

THE WESTERN DEMOCRAT
W. J. FATES, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
December 3, 1867.

The Constitutional Convention.
Several friends have written to us (says the Raleigh Standard) making inquiry as to when, in our opinion, the Constitutional Convention will assemble.

The Special Term of the Superior Court for this county will commence on Monday next.

Parsons.—We have had in our possession, for more than a year, pardons from the President for N. S. Thompson, Jno. L. Gladden and E. S. E. Chambers, all of Cleveland county, N. C.

Judge Fowle, one of our Superior Court Judges, has resigned. He was an upright and able officer, and we regret that he retires from the position at this time.

The Daily News.—We regret that the proprietors of the Daily News and Weekly Catawba Watchman, papers published in this city, have found it necessary, in consequence of the stringent condition of the money market, to suspend publication.

Gen. R. D. Johnston and Col. H. C. Jones, the editors and proprietors of the News and Watchman, have displayed talent and ability in conducting their papers.

The Tax on Cotton.
It will be seen by the following dispatch from Washington, that the tax on Cotton will certainly be withdrawn.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—The Committee of Ways and Means agreed unanimously, this morning, to report a bill for the repeal of the Cotton Tax.

The tax has greatly crippled Southern planters, if it has not already ruined many. If Congress would refund the tax, to the farmers, paid since the first of September, it will help to relieve the embarrassments of a large number.

We hope the Southern farmer will consider the advantages of producing more grain, and raising horses, mules and cattle for market.

A car containing 50 bales of Cotton was burnt on the Char. & S. C. Railroad week before last, about 7 miles from this city.

THE VOTE OF THIS DISTRICT.
Capt. Lazelle, the commander of the Military Post of Charlotte, has furnished us with the following official statement of the vote for and against Convention in this District:

Table with 2 columns: For Convention, Against Convention. Lists names and vote counts for various precincts like Cabarrus, Gaston, Swain, etc.

The names of the Delegates elected will be found in another column.

COUNTERFEIT.—Mr S. L. Riddle, Teller of the Charlotte National Bank, has shown us a counterfeit \$100 note on the First National Bank of Boston.

Mrs. Howell, the mother of Mrs. Jefferson Davis, died in Canada recently.

A LARGE BEET.—Mrs. Allen Cruse sent us a Beet last week that we think beats all other Beets we ever saw. It weighed just seven pounds.

New Advertisements.
Dwelling, Store and Rooms for Rent—S. P. Alexander.
Going to Move—McLeod & Steele.
Liverpool Salt—O. G. Parsley & Co., Wilmington.
Hands Wanted—J. McDonald & Sons, Concord.
For Rent—S. A. Harris, Auctioneer.
Saddles, Harness, &c.—L. W. Osborne.
Bankers and Exchange Brokers—T. W. Dewey & Co.
The New Book Store—Tiddy & Bro.
Store for Rent—S. A. Harris, Auctioneer.
Wanted an active and intelligent man to act as Agent.
Sale of Valuable Property—C. H. Wolfe & J. W. Hunter.
Dissolution Notice—A. Weil & Co.
Printing Office for Sale—Jones & Johnston.
Court Order for Union county—T. D. Winchester, C.M.E.

The Impeachment Matter.

It will be seen by the proceedings of Congress, that the Committee having the question of impeaching President Johnson under consideration, has reported, five for impeachment and four against it.

A Washington letter-writer gives the following information concerning the Reports submitted to the House:

Gen. Grant's evidence covers three columns, but the following tells his story:

By Mr. Woodbridge: Question—I understand your position to be this, that you do not assume to originate or inaugurate any policy, but that when any question came up and your opinion was asked as to what the President was going to do or had done, you gave an opinion?

Answer—That is it exactly, and I presume the whole committee so understood me. I have always been attentive to my own duties and tried not to interfere with other people's. I was always ready to originate matters pertaining to the army, but I never was willing to originate matters pertaining to the civil government of the United States.

The majority of the impeachment committee, in their report recommending impeachment, lay great stress upon the alleged usurpation by the President of the pardoning and veto powers; also the authority to make removals and appointments, and particularly to what is termed grant of pardon of the constitutional powers of the Executive, by organizing governments in the Southern States at the end of the war, without asking the advice of Congress, as they assert, for personal purposes.

