



W. J. YATES, Editor and Proprietor.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

October 1, 1867.

After an absence of over two weeks we returned home the latter part of last week.

We went North on business, mainly, and after that was transacted we devoted what little time we had to spare to recreation and pleasure.

The fact is, the business men and working men of the North seem to know but little of the real "situation" of the South, and they do not appear to care much about it.

The difficulty about the matter is, that however great the reaction at the North may be, and however much regret at negro supremacy the Northern people may now express, it will do us no good under present circumstances.

FALL GOODS.—Our merchants are receiving large stocks of Dry Goods and Groceries, and are prepared to supply the country at as reasonable rates as can be obtained this side of the Northern markets.

PARSONS.—W. Warren Lilly, colored, convicted at the Fall Term of Martin County Superior Court of larceny, and sentenced to six months imprisonment at hard labor, was to-day pardoned by Gov. Worth.—Raleigh Progress, 26th.

We are not disposed to say or do anything for the mere purpose of injuring Gov. Worth, but we must protest against the pardon of such criminals as mentioned in the above paragraph.

UNION COUNTY.—We learn that some difficulty occurred in Union county last week between the Sheriff and parties who resisted his authority.

GASTON COUNTY.—A friend gives us the complete registered vote of Gaston as follows: Whites 1009, blacks 450—white majority 559.

BOLL WORK.—Mr. Baxter H. Moore, of this vicinity, showed us on Saturday last some cotton bolls that had been badly damaged by the worm, and we regret to learn that the prospect for considerable damage to the cotton crop is threatening.

FROST.—On Tuesday morning, Sept. 24th, we saw heavy frost between Baltimore and Washington City.

The population of Wilmington, N. C., is estimated at from fifteen to eighteen thousand.

THE CIVIL RIGHTS BILL.—In accordance with the Civil Rights Bill passed by Congress, it has been contended that blacks and whites may intermarry, regardless of any State laws to the contrary.

But in the Northern State of Maine, one Judge at least has refused to acknowledge the authority of the bill in this respect.

SOUTHERN TRADE.—New York is crowded with Southern merchants buying their Fall and Winter stocks. The few days that we staid in New York, we saw about one hundred North Carolina merchants in the city.

THE EXPECTED CHANGE.—Washington letter-writers know very little more than other people about public affairs, but inasmuch as newspaper readers attach some importance to their sayings, we give the following from the pen of one of the professed prophets:

It is very certain that the political news from different States is very unfavorable to the Republicans. New York is going for the opposition. Pennsylvania will go Democratic, and even in Ohio, though the Radicals may elect a Governor, it is now confidently expected that they will be in a minority in the Legislature and thus lose the election of a Senator.

WE shall soon see whether these predictions are true or not. If the elections result as predicted, we cannot see how they are to benefit us. They will not affect, to any material extent, the Republican majority in the present Congress, and it must be remembered that Congress makes the laws which affect the South.

E. J. HALE & SON OF NEW YORK.—No southern man ought to go to New York without calling on E. J. Hale & Son, 16 Murray street, (formerly publishers of the Fayetteville Observer).

VIRGINIA CITIES.—We heard an intelligent citizen of Virginia remark, recently, that more produce and trade went to the city of Richmond over the Richmond and Danville Railroad than over all other lines combined, and that most of this produce came from North Carolina—much of it from the counties and adjoining counties along the line of the Road between Greensboro and Danville.

WE find that the opinion prevails at the North among business and working men generally, that the late Amnesty Proclamation of President Johnson conferred the right to register and vote on those who are excluded by the Reconstruction Acts. Having been absent from home 16 days, we are not posted as to the expression of opinion here in the South.

IT seems to be generally understood that the elections in all the Southern States will be held the first Monday in November. A Washington correspondent says:

JOHN ROBINSON'S GREAT SHOW.—The Showman has arrived, and with him the pictures to represent the performance to be given in this place on the 12th inst. This will be an important occasion to a great many people in our community, particularly the young portion.

