DEMOCRAT, CHARLOTTE, N. C. WESTERN THE

Western Democrat. CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REGISTERS OF VOTERS.

Gen. Miles has issued a Circular Letter to the officers and agents of the Freedman's Bureau in this State, from which we make the following extracts :

"The various officers and agents of this Bureau will, without delay, procure and forward sons in each election district of their respective sub-districts to act as Registers and Inspectors of Elections. Of these, two will be white men and one colored man.

It is desirable that one of the white men should be a esident of the district, possessing necessary qualifications and can take the required oath; the other can be selected from among officers or agents of the Bureau, exofficers of the United States Army or Navy.

In the selection of the colored men, care will be taken to procure as far as possible, those of intelligence and sufficient education.

In case there cannot be found a sufficient number of men, with necessary qualifications, for each precinct, the number can be reduced, so as not to be less than two white men and one colored man for each county.

All officers and Agents will give their personal attention to this matter. Their reports will be in tabular form, giving age, occupation, where born, length of residence in their respective election districts, whether they have been in the military service of the United States, if so in what capacity, and under head of remarks any other information that may be of interest and service."

ANOTHER MILITARY ORDER. The following order explains itself :

HEADQUARTERS, 2D MILITARY DISTRICT, Charleston, S. C., April 27, 1867.

In reply to letters received at these Headquarters, asking information as to the operation in particular cases of General Order No. 10, current series from these Headquarters, I am directed by the Commanding General to state, that the provisions of the order will be interpreted and enforced by the Courts. The order is to be deemed and taken as an ordinance having the sanction and authority of the United occupied by the military forces of the United States, lately the theatre of war, as is embraced within the Second Military District, created by Act of Congress. Although some of the former political relations of the inhabitants are in abeyance, their private relations, their persons and property, and their remedies for wrongs remain as heretofore, within the cognizance of the local tribunals, and subject of the laws of the Provisional Gov. ernment hitherto in force, except so far as such laws are in conflict with the Constitution and laws of the United States, or with the regulations prescribed by the Commanding General. Amongst the consequences necessarily incident to the military authority established by Congress, and indispensable to the objects for which the authority is established, is the appointment and control of the civil agents by which, and the measures by which the Government ad interim is to be conducted. In the exercise of this authority, such regulations and appointments will be announced from time to time as may become necessary; and so far as these regulations concern the ordinary civil relations of the inhabitants, they will be administered by the Courts and by the proper civil officers in the usual course of procedure. Whilst it will not be convenient to respond to particular enquiries made by citizens as to the interpretation and application of these regulations, such interrogatories will be answered when addressed to the General Commanding by the Appellate Courts of Law and Equity.

THE MORALS OF THE CONFED-ERATE ARMY.

will be read with interest by the Southern peo-

have been sorely chastised of Heaven, we have dent reports :

On the whole I may say that a more docile. gentle, tractable and dutiful body of young men I have never seen. A number of these students were soldiers in the Confederate army,

and I desire to put it on record as one of the arrested .- Raleigh Sentinel. remarkable facts of the times, that these warworn veterans-veterans in arms, though young attacked last Summer with the Indiana fever, large part of the war, are not only among the had. It is touching to contemplate the almost or Indiana. This will be the experience of incredible combination of heroism and gentle- all who make a similar experiment. ness. They were lions in battle-at home they

are lambs. I need not say that it is a luxury to teach such noble youths, and an honor and a privilege to prepare them for future career. The facts in the case seem to contradict all our preconceived opinions and theories. We supposed, in common with all, that the influences of the army and of the camp would be in the highest degree hurtful to morals; that mere youths of unformed character, removed from the restraints of home,-away from the sweet

influences of the sanctuary, and associating with company the most unselect, and witnessing and trict has forbidden the Newbern municipal electaking active part almost daily in horrid scenes | tion which was to have been held on the 6th of of carnage and death, would lose all their finer May, and announced the following appointparent, the risk of life and limb in battle was to be composed as follows : less to be dreaded than the more fearful perils 1st Ward, A H Foster, to fill an original va- he will then estimate what additional value has

STATE NEWS.

