

W. J. YATES, Editor and Proprietor.

#### CHARLOTTE, N. C.

#### August 6, 1867.

REGISTRATION .- The registration of voters will commence in this State on the 15th inst.

We are indebted to Capt. Lazelle for a copy of the Regulations issued by Gon. Sickles, which we publish in another column.

Mr F. W. Ahrens, chairman of the Board in this county, has furnished us with the following

REGISTRATION NOTICE. Two Boards of Registers have been appointed for Mecklenburg county, consisting of the following

named persons: Southern Division-Chairman, F W Abrens-Associates, Rob't R Rea, Jno C Davidson. NORTHERN DIVISION-Chairman, H P Helper-

Associates, Sol Sifford, Henry McCombs. The Southern Division Board will commence registration under the Reconstruction Act at the

following times and precincts: Charlotte, 15th, 16th and 17th of August. 19th and 20th Providence, 21st and 32d Steel Creek, 23d and 24th Norment's, 27th and 28th

UNION COUNTY .- We learn that the Registers for Union county have been divided into two Boards-Col. J. Trull. Calvin Rogers, and Dan'l Tomberlin (colored), for the lower side of the county, and Hugh Downing, Wm. Newsom, and Dan'l Benton (colored), for the upper side. The old Mecklenburg line marks the division of the county.

CATAWBA COUNTY .- The county of Catawba has been divided into districts as follows: First district (East side) the Registers are Drury Hamilton, Frank Caldwell, and Wilson Smyre (colored). Second district, J. C. Clapp, A. J. Whitner, and Mr Sigman. Registration will commence the 15th of August.

RAIN .- After a drouth of 32 days, we had a delightful rain last week which commenced falling on Friday evening. Man, beast and vegetation has been much revived. We learn that the merce. rain was general in the western part of the State.

regularly with fine seasons.

Sherman (and representing himself as a son of can, and at much less expense. Gen. Sherman) has been going through Union that each negro that held the scrip should receive a tract of land. In some instances he swindled the negroes out of as much as \$10 and \$20 each. In certain sections of this county the negroes have been deceived in the same way. We have heard of some negroes who have held this land scrip for 6 months before making any inquiries about its value. It would be well for some one to put the colored people on their guard against the operations of a set of mean, low-life swindlers who are going about the country making false promises, and leading the negroes to believe that they will get land without buying it from the rightful owners.

The fellow calling himself Sherman is represented as a small, good looking man and is a

We are gratified to announce that a triweekly mail has been established between this place and Davidson College. H. P. Helper, Esq., line will be re-opened. Find some one who can take the test oath and report to the Postmaster at Charlotte or at the College.

SWINDLERS ARRESTED .- Four men, going by the names of John O'Brian, David Brannon, Samuel Jones and J. Calvin, hailing from Kentucky or Tennessee, were arrested in this city have been going through the country gathering up old feathers and promising to replace them with bave lost their beds. The swindlers were compelled to pay damages to the amount of about \$300, and turned loose on their individual recognizance to appear at the next term of the Court. Of course they will leave these parts.

In these times, while rascality is being practiced in various ways, it would be well for people everywhere to be on their guard. All suspicious characters ought to be arrested and turned over to either the civil or military authorities.

IMPORTANT TO FRUIT GROWERS .- Two petitions, signed by citizens of this county, were addressed to Mai. Gen. Sickles on the 13th and 15th of July. (and recommended by the Commandant of this Post, Capt. H. M, Lazelle, U. S. A. 8th Infantry,) urging that, in view of the proschards and old fields, their manufacture into mankind. wines, cider and brandies may be permitted, as

We are informed, by authority, that a reply, have received, say : dated the 27th July, 1867, favorable to this request, has been received, and extends to all citisuch processes.

So everybody that chooses may now make apple and peach brandy, cider, wine, &c., but they must be careful not to use grain of any sort.

March next.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Trinity College, N. C .- B Craven, President, Land for Sale-C Dowd, C M E. Co-partnership Notice-Robert H Cowan, John W

Cameron and James H Hill, Wilmington. Cows Lost-Harriet C Alexander. Desirable Residence for Sale-Thos W Dewey. Bankers and Brokers-Brenizer, Kellogg & Peters.

A meeting of ex-Federal officers and soldiers was held in Richmond last week, and the following

Resolved, That in the spirit and chivalry of the soldiers who have toiled and suffered, fought and bled, to uphold the emblematic colors of our cause and country, we are disposed to forgive and forget the past with its errors, grievances and calamities, to entertain malice toward none and charity to all. who will now, and for the future, come forward with the open right hand of patriotic fellowship, resolved to make the nation once again happy; and we cordially offer the olive branch, because we feel, in our soldier hearts, secure of the approbation of the no less gallant than generous American people.