The majority report also, that by various official and other declarations the President has sought to obstruct the laws of Congress for the pacification of the States with reference to the Constitutional Amendment approved by Congress.

This report is very lengthy, and is signed by Messrs. Boutwell, Williams, Churchill, Thomas and Lawrence.
The report was also submitted by Messrs. Wilson and Woodbridge, dissenting from the views of the majority, and asserting that there was no evidence presented which demanded impeachment; but they condemned his political views, and were willing to censure him.

The minority report by Messrs. Marshall and Eldridge, strongly defends the President from abuse by his political enemies; asserts that his only faults consist in not holding to the political views of the party which elected him, in subjugating the people of the South. The report is extremely caustic, and abuses harshly some of the witnesses who testified before the committee. Mr. Baker is accused of perjury, and they conclude that the President will be held in respect by his countrymen when his calumnies are pilloried in undying scorn and indignation of the American people.

The majority report in the summing up of the majority report against the President are not borne out by the testimony.
First, as to the President having usurped the powers of Congress in organizing governments in the Southern States, it will be found in Gen. Grant's testimony, and in the program which was followed out by Mr. Johnson, had been laid down by Mr. Lincoln. It also appears in General Grant's testimony, that he was present, by invitation, at the Cabinet councils in which the reorganization of the Southern States was considered, and that while he assented to the plan followed by the administration, he did not offer any suggestion of his own, but was a silent listener. The only active part he took was in restraining the President's order to have prominent rebels like General Lee brought to condign punishment.

As to the pardon of prominent rebels, it appears that many of the most prominent of them were pardoned on the recommendation of Grant, Speed, Stanton, &c. As to the pardoning of some hundred deserters from a Western Virginia regiment, which the report alleges was done in order that they might vote for a Democratic member of Congress, it appears from the evidence that they were only technically deserters, that they were not pardoned until some weeks after the election, and that the President merely endorsed the application in the usual form, referring it to the Secretary of War, who himself granted it.

The committee dwelt upon the possession by the President of certain Tennessee bonds, on the supposition that his possession of them might have some connection with his release of the property of Southern railroad companies, but it appeared that Mr. Johnson had been a possessor of those bonds for the last twelve years.

In reference to the trial of Jefferson Davis, Attorney General Speed and the counsel for the Government should have the responsibility of not trying him, the avowed cause being that Chief Justice Chase would not preside, and that Attorney General Speed would not consent, under any circumstances, to have the trial conducted before Judge Underwood. There was an attempt on the part of Lafayette C. Baker to get up a story about an imaginary letter from Johnson, as Military Governor of Tennessee, to Jefferson Davis, offering to turn over the State to him, but the committee could have had no trouble in deciding what degree of credit was to be given to it. The fact still remains, there is no allegation against the President of his having personally given ground of offence. Mr. Ashley, of Ohio, who presented the articles of impeachment, acknowledges that he has produced to the committee all the valid evidence in his possession.

THE VOTE ON CONVENTION.—The vote in 34 counties on the question of holding a Convention in this State, stands 24,052 majority for Convention.

The returns from South Carolina indicate that a Convention has been defeated in that State by the white people refusing to vote.

The Conserv. ve State Convention which was to have been held in Raleigh on the 11th inst, has been postponed till future notice.

A REMARKABLE BOOK.—E. J. Hale & Son, 16 Murray Street, New York, will publish in a few days, "The Old Capitol and its Inmates"; by a lady who enjoyed the hospitalities of the Government for a season. Price \$1.50—sent by mail, postage paid, on receipt of the price. Address E. J. Hale & Son, 16 Murray Street, New York.

MECKLENBURG COUNTY—OFFICIAL.
Table with 4 columns: Precincts, For Convention, Against Convention, Total. Lists precincts like Charlotte, Providence, Steel Creek, etc.

List of Members Elected to the Constitutional Convention of North Carolina.

