WESTERN DEMOCRAT, CHARLOTTE, N. C. TILE

Democrat estern

W. J. YATES, Editor and Proprietor.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

October 1, 1867.

IF After an absence of over two weeks we returned home the latter part of last week. We have purchased a large amount of new material for our Office. We have no new promises to make, and will only say that while life and health lasts we expect to publish the "Western Democrat," and pursue the same straight forward, independent course in the future we have in the past.

We went North on business, mainly, and after that was transacted we devoted what little time we had to spare to recreation and pleasure, and therefore heard and talked politics no more than we could help. It is a disagreeable subject at home. and we are not disposed to engage in it when absent.

The fact is, the business men and working men of the North seem to know but little of the real "situation" of the South, and they do not appear to care much about it. This is true with regard to the great mass of the Northern people. The people are attending to their merchaudise and work-shops, while the politicians and officeseekers are playing the devil and making all the fuss. In every case where we heard an expression from a business or working man (car driver, laborer, mechanic or merchant.) it was in opposition to negro rule in the South. They manifested but little love or good feeling for the negro -not near as much as nine-tenths of Southern men feel and show by daily acts. Whenever opportunity offered we told such persons that they acted hypocritically, for they voted one way and talked another. The reply was, that they had not properly understood the effects of stripped of it. In Ohio the negro question has the late reconstruction acts. and were surprised its influence. There has been a considerable inthat so many white men were disfranchised and flux of blacks into that State, and they no more banned.

The difficulty about the matter is, that however great the reaction at the North may be, and however much regret at negro supremacy the Northern people may now express, it will do us no good under present circumstances. The present Congress will be in power for some time to dicted, we cannot see how they are to benefit us. come, and will do with the South whatever it pleases. Therefore we conclude that the Southern people cannot do better than accept the terms now offered, and await the future to get wrongs and grievances redressed. For our own part, we place but little confidence in the reaction of Northern sentiment or the promises and professions of Northern politicians of either party. The leaders of both parties are striving to hold and get office, and if they can gratify their ambition and fill their pockets they care nothing as to what becomes of the inhabitants of the socalled Military Districts.

THE CIVIL RIGHTS BILL .- In accordance with the Civil Rights Bill passed by Congress. it has been contended that blacks and whites may intermarry, regardless of any State laws to the contrary. In a case, recently, in this State, where the State authorities refused a license to a white man to marry a negro woman, Gen. Sickles grau-

ted permission under the civil rights bill. But in the Northern State of Maine, one Judge

at least has refused to acknowledge the authority of the bill in this respect. In Augusta, Maine, a black man married a white woman, when both were arrested, confined in jail, tried and fined \$40 each, imprisoned 30 days, and the marriage declared null and void. Judge Walton said that the civil rights bill could not supersede the statutes of Maine.

SOUTHERN TRADE .-... New York is crowded that throws such men as that into office ? The with Southern merchants buying their Fall and Winter stocks. The few days that we staid in New York, we saw about one bundred North Carolina merchants in the city. The New York people don't seem to be afraid that the property of Southern men will be confiscated.

THE EXPECTED CHANGE .- Washington letter writers know very little more than other people about public affairs, but inasmuch as newspaper readers attach some importance to their sayings, we give the following from the pen of one of the professed prophets :

"It is very certain that the political news from different States is very unfavorable to the Republicans. New York is going for the opposition. Pennsylvania will go Democratic, and even in Ohio, though the Radicals may elect a Governor, it is now confidently expected that they will be in a minority in the Legislature and thus lose the election of a Senator. The corruption, which exists everywhere in Government, State, municipal and local officers, has become so great and axation is becoming so burdensome, that people are becomming frightened. They are being aroused to the conviction that it is necessary to | will soon advance. protect their property before they are entirely wish the blacks to rule there than they intend that the Coolies and Chinamen shall partic ipate in the government in California. The question of races has settled the election there. It will have its effect in other States."