Let all imitate this noble example and we shall soon be a happy and prosperous people. Let political meetings, political speeches and political papers everywhere be conducted in this spirit, and the day is not distant when peace, contentment and general prosperity will again prevail,

What is to be gained by keeping up turmoil. contention and strife. A good conscience and peace of mind in this life will secure permanent rest in the future. All else beside charity is as sounding brass and a tinkling cymbal.

MAJ. DOWD'S ADDRESS,-The Address of C. Dowd, Esq., on Mathematics, before Mecklenburg Female College on the 29th ult., was indeed an elegant production, and the following complimentary notice of the Times is deserved:

"Major C. Dowd, of this city, delivered an address on Mathematics, a subject dry and literal enough, but under his treatment, truly figureative. Strange to say, this Address, full as it was with sound, practical sense, abounded in from being dull and unattractive, afforded infinite pleasure to the audience, and only shows that, in the hands of a man of talent and high culture, any subject can be made attractive."

THE LEGISLATURE.-If our memory is not at fault the Legislature of North Carolina adjourned to meet early in August. No order has been issued preventing its assembling. We trust it will meet and if it does nothing else let it calmly consider the events transpiring and issue an address to the people of the State, counselling them wisely in this time of political troubles. It is possible that it should do more, it certainly ought not to do less .- Newbern Journal of Com-

Is our respected cotemporary willing to spend Although this immediate section has suffered | twenty-five or thirty thousand dollars of the pubfor the want of rain, we are gratified to learn lic money to pay the members of the Legislature that other portions of the State have been blessed | to go to Raleigh to issue an Address? If an address is necessary, we hope the Editor of the Journal of Commerce will issue one, for we think RASCALITY .- A man calling himself John R. he can fix it up just as good as the Legislature

The fact is, we fear that the assembling of county professing to be an agent of the Govern- the Legislature is intended as a party movement ment to sell land scrip to the negroes, promising to organize a party. We belong to no party and since the commencement of the war have refused to identify ourself with any party. We are in favor of co-operating only with those who can settle present difficulties quickest and restore the country to peace and harmony.

> The New York Sun, referring to the fact that more than two years have passed since the war closed, and yet but little progress has been made in the work of reconstruction, says that it is because the North and South have persistently refused to pull together, and remarks:

"Will the aspect of the case be any more an encouraging one two or ten years hence, under such circumstances? Time enough has been wasted, and this foolish quarrel should be continued no longer. Ultimately the North and the South must join hands, and march forward together, keeping step to the music of the Union. They cannot permanently be estranged, as they now are. The Siamese twins are not so closely bound together in the flesh as the North and South are in material interests. Then, why not has been appointed Postmaster at the College. | cease this hurtful wrangle on both sides, and We hope Craighead and other offices along the come together at once, as good judgment and common sense demand. Both sides are to blame for the present political entanglement. The South is the more blameable, because it was the rash act of that section which brought all the present trouble upon the country; but the North is blameable also for the intemperate and exasperating manner in which the extremists act upon he question of reconstruction. Whatever the legree of culpability may be, however, it must be admitted that it would be better for both sides, last week on the charge of swindling. They | and the country generally, if animosity were now dropped, and its place supplied by that excellent Christian maxim-Charity toward all; malice toward none. We have had enough of the past, let new. In this way, several country house-keepers it now be forgotten. It can do no good to gaze upon or brood over it, and the best policy is to draw a veil over its dark scenes, turn away, and henceforth look only to the bright and happy fu-

We agree with the Sun, that past difficulties and quarrels ought to be forgotten, and good feeling and kind sentiments promoted and encouraged between all people, North and South. Those who intend to leave the country and try Brazil, Venezuela, Honduras or some other country, may cherish their prejudices and refuse to be reconciled; but those who desire and expect to remain here, or who are obliged to do so by force of circumstances, must work to restore prosperity as well as good feeling. They ought to do this for the sake of the rising generation and humanity generally, for the sake of christianity, and for the sake of peace and happiness pect of large supplies of Summer fruits in or- in this world and that to which time is hastening

THE WILMINGTON JOURNAL.-This paper is usual, and thus enable fruit-growers to preserve now in its 23d year, and the Editors in an article tary Act is. (among other things,) that no person who crops which would otherwise be wasted or lost. returning thanks for the liberal patronage they has been a member of the Legislature of any

"We desire to make many improvements, and inability has alone prevented. We trust the was holding such office at the commencement of therezens, who will be held responsible for the obser- time is not far distant when increased patronage vance of the Revenue Laws provided to control will enable us to make the Journal all we wish it. In the meantime, we will endeavor to render it a welcome visitor to its numerous friends."

