Che Western Democrat. CHARLOTTE, N. C.

ADDRESS FROM HON. JOHN POOL AND OTHER REPUBLICANS.

The Raleigh Progress publishes an Address to the people of North Carolina, which it says was written by Hon. John Pool, and endorsed by Hon. R. P. Dick, D. R. Goodloe and Hon. Thos. Settle, censuring the proceedings and action of the late Republican State Convention held at Raleigh. Messrs. Pool, Dick, Goodloe Republican party. We saw a printed copy of this Address some weeks ago, but did not have an opportunity to read it. We know Mr Pool to be the author of it.

The Address alludes to the fears entertained by many people in regard to disfranchisement the point. Hon. John T Hoffman is without and confiscation should the Republican party doubt the leading man of his party. I would of a blood vessel. get complete control in this State, and then says:

"That these apprehensions might be quieted and other points distinctly and unequivocally set forth and promulgated in North Carolina, it was deemed expedient and proper that a Convention of republicans should be called to meet in the city of Raleigh, on the 4th day of September, 1867. The Convention was accordingly assembled, but its action was not such as was hoped from the North, by making a prominent politician from the State of Ohio. (Col. Heaton.) the temporary Chairman of the Convention, they should have demanded, and by appeals to the colored delegates on the ground of military services, secured the rejection of one of the most prominent and worthy of the native Unionists of the State, (Gen. Dockery,) and have placed in his stead, as permanent President, a stranger from the State of New Hampshire, (Gen. J. C. Abbott.) a gentleman previously unheard of by the masses of our people, or known only as an officer from the Federal army who had recently located near Wilmington in this State. It is still more to be regretted that the colored speakers from Wilmington and its vicinity, seconded by a gentleman from New York, (Col. Peck,) in advocating the election of Federal service. (Gen. Laffin.) who met only reproach and insult for raising his voice in advocacy of moderation and prudence.

The election of Gen. Abbott as permanent would be likely to view the action of a Convention so controlled, as expressive of the true sentiments of this State, or the success of a party under it as affording sufficient evidence of the temper and spirit of our people, to justify the restoration of the State to its rights and powers in the general

But an effort was, nevertheless, made to quiet

the public mind by committing the party in this State, distinctly and authoritatively, upon three points, to wit: 1st. Against the purpose or desire of confiscating private property for political offences in the present condition of affairs. 2. In favor of providing in the State Convention for the extension of the elective franchise to every white and colored man alike, 3. In favor of the removal of disabilities from true and loyal citizens within such limits as Congress may deem safe and prudent in this State. The "committee on platform and resolutions," after full and prolonged deliberation, reported to the Convention three resolutions embodying these sentiments, and recommended their passage. But these resolutions were met by a repetition of excited and immederate discussion, and voted down. It was unfortunate, that the motion upon which the first of the resolutions was rejected, was made, not by any native citizen of the State, white or colored. but by a prominent politician from the State of Ohio, (Col. Heaton.) The other two were rejected on the motion of a gentleman from New York, (Col. Peck.) now resident in Wilmington. On motion of a native of the State, by birth, but who now is, and has been for some thirty years its details to the customs and usages of our people, and as effective in the hands of any who might seek to place our government in the hands of strangers by controlling the colored vote, that it cannot fail to excite additional alarm and dis-

Northern gentlemen should be encouraged to settle among us by extending to them every courtesy and kindness, and by discountenancing the from Italy, and France was to withdraw her And he certainly has one of the finest business revival of prejudices, which should never have forces from Rome, which was done in 1866, houses in this State. It has every convenience that existed, and ought now to be forgotten and buried forever. But while our people are willing for recent settlers among us to participate in our public affairs, it is not natural that they should view with favor, the appearance, even, of an effort to place their government entirely in the hands of strangers, to the exclusion of those whose information, interests and experience so much better from Italy are of an exciting description, ced then to pay taxes. This year he repeats the fit them to understand and manage the manifold Fighting had begun at various places, and in same assertion. Is that paying? Fruit is the interests and exigencies connected with our present unfortunate condition. It must appear to the people unkind and unjust to take advantage of their helpless condition, by exciting appeals and delusive premises to the most ignorant, and most unsuspecting and docile of our population, and thus raise up enmity and antagonism among us. ruinous to the colored man. for whose rights and welfare every good citiz n is now solicitous, and destructive of the efforts of those who are laboring to prepare the State for a return to the Union by bringing the popular mind in cordial unity with the great principles of the republican party.