THE "REACTION."—No doubt the South has many earnest, true friends in the North, who would, if they could, relieve her from her present embarrassed and disagreeable condition; but the "reaction" we hear so much about does not amount to a great deal so far as principles are concerned.

POLITICS IN NORTH CAROLINA.—We have been looking over our State exchanges of the past two or three weeks for the purpose of posting ourselves in North Carolina news, and we regret to find that politics is creating considerable feeling and occupying a great deal of attention.

COTTON.—The cotton market everywhere seems to be greatly depressed at this time, and declines are reported every week. The New York Express of last week remarks:

"The Evening Star" is the name of a new daily paper started at Wilmington, N. C., by Wm. H. Bernard, Editor and Proprietor.

HUMBUGGERY.—At a republican meeting in Cincinnati on Saturday, after speeches by Senators Sherman and Wade of Ohio, Senator Thayer of Nebraska said:

"I have recently been in Maryland and the District of Columbia, having left Washington only eight days ago. While there I took special pains to inform myself in regard to the present purposes of Mr. Johnson, and obtained what I am about to state from reliable authority. I declare upon my responsibility as a Senator of the United States that to-day Andrew Johnson meditates and designs forcible resistance to the authority of Congress.

VIRGINIA BANKS.—Judge Parker, of the Circuit Court of the State, has rendered a decision that the old Banks making assignments under the act of February, 1866, cannot give preference to any class of creditors, that note holders and depositors stand upon a perfect equality. Deposits of Confederate money are to be treated as debts of the bank, to the extent of the value at the time of deposit.

MATTERS IN BANKRUPTCY.—No debt created by a bankrupt while acting in any fiduciary character can be discharged under the bankruptcy law, but such debt may be proved with others, and the dividend will be credited on account.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.—Dr. McPhail and Judge Osborne have consented to deliver addresses on the occasion, and it is hoped that other speakers will be heard from Sept. 30, 1867. WM. C. POWER.

OBITUARY.—Died, on the 26th of August, 1867, at her home in Catawba county, N. C., of spinal affection, Mrs. MARY V. SMITH, consort of Winslow A. Smith, and daughter of W. P. and Sarah S. Henley, aged about 22 years.

REGISTRATION IN NORTH CAROLINA.—The Raleigh Standard gives the following figures and estimates of registered voters in this State:

Table with 3 columns: Returns for 61 Counties, Estimate for 28, Aggregate. Sub-columns: White, Colored. Values range from 57,035 to 141,929.

NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.—If we are to judge from the length of the trains which arrive here, the N. C. R. Co. is likely to be much richer from the present freight arrangements.

HON. B. BROWN.—We had the pleasure of a visit from the Hon. Bedford Brown of Caswell N. C., last Thursday. He believes our only safety is in reconstruction according to the plan laid down by Congress.

SWINE DIPHTHERIA AND CHOLERA.—We learn from the Asheville News that these two diseases so fatal to swine, are still prevailing in Wilkes, Caldwell, Alleghany and adjoining Counties.

BUYING UP CONFEDERATE BONDS.—The N. Y. Tribune has the following in its Washington correspondence:

Trustworthy news from New Orleans is received to the effect that it is learned that one of the largest brokers of that city has purchased \$265,000 of eight per cent. Confederate bonds of the issue of 1861, and \$300,000 of the issue of 1863, to fill an order from the North or from Europe.

THE CAMPAIGN OPENED!!! FIRST GRAND RALLY OF THE UNION REPUBLICAN CLUB. There will be a meeting of the Union Republican Club of Charlotte on (this) Monday night at the ringing of the bell, in the Court House.

CITY BANK OF CHARLOTTE, (A BANK OF DEPOSIT.) CHARLOTTE, N. C. Proprietors, and HUGH B. PETERS, and A. G. BRENZER, Individually Responsible.

Mutilated Currency. Mutilated Greenbacks, National Bank Notes and Fractional Currency bought on liberal terms, at the CITY BANK OF CHARLOTTE, Trade Street.

