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## Western Democrat

WILLIAM J. YATES, Editor and Proprietor.

TERMS-Three Dollars per annum in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS .- For one square of ten lines or less \$1 will be charged for each insertion, unless kept in for over one month. Notices of marriages and deaths published gratis. Obituary notices of over five lines in length charged for at advertising

### Important Public Notice.

MUST BE SOLD.

We offer our immense Stock of New Goods at less than cost prices. We invite the attention of

Wholesale & Retail Buyers. Special attention is called to our immense Stock of

Boots and Shoes, The largest, best selected and cheapest in North Caro-

lina. A splended assortment of DRESS GOODS, CALICOES, &c.

#### AN IMMENSE AND ELEGANT Variety of Delaines, all grades;

Shawls. Blankets, Nubias, Hoods, Gloves, Hosiery, Notious, And everything in our line. Gents and Boys Clothing, all grades and all prices \_ Jeans, Satinets, Cassimeres, Broad Cloths, Boots | faction guarantied at the Gallery of

and Shoes, Under Shirts, Hoslery, &c. GROCERIES, HARDWARE, BAGGING And ROPE, &c., &c., at prices that defy competition. Mes Wholesale and Retail dealers will find our Stock the cheapest and largest in Charlotte. H. & B. EMANUEL,

Tryon Street, next door to Mansion House.

## Afloat all Alone.

A.

GROCERY AND PROVISION BUSINESS, I would respectfully ask the custom of my friends and the public generally. And if fair dealing be worth anything in the party with whom you do business, all I ask is a showing. My stock consists of such goods as are usually found in the provision line. S. F. HOUSTON. Next door to Charlotte Hotel April 22, 1867.

### Charlotte Female Institute,

CHARLOTTE, N. C. The present session opened on Tuesday the 1st of October, and will continue until S0th June, 1868. OFFICERS AND INSTRUCTORS:

Rev. R. Burwell, Principal and Instructor in Mental and Moral Philosophy and Mathematics.

Jno. B. Burwell, A. M., Chemestry, Natural Philosophy and Ancient Languages.

Mrs. M. A. Burwell, English branches and Superintendent Social duties. Prof A. Baumann, Vocal and Instrumental Music.

Prof. R. E. Piguet, Drawing, Painting and Modern Miss Mary Batte, English Branches and French. Mrs Sally C. White, English Branches.

Miss Mary F. Peniek, Music on Piano and Guitar. Miss Ella R. Carson, Music on Piano. Terms as heretofore. For Circular and Catalogue containing full particulars address. REV. R. BURWELL & SON.

September 23, 1867.

### Medical Card.

Charlotte, N. C.

DRS, GIBBON & McCOMBS, having associated themselves in the practice or Medicine and Surgery, respectfully tender their professional services to the citizens of Charlotte and surrounding country. From a large experience in private as well as Field and Hospital practice, they teel justified in proposing to pay special attention to the practice of Surgery in all its branches. Office in Granite Row, up stairs, opposite the Mansion House.

ROBERT GIBBON, M. D. J. P. McCOMBS, M. D. Dec 11, 1865

#### MILLER & BLACK. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Groceries, Provisions & Produce,

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Trade Sirect, CHARLOTTE, N. C., Have now in Store and will keep constantly on hand

a full and select stock of the above articles for sale: to which they respectfully invite the attention of their friends and the public generally. W. J. BLACK. R. M. MILLER. September 23, 1867.

English Blue Stone. A fresh supply of this fine article for sale low at SCARR'S DRUG STORE.

Congress and Kissingen Waters, SCARR'S DRUG STORE. For sale at

Page Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Combs and various articles of Perfamery, fresh supply, just re-SCARR'S DRUG STORE. ceived at September 9, 1867.

#### COOKING STOVES. OF THE NEATEST AND MOST SUPERIOR PATTERN.

D. H. BYERLY, Springs' Building, Charlotte, N. C., has for sale "Spear's Anti-Dust Cooking Stoves," which, for every variety of cooking and great economy in fuel, cannot be surpassed by any Stove here-

Everybody who has used one of these Stoves testify that, for convenience in cooking, durability and clean- clubs at about half these prices. liness, they are far preferable to all other patterns. Call and see them.