We shall soon see whether these predictions are true or not. If the elections result as pre-They will not affect, to any material extent, the Thayer of Nebraska said : Republican majority in the present Congress; and it must be remembered that Congress makes the laws which affects the South. Besides, we have no assurance or promise even that the opponents of the Republican party at the North, if they succeed in getting into power, will repeal existing laws. In fact, before a change in the Congress can possibly be effected, the Reconstruction laws will be complied with by the Southern States, for they cannot afford to wait two or three years for a change in Northern sentiment. The present unsettled condition of the country is ruinous to our interests, and is seriously felt by to use military force. It may be to prevent the edly assumed-viz: that the rebellious States both blacks and whites. ----

THE "REACTION."-No doubt the South has REGISTRATION IN NORTH CAROLINA .many earnest, true friends in the North, who The Raleigh Standard gives the following figwould, if they could, relieve her from her present ures and estimates of registered voters in this embarrassed and disagreeable condition ; but the State :

"reaction" we hear so much about does not amount to a great deal so far as principles are foot up 103,299. There will probably be 5,000 more added to these 61 counties, making 108,concerned. For instance, the result of the late elections in Connecticut is claimed as an indication 299. son, Ashe, Alleghany, Bertie, Buncombe, Camof reaction in Northern sentiment ; but many den, Columbus, Cherokee, Gates, Greene, Hyde, persons here in the South will be surprised when Iredell, Jones, Jackson, Martin, Montgomery, we tell them that Mr English, the gentleman who Macon, Mitchell, Onslow, Perquimans, Rockwas elected by the Democrats of Connecticut as ingham, Stanly, Transylvania, Union, Wash-Governor, voted in Congress for the bill which ington, Watauga, Yadkin and Yancy-28. Our forced negro suffrage upon the people of the Disestimate for these 28 Counties is 21,600 whites, trict of Columbia, and also for the Civil Rights and 12,030 colored. Adding 3,000 whites and Bill, a measure which ignores the rights of the 2,000 colored, yet to be returned for the 61 States as guarantied by the Constitution of the Counties, and the above figures for the remain-United States! What do you think of "reaction" ing 28 Counties, the result would be as follows:

real difference between English and his Republican opponent is slight, if any. POLITICS IN NORTH CAROLINA .- We have been looking over our State exchanges of the past two or three weeks for the purpose of posting ourself in North Carolina news, and we regret to find that politics is creating considerable feeling and occupying a great deal of attention.

What is the use of always being in a "rumpus" about reconstruction. The best way is to keep cool, and let what is to come to pass come as speedily as possible. If everybody would refuse to hold an office what a glorious peaceable time we should have. over the road since the war .- Goldsboro Star.

COTTON .- The cotton market everywhere seems to be greatly depressed at this time, and declines are reported every week. The New York Express of last week remarks :

"The feeling in regard to cotton is very gloomy. Private telegrams from Liverpool reports a further decline, some quotations as low as 81 and 84 pence. There are fears of more failures."

We hope and believe that the price of cotton from the Asheville News that these two diseases so fatal to swine, are still prevailing in Wilkes,

The Evening Star" is the name of a new daily paper started at Wilmington, N. C., by diseases, is plenty of pure water, charcoal and Wm. H. Bernard, Editor and Proprietor. No rotten wood, placed conveniently to the place man knows better how to manage a paper than Mr Bernard, and we hope he will meet with that success which energy and industry deserves.

HUMBUGGERY .- At a republican meeting in Cincinnati on Saturday, after speeches by Senington correspondence : ators Sherman and Wade of Ohio, Senator

ORDER IN REGARD TO TAXES. Gen. Canby has issued the following order :

HEADQUARTERS 2D MILITARY DISTRICT. Charleston, S. C , Sept. 21, 1867.

General Orders, No. 92. "The aggregrate returns from 61 counties 1. Numerous and well-founded representations having been made that illegal and oppressive taxes have been imposed in different sections of the States of North and South Carolina ; it is ordered that the The Counties to be heard from are Ancollection of taxes be suspended in the following cases :

> First. Whenever any tax is, or shall be, imposed -otherwise than under the authority of the Goverument of the United States-which, by the terms of the Act imposing the same, or by the action of the public authorities thereunder, shall apply to any property or right parted with, or any transaction made and completed, prior to the adoption of the Act authorizing the same.

Second. Whenever the power of Congress to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States, is impugned by the imposition of taxes discriminating in commercial transactions, in favor of resident citizens and against the citizens of foreign nations or of other States of the United States.