Let the people meet in their respective counties and districts, by their own spontaneous action, and put forward their own candidates-men true to the Union and trustworthy as republicans, and by supporting such, manifest to the nation that in North Carolina there exists such a prevailing sentiment of nationality and such voluntary obedience to the laws of the land, that our restor. the legal argument that the prisoner is guilty of ation to rights and powers in the government. so treason, and the Counsel for the Defence will far from being dangerous to the peace and welfare argue that being a citizen of a State and under of the republic, will add strength to the great edi- its laws the prisoner's allegiance was due to it fice of Union, Liberty and Equality.

GEN. GRANT .- In a speech at Galena, Illinois, Congressman E B. Washburne details General Grant's views: He sympathises with Congress The trial is expected to last several weeks, and in the reconstruction plans; advises an early session of Congress; favored the House bill requiring the consent of the Senate to change the

Correspondence of the Democrat. NEW YORK, October 12, 1867.

The Weather-Democratic State Convention-Next President-Sheridan-Amusing Scene at Fulton Ferry-The Black Crook &c.

After about a month of pleasant weather we have had a real hard rain. We needed a light sprinkle to lay the dust, but I do not think New Yorkers would trouble themselves much if it never really rained in the city limits. for rain makes every thing dull-business included-and as for the few flowers they display in their miniature back-yards a little Croton scems to revive them. But the streets get and Settle have heretofore co-operated with the dusty and the sprinklers are lazy, so once in a while we conclude that a shower is a real blessing.

The Democratic State Convention has just of carrying the State this Fall, and it seems probable. One thing developed by the Convention is a unity of action when they come to not be surprised if he was the nominee for next President. His record on all questions is good, and as a gentleman of intelligence and family by having the position of the party upon these without question. No one but will acknowledge that we need some such man to elevate the Presidential position above the status of a Common School Debating Clab. He is withal one of the finest looking men I ever saw. On the other hand I think Chief Justice Chase will be the nominee of the Republicans. Sheridan has and expected. It was, confessedly, unfortunate rather the upper hand just now, but he will fall that after the courtesy shown to recent settlers to his level in a few days and he will be forgotten except as a fair cavalry officer, especially when having the advantage of numbers on his side. The Sheridan reception was really a failure, but few, except his old officers and expectant Republican office-holders, attended it. The plain truth is that military heroes are fast becoming played out at the North, and the sooner the South adopts the same idea the better. Sheridan is a creature of simply luck, and one of the best things ever done for him was by

President Johnson. One of the amusing scenes which often occur in this busy city came off at Fulton Ferry a few days since. It was the usual result of those marriages where a young and pretty poor girl Gen. Abbott, should have used language sug- marries an old but rich man. The young one gestive of purposes calculated to increase pre- not getting her heart's fill at home, got to lookviously existing apprehensions. They paraded ing to a young "cousin" for solace, and the old | tinel. the military prestige of their candidate in fighting gent not liking such interference with his pudagainst slavery, while they reproached the native ding, put a detective on the track. The end it. and charged Southern Union men with acting was old gent met young lovers at Fulton Ferry either from cowardice or from a hope to save on their way to love and happiness in Brooklyn their slave property by terminating the war short or Cony Island, and proceeded to administer a of emancipation. The effect of these appeals good caning to amorous young man. The she upon the colored delegates was manifested by the in the meantime cried heartily, not so much we jected the counsels of the more considerate of was spoiled. This New York is a great soap crime alleged against him is wife murder. their own race, and of one officer, lately in the pot and the seum is pretty often at the top. Such scenes, minus the whipping and catching, are not as scarce as hens teeth.

The Black Crook still continues to draw President of a North Carolina Convention, was crowds of students of anatomy. The new play followed by the election of four Secretaries, two at Banvard's-the Devil's Auction-is too far of whom were strangers lately located among us up town eyer to have the immense run which 30th street he will get his money's worth, provided he isn't afraid of becoming blind.

THE NEWS FROM ITALY.