A most remarkable comment on the morals highly respected female of the County, living of the late Confederate Army, is presented in a some miles North of this City, was coming to recent report to the Trustees of Mercer (Ga) town a few days since, unattended, she was ap-University, by Rev. H. H. Tucker, D. D., proached by a young negro man and assaulted President of the University. The facts set forth with an evident attempt to commit an outrage upon her. She was roughly handled before efple, and cannot fail to impress those who are fecting her escape, and everything of value that not Southern people with the belief that if we she had about her person was abstracted. She applied at once, on reaching the City, to Mayor also been surprisingly blessed. The following Haywood, who, not having the power to issue a to these Beadquarters, the names of three per- is an extract from Dr. Tucker's report. After general warrant in the premises, referred her to stating that the University is in full and suc- the military authorities. The latter gave prompt cessful operation, and after some remarks on the attention to her complaint, and at once sent out general good order of the students, the Presi- a squad of cavalry, with the lady and a friend. to make search throughout the entire neighborhood where the outrage was perpetrated. The miscreant could not be found, but the lady is certain she can identify him wherever she may see him. We trust that the villain may be yet

> A family from Iredell county, who were in years, who served through the whole or a have returned to their old home. Twelve months' experience convinced them that they best we now have but among the best we ever could not mend their fortunes either in Illinois

> > the severe rain and hail storm on Tuesday night of last week, Mr Daywalt Lentz, of Rowan is to furnish them, and who long since forward-County, had seventeen sheep killed by lightning. With the instinct peculiar to the sheep, they all sought shelter from the storm together under a large tree which received a stroke of electricity during the storm, resulting in the death of the whole flock.

THE NEWBERN MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT. -Gen. Sickles, commanding this Military Dissensibilities and become the victims of the worst ments. John N. Washington, Esq, present passions of human nature. Indeed to the pious encumbent, is to be Mayor, and the City Council been the value of B's tract in 1860, supposing

of character. The facts are precisely the re- cancy; 2d Ward, A H Seymour, vice Alexverse of all that our fears anticipated. Wheth- ander Justice, whose term of office expires; 3d er this is the case in all armies and in all wars, Ward, Benjamin Jacobs, vice William H Olior whether the late Confederate army was an ver, whose term of office expires; 4th Ward, this increase of value as "income." exception, with or without parallel, and if so, Samuel Radcliffe, vice J J Robertson, whose what were the causes which made this case ex- term of office expires; 5th Ward, E Hubbs, property liable to taxation ad valorem must be ceptional, are questions which I shall not at. vice James Osgood, whose term of office expires; valued at the market price at the time of listing, States, for the regulation of certain civil affairs tempt to discuss. It is enough at present to 6th Ward, Edward R Stanley, present incum- at the place where the property is located. See therein specified within so much of the territory record the surprising fact that the influence of bent; 7th Ward, H J Menninger, present in- Rev. Act, page 3.

BRUTAL OUTRAGE .- We learn that as a Letter from the Public Treasurer of N. C. STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,)

Treasury Department, RALEIGH, April 24th, 1867. To List Takers and other Revenue Officers: Various questions as to the construction of sales, under Sec. 5.

STATE TAXES.

the Revenue law have been addressed to this Department. I give below, in substance, my vice to officers administering the law.

The following extract from a late order of of the State taxes must be made, not withstand- and sales by the consignee. ing the recent Act of Congress placing the State under military rule :

restrain or prevent the collection of any tax. impost, excise, or charge levied by authority of the United States or of the Provisional Governments of North and South Carolina; but no imprisonment for overdue taxes shall be allowed."

I will be pleased to learn the views of any one, who conceives that his business or property is unduly taxed-will give those views careful consideration, and if, in my opinion, the objec-Assembly for their action.

plication to the Comptroller, whose province it

KEMP P. BATTLE, Public Treasurer.

Valuation of Real Estate -A. dies in 1860, leaving a tract of land to B. C. and D., valued at \$1,000. B. sells his tract for mining purposes for \$3,000. How must the list-taker his purchases of cotton. manage?

Answer.-Under Sec 28, Act for collecting Revenue, he must estimate what would have no mine had been discovered. Under Sec. 29, been imparted to it by finding the mine. The

value thus ascertained is that to be returned. In the above case B does not list any part of

The question is, who has control of the land?

If the renter of land employs laborers, he i

verseer. Nor is a merchant bound to list his

ing crop.

clerks.

bound for their poll tax.

this itinerant class of laborers.

\$100 to be listed.

Valuation of Fersonal Property.-Personal

3, Class 3, Schedule A., that A listed the liquors THE RECENT EARTHQUAKE IN in this State.