Third. Whenever any tax is or shall bereafter be imposed, for the purpose of discharging any obligation contracted in aid and furtherance of the rebellion against the government and authority of the United States, or to re-imburse the public treasury, or any local body, or public officer, or other person, for any expenditure on account of any such obligation or pretended obligation.

II. Commanding Officers of Posts are authorized to suspend the collection of any tax embraced in paragraph I, reporting their action, and the grounds, and all proofs relating thereto, to these Headquarters.

By command of Bvt. Maj Gen. ED. R. S. CANBY Louis V. CAZIARC, Aid-de-Camp.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 27 .- Cotton lower. Sales 1000 bales at 22 cents. Corn, Western mixed, \$1,27 and \$1,30. Gold \$1,434.

YELLOW FEVER .- Mobile, Sept. 27 .- Nine cases of yellow fever were reported for the 24 hours ending at 6 o'clock yesterday evening. There were five the day before.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 27 .- The interments from the fever for the 24 hours ending at 6 table Restorative Pills, imported by Caldwell, Alleghany and adjoining Counties. this morning were 77.

> A gracious Revival of Religious sentiment has been exhibited at Dr. Morrison's Church, near Castinia Grove. 150 have joined the Church and the services have been protracted, under the Ministrations of the Rev. Dr Noll.-Lincolnton Courier.

It is said that there are more negro votes registered in Louisiana, than there are negroes of all sexes and ages in the State.

LOST.

On the 25th September, ten miles North of Charlotte, near Alexandriana Post Office, a large morocco POCKET BOOK or Wallet, containing the following Notes and other papers: One Note on E. A. McLeod and a man by the name of Byron, for one hundred and thirty dollars, due January 1st, 1863, payable to S. A. Wilson; one on D. A. Caidwell and J. M. Caldwell for \$125, due January 1st, 1861, payable to S. A. Wilson; one on W. S. Hunter, payable to Thos. H. Brem & Co., for fifty dollars, or about that amount; one Note on John Alexander and Rufus Williams, payable to John Jetton, Executor of G. W. Alexander; one on Bob Montieth and A. A. Alex-ander, due John Jetton, Executor of G. W. Alexander. The other Notes are all payable to myself and Mrs. S. R. Wilson.

All persons owing me or her Notes, or the Notes mentioned in this notice, are hereby notified not to pay them to any one but myself. Any information left at Davidson College, Alexandriana Post Office, or at the Democrat Office in the city of Charlotte, will be thankfully received and suitably rewarded. Sept. 30, 1867 1w D. F. DIXON.

Carriage at Auction.

At Auction on the Public Square, Tuesday of the County Court, the 15th of October inst., a superior Six Seat CARRIAGE. Terms-Half Cash and balf in 6 months.

S. A. HARRIS. Sept. 30, 1867. 2tpd Auctioneer.

Salt! Salt!! Salt!!!

Direct from Liverpool now landing Ex-Barque Panama,'

4,000 LARGE FULL SACKS LIVER-POOL GROUND SALT, for sale in lots from Wharf as landed at very lowest market price by O. G. PARSLEY & CO., Sept. 30, 1867 2w Wilmington, N. C.

Lime! Lime!!

A fresh supply always on hand. To clubs for agricultural purposes we can offer extraordinary inducements. WORTH & DANIEL, Address. Wilmington, N. C. Sept. 30, 1867 1 m

Health for the Southern Invalid,

Found in the use of KAY'S WORDSELL'S Vege-

A. H. ERWIN & CO.

These Pills supercede the use of Blue Mass, Calemel and all dangerous medicines ; are most effective in Chills and Fever, and will renew and invigorate the body. As we have been disfranchised by the Yankees let us in turn disfranchise all Yankee trash medicines and Yankee nostrums.

This Medicine can be had at Dr. Scarr's and Walker & Brother's, Charlotte, and at Dr. G. B. Powlson's, Salisbury, and of A. H. ERWIN, Sept. 30, 1867. Lincolnton.

GROVER & BAKER'S First Premium Sewing Machines. 495 Broadway, NEW YORK. BREM, BROWN & CO., or sale by Sept. 30, 1867 ' 3mpd Charlotte.