The temporal dominion of the Pope in Italy, government, instead of weakening, seems to excels. have intensified. If there is discontent in the Few places in North Carolina seems more wide capital city of Rome, it does not seem to have awake than Salem. All is stir and business; and been yet manifested. No evidence of a local when this is the case, there is to be found mirth Viterbo the authorities have not yet been able | turn out profits. a resident of the city of Washington, a plan of it can hardly be expected that it will be allowed to say nothing of other varieties. I learn that party organization was adopted, so repugnant in to continue so. The Italian government may he has an order for fifty thousand pounds of aptake intervention. In that event, the friendly | the time it was commenced relations of France and Italy might be inter- The Sheriff of the county said last year, that

> TRIAL OF JEFFERSON DAVIS .- The following facts relative to the coming trial of Mr Davis, are from the best authority:

> The trial is set down for the fourth Monday in November, and as the Government will not interfere, there will be no postponement by the Counsel on either side. The offence of levying war against the United States will be testified to by Judge Scarborough of Norfolk

> There will be very few, if any, witnesses for the Defence, the fact of levying war being admitted. The Prosecution will then proceed with and not first to the United States. It has been asserted that Judge Chase would preside, but as the Supreme Court commences its session on the first Monday in December, this is not possible will take place at Richmond.

District Commanders; accepted the Secretaryship Golconda, owned by the American Colonization on the right edge, the word in the counterfeit of War from a sense of duty, to prevent its being Society, will sail on her return voyage to Mouro- is spelled "mainiain" the i being substituted filled by a Johnson man. The acceptance was via, Liberia, about the 26th inst, touching at by a t. There is reason to fear that this and with the consent and knowledge of Stanton, Charleston, whence she is expected to sail on the other cunterfeit bills are being circulated in our after full consultation. Washburne said he had 11th of November. Already, it is said, 600 mountain Counties in exchange for lands, beef, no right to speak regarding Grant's Presidential names are enrolled of parties going out in her, and medicinal roots, &c, where they are not

STATE NEWS.

GEN. CANBY AND GOV. WORTH -General Canby has invited Gov. Worth to an interview Orr, also, will be present.

Wake Superior Court held last week, judgment was prayed and obtained against the Sheriffs of Currituck, Cherokee and Orange, for non-settlement of taxes with the Comptroller and Treasurer, as required by law. They were mulcted in the sum of \$1,000 each. These were the only delinquents - Raleigh Sentinel.

3d inst., Mr Daniel S. Faggart, son of Reuben Faggart, of Cabarrus county, while out hunting with a younger brother and a small negro, fell closed its session at Albany. They are confident into a gully some eight feet deep, and was killed. After the fall, the deceased rose up, spoke a few words, and then dropped dead. The physician by their use, as shown by the records of the found no bruises, or external injuries, and it is supposed the death was caused by the rupture thirdly-the large number of deaths which are

Rev. James Gibbons, of the Baltimore Cathedral, has been confirmed by the Pope, and will soon be consecrated as Catholic Bishop of was not a family in the land which had not had North Carolina, a recently created Diocese.

BROKE JAIL -Last Wednesday evening, when the Jailor, Mr J. W. Woodward, carried supper to the prisoners, one of the negroes, confined for the robbery of J. W. Stockton's store, rushed by him down the steps and made his escape. Mr Woodward pursued and locked the door, to prevent the escape of others. On Friday night last an entrance was made through the wall of the Jail, from the outside, it is supposed, and two white men confined for horse stealing, and a negro, made their escape-four in all. The presumption is, that the first negro who escaped, procured assistance and returned and liberated his comrades in crime. They are all at large .-Statesvil'e American.

TRINITY COLLEGE.-We were glad to see Rev. Dr. Craven in our sanctum, on yesterday. He says that there are about ninety students at Trinity. He thinks they evince an unwonted devotion to study. The institution has been visited recently by an outpouring of the Spirit, and most of the students are professors of Religion. In the Theological department, Rev. Dr. Doub has sixteen students .- Raleigh Sen-

Dr. Wm. Sloan & Co, of Gaston County, all the way from California.

\$200 REWARD - Gov. Worth has caused a reward of \$200 to be offered for the apprehension and delivery of Andrew Skinner, colored, excitement and enthusiasm with which they re- may suppose at the whipping as that all her fun to the Sheriff of the county of Wayne. The

DRIED FRUIT.

A gentleman who has been traveling in Surry Stokes and Forsyth counties, N. C., writes to the Raleigh Sentinel as follows:

"As one travels over these upper counties, and two colored r.en. It could hardly be ex- has characterized the elegant display of feet, &c , nearly every woman you see is peeling fruit to pected that the Congress of the United States at Niblo's. But if one chooses to journey to dry. The children are at it. It is the currency of this section. They buy dry goods with it, as readily as they could with Greenbacks.