- Alamance—Henry M. Ray, republican.
Anson—Henry E. Chilton, George Tucker, rep.
Burke and McDowell—John S. Parks, W. A. Murphy, republicans.
Brunswick—E. Legg, republican.
Bladen—A. W. Fisher, F. F. French, republicans.
Beaufort—Samuel Stille, W. B. Rodman, reps.
Craven—Hon. David Heaton, W. H. S. Sweet, C. D. Pierson, republicans.
Carteret—Maj. W. A. Mann, Rev. J. W. Hood, reps.
Camden—Abraham Congleton, republican.
Cabarrus—W. T. Blume, republican.
Chowan—John R. French, republican.
Catawba—Dr. J. R. Ellis, conservative.
Caswell—Wilson Carey, republican, Philip Hodnett, Independent.
Columbus—Lennon, conservative.
Chatham—John A. McDonald, W. T. Gunter, reps.
Cleveland—Plato Durham, conservative.
Davidson—Isaac Kinney, Spence Mullican, reps.
Duplin—John W. Peterson, Samuel Highsmith, reps.
Edgecombe—Henry A. Dowd, J. H. Baker, Henry C. Cherry, republicans.
Franklin—Jas. T. Harris, John H. Williams, reps.
Forsyth—E. H. Teague, republican.
Granville—John W. Ragland, J. J. Moore, C. Mayo, republicans.
Guilford—Rev. G. W. Welker, A. W. Tourgee, reps.
Gates—Timothy H. Lassiter, republican.
Gaston—M. J. Ayldott, republican.
Greene—John M. Patrick, republican.
Harnett—J. M. Turner, republican.
Halifax—J. H. Renfrow, W. T. Hays, Henry Eppes, republicans.
Hertford—J. B. Hirst, conservative.
Haywood and Jackson—W. B. G. Garrett, rep.
Johnston—Dr. Jas. M. Hay, Nathan Guiley, reps.
Jones—David D. Colgrove, republican.
Lincoln—Richard W. King, republican.
Lincolnton—Joseph H. King, republican.
Mecklenburg—Edward Fulhram, Silas N. Stillwell, republicans.
Montgomery—Dr. Geo. A. Gahagan, republican.
Madison, Buncombe, Henderson and Transylvania—G. W. Gahagan, Thos. C.andler, James H. Duckworth, republicans.
Mitchell and Yancey—Julius Garland, republican.
Macon, Clay and Cherokee—G. W. Dickey, Mark May, republicans.
Moore—Sweea S. McDonald, republican.
Martin—S. W. Watts, republican.
New Hanover—J. C. Abbott, S. S. Ashley, A. H. Galloway, republicans.
Northampton—Henry T. Grant, Koswell C. Parker, republicans.
Nash—Jacob Ing, republican.
Orange—John W. Graham, Dr. Holt, conservatives.
Onslow—Jasper Ehrig, republican.
Pasquotank and Camden—C. C. Pool, Metchel Taylor, republicans.
Pitt—Gen. Byron Laffin, D. J. Rich, republicans.
Person—Dr. Wm. Merrit, conservative.
Rutherford and Polk—Rev. W. H. Logan, Jesse Rhodes, republicans.
Robeson—O. S. Hayes, Joshua L. Nance, republicans.
Rockingham—Henry Barnes, John H. French, reps.
Rowan and Davie—Dr. Milton Hobbs, Allen Rose, republicans.
S. J. McCallin, conservative.
Randolph—R. F. Trogden, T. L. Co., republicans.
Stanly—L. C. Morton, republican.
Sampson—Joseph D. Pearsall, Alexander Williams, conservatives.
Stokes—Riley F. Petree, republican.
Union—William Newsom, republican.
Wake—B. S. D. Williams, S. D. Franklin, J. P. Andrews, James H. Harris, republicans.
Warren—John Read, John A. Hyman, republicans.
Wayne—Maj. H. L. Grant, Jesse Hollowell, rep.
Weyburn, Caldwell, Jones, C. C. Jones, Wesley George, Jerry Smith, republicans.
Wilson—Wiley Daniel, republican.
Washington and Trywell—Edmund W. Jones, rep.
The above returns foot up 102 Republicans, 10 Conservatives, and one Independent.
Fifteen of the Delegates are negroes.

Some twenty-five citizens of Ireland county, who emigrated last fall to Illinois, Indiana, Tennessee, &c., have returned, sufficiently amused with their venture, and report others on the eve of starting back.—Exchange paper.