D. H. BYERLY has also on hand a good assortment of Tin, Japan and Sheet-Iron Ware-such articles as are necessary for house-keeping. TIN-WARE made to order at short notice on

BEF REPAIRING promptly executed. D. H. BYERLY. Springs Building, Charlotte, N. C.

### March 25, 1867.

### SADDLES AND HARNESS.



form the public that they have a large stock of Saddles and Harness on hand, which they offer to the public at low prices. Anything in the way of SADDLES, HARNESS,

Bridles, Martingales, COLLARS, &c., will be furnished or made to order. As we are regular mechanics, we think it will be to the advantage of all to buy from us. We warrant

REPAIRING neatly executed at short notice and on reasonable terms. R. SHAW. W. E. SHAW.

Robert Shaw & Son, Third Door from the Mansion House, RESPECTFULLY in

#### prices, REGARDLESS OF COST. We are determined to reduce our Stock by that time. Call soon and secure bargains. Dec 2, 1867. McLEOD & STEELE.

GOING TO MOVE.

Preparatory to moving, 1st January next, to 2d

door from Springs' Corner, Tryon Street, we offer

our entire Stock of GOODS at the very lowest market

In Prices! I am now making extensive changes in the construction of my Store, and being desirous as far as possible to reduce my present Stock of Goods, I offer my large and well selected Stock at GREATLY RE-

IMMENSE REDUCTION

Ladies', Misses', Gent's and Boy's Shoes are now being sold REGARDLESS OF COST. Ladies' Cloaks and Shawls REGARDLESS OF

UNPARALLELED REDUCTION in Dry Goods of

every description. Men's Clothing at Heavy Reduction. I am determined to reduce my Stock before enterng the New Store, and offer for the next THIRTY

AYS such inducements as cannot fail to satisfy all. A. SINCLAIR, Nov 25, 1867. Springs' Corner.

Pictures at 50 cents And upwards, at the Photographic Galery over Jas. Harty & Co's Store, next to the Court House. Call and get a superb likeness of yourself and family, at low rates according to style and finish. Copies taken of old Pictures in a superior manner. Satis-

H. BAUMGARTEN, Next to Court House

### NOTICE.

We the undersigned have been qualified as Execu-N. C., and received Letters Testamentary empowering us to act as such; we therefore notify all persons indebted to the said deceased to come forward and A. pay the same, as indulgence cannot be given. Those persons having claims against the deceased will present them within the time prescribed by law, or this Having purchased the interest of J. M. Sanders in the | notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. Either one of said Executors will attend to the collection and payment of debts, and will be found at any time in Charlotte, N. C.

REV. L. P. O'CONNELL, JAMES HARTY, Dec. 9, 1867 1m

### S. GROSE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail dealers in Groceries, Provisions and Family Supplies, Trade Street, nearly opposite the Post Office, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

December 9, 1867.

### Stenhouse, Macaulay & Co.

The undersigned having lately moved to their new Store, corner Trade and College Streets, offer at wholesale and retail all the leading articles usually kept in a well conducted Grocery Store, at prices that cannot be undersold. STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO.

SACKS RIO COFFEE, 50 Barrels Brown Sugar, 20 Barrels "B and " Soft Coffee Sugar, 10 Tierces and Boxes Havana Sugar,

For sale by STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO. BARRELS CARDENAS MOLASSES, 16 Tierces Demerara Molasses,

5 Barrels "Bee Hive" Syrup, 5 Hhds. genuine New Orleans Molasses. The latter for retail only at STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO.

PACKAGES RAISINS IN WHOLE Boxes, Halves and Quarters, 125 Boxes 'English Dairy' Cheese,

10 Barrels Fresh Seda Crackers, 200 Baxes No 1 and Sca ed Herrings. 75 Packages Mackerel in Bbls, & Bbls and Kits, for sale by STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO.

POUNDS IRON COTTON TIES (various Patents), 25 Coils Rope,

200 Lbs. Hemp Twine, 500 Yards Dundee Bagging, 3000. Yards Gunny Bagging, slightly damaged, for sale low by STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO.

BOXES MANUFACTURED TOBACCO, 13 Barrels Corn Whiskey, 5 Barrels Kentucky Bourbon Whiskey, 2 Barrels Holland Gin,

On consignment and for sale by STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & TO. HE highest market price paid for Wheat, Corn. Peas, Flour, and other Country Produce, by STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO.