If A has liquor consigned to him by a N.Y. House for sale on commission, and he sells to B for re-sale, by the express language of Sec. 2, B is liable for the ten per cent. tax, while A is only liable for one-fifth of one per cent. on his

selling them to persons buying for their own use, when the Ohio and Mississippi Valleys were kept answers, in the hope that they may be of ser- not for sale, he is liable to pay the Sheriff ten in an almost constant terror for half the year.per cent. on his sales, under Sec. 22, Sched. B. The shock of yesterday occurred about half-past

Maj. Gen. Sickles, will show that the collection case of consignments by the maker of liquors ceived by our citizens, although it was as decided

ed from the amount of purchase. If the dealer culiarity of exhibiting itself at certain places, and

if he gave \$1, and also paid the \$2 tax, he must were a subterranean billow or undulation that list the whole, \$3 per gallon.

Merchants and other Traders .- I last year face only at some points of its progress. gave the opinion that if A. purchases raw material, bestows on it his labor, and then sells the product of his labor, he is not a "trader" within as St. Joseph at least, where it was much more the meaning of the Revenue law, although he violent than in St. Louis. It was felt also in has been decided to be a "trader" under the Kansas City, Leavenworth, and Junction City .-bankrupt laws of England. The General Assem | A full history of the phenomena would be very tions are just, will report them to the General bly with a knowledge of this construction has interesting. not changed the words of the law. Hence I

If in any county blanks for taking tax lists give the following opinions with confidence : 1st. That a steam saw miller, is not taxed under Sec. 5, Class 3, Sched. A, on his purchases of logs, although after sawing them into lumber he sells the lumber.

> 2nd. A newspaper editor does not pay on his purchases of paper, &c. 3rd. A shoe manufacturer does not pay on

purchases of leather. 4th. Nor a sculptor of tomb stones on his purchases of marble.

5th. Nor a manufacturer of yarns or cloth on 6-4 " " Cloth

6th. Nor a planter on his purchase of guano, afterwards converted into cotton or wheat, &c., åc.

In these cases the articles sold is totally different from the raw material bought. The business conducted is that of manufacturing or producing, not of "trading."

But if the business is to "trade"-to buy articles and re-sell them substantially in the same form, the person conducting it must pay on his purchases, although he may, as subsidiary to his main business, to some extent carry on manufacturing.

examples under this head, specially named in

THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY.

Our Western exchanges give fuller accounts of the earthquake which was felt a few days since at St. Louis and other places in Missouri and Kansas. The St. Louis Dispatch says :

"The earthquake which was felt in this city vesterday was the severest shock of the kind fel If A, in the above case, retails the liquors, in the Mississippi Valley since the year 1811 The same rules hold mutatis mutandis in the two in the afternoon. It was not generally perand rude a jostle as those who did feel it care The U.S. tax on liquors is not to be deduct- about being subjected to. It possessed the pe-"Nothing in this order shall be construed to gave \$3 per gallon for whiskey, he must list \$3: of making no perceptible signs in others-as if it rose and fell in its movements, reaching the sur-

> "It cannot be learned yet what point was the centre of the convulsion. It extended as far west

DRY GOODS

ASTONISHING LOW PRICES.

Good Calicoes worth 18 cents at 124 cents. 20 " " 16 Good Bleached Shirting worth 20 cents at 12} cents. Ladies fine Kid Gaiters " \$3.00 at \$1.50 Misses " " 2 50 " 1 50 " Leather Shoes 1.50 " 75 cts. Boys Kip Brogans 2 00 " 1.25 2.00 ** 1.25 Fancy Cassimeres 6-4 fine black " 10 00 " 6.00 12 00 " 7.00 Fine Cassimere Hats 3 00 " 1.50 And all other goods at greatly Reduced Prices. We have a very large Stock of Goods and we are determined to sell them. It will be to the Interest

of every person to call and examine our stock before buying, as we can satisfy them they can save money by buying from us. Call soon if you want bargains. BREM, BROWN & CO.