They did a very poor business in leaving North Carolina, and a little experience has convinced them of that fact.

We don't like to see our native citizens leaving North Carolina, and we are gratified to learn that those who have left are returning.

Some good farmers who left this county soon after the close of the war, and went to the Eastern part of the State, are now returning or preparing to return. We met one on the street last week who told us that he had not yet found as good a place as old Mecklenburg.

News Items.

FROM TEXAS.—Corn is selling at Austin, the capital of Texas, for forty cents per bushel. Cotton is said by the Gazette not to be in demand. None of the merchants are buying, except at nominal figures for the farmers. Some are offering only eight cents a pound for cotton in good order, and of fair staple.

BUSINESS AT THE NORTH.—The Newburyport Herald states that the leading manufacturers of New England are now in consultation as to the course of proceeding in their business for the coming winter, and that the tendency is to continue production, but to reduce wages. In Maine, the ship-yards are reported to be nearly all idle. In New York, the Sun says every branch of mechanical labor is overstocked, and that the numerous mechanics flocking into the city from the rural districts, where the dull season can be bridged over at less expense than in New York.

HORRIBLE MORTALITY.—The cholera broke out a few days ago among the negroes on the Buckhorn plantation, in Louisiana, and in a little more than two days eighty-three out of one hundred died. It is supposed this rapid and unprecedented mortality was caused by eating fish which were caught in large quantities in some lakes in the neighborhood, which had been nearly dry, the water remaining being very muddy, stagnant and offensive. The Vicksburg Herald gives a full account of the affair.—Montgomery Advertiser.

STRANGE PHENOMENON.—In Tucker county, Virginia, on the morning of the 8th of November, at 8 o'clock, a large ball of fire was seen passing through the air in a due southwest course at the velocity of about sixty miles per hour, emitting sparks and a hissing noise. It exploded northeast of St. George, and seemed to convulse the earth equal to six of the heaviest artillery fired simultaneously.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 25.—It is reported that an election riot took place last night at Rockville, on Wardlaw Island, and a number of whites and blacks are said to be killed. No authentic information has been received, but a detachment of troops were sent to the Island this morning.

OYSTERS.—We were informed yesterday that the average daily shipments of oysters from Norfolk to points beyond it amount to 20,000 bushels. Add this amount to that consumed by Norfolk and Portsmouth, and we may assume that the supply is inexhaustible as the receipts are increasing.—No-folk Journal.

SAUSAGE.—Housekeepers will do well to preserve the following first-rate receipts for sausage: To every twelve pounds of meat take three tablespoons of salt not much heaped, three tablespoons black pepper, eight tablespoons of sage, and a teaspoon half full red pepper.

Rock Island Manufacturing Company.

The Rock Island Woolen Mills, at Charlotte, N. C., is the most extensive establishment of its kind south of the Potomac and Ohio rivers. It has in full operation six complete sets of woolen machinery of the most modern description, with all the improvements of value up to this date.

To comprehend fully the extent and value of this establishment would require more than an editorial notice in a newspaper. Its order, completeness, ample supply of the best description of machinery necessary for a manufacturing establishment of its proportions, and the character and quality of its productions, require personal examination to have them adequately understood. With the hope, however, of attracting the attention of the people of our State to it both merchants and consumers, we propose to attempt a brief description and history of it.

The Rock Island Woolen Manufacturing was built in 1847, by R. C. Carson, John A. Young and Zenas A. Grier, on the Catawba river, in Mecklenburg county, and operated by them in copartnership, styled Carson Young & Grier. They commenced with a simple set of machinery, which was increased from time to time, as the demand for their goods required, until it has reached its present capacity. During the twenty years of its existence, the style of the firm has been changed to Young and Wriston, and to Young, Wriston & Orr, by purchase from the original proprietors, until the termination of the war, when the machinery was removed from the Catawba river and put up in Charlotte, where it is now being operated under a charter from the State Legislature, the proprietors being John A. Young, (one of the original copartners) M. L. Wriston, John Wilkes and James Earnshaw. The building is of brick, remarkable for its solidity and fitness for its purpose. It is four stories high, with ample elevation of ceiling 100x50 feet, with an addition to its entire length three stories high and twenty feet wide, and a second addition to its entire length one story high and twelve feet wide. The first story of the building is occupied by the Felling and Finishing and drying machinery, a large steam drying room and the dyeing room. The location and convenience in the arrangement of the machinery and apartments of this floor, will strike even an inexperienced observer as having been directed by experienced and competent judgement. The second floor is the weaving room, where Jenks' cassimere, and Crompton's machine looms fill the entire space of the main building. Here these fabrics are woven which, before the war, made for this establishment a reputation as broad as the Southern States. Adjoining this floor is the dressing and beaming apartment.