We were a little surprised to see this remark, for we cannot see how the Journal can be improved. It is one of the best-looking newspapers TENNESSEE. - An election was held in Ten- in the country, always displaying fine mechanical nessee, on Thursday last, for a Governor, eight | skill in its arrangement, and ability in its columns. members of Congress, a State Legislature and a Probably we might be excused for saying that Superintendent of Public Instruction. Gov. according to our notions, the tone of the Journal Brownlow and Hon Emerson Etheridge, were on reconstruction matters might be improved a the Gubernatorial candidates. The Legislature little. We would really like to have more of the mark in the proper column, opposite his name, "Re- shoe-manufacturing towns in New England is chosen will elect a United States Senator in influence of the Journal in pushing and pulling jected. place of Judge Patterson, son-in-law of Presi- the State back into the Union as speedily as posdent Johnson, whose term expires on the 4th of sible and on the best terms we can get. After we get back, then we can talk more about rights

and preferences. But we beg pardon-we do not mean to lecture the Journal on politics-we merely intended to express our admiration for it as a newspaper.

Gen. Sheridan has removed Gov. Throckmorton of Texas, and appointed Ex-Gov. Peace to discharge the duties of Governor.

THE WAY TO PROMOTE GOOD FEELING .- | REGULATIONS FOR REGISTRATION | XIX. Sessions for revising the lists shall be held in

HEADQUARTERS SECOND MILITARY DISTRICT, CHARLESTON, S. C., August 1, 1867. General Orders No. 65.

the promulgation of this order. II. Post Commmanders will be Superintendents of ing, in addition to the functions hereinafter specially of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications conferred, a general supervisory authority, looking to the faithful execution of the several Reconstruction Acts, the maintenance of order, and the protection of political rights. They will suspend registrars for malfeasance in office, neglect of duty, or incompetency, promptly reporting their action, with the reasons thereor, to these Headquarters.

III. The Boards of Registration are empowered and required to suppress all disorders interfering with the execution of their duties, to cause the arrest and confinement of all persons falsely taking the oath prescribed, all persons committing any breach of the peace or conducting themselves in a manner tending thereto, and all persons who shall threaten or otherwise attempt to intimidate, or corruptly or improperly influence any citizen offering to register; and for this purpose they may apply for aid to the Post Commander, and may require the attendance and services of sheriffs, their deputies, constables, policemen, and also of any citizen; and all State, district, county and town officers charged with the preservation of the public peace, as well as all not to be bound in their action by an citizens, are required to obey the orders of said Boards, any civil officer of the United States.

given in pursuance of the authority aforesaid and to perform all such acts and duties as may be requisite therefor. All arrests made as herein provided will be promptly reported to the Post Commander, to whom also the prisoners will be turned over with charges for trial by a Post Court, to be organized as provided in Circular of May 15, 1867, from these Headquarters, and any civil officer or citizen failing to respond to the call of the Board for assistance will be dealt with in like manner.

IV. Whenever any citizen shall suffer injury in person, family or property, while exercising or seeking to exercise the right of registration, in addition to any penalty prescribed by law for the offence, damages shall be awarded to the injured party against the perpetrator, upon his conviction; and in case of default in payment of the same, or of the escape of the offender, if it shall appear that the wrong was countenanced, or the offender harbored or concealed by the neighborhood, or that the said Acts and the orders issued in pursuance looking very blue, as the crops were beginning wit, satire and happy play upon words, and the civil authorities failed to employ proper measures sparkled with rare beauty. The theme so far to preserve the peace, the damages shall be assessed XXVI against and paid by the town, county or district.

> all authorities, civil and military. is directed to the de-wice, as one adopted to escape detection, and to cast pleted lists, cause corrections of the same, that the unmerited obloquy upon the colored people. In all eases, when resort thereto shall be shown, the fact will answered and that all the rights thereby guaranteed be taken into consideration as aggravating the offence. be fully and fairly enjoyed.

VI. Depriving a citizen of any right, benefit er advantage of hire or employment, to discourage him from registering, or on account of his having registered, or having sought to register, shall be deemed an offence punishable by the Post Court, and shall entitle the injured party to damages against the offender, any clause in any contract or agreement to the contrary notwith-

VII. The Act of Congress entitled "An Act for the nore efficient government of the rebel States," and the several Acts supplementary thereto, will be carefully observed by all Boards of Registration.