IBERAL Cash advances made on Consignments to our Branch House in New York by STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO.

#### Catawba English and Classical HIGH SCHOOL, NEWTON, N. C.

The next Session will commence the 1st Monday in January next. No pains are spared in fitting pupils thoroughly for the best Colleges in the country, and in giving them a thorough business education. Special attention given to MATHEMATICAL TRAINING. Tuition per Session of 20 Weeks from \$9 to \$22.50

Board in families from \$8 to \$12 per month; in For Circulars and particulars, address J. C. Clapp, 1 C CLAPP, A. I Newton, N. C. S. M. FINGER, A. B. Dec. 9, 1867.

### GROVER & BAKER'S Premium Sewing Machines,

495 Broadway, NEW YORK. For sale by BREM, BROWN & CO., 20, 1867 2mpd Charlott Charlotte. Sept. 20, 1807

#### THOMAS W. DEWEY & CO. Bankers and Exchange Brokers,

TRYON STREET, CHARLOTTE, N. U., Negotiate Loans and Discount Pusiness Paper, Purchase and Sell Government and other Securities on Commission, receive Money on Deposite, Buy Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion and Bank Notes, make Collections and remit on day of payment, and transact General Banking Business. December 2, 1867.

Western Division, W., C. & Rutherford R. R On and after Thursday, 31st of October, 1867, the Passenger Train on this Division will run tri-weekly, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

GOING WEST: Leave Charlotte, 8:00 a. m. 10:45 " .. Lincolnton, 11:30 " Arrive at Cherryville, GOING EAST: 12:30 p. m. Leave Cherryville, " Lincolnton, 1:30

Arrive at Charlotte,

Oct. 28, 1867.

4:00 "

### Heathenism in New England.

The Hartford Courant says that the Congregational Ministers of Connecticut have thoroughly canvassed their parishes to ascertain the actual religious condition of the State. The result was unexpected In one hundred towns at least one third of the families are not churchgoing. Irreligion was found to increase in proportion to the distance from the centre of the towns It prevails more in sparsely settled farming districts than in the manufacturing villages. The State Committee on home evangeli-

zation say in their published report: The returns give the impression that the Roman Catholic population do not often sink to so large lump of rock salt is best for this purpose. low a grade of heathenism as the irreligious native born population. They do not entirely abandon some thought of God, and some respect for their own religious observances Uniformly the districts most utterly given over to desolation are districts occupied by a population purely native American

A similar state of things is reported to exist in some parts of Massachusetts.

A North Carolina rebel was relating how "the Yanks" fired upon his company while marching through a thick wood. They gladly obeyed an order to lie down, but there was nothing to shield them from the terrible volleys of the enemy. "Why didn't you get behind a tree?" asked a listener. "Tree, the devil," replied reb., "there wasn't trees enough for the officers."

The Atlantic Cable sometimes transmits messages with great celerity. A message was sent from New York at half-past five o'clock on Thurstors of the late Edward Lonergan of Gaston county, day morning. It was delivered in London and the answer received in New York at eleven o'clock the same morning.

### FINLEY HIGH SCHOOL,

LENOIR, CALDWELL COUNTY, N. C. The Spring Term in this Institution will commence Jan'y 15th, 1868, and close June the 2d.

Tuition in English Branches from \$12 to \$18 0 25 00 Board in good private families, including all necessary expenses, except lights, \$12 50 to \$13 per

month. These prices are all payable in currency. One half in advance. E. W. FAUCETTE, Principal. December 16, 1867. 4w.

### THE VARIETY STORE, (Below Stenhouse, Macaulay & Co.'s Store.)

Sign of the Big Ship, ffers a Stock of valuable cheap Goods at low prices. Here you may do your shoping without the trouble of going from Store to Store. A full stock of Drugs and Medicines,

Paints, Oils, and Glass from 8x10 to 24x36 Dry Goods, Very low prices and fine. GROCERIES FOR FAMILY USE: Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Molasses, Bacon, Lard, Cheese,

Snuff, Tobacco, Candles, Soap, Boots, Shoes and Hats,

The very low prices at which we can and will sell you all of these goods and many others not mentioned will astonish you. JAS. N. BUTT. December 16, 1867.