NEW GOODS:

Cheaper than they can be bought elsewhere in this city. We have just received a new stock of those pretty and cheap Calicoes, Black Silk Sacques and Basques at Importers and Manufacturers prices. We have the best assortment of Goods now we have had any time during the season. We would especially Jewellers and Druggists may be mentioned as invite the attention of Wholesale Buyers to our new stock as we are offering great inducements to the REM, BROWN & CO. trade. April 29, 1867 3 ₩

The Old North State says that during have not been received, they can be had on aped copies by mail. Very respectfully,

J. W. CLOUS, Capt. 38th Infantry, A. D. C. and A. A. A. G

FOREIGN ITEMS.

An effort is being made to avoid war in Europe by holding a Peace Conference. The Conference is to be composed of representatives from Great Britain, France, Prussia, Austria, Russia, and the King of Holland. The following is the basis of deliberations agreed upon : France is not to enlarge her present boundaries; Luxemburg is to be dismantled; the status of Luxemburg is to be determined; the decision of the Conference is to be guaranteed by all the powers participating.

The foreign correspondents of the London journals say that, though war may be avoided for the moment, it is yet certain to come.

A proclamation has been published in Rome, calling on the population to rise against the Papal Government, and promising the support of Garibaldi.

The Greek National Assembly has proclaimed religious toleration and equal rights to Turks and Christians, and security for the property of both.

It is said that the Russian government is willing to receive from the United States a fleet of iron-clads instead of the purchase money for Russian America.

In the English House of Commons, Lord Stanly, Secretary of Foreign Affairs, in reply to an inquiry, stated that the proposition for a Peace Congress has been accepted by France and Prussia, and said he was of the opinion that the Luxemburg question would be satisfactorily

army life seems to have been for good. It cumbent. should excite our heartfelt and tearful gratitude to God, that if He has slain many of our sons,

He has in His compensating Providence improved the character of those that remain.

About two-thirds of our present students have been in the army, and about one third of is reported from Queenstown that it is impossible these, equivalent to one-fifth of our entire number of students, were wounded in the service and wear the scars of battle. From the facts set forth I leave the world to draw its own conclusion.

SPEECHES OF COLORED MEN.

James H Harris addressed a large concourse of the colored people of Halifax, N.C., a few days since. His speech is represented by the State to have been of a conciliatory and conservative them a hearty welcome. Their labor, their propcharacter. We copy from the State :

"He said he felt it his especial duty to tell them that confiscation was only a trap set to catch their votes. [Excitement.] That the Dutch and Irish boys in blue fought for their pay, and not for negro emancipation. "Who tells you that the government is going to give you the lands of your former masters is a knave and a liar. If you think I am deceiving you, the illusion will be very soon dispelled." [Here the most intense excitement prevailed-voices crying out, "We want you to tell us the stark barefooted truth." "I came here to speak the truth, and I have spoken it. I have offended some, I am aware, and to me it is a matter of indifference." The speaker concluded by advising his hearers to pledge their votes to no one."

Sil. Barnes, another colored man, also spoke, and the same paper furnishes an abstract of his of the city, being appealed to by the friends of the remarks :

"He said (among other things) that the negroes' duty is to labor. Politics was the rock ness.] on which the Union was dissolved, and I advise my race to steer aloof from it. He said no man who had been kind to him should ever have any gress, who has recently become interested in gold but his best wishes. And his best friends, those mines in North Carolina, brought from there tried before and since the war, are those with last week several specimens of quartz which on whom he had been raised, and in whose service analysis shows a product of about \$720 per ton. he had spent the happiest days of his life. Give A considerable number of northern men have me, said he, the educated gentleman; he is our lately taken stock in these mines .- Boston Adfriend by instinct. For himself, he would not vertiser.

give Col. N. M. Long for any Reed, he cared not

cheapest potato ever offered in any market. He since which he has not been heard of.

only asked credit for what he had done. He had waited on Confederate soldiers while sick and (Here the speaker was interrupted by the house fornia by the Southern Famine Commission. and closed)"

A NEW DEMOCRATIC MOVEMENT .- A New per cent. York letter to a Philadelphia paper contains

the following :

IMMIGRATION .- Advices from Ireland announce part of crop; he must list them. that a heavy tide of emigration has begun from that country to the United States, and it bids fair to increase in volume as the year advances. It same if the owner furnishes team, &c., provided to give any adequate idea of the extent of this he parts with the control of the land, and canmovement or the anxiety of the Irish to get to not direct the labor of the hands. America. During the week ending the 15th of April nine steamers sailed from Queenstown for If the owner he must list the workmen. If the the United States, bearing nearly 5000 emigrants. hands have control until crop time, they are Nine steamers were also to be dispatched by the tenants, not laborers. various transatlantic lines every week thereafter. From Germany the reports are that a great emigration to the United States has also begun .-We have room for all the new-comers, and extend erty and their good wishes are of great advantage

to the United States.

