WESTERN DEMOCRAT, CHARLOTTE. N. C. THE

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

THE AMNESTY PROCLAMATION. The following is the Amnesty Proclamation which has been issued by Andrew Johnson, President of the United States :

Whereas, In the month of July, Anno Domini 1861, the two Houses of Congress, with extraordinary unanimity, solemply declared that the war then existing was not waged, on the part of the Government, in any spirit of oppression, nor for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, nor purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of any State, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution, and to preserve the Union with all the dignity, equality and rights of the several objects should be accomplished, the war ought of September, one thousand eight hundred and to cease; and

Whereas, The President of the United States, on the 8th day of December, Anno Domini, 1868, and on the 26th day of March, Anno Domini, 1864, did, with the object of suppressing the existing rebellion, of inducing all persons to return to their loyalty, and of restoring the authority of the United States, issue a proclamation offering amnesty and pardon to all persons who had directly or indirectly participated in the then existing rebellion, except such as in these proclamations were specified and reserved; and

Whereas, The President of the United States did, on the 29th day of May, Anno Domini, 1865, issue a further proclamation, with the same objects before mentioned, and to the end that the authority of the Government of the United States might be restored, and that peace, order and freedom might be established; and the President did, by the said last mentioned proclamation, proclaim to all persons who had directly or indirectly participated in the then existing schellion, except as therein excepted, amnesty and pardon, with restoration of all rights of property except as to slaves, and except in certain cases where legal proceedings had been instituted, but upon condition that such nersons should take and subscribe an oath therein prescribed, which should be registered for permanent preservation; and

Whereas, In and by the said last mentioned proclamation of the 29th day of May, Aono Momini, 1865, fourteen extensive classes, therein specially described, were altogether excepted and excluded from the benefits theroof; and

Che Bestern Demotrat. or naval rank or title above that of Captain, and all who were or pretended to be Governors of States while maintaining, abetting or submitting ister, in Raleigh, is announced in the Warrento and acquiescing in the rebellion.

2. All persons who, in any way treated otherwise than as lawful, prisoners of war or persons who in any capacity were employed or engaged in the military service of the United States. 8. All persons who, at the time they may seek

to obtain the benefits of this proclamation, are actually in eivil, military or navel confinement or custody, or legally held to bail either before or after conviction; and all persons who were engaged, directly or indirectly, in the assassination of the late President of the United States, or in any plot or conspiracy is any manner there- but we know nothing certain of the particulars. with connected.

I testimony whereof, I have signed these presents with my hand, and have caused the seal of the United States to be thereunto affixed. Done at the eity of Washington, the 7th day

ANDREW JOHNSON. By the President: President

WILLIAM H. SEWARD, Secretary of State.

CHANGE OF COMMANDERS.

Orders from General Sickles and Canby. HEADO'RS SECOND MILITARY DISTRICT, Charleston, S. C., Sept. 5, 1867.

General Orders, No. 84.

I. In compliance with General Order No. 80, Headquarters of the Army, current series, the undersigned has been relieved of the command of the Second Military district by Brevet Maj. Gen. Edward R. S. Canby.

II. The undersigned avails bimself of the occasion to acknowledge the fidelity and zeal with which the officers and troops under his command have discharged their duties; and likewise to express his grateful sense of the diligence and zeal which have distinguished the Commanding Officers of Post and Officers of the Staff in the responsible positions they have the negro met McD. who asked if he had paid filled

III. Captain J. W. Clous, 38th Infantry, Aid de-Camp, is hereby relieved from duty as Acting Assistant Adjutant General.

D. E. SICKLES, Major General.

HEADQ'RS SECOND MILITARY DISTRICT,) Charleston, S. C., Sept. 5, 1867.

General Order, No. 84.

STATE NEWS.

D R. Goodloe, Esq., Editor of the Reg. ton Courier as a candidate to represent Warren in the State Convention.

The Evening Star, a new paper by Wm. H. Bernard, will make its appearance in Wilmington, N. C., on Monday, Sept. 22d.

