Gentlemen's HATS, of the most im-Clothing, for Men and Boys, of the latest Paris styles. None kept but of the best qualities, and we

can guarantee satisfaction to all that are willing to give us a trial. Boots and Shoes for Both Sexes. In this line we cannot be undersold. We keep

only those made of the best material, and for nestness of fit cannot be surpassed. We invite the citizens of Charlotte and surrounding country to give us a call; we are positive you will not go away dis-Our establishment is easily to be found-it is the

Corner Store under Mansion House.

March 25, 1867. EUXBAUM & LANG. A. W. ALEXANDER, SURGEON DENTIST. (OFFICE IN THE BRAWLEY BUILDING,)

CHARLOTTE, N, C. Can be consulted on Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

March 35, 1867.