NOTICE.

MR. S. P. ALEXANDER is from this day our legally appointed Agent to Rent Houses and make Collections for the year 1868. A B. DAVIDSON.

December 16, 1867

State of North Carolina, Cleaveland county, Superior Court of Law, Fall Term, A D. 1867. Wm. Falls and Nancy Dickson, Administrators, vs. Robert Falls and others. Petition to make Real Estate Assets.

R. A. SPRINGS.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Nancy J. Dickson, Rachel Ratteree, Noah Falls, and - Parks and wife Amanda, are not inhabitants of the State, it is therefore ordered that publication be made, in the Charlotte Democrat, for six weeks, for said defendants to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held for the county of Cleaveland, at the Court House in Shelby, on the 1st Monday after the 4th Monday in February next, and answer their petition, or judgment will be taken pro confesso as to them and heard exparte. J. JENKINS, Clerk. Witness,

98-6w [pr. adv. \$10.]

#### Blanks. Just printed, and for sale at the Democrat Office, Marriage Licenses (new form), Subpoenas, Execuused by Clerks and Sheriffs.

Southern Express Company. The Southern Express Company has opened comnunication with all Northern and Western States, and is now prepared to forward Freight, Money and gers leave Charlotte daily, connecting at Raleigh with Adams' Express Company, and at Richmon with Adams' and Harnden's Express Companies. Letters will be forwarded by this Company to all points South and North having no male facilities.

Charlotte, Jan. 1, 1867.

The Southern Express Company, For the transportation of merchandise, valuable packages, specie, bank notes, bonds, &c, for all parts of the South and Southwest, in connection with adoption as pork making animals.

W. P. HILL, Agent.

President

ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY, have established their agency at 59 BROADWAY NEW YORK, where orders to call for goods to be forwarded South will receive prompt attention. Merchandise and valuables delivered to Harnden's Kinsley's, American and United States Express Companies, for the Southern Express Company, will receive prompt dispatch. For particulars, rates of freight, &c. &c, apply at the office of the Southern Express Company, 59 H. B. PLANT, Broadway.

Jan. 1, 1867. Found in the use of KAY'S WORDSELL'S Vegetable Restorative Pills, imported by

A. H. ERWIN & CO. These Pills supercede the use of Blue Mass, Calo-Yankees let us in turn disfranchise all Yankee trash | thoroughly; long ears, like leather aprons, and medicines and Yankee nostrums.

This Medicine can be had at Dr. Scarr's and Walker & Brother's, Charlotte, and at Dr. G. B. Powl-A. H. ERWIN, son's, Salisbury, and of Lincolnton, N. C. Sept. 30, 1867.

CHARLOTTE, Oct. 21, 1867. I have used some of the above mentioned Pills, (Kay's Wordsel's Vegetable Restorative Pills,) and can cheerfully say that I regard them as a safe and B. S. GUION, Eng. & Sup't. | country.

### Agricultural.

Hints for Farmers. Live Stock of all kinds should have the owners' daily supervision. If others do the work, his eyes should see that it is well done. Few hired men can be trusted to do things constantly according to directions. In the very cold weather there are constant temptation to consult his own ease rather than the comfort of the animals entrusted to his care. Feed and water regularly, only by the ravages of war, but also by the in- of the United States is now worth five billions and shelter all cattle in barns or sheds. Pine boards are cheaper than hay and grain. Keep salt within reach of horses, cattle, and sheep. A

Horses.-The horse above all animals wants careful handling. See that the shoes are well put on, and the caulks sharpened as icy weather approaches. Warm blankets save fodder and promote health.

Working Oxen should be kept shod and caulked, if used. Keep up the flesh by generous feeding. A lean working ox is poor property.

Cows.-Keep the stable clean and well bedded at night. Sprinkle plaster or dried peat upon the floors when cleaned out to save the by his own act, than to lose the whole under the shipments of the world. He says this country ammonia and to avoid injury to the eyes of the hammer of the sheriff. To sell a part to obtain has commenced her grand imperial course, with

Hogs .- Pork is made much more economically in warm than in freezing weather. Pay great attention to the quarters of the animals. Good sties with plenty of straw are cheaper than meal to keep up the animal heat. The pig is cleanly cannot get them at the North or abroad, for in his habits, and will keep himself clean if you neither capital nor labor will seek a country whose give him a dry lodging place and straw.