Nearly every farm has what is called a Dry miniature log house, daubed with mud and securely covered. Underneath is a brick or rock which was conceded by Pepin, King of the flue for fire, after the fashion of a kiln. Above Franks, in 754, confirmed by Charlemagne in is the hot room in which fruit is placed, on boards 774, and which has been since subject to more or trays, after being peeled and cut and sun dried terly, or intermediate meetings, as the Society or less of temporal vicissitudes, appears to be for part of a day—the more the better, provided again seriously threatened by the revolutionary you keep the flies away. Dry Houses are very elements which have been lately evoked by numerous. Take the dried fruit business "up Garibaldi, and which his arrest by the Italian one side and down tother" and this section surely the first offense, if suitable acknowledgement be

revolt has yet been given, but the movement also. If you want to put a community into a

to suppress the insurrections which followed! I have heard of a man who was asked if he the arrest of Garibaldi, and that the northwest- dealt in driet fruit, and who answered with some ern portion of the Roman territory is in the feeling, "no," as though it was too much on the hands of the insurgents. If it be true, as an apple-cart order for a gentleman who were gold the commander of the forces of the Pope has informs me, recently, that, up to this time, he has adjudication. called upon the Italian government for assis- shipped over one hundred tons of dried fruit; and tance, and that this has been refused, there can I see he is out with a circular, "Wanted to buy" be little doubt that the situation is serious; yet one hundred thousand pounds of apples alone, be expected to take further action, and if ne- ples from one house in the North. Sometimes cessary, France may intervene. It was reported he buys forty thousand pounds a day. But does when Garibaldi advanced on the frontier that it pay? Salem would not be Salem without E. French soldiers were embarking for Rome, but A Vogler, and E. A. Vogler would not be this report was not confirmed. By the Conven- E. A Vogler, but for the immense trade he does tion of 1864 the Italian government agreed to in fruit-dried fruit. He has out a circular, of the proposed change at a previous regular suppress any invasion of the Roman territory every few days, giving the "prices current." and it is contended that the spirit of this treaty | could be desired. It is built in fine style, and will be violated if France should again under- was all up in some twelve or fourteen weeks from

rupted, unless the former should act with the he could almost tell the day Mr Vogler began to consent of the latter. Still later cable dispathes pay out money fc. fruit, for the people commenone engagement the rapal troops are said to main business here and every body seems to be have been beaten. A meeting of the friends of benefitted by it. But of all the fruit establish-Garibaldi had been 'ald at Turin, and revolu. ments Mr Vogler's is the largest. His store is of the fruit of the region back of this runs."

REPENTING OF THEIR FOLLY .- The Washing ton correspondent of the Charleston Courier writes that "the cotton tax will probably be abolished at the next session, and there will be propositions in Congress to give a bounty upon the production of cotton, or in some mode to encourage its culture. It is apprehended at the North will destroy the system of cotton growing upon must be sensibly diminished in years to come."

"The Central National Bank of the City of New York." The signatures are pretty well executed, but the counterfeit is very palpable in the printing. We have seen no genuine bill of that Bank with which to compare it. We presume its general appearance accords with the genuine, but the eye of any one will detect its spurious character, by the error in the word "maintain" on the right edge of the bill. Instead of the NEGROES GOING TO AFRICA -The packet ship word "maintain" in capitals, on the white ground the most of whom will embark from Charleston. | readily detected .- Baleigh Sentinel.

TEMPERANCE MEETING.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Oct 5, 1867. Notwithstanding the inclemency of the at Columbia, S. C. We presume that Gov. weather, the Temperance meeting advertised was held in the Court House to-day. A large AMERCED.-We learn that, at the term of majority of those present were from the country some from a distance.

The meeting was organized by calling the Rev. J. C. Chalmers to the Chair. Rev. W. C. Power was requested to act as Secretary. Rev. Dr. McPhail, President of Davidson College, one of the speakers selected, was then introducd to the audience.* In a calm, but impressive style he delivered a short address. He stated A FATAL ACCIDENT .- On the night of the that, at the beginning of the Temperance reformation in this country, there were three ideas which startled the nation: First-the enormous cost of spirituous liquors consumed annually by the people of the United States; secondly—the vast injury done to public morals crimes committed under their influence; and traceable to their effects.