White. Colored 51,264 **Returns for 61 Counties,** 57,035 Estimate for 28 12,030 21,600 78.635 63,294 63,294

141,929 Aggregate,

Hon. B. BROWN -- We had the pleasure of a

visit from the Hon. Bedford Brown of Caswell N.

C., last Thursday. He believes our only safety

is in reconstruction according to the plan laid

down by Congress. He regards it as dangerous

SWINE DIPTHERIA AND CHOLERA .- We learn

to remain out of the Union .- Danville Times.

The best known regimen to guard against these

where they are fed. For porcine diptheria a

strong tea made from smart-weed or water pep-

per, and used as a gargle, is a very efficient remedy.

BUYING UP CONFEDERATE BONDS .- The

VIRGINIA BANKS .- Judge Parker, of the

Circuit Court of the State, I as rendered a decis-

ion that the old Banks making assignments un-

der the act of February, 1866, cannot give pref-

erence to any class of creditors; that note hol-

ders and depositers stand upon a perfect equali-

ty. Deposits of Confederate money are to be

the value at the time of deposit.

count.

application.

treated as debts of the bank, to the extent of

MATTERS IN BANKRUPTCY .- No debt cre-

ated by a bankrupt while acting in any fiducia-

ry character can be dischaged under the bank-

rupt law, but such debt may be proved with

others, and the dividend will be credited on ac-

A person applying for the benefit of the bank-

rupt law cannot obtain a discharge from his

debts if he has lost any part of his estate in

gaiming within four months of the filing of the

TEMPERANCE MEETING.

MR. EDITOR : Your readers will be reminded that

N. Y. Tribune has the following in its Wash-

NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD -If we are to judge from the length of the trains which arrive here, the N C. R. R. Co. is likely to be much the richer from the present freight arrangements. On Thursday last there arrived here the longest freight train that has come

Southern people must make up their minds to work for their own interests. promote good feeling among all classes, and build up their waste places.

FALL GOODS .- Our merchants are receiving large stocks of Dry Goods and Groceries, and are prepared to supply the country at as rea-onable rates as can be obtained this side of the Northern markets. Trade is reviving, and the prospect for good health and a good business in our little inland city is cheering.

PARDONED .- Warren Lilly, colored, convicted at the Fall Term of Martin county Superior Court of larceny, and sentenced to six months imprisonment at hard labor, was to day pardoned by Gov. Worth.-Raleigh Progress, 26th.

We are not disposed to say or do anything for the mere purpose of injuring Gov. Worth, but we must protest against the pardon of such criminals as mentioned in the above paragraph. Thieving and rascality is on the increase, and honest peo ple are the sufferers. But how can we hope for a change for the better when our Governor releases rogues from punishment? Good disposed, houest people want the sentences of our Courts executed, and we repeat that we protest against the Governor's interference in turning rogues loose on the public.

UNION COUNTY .- We learn that some difficulty occurred in Union county last week between the Sheriff and parties who resisted his authority. It seems that a negro man from abroad has recently went to that county and been behaving badly. He carried concealed weapons and had been drilling the negroes in military companies. The Sheriff was ordered by the commander of this District to arrest him, which he did, when a mob of blacks and whites released the prisoner from the hands of the Sheriff by force. Whereupon, Capt. Lazelle promptly sent a detachment of soldiers to the county and arrested the persons concerned in interfering with the Sheriff. Some four or five white men and as many negroes were brought to this place and confined in Jail. They deserve and no doubt will receive severe punishment.

The trial of these persons was commenced at Headquarters on Saturday last.

GASTON COUNTY .- A friend gives us the complete registered vote of Gaston as follows : Whites 1009, blacks 450-white majority 559.

E. J. HALE & SON OF NEW YORK .- No Southern Senators and Representatives to seats the damages which they have committed. The southern man ought to go to New York without calling on E. J. Hale & Son, 16 Murray street, (formerly publishers of the Fayetteville Observer). If he does not want to buy Books or Stationery, he can find southern newspapers at their store, and will meet a cordial welcome. In addition to selling books, stationery, &c., the Messrs. Hale publish books. Being thoroughly acquainted with their business, they can sell on force, such as no other State in the Union has, as reasonable terms as any house in New York. officered mainly by returned rebels. When the We were gratified to learn that their business is increasing. We hope the managers of southern schools will give the publications of E. J. Hale & District of Columbia under martial law, and call Son a trial.