Monure.-Attend to its manufacture early and late, in summer and winter. Your success in husbandry depends mainly upon this article. It pays even upon good lands, by making them better, and securing larger and more economical crops. Be avaricious of fertilizers. It is often convenient to draw muck and peat from the banks of ditches that have been dug in the summer. We have found it quite practicable to dig muck in winter after the surface is frozen hard enough to bear teams. Some swamps are the grass, is in Europe an agricultural maxim. clear of the negroes. Several families who miaccessible at this time that cannot be approached in summer. A farmer can never have too much muck on hand, if he has an acre of meadow that

does not produce three tons of hay. year. Much of the success of farming depends us by stringent legislation get rid of the thousupon this item. For corn select sound ears, and ands of useless curs which infest the land, and those growing two ears upon a stalk. Keep the we will produce more and better wool and mutears in a dry, warm room, until thoroughly cured! Much poor seed corn is planted every year, and our middle region, along the Blue Ridge, is the people wonder why it does not come up. best dairy region on the continent. Most of the their leaving the State. We have as good soil, Early seed potatoes should be secured now. Northern States, including Wisconsin, are be-Burn up the old garden seeds and get a new stock from some reliable seedman. Doubtful seeds will not pay when good ones can be had for love or money.

### Different Breeds of Swine.

Without dwelling on the management of swine, or making a long preamble to the direct discussion of the subject, I will commence at they should, as Maryland has recently done, once to point out some of the points of the make liberal appropriation for the introduction

different breeds of these animals. The Berkshires will first be brought on the 'carpet." These swine are black, which color seems to be objectionable with many although not a serious fault They mature early, fatten well on limited quantities of food, and are excellent breeders. It is claimed that they are less liable to disease than any other breed and that their flesh is the most delicate pork, while the live animal is the most hardy. They have grown to an immense size, and are a good breed for crossing with others. Next we will call up the Suffolks. These were imported from England by James Stickney, of Boston. In their "native land" they are considered the most profitable breed. They possess most of the good qualities of the Berkshires, are not black like them, and if well kept and taken care of, they will make the best selling pork Until lately they were probably the leading breed of

this country. The Chester County White, seems to be the most popular breed at the present time They originated in Chester county Pennsylvania, and have been disseminated quicker than any other breed. The following are some of their "good points." They are pure white, have hair enough to stand a Northern winter, "fatten tions, Administrator's Bonds, and all other Blanks well at any age, are quiet and not inclined to roam, and fatten well in good clover pastures" They will make more pork in a given time with a given quantity of food than any other

The Essex is another breed of black or black valuable Packages safely and promptly. Messen- and white swine, and as yet but little known in this country. They are much admired in England more for the delicacy of their flesh than the size they attain, which is not as great as

many other breeds. The Chinese bogs are rather small, and are valuable chiefly for crossing with large coarsefleshed breeds. The fine quality of their flesh renders them especially valuable for this, while their small size condemns them for universal

There is a breed in the West known as Irish

quainted with them, I will not describe them. There are many, in fact, the chief part of the swine raised that belong to no particular breed, but are called by various names in dif-Health for the Southern Invalid, ferrent sections of the country. In one district they may be called Landpikes, in another Alligators, Elm Peelers, Prairie Rooters, Subsoilers, Potato Diggers and a host of other names equally appropriate. Their characteristics are in Chills and Fever, and will renew and invigorate long legs, ensuring great speed when pursued; the body. As we have been disfranchised by the long noses, capaple of stirring the earth long bodies. They are a long breed thoughout, require long feeding, and have been the universal stock for a long time. All of which is submitted by one who would rather grow pork than to eat it - Cor. Am. Stock Journal.

Laziness grows on people. It begins in cob-webs and ends in iron chains. The more busiefficient remedy for many disorders incident to our ness a man has the more he is able to accomplish; L. G. JONES, M. D. | for he learns to economize his time,

#### Agricultural Policy of the South. The opinion here given of the proper course

to be pursued by Southern land-holders may ruffle the pride of some, and may conflict with states that there are now thirty-seven thousand the ideas of others, as to the policy to be pursued miles of completed railway in the United States, in the material reconstruction of the South, but | which is at the rate of a thousand miles a year the writer, as one of the sufferers himself, trusts since the work of constructing them was begun. he may be excused for the utterance of honest | There are in the course of construction at the presopinions dictated by the deplorable condition to ent time about eighteen thousand miles additionsince their subjection.