SHOOTING AFFAIR IN DAVIE .- We regret to learn that Mr Samual Bailey, of Davie county, on Sunday last, shot a negro, inflicting upon him a serious, if not fatal wound. Report says that the negro behaved towards him in such a way as, in a great measure, to justify the act. Salisbury North State.

DEAF AND DUMB INSTITUTION .- We are gratified to learn that this State Institution has commenced its Fall Term under very favorable auspices. The number of pupils is about as large as usual, and Mr Palmer and his assistants are doing all in their power to tabserve the noble charity of the State - Raleigh Sentinel.

CARTERET AHEAD .- The first bale of new cotton for the year 1867 was received yesterday in this city. It was raised in Carteret County by John Dudley, on his farm, near Beaufort; ginned by W. H. Piver, & Son's, at their new H. L. Emery, & Co's. Gin and Condenser; consigned to Wm. H. Oliver, & Co., and by them sold to Messrs. Whitford, Dill, & Co. The cotton will be shipped by the steamer Louisa Moore to New York, this week .- Newbern Journal Commerce.

On the 27th. ult, as we learn from the Asheville News, H A. McDonald, President of the Union League at Waynesville, Haywood County, shot two negroes. The News says :

"It appears that McDonald is a shoemaker, in the employ of another person, and had repaired a pair of shoes for a negro, who in the abscence of McDonald, had received the shoes from the owner of the shop. On his way from the shop, for the work, and being told by the negro that he had not, he attempted to take the shoes from the negro, and a scuffle ensued. McD. drew a knife, and the negro armed himself with stones. McD. then ran into the house, got a shot-gun and fired at the negro, but missed him, and wounded two others standing by, in the neck, severely. He is now in the hands of the military."

A bold attempt to Burglariously break I. Under the authority of the assignment an- | into a Lady's Chamber, was made on Sunday nounced in General Orders No. 80, of the 26th evening, 8th inst, at 10 o'clock at the residence of ult., from the Headquarters of the Army, the Mr Phillip's on Craven street near Broad street. We are informed that in the late Kingdom of undersigned assumes command of the Second The thief ascended the piazza of the dwelling and endeavored to affect an entrance through the window into the chamber of Mr Phillip's daughter ted and confirmed, and will be observed and en- who had retired to rest. The young lady indisforced unless hereafter modified or revoked by creetly gave the alarm, by a loud scream, when she saw the eyes of the marauder peering in upon II. The following officers are announced up- her, which aroused the whole neighborhood and enabled him to jump from the roof of the piazza Mr Phillips believes that his daughter's gold watch and chain, which was on the toilet table. near the window, was the prize which the bold Brevet Colonel E W Dennis, Major and Judge | invader, (who was evidently acquainted with the premises) was about to seize, and decamp with .--Newbern Journal Commerce. BEAUFORT HARBOR .- Dr. Hawks in his admirable history of North Carolina, says "as the charter to the Lords proprietors conferred on them the power of making seaports," the legislation passed an act for incorporating "the sea port of Beaufort in Carteret" for the purpose as they declared of encouraging trade and commerce; and a part of the money derived from the sale of lots is directed to be expended "in purchasing great guns, and for fortifying the said town." It seems strange that knowing Beaufort Harbor as they did, they should not have so appreciated its advantages as to direct all their energies towards making it their commercial mart-Hist. N. C., Vol. II, p. 166. If it was surprising that the early colonists should have neglected Beaufort Harbor, how much the more are its advantages unappreciated now! with a channel of 22 feet water, and one continuous line of rails from the vessel's side to the mountain's top, a distance of over 350 miles, there is scarcely business enough for a single schooner! There is not on all the seacoast from Norfolk to Savannah, a port offering equal natural advantages to Beaufort Harbor, and if North Carolinians wish to have a sea port town that will add to the business and prosperity of their own. State, they must withdraw their trade through Virginia, and other ports, and concentrate it at the only point that offers advantages for the Commerce.

From the Wilmington Post.

IMMIGRATION AND LABOR.

We have alluded frequently in our columns to the great want of immigrants in North Carolina. Every day must bring before the public, the great necessity for more labor and more extended manufacturing and agricultural interests.

In order to bring about an extended immigration it is necessary that a thorough organization of a Company or Companies should be made under the control of intelligent and honorable men, under the patronage of the State and supplied with means from her treasury.