VIRGINIA CITIES .- We heard an intelligent citizen of Virginia remark, recently, that more produce and trade went to the city of Richmond over the Richmond and Danville Railroad than over all other lines combined, and that most of this produce came from North Carolina-much of it from the counties and adjoining counties along the line of the Road between Greensboro and Danville. Then there is the vast amount and so cast your votes as to rebuke and prevent that goes to Norfolk, Portsmouth and Petersburg. It may well be said that North Carolina has been

a city-builder for her sister States.

We find that the opinion prevails at the North among business and working men generally, that the late Annesty Proclamation of Jefferson Davis will then be meted out to him : President Johnson conferred the right to register and vote on those who are excluded by the Reconstruction Acts. Having been absent from arms and tramp the soil of Maryland to reach home 16 days, we are not posted as to the expression of opinion here in the South. But it is certainly an error to suppose that the President intended by that proclamation to interfere with the qualification of voters as fixed by law of Congress. We believe it has been given out by authority that the President did not mean to enfranchise any who were disfranchised, but merely | flag will yet float over a united and happy land." refers all such to the Courts, if they want to test their rights. Rather poor comfort. Who is willing to stand a law suit on the subject ?

IF It seems to be generally understood that day Mercury contains the following in its Wash- of the hearthstone. When the writer of this saw the elections in all the Southern States will be ington correspondence : held the first Monday in November. A Wash- "Let Congress attempt to depose our worthy

"I have recently been in Maryland and the of the largest brokers of that city has purchased District of Columbia, having left Washington £265,000 of eight per cent. Confederate bonds only night before last. While there I took of the issue of 1861, and \$300,000 of the issue special pains to inform myself in regard to the of 1863, to fill an order from the North or present purposes of Mr Johnson, and obtained from Europe. The prices paid are not known; what I am about to state from reliable authority. | but it is thought that this is a part of the sum I declare upon my responsibility as a Senator of of a million in Confederate eight per cents. adthe United States that to-day Andrew Johnson vertised for in the National Intelligencer of a meditates and designs forcible resistance to the recent date. It might ensue that, in the setauthority of Congress. I make this statement tlement of the Alabama and other claims bedeliberately, having received it from unques- tween the United States and the Government tioned and unquestionable authority. I cannot of Great Britain and France, the two latter point out the occasion on which he may attempt | should take the ground which ours has repeatassembling of Congress, articles of impeachment, were never out of the Union, and a corollary or it may be for the purpose of forcing the that the parent government is responsible for

in Congress. The question may be asked, "how officers of the bank here, advertising for these can he do such a thing?" You recollect that bonds, state that a request was made on them six months ago Gov. Swann of Maryland was by some parties in Europe for a number of the elected a United States Senator, and that a few notes, which they wished merely for a curiosiweeks afterward he declined, giving grave rea- ty." sons of State as to the cause. It was that Lieut Gov. Cox of that State could not be trusted for Johnson's purposes. There is to-day a standing army in Maryland, or organized militia time comes which he looks for, under some pretense Johnson may declare Maryland and the upon Gov. Swann to bring forth his militia. There is nothing that will deter Johnson from

his purpose, except when the issue comes that his courage may fail. I make this statement that the American people may know the danger that threatens their peace and safety. If Pennsylvania and New York give democratic majorities in the coming elections it will embolden him to carry out his purpose; and I hope that you, the people of Ohio, will be warned in time, the mad designs of this bad man who is now acting President of the United States But, gentlemen, let me say to you that whenever Johnson attempts force, and orders any soldiers he may have under his command to resist the authority of Congress, his doom is sealed. The

fate from which he has preserved the traitor ave, when that time comes, 500,000 men from Pennsylvania, New York and Ohio will fly to the beleagured capital and rescue it from the hands of rebels and traitors. In conclusion, let me say to you, who have borne the flag before the enemy, do your duty in the coming elections -vote for those men who by their record have

shown themselves to be your friends, and the friends of the government. Rally as one man to the standard of justice and liberty, and that Such speeches are only made for party purposes.