VIII. Each Board shall, after having taken the oath prescribed by the Act of Congress of July 2d, 1862, entitled "An Act to prescribe an oath of office," choose sessions of the Board, preserve order at its meetings for | yielded a voluntary support to any pretended govregistration, and represent the Board, and announce its ernment, authority, power, or constitution within action in all matters coming before it.

election precinct, unless for good cause otherwise the Constitution of the United States against all directed by the Post Commander. X. Each Board shall determine the order in which

the registration shall take place in the several election bearing in mind that the whole work is to be finished am about to enter: So help me God. before the first day of October.

XI. Each Board shall, forthwith upon notice of pub-

lication of this order, and at least five days before commencing registration, give notice thereof to the Post Commander, and the sheriff, and the mayor of the city or the intendant of the town, and shall cause written or I have resided in said State for — months next preceding printed notices to be posted in five of the most public this day, and now reside in the county of — in said State; places in each election precinct, announcing the time when and the place where its sessions will be held, the number of days (in no case less than two), and the hours of the day the Board will remain in session at each place for the purpose of registration; and inviting ber of any State Legislature, nor held any executive or ju-all persons qualified to vote under the provisions of the dicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insur-Act of Congress passed March 2d, 1867, entitled "An Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," and the several Acts supplementary thereto, to appear before the Board for registration.

XII. On the day and at the hour designated in the notices, for commencing registration, the Board shall, at the place announced, convene and enter upon its duties, and shall then and there also post notices of the time of final sessions provided for in paragraph XIX. XIII. The room used for registration, which the chairman shall have previously provided for the purpose, shall be so arranged that the Board shall be sepa-

rated by a bar from all other persons who may be assembled, and those to be registered shall be admitted within the bar, one by one, and their ingress and egress | to Brownlow's militia, made a raid into Wilkes so arranged as to avoid confusion. XIV. Two citizens shall be admitted within the bar as challengers, whose duty it shall be to challenge the

the grounds of disqualification enumerated in the Acts of Congress before cited; but the general right of challenge shall be conceded to all citizens present. XV If any challenge be made, the Board shall, be fore final decision, examine the person presenting him self for registration, in reference to the cause of disquali-

be offered, to substantiate or disprove the cause of chalenge, and shall have power to summon and compel the attendance of witnesses and administer oaths in any offered \$400 reward for him. Wagoner was XVI. In registering, the names of white and colored

citizens shall be entered alphabetically, in separate columns of the list.

1st. Every citizen presenting himself for registry shall take and subscribe the oath prescribed by law. which shall be administered by a member of the Board and such oath shall be preserved with the lists. 2d. His name shall then be entered in the proper col-

umn of the list, and called out by the chairman. 3d. Any challenge made shall be noted in the proper column, opposite the name, with the cause thereof. 4th. It is recommended to Boards to defer the hear-

ing and decision of contested cases until the session for and last chance to escape, he suddenly struck revision provided for in paragraph XIX. must ascertain upon such facts or information as can be

obtained, that the applicant is entitled to be registered 6th. Section 7 of the Act of July 19th, 1867, declares bis person was not touched, although several that no citizen shall be entitled to be registered by reason of any executive pardon or amnesty for any act or

qualify him from registration. 7th. Boards will take notice that it is enacted by Sec- it is hoped he will be allowed to remain unmotion 6 of the Act of July 19th, 1867, that the true intent State, whether he has taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States or not, and whether he States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. is entitled to be registered or to vote; and the words "executive or judicial office in any State" in said oath

of a State, or for the administration of justice. 8th. If there be no challenge, or if the challenge be

legally registered.

9th. If the final decision of the Board be that the ap 10th. In every case of a rejection, the Board shall

make a note or memorandum, setting forth the ground

of such rejection, and return it, with the registration list, mentioned in paragraph XX.