He recollected an assertion of Gough, one of the early Temperance reformers, viz : that there one or more members ruined by the use of ardent spirits. These ideas in all their momentous magnitude were submitted for our consideration. Fear of tresspassing on your space, forbids a further notice of the Dr.'s remarks. When he had concluded, the following Constitution was submitted by the committee appointed to prepare it-and as amended was adopted.

A resolution was adopted requesting the different newspapers of the city to publish the proceedings and the accompanying Constitution. J. C. CHALMERS, Ch'n.

*Judge Osborne, who was also expected to address us, had not returned from his Northern tour.

WM. C. POWER, Sec'y.

Constitution of the Mecklenburg County Temperance Society of North Carolina.

Believing that the use of ardent spirits as a common beverage is not only unnecessary but often hurtful, as it leads to intemperance and prodigality, with all their attendant evils, we, whose names are hereunto subscribed, desiring to form an association for our mutual benefit and the benefit of others, in the promotion of temperance, do agree to adopt the following

ART. 1. This Society shall be known as "The Mecklenburg County Temperance Society of North Carolina." Art. 2. The officers of this Society shall be,

CONSTITUTION.

President, two Vice Presidents, a Secretary and Treasurer, all to be elected annually. Art. 3. The above-named officers, together with three others, also to be elected annually, shall constitute the Executive committee of this

Art. 4. It will be required of those who desire to become members of this Society, to adopt in good faith the following pledge, namely :

PLEDGE.—We do solemnly pledge ourselves o abstain from all distilled and other intoxicaing drinks, as a common beverage, to discourage and discountenance the making or vending of influence for the general promotion of Tempe-

rance and social order. Art. 5. This Society shall hold regular annual meetings on the first Saturday in October, of each year, at which meetings the Executive committee shall make a full report of the operations House. It is usually built of chestnut wood; a of the Society during the previous year, for the information of the Society. The Executive committee shall be authorized and empowered to make arrangements for the organization of auxiliary Societies in this county, wherever and whenever practicable; and also for holding quar-

Art. 6. Members violating their pledge may be dealt with in the following manner: 1st-For made to any two members of this Society, the Executive committee, in behalf of the Society, may accept such acknowledgment as satisfactory 2d-For the second offense, the offender shall be admonished by a committee of two or three appointed by the Executive committee, or by its appears to be external, though none the less good humor, and light up the countenances of chairman. 3d-For the third offence, the name dangerous on that account. It is stated that in the masses, give them something to do that will of the person so offending may be stricken from the roll, by a majority vote of the Executive committee, at their discretion. 4th-If any member violating his pledges, shall deny the same, or prove refractory, it shall be the duty of the Executive committee to examine the testimony in such case or cases, and present the whole matnounced in the cable telegram of the 2d, that spectacles. But let us see: Mr E A. Vogler ter to the Society, at next regular meeting, for

> Art. 7. Any member becoming dissatisfied, and wishing to withdraw from the Society and its obligations, may do so by giving notice three months previously, to the Secretary of his or her intention thus to withdraw.

> Art. 8. Auxiliaries formed under this Constitution will be expected to report their operations to this Society, through its Executive committee, at its annual meetings. Art. 9. No change shall be made in this Con-

> stitution, unless notice be given by the mover meeting-and then such change to be effected only by an affirmative of two thirds of the members present.

HOUSE SERVANTS.

We hear many complaints from housekeepers

of the trouble necessary to obtain good, reliable servants, and when obtained, of the difficulty in keeping them. We respectfully suggest here to our housekeepers, that, as a body, the fault is mainly their own, and that the worry and difficulty will always be the same as now, and perhaps, sometimes more, if some regular systematic course is not adopted by them relative to the employ of domestics. Ever since the new order of tionary speeches made, and meetings at other like the throat of the funnel, through which most things was first inaugurated, it has been customary to employ, without a reference as to previous good character and ability, just such servants as our housekeepers may stand in need of. If a general rule could be adopted by all of insisting upon good recommendations from previous employers, and of stipulating that a month's notice should always be required on either hand before a servant should be discharged or should leave, this trouble would then be easily and entirely obviated. Such is the system which the that the tax and the uncertainty of negro labor actual force of just such necessity as is our own, has required other cities both to the North and large plantations, and that, if so, the product to the South of us to adopt. and it is just such a system that we need here, for the purpose of regulating the relations between the employer and employee. It will besides work much to the ad-COUNTERFEIT \$100 BILL.-We have seen, vantage of both parties, and will, in the end, have within a few days, a \$100 counterfeit bill on a beneficial effect upon society itself. By it servants can be easily divided into the appropriate classes for remuneration according to longing to the late Col. B. W. Alexander, viz: ability, and a stimulous would be given for them all to excel.