The third floor contains six sets of wolen cards, two breakers and a finisher to the set, of large proportions, all working with a steady and easy motion, which makes the hundred cylinders humming in their rapid revolutions, and the different handlings of the wool necessary to keep them supplied, a most interesting and instructive scene of busy industry.

The fourth floor is the spinning room. If the visitor has been interested in his progress upward through this establishment, he will feel, when he stands amid these long railway spinning machines, known among manufacturers by the euphonious cognomen of "mules" and "jacks," as they gradually move up and back, while their thousands of little whirling spindles out of view are converting the soft merino wool into well-twisted yarn, that he is brought in contact with machinery which seems to understand its own business.

The entire machinery of this manufacturing establishment is propelled by an engine which does its work so well and gracefully that it seems to have no labor to perform, and the steam for the large dyeing apartment, and for heating the entire building, is generated in an hundred horse power Harrison boiler. Water and steam are conducted through every apartment in the building, and can at all times be commanded as may be necessary for the use of the manufactory, and the wants and comfort of its hundred operatives. The whole arrangement of this establishment has been pronounced by manufacturers from various northern States as being remarkable, almost unsurpassed, for its completeness, its convenience, its substantial character, and the uniform harmony in all its appointments.

Of the fabrics produced here it is not necessary for us to speak. A reputation, unsurpassed of twenty years standing, has made them known to every intelligent merchant in the State, and through the South, where the proprietors have alone sought a market, and with very great and marked improvements, they are now offering their goods to the home market, warranted to be free from shoddy or any impurity which so greatly deteriorates woollen goods generally, and in styles and at prices which will give them an advantage over any goods of similar character that can be purchased in any northern market. The working of the machinery and production of the goods in this mill is under the skillful management of James Earnshaw, Esq., under whose direction the arrangement of the machinery and application of power was made. The business of the company is under the direction of John A. Young, President, and John Wilkes, Treasurer.

And now, merchants and people of North Carolina, if you desire to see your native State rise from its present prostrate condition, and to stand firmly upon a basis which cannot be shaken by the shifting winds of trade; and her people moving onward and upward in steady prosperity, you must give your support and concentrate your patronage upon worthy manufacturing establishments within your own State limits—and we point you to this one.—Raleigh Register.

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.—The annual Meeting of the Trustees of the University of North Carolina will be held at the Executive Office, in Raleigh on Tuesday, the 17th day of December, at which time a President will be elected, and all the vacancies in the Faculty will be filled. The exercises of the Institution will be resumed with a full corps of instructors at the commencement of the next session in January, 1868.

CONVICTION OF RUFUS LUDEWICK.—The trial of Rufus Ludewick, indicted for the murder of his wife some time last summer, was brought to a close on yesterday evening. After deliberating but a short time, the jury returned a verdict of "Guilty."—Salsbury North State.

A STRANGE CASE.—A man named Spencer, and his wife, who reside in Paulsboro', N. J., who appear to be of the highest respectability, and are worth, it is said, over \$200,000, were arrested in New York on charges supported by affidavits and evidence in the possession of Col. Wood, of the detective force, of being the chiefs of a gang of counterfeiter who have recently put the spurious 7-30 bonds on the market.

Mrs. Spencer paid, cash down, \$40,000 as bail for herself and husband on the examination at Newark, where they were taken. Several other persons are supposed to be engaged with them and they are all reported to be very wealthy.

Latest News.