Efforts are now being made in Virginia, Georgia, South ('arolina and we presume other of the Southern States, to bring before the foreign publie, statisties and all other information which may be desired and to turn a portion of the immense current arriving in the United States, this way.

Among the first to take steps toward this ob ject is Gen John A. Wagner, Commissioner of mm igration, appointed by the State of South Carolina. In his recent letter addressed to "The Landholders of South Carolins"-he re-

commends that those desiring to sell lands should take care to advertise and register them in some well known and accessible localityand that these lands be advertised in the best markets of the world-making the price as reasonable and the terms as liberal as possiblethis matter-as, of course, it is not at all probable that an entire stranger will come to purchase lands, with only the indefinite knowledge that lands are for sale, while the beaten track

A central Bureau should be established at the most important point in the State, having branches established in every District or Coun-

ty, or, may work through the agency of our Agricultural Societies, all of which are interested in the scheme of increasing our laborers. There will be in the outset many obstacles to overcome, which will require energy and management; above all there should be competent and reliable agents abroad, sent from the State. who have all the desired knowledge of its recourses, advantages, health and peculiarities. speaking the language of the Country whence the people are to come. We have among us a highly intelligent German population, well informed in regard to all the subjects of interest, and from Germany, Denmark and Sweden we

may look for the most desirable agriculturists.

TO the FARMERS of MECKLENBURG AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.

In calling your attention to our large and varied stock of Fertilizers, intended for the Wheat to be sown this Fall, we beg leave to call your attention to the fact that notwithstanding the heavy rains which fell during the months of March, April and May, the yield in most cases has been large and proved a profitable investment to the Farmer. This shows a much better result than might have been expected, as the heavy rains in the Spring saturated the soil and

carried a large portion of the Fertilizer beyond the reach of the fibrous roots of the Wheat, hence the plant had merely a tuft of root to afford it nourishment. This will account for the partial failure of the crop. Farmers should consider

the contingencies of season, which affect results, against which no fertilizer cao, in the nature of things, provide. The Pacific Guano which we sold last Fall, for Wheat, has proved a success

in nearly every instance. Mr Laban Lineberger of Gaston county, informs us that his Wheat was excellent in quality and very abundant.

Samuel P. Smith of this city, writes us as follows :

"I used one ton of Pacific Guano on about 10 acres of 'old land,' on which I sowed one bushel of Boughton' Wheat to the acre. The field yielded 125 bushels of good wheat-equal in quality to the Wheat sowed. I am of opinion that without the use of the Guano, I should not have made more that the Bureau of Immigration take charge of than 5 or 6 bushels per acre, as was clearly evidenced by the fact that the Guano was distributed during windy weather and that portion of each 'land' where the Guano fell thickest yielded nearly double the amount of that which received the less quantity. I am fully satisfied of its merits as a to the Western States is so familiar to every Fertilizer for Wheat, and expect to use it again this Fall

> S. P. SMITH." "Signed,

To show to you that the article which we have now in store is pure and unadulterated we append the following Certificate from the General Agent and from Messrs Liebig and Piggot, both Chemists of high standing :

TO THE FARMERS OF WEST N. C. BALTIMORE, August 20th.

We hereby certify that Messrs. Hutchison, Buroughs & Co., of Charlotte, procure their supplies of Guano from us, and we will guarantee the purity of every ton they sell; also the truthfulness of the statements published in regard to the Soluble Pacific Guano for Wheat.

JNO. S. REESE & CO., [Signed] General Agents. INSPECTION.

Attention is invited to the annexed statement

FAMILY FLOUR.

Persons desiring a fine article of Family Flour delivered at their houses, can be accommodated if they will leave their names, with the cash, at the W. BOYD. store of September 9, 1867.

FOR RENT.

A small Dwelling House, in the rear of the N. C. Depot, is offered for rent. A garden and good Well of water is attached. Possession given immediate. y. Apply to

EDWARD MADDEN-Sept. 9, 1867.

English Blue Stone.

A fresh supply of this fine article for sale low at SCARR'S DRUG STORE.