[Cannot something be done to induce these people to settle in the Southern States ?]

EXCITEMENT IN A CHURCH.-The German Evangelical church at Muscatine, Iowa, was the scene of great excitement on last Sunday night. A few evenings previous some member of the congregation had participated in a fair and theatricals, and the pastor felt it his duty to reprove them therefor. This he did with so much severity that a number of those present made an attempt to eject him from the pulpit by force, but were prevented by other members of the church. The greatest excitement prevailed, and for a time bloodshed seemed inevitable. The next day the pastor received a written notice warning him to leave the city in twenty-four hours. The Mayor

clergyman, has now taken charge of the affair. [Is that the way the "saints" up North do busi-

N. C. GOLD .- A prominent member of Conformer until dividends exceed 15 per cent. per annum, the latter absolutely.) must be listed at their market value, along the line of the roads. Money .- \$100 can be deducted from cash on hand 1st April. If a man has nett income over \$500, and has the income in the shape of money on hand 1st April, it must be taxed as "money," as well as "income."

on what murky slough it had grown. The former A wedding at St. Paul's Church, in Chicago, he could rely upon. The latter he had no con- was singularly frustrated on Thursday evening .fidence in. He loved his old master, and felt The bride, with her friends, went to the church towards him as if he had been his father. He at the appointed hour, and waited a long while, would fight for him? Though he never worked but no bridegroom arrived. She was finally for him while a slave, he would labor for him now. borne home in a nearly insane condition. The He defied any white man to exceed him in po- bridegroom, named Thompson, left his place of liteness. He thought politeness the sweetest and business in good time to prepare for the wedding,

The third remittance of \$4,750, making a total wounded. He did so because he loved them .- of \$47,000 in gold, has been received from Cali-

SUDDEN DEATH -- We are deeply pained to Class 3-Schedule A -Nett income under learn, just as we are going to press, of the death \$500 not taxable. If over \$500, that amount Having parchased the interest of J. M. Sanders in the "As a matter of some political interest, it may of Dr. Charles A. Gee, of Quincy, after three days' cannot be deducted.

Sec. 5. Polls- Who are Laborers?-Landowner em-Merchants and other traders, who list their ploys hands liable to poll tax, giving as wages purchases under Sec. 5, page 9, do not list their

capital for ad valorem taxation under Sec. 10, Landowner lets his land to negroes, under p. 6, but they are bound for tax on their "nett contract to receive part of the crop as rent; he income," if over \$500.

is not bound to list them. It would be the Bankers, Saw Millers, and other manufacturers, who do not pay on their purchases of raw material, must list their capital under Sec. 10, o. 6. and are likewise bound for the income tax, f the nett amount exceeds \$500.

Commission merchants in this State frequently buy and sell goods as other. merchants. In

such cases they will pay as merchants under Sec. The Sheriff, when the owner of the land is 5. Where they sell the goods of others as connot bound for poll tax of the cropper, should signees only, they must pay on their sales. If a enforce the payment of the tax by distraint of Commission merchant buys for a regular merthe growing crop. He has no right to return chant as agent, the regular merchant must pay The building is of brick, large, roomy and was aras insolvent one who has an interest in a growthe tax on the purchases. So if a produce broker negotiates a sale for a Commission merchant, long been occupied.

the latter must pay the tax on the sale. But the broker is liable if he sells for the owner of A planter is not bound to list his manager or the goods.

Playing Cards .- On each purchase of play- City to come in competition, therefore the occupant ing cards the tax accrues, no matter how often | may be said to enjoy a monopoly. the same may be sold.