XVIII The registration, conducted as provided in Paragraph XVII, shall be made in triplicate lists, two of which shall, after the conclusion of the first session, be exposed for public inspection at convenient places, for five days; and the third shall be retained in possession of the Board till after the completion of registra-

each election precinct, after said five days exposure of the lists, upon notice as provided in paragraph XII, and the Boards of Registration shall have power, and it shall be their duty, to revise the same for a period of two I. Registration shall commence immediately upon days; and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the list. And the Boards shall also, registration within their respective commands, exercis- during the same period, add to such registry the names

> istered and who shall then apply to be registered.
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> XX. One of the said lists shall then be immediately delivered to the Post Commander, who will forward the same to these Headquarters. XXI. Each Board shall, at or before the conclusion of registration forward through the Post Commander to these Headquarters, a recommendation of three suitable persons for Inspectors of Elections in each election pre-

> required by said Act, who have not been already reg-

cinct, stating the name, occupation and postoffice address of each person recommended. XXII. It is enjoined upon all Boards of Registration to explain, carefully, to all citizens who have not hitherto enjoyed the right of suffrage, the nature of the privileges which have been extended to them, and the importance of exercising with intelligence the new and

by the Congress of the United States. XXIII. Boards will take notice that according to Section 10, of the Act of July 19, 1867, they are not to be bound in their action by any opinion of

onorable franchise with which they have been invested

XXIV. Boards are instructed that all the provisions of the several Acts of Congress cited, are to be liberally construed, to the end that all the intents

thereof be fully and perfectly carried out. XXV. The attention of all concerned is directed to the requirements of Section 4 of the said Act of July 19, 1867, by which it is made the duty of the Commanding General to remove from office all persous who are disloyal to the government of the United States or who use their official influence in any manner to hinder, delay, prevent or obstruct the due and perfect administration of the reconstruction Acts. The names of all such offenders will be reported through the Post Commanders: and all persons in this Military District are called upon to aid and facilitate the execution in good faith of For a week or two previous our planters were

XXVI. The Major-General Commanding, in the exercise of an ultimate revisory authority, will, in V. Offences perpetrated by white persons disguised due season, before the holding of any election, en-as blacks, being of frequent occurrence, the attention of tertain and determine questions assigning errors in due season, before the holding of any election, entrue design and purpose of the laws be faithfully

By command of Maj. Gen. D. E. SICKLES, J. W. CLOUS, A A G.

The following is the oath that Registrars must take before entering on the discharge of their duties .

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never oluntarily borne arms against the United States since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have neither sought, nor accepted, the United States, hostile or inimical thereto. And IX. The places of session of the Boards shall be the I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my voting places established by law or custom in each knowledge and ability, I will support and defend enemies, foreign or domestic. that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same, that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or precincts, that may be assigned to it by the Post Com- purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithmander, and the time which shall be allotted to each- fully discharge the duties of the office on which I

The following oath must be taken by all who have their

names registered: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) in the presence of Al that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the U States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the U. States; that I have never been a memrection or rebellion against the U. States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the U. States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the U. States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the U. States or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the U. States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do: so help me God."

OUTRAGE IN WILKES .- One day last week a party of men from Tennessee claiming to belong county and arrested and carried off a young man by the name of Wagoner. Wagoner is a native right of any citizen offering to register, upon any of of Johnson county, Tenn., and at the commenceand did not visit his home during the struggle, and since the war was afraid to return home, and settled in Wilkes county in this State, and recently married. The miscreants who carried fication alleged, and shall hear any evidence that may him off told him they were acting under the authority of Brownlow, and that he had also in the field at work, and when he was arrested was refused permission to go to the house for his coat. The captors placed a guard of two XVII. The following shall be the process of regis- men, one on each side, and then placed out a rear guard, with instructions to fire off a gun on the approach of any one that had the appearance of pursuit, and the firing of the gun was the signal to the guards near Wagoner's person to kill him. When the party was approaching Taylorsville the rear guard stopped at a branch to drink, and fell to the rear some 30 or 40 one of his guards and knocked him off a steep and a large circle of relations to mourn their great 5th. Whether or not there be any challenge, the Board embankment, and immediately struck the other loss. The deceased was for a number of years a and darted into the woods, by this time the atbefore marking his name as "accepted."-the oath not tention of the whole party was drawn to him, and they fired a volley after him, but fortunately and nights he got safely back to Wilkes, where lested .- Winston Sentinel.