Land for Sale. 50 Acres, lying one mile from Charlotte, immediately on the Statesville wagon Road. It can be divided into three handsome locations for building, with 10 or 20 acres of ground attached, suitable for the cultivation of Fruit, Vegetables, &c.

STARR & LINEBERRY, Commission Merchants, 164 Front Street, NEW YORK. Refer to J. L. Brown, T. E. Brom and W. J. Yates, Charlotte, N. C. October 1, 1867.

ORDER IN REGARD TO TAXES. Gen. Canby has issued the following order: HEADQUARTERS 2d MILITARY DISTRICT, Charlotte, S. C. Sept. 21, 1867.

General Orders, No. 92. Numerous and well-founded representations having been made that illegal and oppressive taxes have been imposed in different sections of the States of North and South Carolina, it is ordered that the collection of taxes be suspended in the following cases:

First. Whenever any tax is, or shall be, imposed otherwise than under the authority of the Government of the United States—whichever, by the terms of the Act imposing the same, or by the action of the public authorities thereunder, shall apply to any property or right parted with, or any transaction made and completed, prior to the adoption of the Act authorizing the same.

Second. Whenever the power of Congress to regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States, is impugned by the imposition of taxes discriminating in commercial transactions, in favor of resident citizens and against the citizens of foreign nations or of other States of the United States.

Third. Whenever any tax is or shall hereafter be imposed, for the purpose of discharging any obligation contracted in aid and furtherance of the rebellion against the government and authority of the United States, or to reimburse the public treasury, or any local body, or public officer, or other person, for any expenditure on account of any such obligation or pretended obligation.

It is said that there are more negro votes registered in Louisiana, than there are negroes of all sexes and ages in the State.

MARRIED. In Union county, on the 24th ult., by J. M. Stewart, Esq., Mr. John M. Murray of Lancaster Dist., S. C., to Miss Francis A. Norwood of Union county, N. C.

DEED. In Mobile, Ala., on the 23d ult., from the effects of wounds inflicted by a knife, Mr. M. F. Windle, recently a resident of this city.

IT ANSWERS THE PURPOSE OF ALL OTHERS. Like the Grover & Baker Machine, in the first place, because if had any other I should still want a Grover & Baker, and having a Grover & Baker, it answers the purpose of all the rest.

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LOST. On the 25th September, ten miles North of Charlotte, near Alexandria Post Office, a large morocco POCKET BOOK or Wallet, containing the following Notes and other papers:

One Note on E. A. McLeod and a man by the name of Byron, for one hundred and thirty dollars, due January 1st, 1862, payable to S. A. Wilson; one on D. A. Caldwell and J. M. Caldwell for \$125, due January 1st, 1861, payable to S. A. Wilson; one on W. S. Hunter, payable to Thos. H. Brem & Co., for fifty dollars, or about that amount; one Note on John Alexander and Rufus Williams, payable to John Jetton, Executor of G. W. Alexander; one on Bob Month and A. A. Alexander, due John Jetton, Executor of G. W. Alexander. The other Notes are all payable to myself and Mrs. S. R. Wilson.

Carriage at Auction. At Auction on the Public Square, Tuesday of the County Court, the 15th of October inst., a superior Six Seat CARRIAGE.

Salt!! Salt!! Salt!!! Direct from Liverpool now landing Ex-Barque "Panama," 4,000 LARGE FULL SACKS LIVERPOOL POOL GRIND SALT, for sale in lots from Wharf as landed at very lowest market price by O. G. PARSLBY & CO., Sept. 30, 1867. 2w Wilmington, N. C.

Live!! Live!! A fresh supply always on hand. To clubs for agricultural purposes we can offer extraordinary inducements. Address, WORTH & DANIEL, Sept. 30, 1867. 1m Wilmington, N. C.