Employers must list those in their service 1st April as day laborers. This construction is Pistols, &c -The tax on pistols, &c., is not hought hard, but the words are too plain for affected by the order of Gen. Sickles, prohibidoubt, and, indeed, the revenue bill as originally ting the wearing of deadly weapons. The tax presented was amended in the Senate by the is on the weapon, used or worn about the peraddition of the latter clause of the section unson, at any time during the year, i e: from April der consideration, mainly to secure tax from 1st. 1866 to April 1st 1867. As it is indictable to fail to list after having worn the weapons,

Household Furniture worth \$325. Only it is the duty of the grand juries to enquire into \$25 is to be listed. Books worth \$600. Only the fact of listing by examination of the returns, and to present any offender against the dent will give universal satisfaction. Cotton and Tobacco, &c , on hand 1st April,

If a person uses or wears about his person 1867, produced in 1865, must be listed. The

weapons not his own, he is notwithstanding liaowner may retain family supplies for one year. ble to the tax. Shares of Stock in Railroad Companies

Employers are not bound to list the pistols, except Raleigh & Gaston and Wilmington & &c., of their employees, unless such employees Weldon R R Stocks, which are exempt, the are their minor children or wards.

> Exemptions .- A house and lot, leased by the owner, as an investment, to be used for a boarding school, is not exempt from taxation. Pianes exclusively used for instruction in a school are exempt.

The income of a school teacher, if exceeding \$500, is not exempt.

4 w

NEW DEBTORS.

All persons indebted to the estate of Samuel A.

Davis deceased, for property bought at the Admin-

istrators Sale, are notified that I have the Notes for

collection, and payment must be made or suit will

A.

WILLARD BROTHERS,

Wilmington, N. C.

F. S. DEWOLFE.

A.

1 m

29, 30 and 31, North Water Street,

National Banks should list the shares of WEST INDIA MOLASSES. tock, owned therein by residents and non resi-275 Hogsheads, twenty-five Tierces, new WEST INDIA MOLASSES, dents, at the place where the Bank is located, under Sec. 11, Class 1, Sched. A, now landing, direct from Cardinas, for sale by

Class 2 Sched. A .- Watches, Gold and Silver and plated ware; also, pleasure carriages and harness, are taxable whether used or not. April 22, 1861 It is different with jewelry and musical instru-

Carriage and horses used by Physicians, exclusively in practice, are exempt. Salaries - A clerk in a store, receiving com-

pensation of \$50 per month, must pay the salary tax if he receives from April 1, 1866, to April 1, 1867 over \$500. The sum of \$500 cannot be deducted from the total.

> AFLOAT ALL ALONE. Gracery and Provision Rusiness.

be brought.

A.

Charlotte, April 22, 1867.

CORN FOR SALE.

From 1,000 to 1,500 bushels of CORN for sale. Apply to the subscriber at Morganton, N. C. TOD R. CALDWELL. April 29, 1867 lm

VALUABLE PROPERTY For Rent.

The attention of the public is invited to that valuable Hotel property known as the

"MANSION HOUSE,"

situated in the centre of the City of Charlotte, N. C. The lease of the present occupant expires on the 1st day of June proximo, and the entire Hotel property will be for Lease or Rent; and to a competent Landlord, the Lease will be made very reasonable. ranged for the especial purpose for which it has

The owners intend to put the property in FIRST RATE REPAIR, and invite the attention of those who "know how to keep a Hotel" to its advantages. There is no other Hotel in the business part of the

Communications addressed to the undersigned will receive prompt attention, and would be glad to receive them on or before the 15th of May.

M. L. WRISTON, Agent. Charlotte, N. C., April 29, 1867 4 w

Cheap ! Cheaper !! Cheapest !!!

B. KOOPMANN

Has opened his SPRING STOCK, and has spared no pains to make such selections as he feels confi-

CHEAP GOODS! GOOD GOODS !

FASHIONABLE GOODS!

Such Goods as the people want and will suit the times. My stock is complete in all its branches, and every day fresh and attractive goods are added.

DRESS GOODS.

1 offer Lawns, Jaconets, Muslins, Bareges, Challeys, Grenadines, Mozambiques, Tamartines, Delaines, &c.

MILLINERY GOODS. In every variety and of every description.

Ladies and Gents Furnishing Goods,

READY-MADE CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES, Hardware, Groceries, Notions, &c.

To my old and numerous patrons I would say, that I shall try to deserve further the flattering confidence which they have given me, by selling only such goods as I can guarantee to give satisfaction, and at such prices as will compare favorably with those of any store in this city.

My long acquaintance with the city and country trade, as well as with that of the surrounding counties, encourages me to believe that I fully understand the tastes and wants of those who may favor me with their patronage, and I would respectfully request a call in order to fully convince one and all that I have only said what I can and intend to do.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS are invited to examine my Stock. The advantages I can offer them this season will fully repay them for the trouble. B. KOOPMANN. April 29, 1867.