Congress and Kissingen Waters, SCARR'S DRUG STORE. for sale at

13 Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Combs and various articles of Perfumery, fresh supply, just re-ceived at SCARR'S DRUG STORE. ceived at Sept. 9, 1867.

FARMER'S HOTEL.

I have opened a BOARDING HOUSE in Springs' corner building, over Mr Sinclair's Store. Board and lodging by the month or day furnished at reasonable rates. Single meals can be had at any time. Give me a trial. Sept. 9, 1867 4m S. A. STUART.

Nails and Iron.

Having accepted the Agency for the sale of the ligh Shoals IRON and NAILS, we are prepared to fill orders at short notice and on terms that cannot fail to prove satisfactory. These works have the latest improved machinery, and are turning out Nails and Iron that will compare favorably with Northern Manufactories.

HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.

Lime! Lime!! Lime!!! We are Agents for the sale of Powell & Wilson's

Catawba Lime. Orders will receive our prempt attention. Farmers look to your interest and send your orders in at an early day. PLASTER and CEMENT always on hand.

HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.

To the Farmers of Mecklenburg and Adjoining Counties.

In calling your attention to our large and varied stock of FERTILIZERS intended for the Wheat to be sown this Fall, we refer you to our Circulars now in Store for distribution. Certificates as to the genuineness of these articles can be seen by calling HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.

Result of Pacific Guano and Bone Flour as a Fer-

tilizer for Wheat. This is to certify that I applied the Bone Flour and Pacific Guano purchased of Hutchison, Burroughs & Co .- one hundred pounds of the former and one hundred and twenty-five pounds of the latter-to three-quarters of an acre of land. The land would have produced, without manure, seven bushels of Wheat. About one-fifth of the Wheat was lost by lodging. The yield was sixteen bushels of Wheat. If the Wheat had all been saved the yield would have been probably twenty-five bushels per acre. I expect to apply it this season. DR. J. M. STRONG. [Signed] Sept. 9, 1867.

Whereas, The President of the United States did, on the 2d day of April, Anno Domini, 1866, issue a proclamation declaring that the insurrection was at an end, and was thenceforth to be so regarded; and

Whereas, There now exists no organized asmed resistance of misguided citizens or others to the authority of the United States in the States of Georgia, South Carolina, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Arkansas, Mississippi, Florida and Texas, and the laws can be sustained and enforced therein by the proper civil authority, State or Federal, and the people of said States are well and loyally disposed, and have conformed, or, if permitted to do so, will conform, in their legislation, to the condition of affairs growing out of the amendment to the Constitution of the United States prohibiting slavery within the limits and jurisdiction of the United States; and

Whereas, There no longer exists any reasonable ground to apprehend within the States, which were involved in the late rebellion, any renewal thereof, or any unlawful resistance by the people of said States to the Constitution of the United States; and

Whereas, Large standing armies, military occupation, martial law, military tribunals and the suspension of the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus, and the right of trial by jury, are in time of peace dangerous to public liberty, incompatible with the individual rights of the sitizen, contrary to the genius and spirit of our free institutions, and exhaustive of the national resources, and ought not therefore to be sancsioned or allowed, except in cases of actual necessity for repelling invasion or suppressing insurrection or rebellion; and

Whereas, A retaliatory or vindictive policy, attended by unnecessary disqualifications, pains, nenalties, confiscations and disfranchisements, now, as always, sould only tend to hinder reconciliation among the people, and national restoration, while it must seriously embarrass, obstruct and repress popular energies and national industry and enterprise; and

Whereas, For these reasons, it is now deemed essential to the public welfare, and to the more perfect restoration of constitutional law and order, that the said last mentioned proclamation, as aforesaid issued on the 29th day of May, A D., 1865, should be modified, and that the full and beneficent pardon conceded thereby should be opened and further extended to a large number of the persons who, by its aforesaid exceptions, have been hitherto excluded from Execu-Live clemency :

Now, therefore, be it known, that I, ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States, do hereby proclaim and declare, that the full pardon, described in the said proclamation of the 29th day of May, A. D., 1865, shall henceforth be opened and extended to all persons who, directly or indirectly, participated in the late rebellion, with restoration of all privileges, immunities and rights of property, except as to property with regard to slaves, and except in cases of legal proceedings under the laws of the United States; but upon this condition, never- ing." But their trade corresponds with the she could play with "kitty." The father on comtheless, that every such person, who shall seek avocation of those who buy up cats for the

Military District.