We recommend to our people the adoption of some such regular method for guidance in their household regulations, confident, as we are, that it will eventually redound to the advantage of all concerned .- WILMINGTON POST.

Chief Justice Chase arrived at Columbus, Ohio, just before the late election, and was received by the citizens of the place. He made a long speech in which, while stating that his position prevented his taking an active part in polities, he avowed his sympathy with the radical party, stated that he intended to vote the republican ticket, and declared himself in favor of neWASHINGTON ITEMS.

The President has not yet considered the application for pardon of Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia The papers are now on file at the Executive Mansion, and will be taken up by the President next week. He is strongly recommended for Executive clemency, and there seems to be no doubt that the pardon will be issued.

Sensation dispatches sent off from this city tonight represent that Gen. Sherman is called here by the President to take charge of the War De- ly fatal, have been experimenting of late years partment, in place of Gen. Grant. Upon the best authority I can say that the President has no such purpose as indicated in the rumor men-

had an interview with the President.

It is reported that the letter of Senator Howard, arguing that Senators who advise impeachment should not be disqualified to sit in the trial, will not be published for the present. This action is taken upon the advice of leading radicals and financiers, who deprecate impeachment as prejudicial to our financial affairs and injurious to the political interests of the republican party.

The Rudical leaders now here are boasting confidentially among their friends of the completeness of their plans for the future. They say General Butler has already prepared a joint resolution declaring that any officer against whom articles of impeachment shall be preferred, shall be suspended from office during trial upon the charges preferred. Immediately following the passing of this resolution articles of impeach. Hats, Boots, Shoes, Notions, Gent's and Boy's Clothment will be rushed through the House under a ing, call for the previous question, and Mr Wade will be sworn into office as Acting President of the United States. Your correspondent inquired of one of these gentlemen how they proposed securing to Mr Wade the Presidential chair after he had been sworn in at the Capitol. On that point he said there was some doubt, as General Grant had given them no assurances as to which of the two Presidents he would recognize; but, in the event of a refusal on his part to espouse their cause, they bad the militia of the Northern States to fall back upon, as well as their own powerful organization. the Grand Army of the Republic, a large portion of which will be found in Washington. I suggested that the success of the Conservatives in the Fall elections would probably cause a change in their programme. He replied. "No, it will only necessitate the greater firmness and quicker action." He also remarked that it was believed Mr Johnson would resist, but that the little power of resistance which had been left him by Congress would not be difficult to overcome.

This is mere sensation talk.

COTTON CROP OF 1867.—It may be interesting to know what estimates have been made by intelligent parties of the growing crop of cotton of the present year. We learn from the New Orleans Price Current that the prevailing impressions in the cotton circles of that mart is that the crop will be from two to two and a-half millions of bales. Both factors and buyers, who wish to be regarded as moderate in their views, lean to the average of two and a quarter millions. The firm believers in the ravages of the worms, as well on the uplands as in the delta of the Misthe same, for the like purposes, and to exert our sissippi, regard two millions as an extreme outside rate; while there are those, on the other hand, who are sanguine to put the crop at three millions. Making allowances for the diversity of temperament among the estimate-makers, we incline to the opinion that the crop cannot exceed two and a-quarter millions, and this would be nearly 480,000 bales more than the crop of Embracing every article kept in a first class estab-

We do not give these figures as placing any great reliance upon them, for it is obviously too | suit the most fastidious lady. soon, to enable any man to make more than a proximate estimate. There can be little doubt, however, that it will exceed the crop of last year; which was hard upon two millions of bales.

[If the estimates of the Statistical Bureau at Washington are correct the crop will not exceed last year's

NEW

FALL AND WINTER GOODS. We have the pleasure of inviting our friends, and the public generally, to see the largest and best selected Stock of Goods ever brought to this market.

Ladies Dress Goods, Cloaks, Shawls, Balmoral Skirts, &c., is particularly attractive for style, variety and price. We have also a large stock of

Our stock of

Oct. 7, 1867.