THE MARKETS.
NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Cotton dull and drooping at 15 cents. Gold \$1.38 1/2.
LIVERPOOL, Nov. 30.—Cotton dull. Sales 10,000. Uplands 7 1/2, Orleans 7 1/2 pence.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—The count in the House of Representatives there is the majority against the majority Report on impeachment. The impression prevails that Wilson's report will be adopted. There is a strong disposition on the part of the Democrats to debate the matter in order to ventilate, if it should, the absurdities of both Wilson and Boutwell's report.
The Senate confirmed Horace Greeley as Minister to Austria, Gen. Capron, Agricultural Commissioner, and A. C. Hunt Governor of Colorado.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

CHARLOTTE, Nov. 29.—Further returns from the interior Districts refered it almost certain that Convention is defeated in South Carolina, as the total vote polled falls short by many thousands of the requisite majority of registered voters.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The French evacuation of the Papal States will be completed on to-day.
A Berlin paper says that only Austria has accepted the proposed call of a Conference. The other powers exact an explanation, or give evasive answers.

SUPREME COURT.

The winter term will commence on the second Monday in January at Raleigh.
First Week—Monday and Tuesday will be devoted to applicants for license. Causes on the first Circuit will be called.
Second Week—First and second Circuits.
Third Week—Fourth and sixth.
Fourth Week—Seventh and eighth.
Fifth Week—Third Circuit.

When the ladies at the Court of Sweden got through hugging and kissing Admiral Farnagut, they each and all exclaimed—"furry good!"

MARRIED.

In this county, on the 26th ult., at the house of Miss Polly Pierce, by Rev. R. Z. Johnston, Mr. J. W. Taylor to Miss Eliza M. Harrison.

In Shelby, on the 21st ult., by the Rev. Wm. C. Power, Mr. William G. Berryhill of Charlotte, to Miss Amanda J. Roark.

In Lenoir, Caldwell county, on the 20th ult., by the Rev. Jesse Rankin, John Colville, Esq., of Wilmington, to Miss Mary W. Hendry.

In Wilmington, on the 10th ult., Mr. Thomas H. Wright to Miss Mary C., daughter of the late David Fulton.

In York District, on the 21st ult., Mr. E. P. Wilkerson to Miss M. H. Black. Also, Mr. David Harrison to Miss Jane Henderson.

DIED.

Near Davidson College, on the 17th ult., Mrs. Mary Ann Torrence, wife of Mr. A. P. Torrence, and daughter of Mr. Franklin Jamison, aged 25 years and 9 months. She was a worthy member of the Presbyterian church.

GOING TO MOVE.

Preparatory to moving, 1st January next, to 2d door from Springs' Corner, Tryon Street, we offer our entire Stock of GOODS at the very lowest market prices, REGARDLESS OF COST.

We are determined to reduce our Stock by this time. Call soon and secure bargains.
Dec 2, 1867. McLEOD & STEELE.

Liverpool Salt.

2000 SACKS, DIRECT IMPORTATION,
available for sale at reduced price to close consignment, by
O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,
Dec 2, 1867 2w Wilmington, N. C.

HANDS WANTED.

Four skilled WEAVERS can find employment by applying to the undersigned at Concord, N. C.
J. McDONALD & FONS.
Dec 2, 1867. 1m

FOR SALE OR RENT.

I offer for Sale or Rent, the Residence of the late Miss Margaret A. Lowrie. It is situated in a pleasant part of the city, opposite Gen. Young's residence.
T. H. BREEM, Administrator.
December 2, 1867 3w

NOTICE.

The Copartnership of A. WEILL & CO., was dissolved on the 29th November, 1867. All persons having claims against the firm must present them to A. Weill; and all persons indebted to the firm must present them to him alone.
A. WEILL.
P. S.—J. H. Wilson, Esq., will attend to the settlement of the affairs of the late firm of A. Weill & Co. I hereby give notice that no debts contracted by A. R. May in the past or future (for personal purposes) will be acknowledged by me.
Dec 2, 1867 4w A. WEILL

FOR SALE.