All existing orders and regulations are adopproper authority.

on the staff of the Commanding General: Second Lieutenant Louis V Caziare, 11th U and make his escape. S Infantry, Aid-de-Camp.

First Lieutenant O M Mitchell, 4th U S Artillery, Aid-de-Camp.

Advocate.

Major James P Roy, 6th U S Infantry, Acing Assistant Inspector-General.

Brevet Captain II E Hazen, First Lieutenant 8th U S Infantry, Acting Assistant Inspector-General.

Brevet Major General R O Tyler, Lieuten. ant Colonel. Deputy Quartermaster-General U

S A, Chief Quartermaster.

Brevet Brigadier General W W Burns, Major and Commissary of Subsistence, Chief Commis-

Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Charles Page, Surgeon, U S A, Medical Director.

Brevet Lieutenant Colonel J W Nicholls Major and Paymaster, U S A, Disbursing Off cer of Civil Fund

Brevet Captain William Prince, First Lieutenant, Ordinance Corps, USA, Chiel Ord nance Officer.

Brevet Colonel E W Hinks, Lieutenant-Colo nel, 40th US Infantry, Provost Marshal Gen eral

III. Temporarily and until further orders the duties of Assistant Adjutant General wil be performed by Second Lieutenant Louis V. Caziare, Aid-de-Camp.

> ED. R. S. CANBY, Brig. General and Bvt. Maj Gen. U. S. A From the Raleigh Sentinel,

"SHODDY."

The meaning of the word "Shoddy" is be coming obscured by a new use now being made of it. It is now applied to certain parties who have become rich suddenly by the manufacture of a particular kind of cloth In large cities and densely populated districts, old hats, and glothes, and blankets, and anything else that contains wool, are bought up and ground up into material to be mized in with the woolen fibre for cloth. It is merely caught up into the warp and filling in a loose manner, and, though of no real service, it nevertheless adds to the weight and helps fill up. As the goods are worn, this material wears or sifts out, and gathers in lumps between the cloth and its

lining, and may be taken out by the handfull. This kind of cloth was originally called "Shodly," and, being made largely "for the public,"

the manufacturers now go by the name of "Shed dy contractors."

The buyers of these old hats and coats are found in the greasiest streets of large cities, and are usually greasy little rat-dog looking men, who advertise under the call for "cast off cloth-

EXTRAORDINARY CASE.

A little girl, three years of age, on Sunday week, was sleeping in her crib bed in the bed room of her mother, the husband and father being absent attending to his business, which is of a public nature, and which keeps him up nights, A door opening into the sitting or dining room of the house was ajar, and in the sitting room as was the custom. In the middle of the night the little girl cried out "ma, ma, kitty is biting leet that every immigrant adds greatly to the me." The mother went to the crib and on ex- wealth of a State-aside from the money he amining her found that the large toe of one of brings with him-s pair of strong arms and her feet had been bitten, and that just above the willing heart are an addition beyond the calcuankle there were two more wounds from which lation given it in figures. One good farm in a and she was quite perplexed to find out what had to emulation. bitten her child. Stopping the bleeding, she was about placing her in her own bed, when she enterprise-let us hope better things from the asked to be allowed to remain in her crib, where State.

Hanover, conquered in the late war by Prussia, there are thousands waiting to come to this country-a most desirable population.