June 24, 1867

October 7, 1867.

Ready-made Clothing, Boots, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, BLANKETS, FLANNELS Jeans, Satinetts, Broad Cloths, Prints, bleached and brown Sheeting and Shirting, and a general variety of Goods of every kind. We direct the special attention of cash Wholesale

Buyers to our new Stock. We are determined not to be undersold. BREM, BROWN & CO.

T. BUTLE PRACTICAL

Watch and Clock Maker. AND DEALER IN JEWELY, FINE WATCHES, CLOCKS, Watch Materials, Spectacles, &c.

lug. 19, 1867. CHARLOTTE, N. C. A. HALES, Watchmaker and Jeweler,
One door South of the Mansion House, CHARLOTTE, N.C.

If your Watch needs Repairing, Don't get mad and go to swearing Just take it into HALES' shop, He will fix it so it will not stop. He warrants his work all for a year. When it is used with proper care. He will do it as low as it can be done. And do it so well it's sure to run.

For Sale. A good six-octave Rosewood PIANO-cheap. Apply at the Book Store to TIDDY & BROTHER.

October 7, 1867. Real Estate for Sale.

On Wednesday, the 30th day of October, (Superior Court week,) I will sell at the Public Square Of all sizes and various patterns, kept constantly in Charlotte, at I o'clock, all the Real Estate be-The Home Place, in Hopewell neighborhood, con-

taining about 400 acres of Land, adjoining W. D. Alexander, Capt. Holliday and Dixon Kerns. There is a Dwelling House containing 7 Rooms and a good The Pond Place, same neighborhood, over 100 bought in this market. These last articles, Barn on the premises. acres, adjoining Mrs. Sallie Wilson, Saml Stewart,

Thos. M Alexander and others. The late residence of the deceased in Charlotte, subject to the widow's dower. TRRMS-12 months credit, interest from dete. S. P. ALEXANDER,

Administrator, Oct. 7, 1867 MULE FOR SALE. A fine young MULE, 4 years old, well broke. Ap-S F. HOUSTON.

CONSUMPTION PRONOUNCED CONTAGIOUS -The first question discussed in the Medical Congress was a question which reaches and interests more directly perhaps, than any other, every family. It was a question of turbercle, its contagiousness and prophylactic The question turned mainly on these two points : Is tuberenlar consumption contagious, and may it not be prevented by innoculation ! I should tell you that the profession, tired of being baffled by the disease so slow in its progress and yet so certain. all over Europe, and that enough new facts have been arrived at to warrant a certain number of the experimenters to declare that tuburcular phthisis is contagious, and that a healthy and an Governor Parsons, of Alabama, is here and infected person ought not to sleep in the same bed. Experiments have been made upon rabbits and other animals, by innoculating under the skin the matter from tubercles, and those innoculated animals die consumptive in three months' time. The discussions of the Congress established no new doctrine in a positive way, but they brought out many valuable facts which will put the profession a step in advance in the right direction .- Paris Correspondence New York

A. SINCLAIR

Has just laid in for the Fall Trade a large and well selected Stock of

Dry Goods,

Hardware, Groceries,

Queensware, &c., &c., which he will sell low for

He has, in connection with his Store, estabished for the benefit of THE LADIES.

A FIRST CLASS DRESS AND CLOAK MAKING DEPARTMENT,

Where he guarantees satisfaction in the style and ut. BOT SPRINGS' CORNER. October 7, 1867,

LIVERPOOL SALT.

500 Sacks, On Consignment. Also, a supply of CLOVER SEED. HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO. October 7, 1867.

Furniture at Auction. On Tuesday, the 15th of October, (County Court

week,) I will sell at Auction, the following articles of Household Furniture-all new-viz: 2 Bureaus, one marble top; 1 wash stand, 1 extension Table, 1 Sofa, 12 Cane Bottom Chairs, 1 Rocking Chair, ! Easy Chair, ! Lounge, 2 Bedsteads,

2 Spring Mattrasses, I Iron Bedstead, 1 Gilt-framed Mirror, 1 Clock, 1 fine Tea Set, Crockery, Dishes, Oil Lamps, &c. Also, I Cow and Calf-first quality.

S. A. HARRIS, Auctioneer. Oct. 7, 1867.

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Of all kinds, a full assortment, and Old Cane Seat

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