One half of the vacant LOT, on Trade Street, opposite the Post Office. Apply immediately to
JAS. P. IRWIN.
Dec 2, 1867. 1wpd

The New Washing Machine.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Nov. 30, 1867.
Messrs. Barnhardt & Houston:—Sirs: The North State Washing Machine is really more than I expected, and can with candor say that there is no humbug about it. My servants say that it does its work as well as any done by hand. And I take pleasure in recommending your Machine to my friends, and all who desire a labor-saving machine. Best wishes for your success.
Respectfully yours,
MRS. DAVID PARKS.
CHARLOTTE, N. C., Nov. 30, 1867.
Messrs. Barnhardt & Houston:—Sirs: I have tried your Washing Machine, and fully concur in everything that Mrs. Burwell says in regard to it.
Yours Truly,
MRS. DR. J. M. MILLER.

FOR SALE.

A Cylinder Press in good order, with all the necessary Material for a Daily and Weekly Newspaper with type, &c., for a Job Office. All in good condition. Apply to
JONES & JOHNSTON,
Charlotte, N. C.
Dec 2, 1867.

WANTED.

An active and intelligent man to act as General Agent in this State for a well established and popular Life Insurance Company. Persons of experience will find this a good chance.
Address "LIFE INSURANCE," at the office of this paper.
December 2, 1867. 2t

STORE FOR RENT.

I will rent this day (Monday) the STORE ROOM now occupied by A. Weil & Co., till the 1st day of January, 1868.
S. A. HARRIS, Auctioneer.
December 2, 1867.

\$300 A YEAR SAVED.—I am acquainted with the work of all the principal mechanics, and I prefer the Grover & Baker to them all, because I consider the stitch more elastic. I have work now in the house which was done nine years ago, which is still good, and I have never found any of my friends who have used the other machines able to say the same thing. Had I had it when my children were little it would have saved me at least \$300 a year.—Treaty of Mrs. Dr. McCready, 43 East 2d Street, New York, before the Commissioner of Patents.
Brem, Brown & Co., Charlotte, Agents for the above Machine.

SADDLES, HARNESS, &c.

L. W. Osborne,
(Opposite the Old Charlotte Hotel.)
Manufactures Saddles, Collars, Bridles, and Harness of all sorts to order, at short notice.
He keeps on hand, and for sale at reasonable prices,
BUGGY, CARRIAGE & WAGON HARNESS, RIDING SADDLES,
And everything that may be needed in that line.

Being a practical mechanic, he thinks that he can give entire satisfaction to those who patronize him. His prices will be found as low as any in this city, and the workmanship as good as the best.
He respectfully asks a fair trial and a share of public patronage.
REPAIRING done in the best manner with promptness.
L. W. OSBORNE.
Dec 2, 1867. 6m

Dwelling, Store and Rooms FOR RENT.

If not rented privately, I will rent at public Auction, on Saturday, 21st of December, at the Public Square, the late residence of Col. B. W. Alexander. Also, the Store Room adjoining the old Charlotte Bank. Also, five Rooms over the Store occupied by Hutchison, Burroughs & Co.
S. P. ALEXANDER.
Dec 2, 1867. 3w

Sale of Valuable Property.

We the undersigned, wishing to settle up our business, offer for sale, privately, seven good Mules, all young; two yoke of Oxen on four wheels Wagon and Harness; a quantity of H. F. Fodder and Shells, Also, Corn, Cotton Seed, &c. We can be found at Mrs. M. P. Springs', 4 miles South of Charlotte on the Providence road.
C. E. WOLFE.
Dec 2, 1867. 2w

FOR RENT.

On Saturday next, I will rent at auction the Dwelling House in the rear of the Episcopal Church, now occupied by Mr. H. Buxbaum. Possession given 1st January, 1868.
S. A. HARRIS, Auc.

State of North Carolina, Union County.

In Equity—Fall Term, 1867.
William B. Marsh and Jane Bivens vs. Walter Marsh and two other children whose names are unknown, Heirs of Edmund Marsh, deceased.
Petition for Sale of Land.

In this case it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendants in this cause are non-residents of this State, so that process cannot be personally served upon them, it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made for six weeks, successively, in the Western Democrat, commanding them, and each of them, to be and appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Court House in Monroe, on the 8th Monday after the 4th Monday in February next, and answer, &c., or judgment, pro confesso, will be entered against them.
Witness, T. D. Winchester, Clerk and Master of said Court, at office in Monroe, this 28th day of November, 1867.
96-6w T. D. WINCHESTER, C. M. E.

THE NEW BOOK STORE, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

TIDDY & BRO.
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