Health for the Southern Invalid. Found in the use of KAY'S WORDSWELL'S Vegetable Restorative Pills, imported by A. H. ERWIN & CO. These Pills supersede the use of Blue Mass, Calomel and all dangerous medicines; are most effective in Chills and Fever, and will renew and invigorate the body.

GROVER & BAKER'S First Premium Sewing Machines, 495 Broadway, NEW YORK. For sale by BREM, BROWN & CO., Sept. 30, 1867. 3mpd Charlotte.

Mill Stones for Sale. Two pair French Burrs 34 feet, and one pair Corn Stones 4 feet diameter. Also a lot of Mill Gearing. For sale at ROCK ISLAND WOOLEN MILLS, Sept. 30, 1867. 1m Charlotte, N. C.

Important to Carolina Shippers. THE NEW BALTIMORE and Carolina Grand Trunk FREIGHT LINE, VIA PETERSBURG, VA. Comprising the following Great Freight Routes:

THE POWHATAN STEAMBOAT COMPANY'S FREIGHT LINE OF STEAMERS, PETERSBURG AND WELDON, RALEIGH AND GASTON, NORTH CAROLINA, WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA, WILMINGTON AND WELDON, ATLANTIC & NORTH CAROLINA, WILMINGTON AND MANCHESTER, CHARLOTTE & SOUTH CAROLINA RAILWAYS, and their connections.

Time Quick and Rates Low. This new trunk line forms a Great Freight Route between Baltimore and Weldon, Warrenton, Raleigh, Hillsboro', Lexington, Salisbury, Morganton, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Goldsboro', Newbern, Beaufort, Wilmington, Chesterville, Wilmersburg, Columbia, Sumterville, Manchester, and all intermediate points on and near these great Railways and their connections.

Cars are run through without breaking Bulk. Between Petersburg and Raleigh, Charlotte, Goldsboro, Wilmington, &c., &c. This Inland Line possesses many advantages over a Sea Route. Marine risk is small, and insurance is comparatively nothing. The Wharf of Powhatan Steamers being situated in the very centre of the great Shipping District of Baltimore, renders it convenient to shippers, and drayage is very small.

Great attention paid to consignments of Cotton, Corn, Wheat, Rye, &c., &c. All produce forwarded at the lowest possible rates.

FOR rates and all further information, apply to any Freight Agent on the Line, or at the OFFICE OF THE POWHATAN STEAMBOAT CO., 90 Light St. Wharf, BALTIMORE.

J. BRANDT, Jr., President Powhatan Steamboat Co. R. B. PEGRAM, Sup't Petersburg Railroad. A. B. ANDREWS, Sup't Raleigh & Gaston Railroad. JAMES ANDERSON, Sup't North Carolina Railroad. C. BOGKNIGHT, Sup't C. & S. C. Railroad. S. L. FLEMING, Sup't Wilm'gton & Weldon Railroad. J. V. JORDAN, Acting Master Trans. Atlantic and N. C. Railroad. WM. M'RAE, Sup't Wilmington and Manchester Railroad. September 30, 1867.

CHARLOTTE MARKET, Sept. 30, 1867. CORRECTED BY STEVENSON, MACGILLIVRAY & CO. Cotton.—Our market continues extremely dull and has declined a cent and a half since our last report.

Flour unchanged, \$4.75 to \$5 per sack, with wheat. Corn.—The market is bare—we quote \$1.25 to \$1.30, from wagons. Wheat \$1.60 to \$1.80, as to quality. Peas, (new crop) \$1.10 to 1.15. Bacon.—We quote hog round from wagons 17 to 17 1/2 cents, Baltimore bacon sides from stores at 21 to 22 cents. Lard 18 to 20 cents. Butter 20 to 25 cents. Chickens 20 to 25 cents, Eggs 15 to 20 cents. Liverpool Salt \$3.40 to \$3.50. Corn Whisk 95 to \$1.00. Molasses 75 cents to \$1, by retail. Country tanned Leather, Sole 37 1/2; Harness 40; Upper 40 cents. Dry Hides nominal; Green 5 to 6 cents.