STRONG LANGUAGE -The Philadelphia Sun-

Trustworthy news from New Orleans is re-The Mormons in Utah are becoming more ceived to the effect that it is learned that one violent in their declarations of hostity to the United States government, and assert that they

will maintain polygamy at all hazards.

MARRIED.

In Union county, on the 24th ult., by J M Stewart Esq , Mr John M McMurray of Lancaster Dist., S. C. to Miss Francis A Norwood of Union county, N. C In Greensboro, on the 24th ult., Mr Alpheus Wright to Miss Mary Reece. In Iredell county, on the 7th ult., J. A. Watt t liss H. I. Boyd. In Rowan county, Sept. 3d, W J Sloop, Esq., to Mrs. M. A. E. Rainey Near Chapel Hill, on the 10th ult., Mr Elam Harrington, of Moore county, to Miss Laura, daughter

of the late Thomas Boroughs, Esq. In Rowan county, on the 19th ult., Mr L. D. Brin-

de to Mrs Mary E. Peeler.

DIED.

In Mobile, Ala., on the 23d ult. from the effects of wounds inflicted by a knife, Mr M F Windle, recently a resident of this city. In Fayetteville, on the 20th ult., Mr John H Hall

aged 80 years. He was one of the oldest merchants of the place In Chapel Hill, on the 20th ult., Miss Susan C.

Battle, daughter of Judge Battle, in the 38th year | CHARLOTTE & SOUTH CAROLINA RAILWAYS. of her age.

T ANSWERS THE PURPOSE OF ALL OTHERS

"I like the Grover & Baker Machine, in the first place, because if I had any other I should still want a Grover & Baker, and having a Grover & Baker, it answers the purpose of all the rest. It does a greater variety of work, and it is easier to learn than any other. I knew three other ladies who have sold off on and near these great Railways and their connecother machines-sold at reduced prices-in order tions. to get Grover and Baker, but recently, and they are very enthusiastic about their new machines."-Tesumony of Mrs J. C. Croly (Jennie June) before the linas. Cars are run alongside of Steamers' Wharf, Commissioner of Patents.

Brem, Brown & Co., Charlotte, Agents for the above Machine.

The Campaign Opened !!! FIRST GRAND RALLY OF THE UNION REPUBLICAN CLUB.

There will be a meeting of the Union Republican Club of Charlotte on (this) Monday night at the ringing of the bell, in the Court House.

Mr William M. Coleman, of Cabarrus county, has consented to address the meeting. Important business connected with the vigorous prosecution of the campaign will be brought before the meeting. By order of the Ex. Com. of the Charlotte Union Republican Club. Sept. 30, 1867.

CITY BANK OF CHARLOTTE, (A BANK OF DEPOSIT,)

CHARLOTTE, N. C. Proprietors. HENRY G. KELLOGG,

Individually Responsible. A. G. BRENIZER, A. G. BRENIZER, CASHIER,

C. N. G. BUTT, TELLER.

business, and for the present, in order to conform to the wants of the business community, the office Buys and sells Foreign and Domestic Exchange,

Gold, Silver, Bullion, Southern Bank Notes and Government Securities.

Mill Stones for Sale.

Two pair French Burrs 31 feet, and one pair orn Stones 4 feet diameter. Also a lot of Mill Gearing. For sale at ROCK ISLAND WOOLEN MILLS. Sept. 80, 1867 Charlotte, N. C. 1m

Important to Carolina Shippers.

THE NEW

Baltimore and Carolina Grand Trunk FREIGHT LINE.

VIA PETERSBURG, VA.,

Comprising the following great Freight Routes : THE POWHATAN STEAMBOAT COMPANY'S FREIGHT LINE OF STEAMERS, PETERSBURG AND WELDON, RALEIGH AND GASTON, NORTH CAROLINA. WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA. WILMINGTON AND WELDON. ATLANTIC & NORTH CAROLINA. WILMINGTON AND MANCHESTER,

And their connections.

Time Quick and Rates Low.

This new trunk line forms a Great Frieght Route etween Baltimore and Weldon, Warrenton, Raleigh, Hillsboro', Lexington, Salisbury, Morganton, Char-lotte, Lincolnton, Goldsboro', Newbern, Beaufort, Wilmington, Chesterville, Wiansboro', Columbia, Sumterville, Manchester, and all intermediate points

The Powhatan Steamers connect at Petersburg with Petersburg Railway for all points in the Caroand goods transferred with careful handling.