EFFECTS OF THE UNSETTLED CONDITION OF who has held any executive or judicial office in any NATIONAL AFFAIRS .- The whole country be the last that he would stay with her on earth, seems to need reconstruction about this time -The Massachusetts papers complain that at no bellion, or had held it before, and who has afterwards time during the last thirty years, has the cotton engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United and woolen manufacturing business been in so depressed a condition. The mills are running at a loss in Lowell, Lawrence, and most of the mentioned, shall be construed to include all civil offices other manufacturing towns in Massachusetts created by law for the administration of any general law and throughout New England. The Manchester mills and print works have goods on hand unsold of the value of upwards of two millions finally overruled, and the Board determine that the applicant is entitled to be registered, the Board shall mark of dollars. The same state of things exists with opposite the name of the applicant, in the proper col-umn, "Accepted;" and he shall thereupon be deemed said to have sunk \$40,000 within a few months for the same reasons. The shoe business at plicant is not entitled to be registered, the Board shall Lynn, Haverhill, Randolph, and other large said to be in a very low condition as compared with what it has been in former years, when orders for shoes came in thick and fast from the South and West. These difficulties are attributed to the chaotic state of the political affairs of

when the three having been compared and verified, shall be certified in the form prescribed and printed at the end of the blank registration lists.

already been sold in the upper section of that hath taken away, blessed be the name of the Lord. State and in Georgia at fifty cents a bushel, to be shall be prepared to meet her in Heaven tions; Sugars advanced one cent; other leading above.—Cox.

[\$5]

articles unchanged.

### Latest News.

TENNESSEE ELECTIONS.

NASHVILLE, Aug 3 .- The election returns, so far, foot up a majority of 17,000 for Brownlow. Trimble, Stokes, Arnell, Maynard, Hawkins, Mul lens, Mumm and Butler, all Radicals, are elected to Congress. They make a clean sweep of both branches of the Legislature.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3 .- Cotton quiet-Uplands 28 Gold \$1.401. LIVERPOOL, Aug. 2.-Cotton quiet and steady-Uplands 104 pence; Orleans 104. Sales 10,000 bales.

GEN. SHERIDAN'S SUCCESSOR .- New York, Aug. 2.- A special dispatch states that it is understood from official sources that the President has determined to appoint Gen. Hancock as Sheridan's successor in Louisiana and Texas.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 2.-Gen. Sickles has removed the Police of the town of Sumter, S. C., for alleged two colored and one white policemen to succeed the late incumbents.

AUGUSTA, Aug. 2 .- Ex-Gov. Brown is publishing a series of letters in the Chronicle and Sentinel, in reply to Senator Hill and in advocacy of reconstruction under

Ex-Gov. Perry has written another letter advising opposition to reconstruction on the Congressional plan. THE SURRATT CASE .- Washington, Aug 3 .- The counsel for the prosecution commenced the closing argument to-day. The case will be given to the

YELLOW FEVER .- Galveston, Aug 2 .- There were six interments on the 31st ult. The fever is pronounced epidemic.

THE WEATHER AND CROPS .- Beginning with last Friday afternoon, this section has been visited by several very seasonable rains, doing much good to the growing crops of corn and cotton .to suffer for the want of rain, and from continued and exhausting heat, and in consequence of which corn in some localities has been injured. Corn and cotton are both now coming out to some extent finely .- Wadesboro Argus, Aug. 1st.

THE CROPS .- We learn from several of our neighboring farmers that the rains which fell in the early part of past week, have had a very beneficial effect upon the crops. The prospects are now much more cheering than they were several weeks ago. - Newbern Republican.

LARGE YIELD OF WHEAT,-Soon after it was harvested, in referring to the fine wheat crop of Thos. E. Brown, Esq, of this city, we said that he had sown five bushels of Baltimore | acres of LAND on West side of Sugar Creek, adwhite wheat upon a lot of about as many acres which we thought would yield, upon being nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office threshed, about 100 bushels. He has since bered, &c. whatever under any authority or pretended author- threshed and cleaned, and informs us that it one of its members as chairman, who shall preside at all ity in hostility to the United States; that I have not | yielded 113 bushels. This is an example of purchasers giving bond and security. what can be done by way of improving our lands. If our farmers would cease to cultivate so much land, and turn their attention to the improvement of a small area they would make much more money at much less expense and with less labor than under the present system .- Salisbury North State.

> NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 1 -General Sheridan issued an order to-day removing the entire Board of Aldermen and Assistant Aldermen, and appointing their successors. The reasons given are the disordered condition to which they have reduced the City credit, and the efforts which they have made and are making to impede the lawful execution of the reconstruction acts.

The residence of Mrs. Clara Dixon, in Greene county, was destroyed by fire a few days since - Goldsboro Star.

LOUISIANA.—So far as heard from, the State registers: whites 42,662 blacks 79.029.

# MARRIED.

In Union county, on the 25th ult., by G D Broom, Esq., Mr Robert Phifer to Mrs. Mahalah Query. In Yadkin county, on the 23d ult., at the residence of Judge Pearson, James M. Hobson of Davie, to Miss Sallie C. Pearson.