In order further to encourage immigration there should be concert of action among the large land-holders-dividing large tracts into small farms, not exceeding twenty acres, selling to actual settlers alternate farms-thus enhanc-

ing the value of the reservations-encouraging and assisting by advice and information based upon experience-and above all adapting the cultivation of neighboring tracts to the production of such articles of food as are palatable to these new comers-probably more dissatisfaction has arisen from this cause than any other. Most of them discard Bason and Pork, and look upon our corn bread as an abomination, in this particular, they must have entire control. We not long ago met a Frenchman recently imported to cultivate grapes in our State, then fleeing toward his native land-he was satisfied with the work, shelter and treatment, but we shall never forget the prolonged Sacre with which he alluded to bacon, greens and corn bread. Good flour bread, (made by themselves when in numbers,) plenty of greens, lettuce, Sweet Oil and codfish with onions, and occasionally fresh meat with a daily bottle of wine would have

made the Frenchman as happy as a Lord. With these facts in view, it is much better that immigrants come in considerable numbers -and settle in small neighboring communities -where they may indulge in their national their own mode of worship from Clergymen of their own Church and speaking their own lan-

guage. In other words, to make for them a home, endeared by the resemblance it bears to the father land. We canot make a strange people to sympathize with our prejudices, our feelings, or tastes. We must leave them to their

In 1860, the foreign born population of our State numbered 3,299 souls, or in the ratio of 498 of 100,000, of the population which was making of a great city .- Newbern Journal of 661,563 of free persons. This is the smallest number of immigrants in any of the States or Territorics of the United States and this out of an immigration from Oct. 1st 1819 to May 31st, 1860, of 5,469,421 souls-and there were living in the Uhited States on the last date above 4. 136,175 foreign born persons.

Why has North Carolina been so far behind her sister States ? We cannot see. We do hope that this matter will receive the attention which it merits. We want population. Will the upper sash of the window had been lowered. not some of our prominent men take hold of this matter as has been done in other States-recolthe blood flowed freely. She was quite alarmed neighborhood stimulates others. Every supeknowing that there was no cat about the house. | rior field of grain, stimulates its neighborhood

We have waited long enough, upon private

by Dr. A. Snowden Piggot, analytic chemist, in relation to the inspection of Soluble Pacific Guano, from which it will be seen that the busi-

ness of this Agency is conducted on the only correct principles adapted to the prosecution of this important trade, for the protection and safety, both of the buyer and seller :

ANALYTICAL LABORATORY,] 59 Gay Street, BALTIMORE. I hereby certify that I am in the habit of inspect-

ng every cargo of Soluble Pacific Guano arriving in this market consigned to John S. Reese & Co. The samples for inspection are taken by myself or one of my assistants, without the interference or resence of any one connected with the sale of the Juano.

A perfectly fair representative of the lots actually offered for sale is thus obtained, since the samples are taken direct from the packages in which it is sold. The sample thus taken is inspected by actual analysis in this laboratory, and the report is based n all cases upon the results of a veritable sample of the cargo.

It is only just to the agents of this valuable Guano to state that it is remarkably uniform in its quality and composition, and that recent importations con tain more soluble phosphoric acid than previous cargoes, and are, therefore, to that extent superior. [Signed] A. SNOWDEN PIGGOT.

Analytical and Consulting Chemist.

PERUVIAN GUANO.

This article has been in use so long; has been fairly tried by such a large number of our Farmers, that it is only necessary for us to state that it is "the genuine article," bought by one games and holidays-where they may enjoy of our firm directly from B. F. Voss, the Agent at Baltimore, whose Certificate we give below :

> BALTIMORE, August 8th, 1867. This is to certify that I have sold to Messrs. lutchison, Burroughs & Co., of Charlotte, N. C., Fifty-two Tons of Genuine Peruvian Guano, as re-

> > B F. VOSS, Agent.

ceived by me direct from the Chincha Islands, Pern.

BAUGH'S RAW BONE SUPER-PHOS-PHATE OF LIME.

[Signed]

This excellent article has been largely used for several years by the Farmers of the Northern States, and has, since the close of the war, become very popular in Maryland, Virginia, North and South Carolina, and Georgia.

We give a certificate of genuineness from Geo. Dugdale, Manufacturer's Agent, Baltimore:

BALTIMORE, MD., Aug. 19th. This is to certify that Hutchison, Burroughs & Co. of Charlotte, N. C., obtain their supplies of Baugh's Super-phosphate directly from me, and I guarantee it free from adulteration. I also certify to the truthfulness of the statements in regard to benefits to various crops as published in my circulars.

GEORGE DUGDALE, Agent for Manufacturers.