Cars are run through without break-

ing Bulk

Between Petersburg and Raleigh, Charlotte, Goldsboro, Wilmington, &c., &c. This Inland Line possesses many advantages over a Sea Route. Marine risk is small and insurance is comparatively nothing. The Wharf of Powhatan Steamers being situated in the very centre of the great Shipping District of Baltimore, renders it convenient to shippers, and drayage is very small.

Great attention paid to consignments of Cotton, Corn, Wheat, Rosin, &c., &c. All produce forwarded at the lowest possible rates.

to insure transportation over this Inland Fast Line, mark all goods, whether Northward or Southwark bound, "Via Petersburg."

Freight landed in Baltimore day following lelivery to the Steamers.

Through Receipts are given and fixed rate per 100 pounds guaranteed both ways.

Rates in every case as low as via Bay Line and Portsmouth to and from Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

N. B .- With regard to last named points, freight s forwarded to and from Petersburg by Philadelphia and New York Steamers.

For rates and all further information, apply to This Bank is now open for the transaction of any Freight Agent on the Line, or at the

OFFICE OF THE POWHATAN STEAMBOAT CO., 90 Light St. Wharf, BALTIMORE.

BRANDT, Jr., President Powhatan Steamboat Co R. B. PEGRAM, Sup't Petersburg Railroad. A. B. ANDREWS, Sup't Raleigh & Gaston Railroad. JAMES ANDERSON, Sup't North Carolina Railroad. Collections made on all accessible points in the C. BOUKNIGHT, Sup't C. & S. C. Railroad.

Harness 40 ;

on the bosom of our Society. Dr McPhail and Judge Osborne have consented that other speakers will be heard from Sept 30, 1867. OBITUARY.

MARY V. SMITH. consort of Winslow A. Smith, and daughter of W. P. and Sarah S. Henley, aged about 23 years.

of the assertion, that "Death loves a shining mark." She possessed in a bigh degree those qualities which Kind, cheerful and sportive, she was the centre of attraction in the social circle, and the light and joy

her last, he regarded her a perfect picture of health

the friends of Temperance in this city and the surrounding country are earnestly requested to assemble at the Court House, on Saturday the 5th of October, at 11 o'clock a. m., to take into consideration the best method for arresting the tide of intemperance which threatens to leave its fearful blight up-

o deliver addresses on the occasion, and it is hoped

The demise of Mrs. Smith is another verification

win the love and esteem of every refined heart. hours will be from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

WM. C. POWER.

-she was blooming in the strength and beauty of United States and Europe, on the most reasonable S. L. FREMONT, Sup't Wilm's & Weldon Railroad.

Dicd, on the 26th of August, 1867, at her home in Catawba county, N C., of spinal affection, Mrs. HUGH B. PETERS,