In York District, on 23d ult., Mr Reuben Dulin to Miss Sarah E Smith, daughter of Capt Sam'l Smith. In Wilkesboro', July 7th, Maj. W. W. Vannoy to Miss Sue E. Crowson, daughter of A. S. Crowson.

# DIED.

In this city, at the residence of Wm. R. Mvers. Esq , on the 26th of May, Miss Matilda Brown, aged 63 years. She was for many years a consistent member of the Presbyterian Church. In her last illness, which was protracted and painful, she often expressed her resignation to the will of God and a

blessed hope beyond the grave. In this city, on the 3d inst., Mr Robt. Rabe, aged about 65 years. For the past 8 or 9 months he was a consistent member of the Methodist Church and lived the life of a christian.

In this county, suddenly, on the 30th ult, A. Randolph Erwin, Esq., -one of the best citizens of Mecklenburg county. At Melville, Alamance county, on the 22d ult., the

Rev. Alexander Wilson, D. D., aged 69 years. In Anson county, on the 28th ult., after a very short illness, Mrs. Mattie H. McLauchlin, wife of Neill D. McLaughlin, leaving a sadly bereaved husband and a large circle of relatives and friends who will long miss her and mourn their loss.

Died, in Mecklenburg county, July 29th, 1867,

Mrs. Esther S. Whitley, wife of R. D. Whitley, Esq., aged 35 years, 6 months and 27 days-leaving a bereaved and affectionate husband, three children

most worthy member of the Presbyterian Church at Hopewell. She was the subject of converting grace under the ministration of the Rev. Dr. Baker, since which time the robe of righteousness, made white in the blood of the Lamb, has shone forth in her balls passed through his clothing. After lay- christian character with increasing luster during thing which without such pardon or amnesty would dis- ing out in the mountain for two or three days her eight months of affliction. Being conscious of her approaching dissolution, she would tell her friends of the fact. But the most complete and glorious triumph over the fear of death was displayed within the last twenty-four hours before her departure. Stating to one of her friends that she wanted him to stay with her that night, as it would the energy of her system then slowly giving way to the after part of the night; her nervous system then suddenly gave way for a time. On being revived again by stimulants, she then asked one of her attendants if she would live to see the light of day; stated that she was not afraid to die, but she was prepared for death, and only desired to live on account of her affectionate husband and children. But conscious of the shortness of time with her, she requested her husband, children and relations to come around her dying bed, and commencing with her beloved companion, children and relations, bade them all an affectionate farewell. Taking each one by the hand, she requested them to impress on her dying lips the seal of her love and her request to meet her around the throne of God in glory.

O, for such love, let rocks and hills, Their lasting silence break, And all harmonious human tongues, The Saviour's praises speak.

After this she requested that the servants be brought in, and taking them by the hand she bade them adieu, requesting them to meet her in the glory world. Amid this heart rending scene (for every heart present was rent asunder) she shed not a tear, but joyful in hope of the blest reward of the finally faithful. Thus in a few hours our beloved Conn.—The Charleston Mercury says that sister and friend breathed her last. Without a severals parcels of the maturing corn crop have God who gave it. The Lord giveth and the Lord moan or struggle her redeemed spirit returned to

TEXAS .- The appointment of Pease as Governor gives satisfaction to the best men of all

The Yellow Fever is steadily increasing in Galveston. The physicians are urging the unacclimated away.

NEW YORK .- The committee on suffrage in the New York State Convention reported in favor of disfranchising "rebels" and excluding "idiots and lunatics" from the elective franchise, On Wednesday last the convention adopted the report, and on Friday they reconsidered the vote of adoption and struck out both clauses! Is this a compliment to "rebels" or to "idiots and luna-

MICHIGAN.—The Michigan constitutional convention, in committee of the whole, by a vote of 29 to 26, struck the word "male" out of the suffrage clause. This leaves the suffrage open maltreatment of blacks, and inefficiency. He appoints to women, unless reversed in the convention itself. All Indians, likewise, are secured in the right to the franchise.

> NEW COTTON.-Savannah, July 29.-The first bale of new cotton was received here to-day by F. W. Sims & Co., from Florida.

### Trinity College, N. C.

The next term commences August 14th, and closes December 19th, 1867.

Tuition, .......\$20 to \$30 per Session. Board, ...... \$12 per month.