Land Plaster.

The Secretary of the Treasury has issued a circular, directing assessors to tax shinplasters ten

MR. DAVIS' TRIAL.—The Washington cor- respondent of the World writes .	, Brenham. Texas, was destroyed by fire on the	can be deducted from gross income.	I would respectfully ask the custom of my friends and the public generally. And if fair dealing be worth any thing in the party with whom you do business, all I ask is a showing. My stock con-	HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.
Intelligence was received here to-day from Richmond which shows that it is, after all, tion. To make a long story short the allo	n. 25th. Fifteen of the principal business houses e. were destroyed.	tending Courts. Also "food," &c., bought by a farmer for his	sists of such goods as are usually found in the pro- vision line. S. F. HOUSTON,	NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS! S. B. MEACHAM,
May term of the United States District Court. If the term be adjourned without such trial, the President has determined to at once release Davis from confinement at Fortress Monroe, on nominal bail. The President has in his posses-	is jority over the combined opposition. of The cholera prevails in the principal cities of e- Nicaragua. One hundred persons died in one of day in Lion.	substance, his income from this product and his expenses in feeding it exactly balance, and noth- ing is to be deducted. If a farmer give fuel as part wages to his la- borers, he may deduct the value, but on most plantations that value is trifling, as it is to the	Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Bacon. 300 BARRELS Selected Family Flour, 25 sacks country Flour, 50 barrels Sugar, various qualities, 10 bbds, Porto Rico Sugar, 25 sacks Coffee,	Is now receiving and opening his Spring stock of DRY GOODS , comprising every article wanted by the people, bought for Cash, and since the great decline in goods, I keep constantly on hand all kinds of goods, viz: Dry Goods, a general assortment. Yankee Notions, """ Hats and Caps, """
asking that Davis be released, and also a propo- sition from Horace Greeley, offering to be one pecially if Free Trade be tacked on while	MOB LAW IN EAST TENNESSEE — A dis- patch from Knoxville on the 27th April says	School teachers who measure truition menon	For sale by STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO. April 22, 1867 6w	Boots and Caps, """ Wooden Ware, "" Leather of all kinds, Hardware, Cutlery, Guns, &c.
A MEASURE OF RELIEF — The people of Georgia, Tennessee and Mississippi, are maturing a scheme for the maintenance of women and children of deceased Coufederate soldiers. They propose to dispose of large tracts of land in small	 in Blount county, led, among others, by the in Sheriff of that county, drove out by force a rd minister of the Methodist church south, Rev. b- Mr Haynes, and the same day broke up and ne dispersed a congregation of the same church 	for the jupils taught by them, are not taxed as having a salary, but are taxed on their nett in- come, under this section. Gain on purchase and re sale of lands, stock, &c., within the year preceding 1st April 1867, must be estimated as "income."	10 boxes Fine Twist Tobacco, 1,000 pounds Durham's Smoking Tobacco, in cans and bags, on consignment, and for sale by STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO. April 22, 1867 6w	Groceries of all Kinds, Consisting of Bacon, Lard, Hams, Sugar, Coffee, Fish, Flour, Meal, Pickles, &c. &c. I will sell any of the above very low. All I wish is a call from any one before purchasing. My motio is, quick sales and short profits April 29, 1867. S. B. MEACHAM.
lots in the Northern and European markets, and appropriate ten per cent of the sales for the erection and support of an asylum which shall be open to all soldier's widows and orphans who are unable to support themselves. The busi- ness men of Memphis have subscribed one hun- dred thousand dollars in aid of the enterprise.	d, instigated the mob. st, Several acts of violence have occurred in this n- place. Political excitement is very great, and	York and sells to B for re-sale, A is liable to the ten per cent. tax, and B is not. So if A buys of the maker in this State and sells to B for re-sale. A is liable for the five per	Just Received, Some beautiful English Straw and Gray and Black Neapolitan Bonnets, at C. M. QUERY'S. Also, some elegant City made Boots and Gaiters, for Ladies and Children, which we guarantee as good in quality and style as any Shoe made.	ROBISON & GRAHAM, FASHIONABLE TAILORS, Will do Cutting at old prices, viz: Homespun Coats, - 50 cents. Rock Island Goods, - 75 " Pants and Vests, - 25 " each, Charlotte, April 29, 1867 1m