BOLL WORM.—Mr Baxter H. Moore, of this vicinity, showed us on Saturday last some cotton bolls that had been badly damaged by the worm, and we regret to learn that the prospect for con- siderable damage to the cotton crop is threaten- ing. The worm appeared in this section within the past two weeks. FROST.—On Tuesday morning. Sept. 24th, we saw heavy frost between Baltimore and Wash-	"The President and Gen. Grant had a con- sultation on this subject a few days ago. They agreed that under the reconstruction acts neither the Executive nor the General in Chief has any control or authority over elections or registration in the military districts: but it is understood they have agreed on the propriety of holding elections on the same day, and that it would be advisable to suggest the same to the Generals commanding, not in the shape of an order, how-	raised as the world never saw. Thirty thousand armed and equipped militia from the State of Maryland, to say nothing of from hundreds of thousands from the North, would assemble and fight for the maintenance of the government against the oppressors and usurpers. Then, in- stead of regal honors at the executive mansion, as contemplated by Mr Wade, a halter would be his end—a fit punishment for bis treachery	she; and if this life has any charms, surely those clustered around her. She was much loved, and had much to love; she had much to live for, but more to die for. Then, weeping ones, who might think it strange that Mary should be taken away so soon: "Judge not the Lord with feeble sense,	New York Exchange at par. Revenue Stamps sold at par. Mutilated Greenbacks, National Bank Notes and Fractional Currency bought. New York Sight and Time Bills discounted at usual bank rates. Special attention given to the accounts of business men and others, and interest allowed September 30, 1867. Mutilated Currency. Mutilated Greenbacks, National Bank Notes and Fractional Currency bought on liberal terms, at the	 J. V. JORDAN, Acting Master Trans. Atlantic and N. C. Railroad. WM. M'RAE, Sup't Wilmington and Manchester Railroad. September 30, 1867. CHARLOTTE MARKET, Sept. 30, 1867. CORRECTED BY STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & Co. Cotton-Our market continues extremely dull and has declined a cent and a half since our last report. We quote 16¹/₂ to 17 cents for low middling to mid-
ington City. The population of Wilmington, N. C., is estimated at from fifteen to eighteen thousand. NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. Pocket Book and Notes lost-D F Dixon. Carriage at Auction-S A Harris, Auctioneer. Salt-O G Parsley & Co., Wilmington, N. C.	ever, but as an advisory communication, which Gen. Grant was expected to send." JOHN ROBINSON'S GREAT SHOW.—The Show- man has arrived, and with him the pictures to represent the performance to be given in this place on the 12th inst. This will be an impor- tant occasion to a great many people in our com- munity, particularly the young portion. Imme- diately beseiged by the eager looks of his young friends, he was forced to answer the 1001 ques- tions relative to his calling. When will the show be here ! Which road is it coming in by ! Are you Mr Robinson ! With a catalogue of inqui- ries more easily thought of than written, were answered with much blandness to the intense satisfaction and excitement of the school-freed urchins. The next important step was pasting up of the hand bills. They are indeed very bold and clear representations, and this fact probably	A tempest in a teapot! That's all. MEXICAN BRUTALITY. — The Mexico city press announce the arrival of Maximilian's body, and its departure for the coast. This is untrue, as it has not yet left Queretaro. His remains have been most shamefully treated. The coffin was placed in a filthy, dark bodega, and all who de- sired had free access. The glass cover was bro- ken, his beard and hair cut off and sold, as well as pieces of his blood-covered garments, and no one would recognize in the contents of the coffin the body of the murdered Maximilian. A lawyer had his portrait taken in his favor- ite attitude standing with his bands in his pockets. "It would resemble him more closely,"	But trust him for his grace; Behind a frowning Providence, He hides a smiling face." Though she can no longer enjoy, with loved ones, the fruits of their earthly toils; yet, she has left the assurance, that she now enjoys better things above. And she has left behind a goodly estate! Here it is: "Meet me in Heaven!" Then catch the strain- "Where thou art gone, Adiens and farewells are a sound unknown. May I but meet thee on that peaceful shore, The parting sound shall pass my lips no more." The deceased has left behind a father and mother, two sisters, one brother, a bright little daughter Ida, a broken-hearted husband, and many other re- lations and friends who mourn their loss, but not as those who have no hope. Let it be said to her kindred: "When soon or late they reach that coast, O'er life's rough ocean driv'n.	Sept. 30, 1867. 2w A. H. MARTIN.	 we quote log to 11 cents for low middling to mid- dling-tax paid by purchaser. Sales for the week 40 bales. Flour unchanged, \$4.75 to \$5 per sack, from wag- ons. Corn-The market is bare-we quote \$1.25 to \$1.30, from wagons. Wheat \$1.60 to \$1.80, as to quality. Pess, (new crop) \$1.10 to 1.15. Bacon-We quote hog round from wagons 17 to 17½ cents, Baltimore bacon sides from stores at 21 to 22 cents. Lard 18 to 20 cents. Butter 20 to 25 cents. Chickens 20 to 25 cents. Eggs 15 to 20 cents. Liverpool Salt \$3 40 to \$3.50. Corn Whiskey very dull at \$2.25 to \$2.50. Molasses 75 cents to \$1, by retail. Country tanned Leather, Sole 37½; Harness 40; Upper 60 cents.
York. John Robinson's Combination Circus and Menagerie.	was the cause of numerous "herd" of older men following the pictures around.	somebody tise's pockes."	[\$5] A family in Reaven!" ***	October 1, 1867.	Dry Hides nominal; Green 5 to 6 cents.