We purchased our supplies of Fertilizers early this season, in order to avoid the possibility of having them damaged by water during the "rainy season," and are now prepared to fill your orders for any amount from one ton to one hundred tons. Call early and get circulars and leave your orders.

We have secured the General Agency for Powell & Wilson's Catawba Lime and can fur- 35 to 256 Dollars.

A NEW LOT OF FALL CALICOES

Just received by Express at A. SINCLAIR'S. Sept. 9, 1867.

Stocking Yarn.

Merchants and Farmers can purchase a lot of excellent STOCKING YARN, just received on consignment, at A. SINCLAIR'S. Sept. 9, 1867.

Wilmington & Weldon Railroad Co.

OFFICE CHIEF ENGINEER & GEN. SUP'T,) Wilmington, N. C., Sept. 1, 1867.

REGULAR SCHEDULE.

On and after this date, the following Schedule will be run by the Passenger trains over this Railroad :

DAY TRAINS.

Will leave Wilmington every morning (except Sun-days) at 6 o'clock, A. M., and Weldon every morning (except Sundays) at 10:40 A. M ; arriving at Wilmington at 8 o'clock, P. M., and at Weldon at 3 o'clock, P. M.

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAINS,

Will leave Wilmington at 9:30 P. M., daily, and Weldon at 6:25 P. M., daily; arriving at Wilmington at 2:20 A. M., and at Weldon at 6 A. M. Thirtythree hours to New York.

Trains pass Goldsboro', at 1:57 A M, and 10:35 A M, going North, and at 3:05 P M, and 10:11 P M, going South.

Passengers to and from the N. C. Railroad going to or from the North make close connections at Goldshoro with Day Trains.

Passengers going East or West from Goldsboro, should take the Day Trains from places South of Goldsboro. Both trains connect at Wilmington with trains on Wilmington & Manchester Railroad, and at Weldon with trains via Richmond and Portsmouth, Va. The Day Trains connect with Old Bay Line. The Night Trains with Anamessic Line.

Five to ten car loads of "Time" freight will be carried on Day Trains in fourteen hours between Portsmouth and Wilmington, and in fifty hours between Portsmouth and Charlotte, via Goldsboro. S. L. FREMONT.

Chief Eng'r and Supt. Sept. 9, 1867 lm

New Furniture! OHBAP! At DAVIDSON'S FURNITURE STORE, OPPOSITE THE METHODIST CHURCH.

Where will be found a full assortment of everything sually kept in that line, as Wardrobes, Book cases, Washstands, Wire and Tin Safes, Desks, Sideboards, Chairs and tables of all kinds, Bureaus, Cradles, Cribs, Bedsteads of various styles and prices, Side and Corner Stands, Towel Racks, &c., &c.,

Bedsteads,

Of good quality, will be sold at 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 10 Dollars. Also, Bed Room Suits complete at from