Washing, rooms and fuel, about \$1.75 per month -payments in currency. For further particulars address the undersigned

at Trinity College, N. C. B. CRAVEN, President. lmpd

### LAND FOR SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Equity, I will sell at public auction at the Court House door in Charlotte, on Tuesday of October Term of the County Court, (being the 15th day of Oct. next,) One Hundred acres of LAND, adjoining B. Morrow. Rev. Mr Bronson, T. H. Brem and the City of Charlotte-some of it Creek Bottom-valuable for farming purposes, wood, proximity to town, &c

Terms-3, 12 and 18 months, interest from date, purchasers giving bond and security. C. DOWD, C. M. E.

August 5, 1867. 79-11w. [adv. \$10.]

## LAND FOR SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the Court of Equity, I will sell at Auction, at the Court House in Charlotte, on Tuesday of October term of the County Court, (being the 15th day of October next,) One Hundred joining B. F. Morrow, T. H. Brem and others, and about two miles from Charlotte. The tract contains considerable quantity of bottom land, well tim-

Terms-3, 15 and 27 months, interest from date,

C. DOWD, C. M. E. August 5, 1867 79-11w [adv. \$10]

To Merchants and Planters. We are buying Gold and Silver Coin at a fraction under New York quotations, which come to us daily,

and are selling at small profit. BRENIZER, KELLOGG & PETERS. Aug 5, 1867. Bankers at Charlotte.

## COWS LOST.

Strayed from my place on the Statesville road. six miles from Charlotte, on the 12th of July, two Milch Cows-one a light red, with a little white under the belly, a short tail, and had an old bell on: the other a deep red, with a white spot in the fece and some white under the belly, two splits in one ear and a crop in the other—both in good order. I am a poor widow woman and hope some one will interest themselves to enable me to get the Cows. Any information may be communicated to me or left at the Democrat Office. HARRIET C. ALEXANDER:

August 5, 1867.

Southern Bank Bills. Having orders for the purchase of various Bank Notes, we are able to pay good prices for them. Compare our quotations with others in the State. BRENIZER, KELLOGG & PETERS. Bankers at Charlotte.

# Co-Partnership Notice.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS. The undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership, under the name of R. H. COWAN & CO., for the purpose of carrying on a General Commission, Shipping and Supply Business in the City

of Wilmington, N. C. Their office, for the present, is on the Corner of Chesnut and Water Streets, up stairs, where they will be happy to hear from and serve their friends. By the 1st of October next, they will be fully prepared to furnish supplies of all kinds.

ROBT. H. COWAN, JNO. W. CAMERON. JAMES H. HILL. Wilmington, N. C., July 29, 1867. [Aug. 5-tf

Gold Bullion Wanted. We want to purchase a large portion of the Gold Bullion that comes into this market, and will pay

RRENIZER, KELLOGG & PETERS. Bankers at Charlotte. August 5, 1867.

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE For Sale. I offer for sale my DWELLING HOUSE, in the North-eastern portion of the city, on the corner of B and 6th streets.

The property consists of TWO FULL LOTS, fine Garden and comfortable House, all in good con-Terms made known on application to me at the First National Bank.

#### THOS. W. DEWEY. August 5, 1867

Exchange. New York and Baltimore Exchange at par, and European Exchange at New York rates. BRENIZER, KELLOGG & PETERS. Aug 5, 1867. Bankers at Charlotte.

CHARLOTTE MARKET, August 5, 1867. CORRECTED BY STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & Co.

Cotton-Sales for the week 43 bales, mostly on the basis of 21 cents for middling, of which quality little comes to market. The offerings are principally of a lower grade, the demand for which is in excess of the supply for home manufacture. We quote

extremes 18 and 21 cents. New Flour is selling at \$6 to \$6.25 per sack from wagons; \$6.50 to \$6.75 from stores.

Corn scarce at \$1.50 from wagons; \$1.60 from Wheat in demand at \$1.80 to \$1.90 for Red; \$2 to \$2.10 for White.

Peas scarce at \$1.50 to \$1.55. Oats 55 to 60 cents. Bacon has again advanced-we quote shoulders as 16 to 164 cents, ribbed sides 184 to 19 cents, clear sides 191 to 20 cents. Lard 17 to 18 cents.

Fresh Butter, 18 to 25 cents, as to quality; Spring Chickens, 15 to 20 cents; Eggs, 124 to 15 cents; Beef, 8 to 124 cents by retail.

Liverpool Salt, \$3.75 per sack, standard weight, Corn Whiskey dull at \$2.25 to \$2.50. Molasses, 80 cents to \$1 by retail.

We are enabled this week to report an improvement in nearly all branches of business. The fine rains just had will have a tendency to lower the