Rureana

	the same to be registered, for permanent pre- servation, in the same manner and with the same effect as with the oath prescribed in the said proclamation of the 20th day of May, A. D., 1865, namely; "I,, do solemnly swear or affirm, in pres- ence of Almighty God, that I will henceforth faithfully support, protect and defend the Con- stitution of the United States, and the Union of the States thereunder, and that I will in like manner abide by and faithfully support all laws and proclamations which have been made during the late rebellion with reference to the emanci- pation of slaves; so help me God. "(Signed)" The following persons, and no others, are ex- cluded from the benefits of this proclamation and	It is a matter of congratulation that North Carolina can boast of a manufactory, on a large and honorable basis, that makes no shoddy, but deals solely in honest and faithful goods, a fact now being testified to by numberless papers since the Sentinel called public attention, in a late issue, to this North Carolina Factory—"The Rock Island Manufacturing Company." The large number of allusions to these woolen goods, and the many endorsements of them, by many who know them of old, endorsements that have been reproduced by your paper, proves that the "Bock Island," goods are really good goods. The Rock Island Factory, alluded to by the Sentinel's correspondent Q., is located in this city. This Factory deserves to be liberally en-	examined the wounds on the legs of his daughter, and at once said he thought them to have been produced by a rat. During the day a neighboring woman said she had observed on more than one occasion a large rat climbing to the outside of the window sill. The following night the door between the bed- room and sitting room was closed. When all had become quiet a rat was heard knawing at the threshold of the door. The husband was in- formed of the matter in the morning and deter- mined, if possible, to catch the rat. This he did in two or three mornings afterwards—seeing the rat enter the room by means of the window, which was lowered from the top. Hoisting the sash, he let himself into the house by the door and with a club dispatched it. He threw it into the yard where his wife could see it when she	with a man in a neighboring town to furnish him with news items from that locality. The result of the arrangement is as follows, and was rather startling to the editor: "There iz not much noos around here yit, but there iz a littul. A man had his bed cut in a fite last nite, the doctor scz if he don't get well before mornin, that he will hev to die sartin, he leaves 1 small wife and family. Another man iz sick and I guess he's got the kolery, but some people say his wife pizzened him, the docter kant tell yet, but when he dies they are going to hold a post morting over him. This is all the noos here now. Don't forgit to send a papur." "Your Korispondent." RULES FOR THE PRESENT.—Stop grumbling. Get up two hours earlier in the morning, and begin to do something out of your regular pro-	We also keep in store a good supply of Land Plaster, Calcined Plaster, Cement and Rockport Lime. Farmers wishing to purchase Agricultural Implements of any kind can buy them at Balti- more prices, with freight added, by giving us their orders. We are Agents for Messrs. Whit- man & Soos of Baltimore, who manufacture Agricultural Implements of all kinds. Hutchison, Burroughs & Co., E NYE HUTCHISON, JOHN C. BURROUGHS, R. A. SPRINGS, CIIARLOTTE, N. C. R. A. SPRINGS, A GOOD STRAW CUTTER. MESSRS. HUTCHISON, B. &. Co.: Gents:I have been using the "Virginia Straw Cutter" which I bought of rou every day and must	A lot of good ones, of Shucks, Cotton and Hair, just received. Also, Tucker's Spring Beds-some- thing new and good. Chairs and Tables Of all kinds, a full assortment, and Old Cane Seat Chairs, rebottomed with Cane, as good as new, by a competent workman. Metallic Burial Cases, Of all sizes and various patterns, kept constantly on hand, from the plainest and cheapest to the finest Satin Lined-highly ornamented with Silver Handles and Plates, at 33 per cent below old rates. Also, Mahogany, Walnut and Pine Common. Ready made, at 10 per cent less than they can be bought in this market. These last articles, BEING KEPT READY MADE,
1 40	1865, namely: 1. The chief or pretended chief Executive, he President, the Vice-President and all Heads of Departments of the pretended Confederate or chel Government, and all who were agents	wool, and we are glad to learn that they are be- coming so well known throughout the country. All the Company asks is a fair trial. THE IMPEACEMENT OURSTION - We can also	arose. Shortly after the usual time of rising, the little girl came into the house with the dead rat rolled up in her apron and complaining bitterly to her mother because "papa had killed her kit- ty," All day she mouned over the loss of her	fession. Mind your own business, and with all your might let other people's alone. Live with- in your means. Sell your horses. Give away or sell your dog. Smoke your eiger through an air stove. Eat with moderation, and go to bed	Cutter and the best Cutter that I have ever seen. It is simple in construction. It is almost impossi- ble for it to get out of order, and will last a life- time by getting a new knife occasionally, which costs but about 75 cents. I have used the Raw Hide Cutter and the Eastman Cutter, and I pro- nounce this Virginia Straw Cutter by far the beat	can be sent any distance at a moments notice. LOOK FOR THE SIGN,
-	aid pretended Confederate Government, a mili-	impeachment, that became so rife under the in- fluence of the late remarkable course of the Presi-	pet, and from what can be gathered from her there is not much doubt that she had been in the habit of playing with it in the day time and its sharing her bed with her nights until its biting her brought about its death.—Rochester Union,	and more of those of your friends and neighbors. Be cheerful. Fulfil your promises. Pay your	Another advantage it has is the price, only \$15. H. B. WILLIAMS. These Straw-Cuttery are for sale in Charlotte, by Hutchison, Burroughs & Co.	FRESH DRUGS, A general assortment, always on hand, at Feb 5, 186y SCARR'S DRUG STORE
				and the second		