That the entire agricultural system of fourteen States has been partially, or completely over- Japan, of all the Eastern world, must flow into thrown, and that another, more in accordance this country. We are now, he says, three thous-with their future condition is to be adopted, it is and miles ahead of England in our routes to mere folly to deny, and the sooner we make up China, Japan and the Indies. The command of our minds to accept the situation, and make the their trade will revolutionize the commerce of

best of it, the better for all. vious change to be made is in the extent of landed New York. Mr Wilson estimates that there is estates. These in most instances are far too large. and though it may wound the honorable pride of new States. He thinks the beginning of the the holder to alienate even a portion of his an- next century will find us a united country of 100 cestral acres, he had better part with that portion | States, with the control of all the great treasure capital wherewith to cultivate the remainder, is the control of the Eastern trade in her power, obviously the true policy; but can this be done? Can it be of general application? We fear not, the country will place us at over one hundred for where all are sellers, where are the buyers to come from? Under present circumstances we political status is undefined. Failing, then, in this, what is the next best course to pursue? in view of the grandeur and greatness of our Why, clearly to reduce the number of cultivated acres to an extent proportioned to the diminished labor, and increase the mowing and grazing land. Register. The system of enclosures should be done away with entirely, and every man be compelled to take care of his own stock, but if this be too ab- thirty families from Cabarrus county, North rupt a change we should at least get rid of the Carolina, and the adjacent country, recently left cross-fencing by keeping the grazing lands in a for Illinois. The reason assigned was short crops permanent pasture, and this, by the way, makes for several years, hard times generally, the unthe best grazing. The older the sod, the richer settled state of the country, and a desire to get Another thing to be done is to aim at greater grated to Illinois from Iredell county, N. C., have

has been too long running in one groove.

Why should we confine ourselves to four or Seeds.—Get a complete assortment for next | five staples when we might have a dozen? Let ton than the Northern States. The whole of coming large growers of hops, at remunerating prices, and yet there are hundreds of gardens in Virginia and Maryland in which hop vines have been flourishing from colinial times to the presnecessity of the moment is labor, and we should seek to obtain it through legislative action. No matter how great the debt of the States may be, of foreign labor. State Bureaus should be established for the express purpose, and capable, well paid agents sent abroad to demonstrate the immigrant by the Southern States, with their superior climate, lands cleared, roads made, choolhouses and churches already built, and proximity to the seaboard and large growing markets. The small rill diverted Southward from the great tide of immigration flowing to the wild lands of the West, will soon swell into a great stream of humanity, which will restore us to more than our prosperity .- Turf, Field and

WINTER PLOWING .- Of late years the severty of our winters has precluded the possibility of breaking up clay lands after November so as te let them lay fallow until the Spring for the purpose of exposing them to the action of frost. It however, there should be, as sometimes happens to be the case, couple of weeks, or even less of open weather the opportunity should be after it has been satisfied, merely to gratify the taken advantage of whenever there are soils of taste. a stiff and adhesive texture that require to be benefited by the disintegrating action of frost. We have often remarked that land in which sand predominates should not be winter ploughed; but that clay land, except when they are wet, will be greatly ameliorated by a winter

fallow. Fashion and Charity Among the Jews. It is but fair to acknowledge that the Jews are a charitable people. Like the Quakers they are never seen begging; the more fortunate among them belping their poorer brethren with a liberal hand. They do not, as a general thing, seek assistance among the people not of their own faith; on the contrary, they show a generousness and large heartedness toward "unbelievers" truly remarkable. Among numerous instances in corroboration of this statement, we may cite the will of Judah Touro, a wealthy and prominent citizen of New Orleans, who died some years ago, bequeathing the major part of his property to charitable institutions of all denominations More recently, (within a few Grazers, which are described as being "as long months,) Dr Simeon Abrahams, a native of as a rail" but are said to make an excellent New York, died leaving three hundred thous cross with the Berkshire or other large breeds. and dollars mostly to be divided among the The Bedford or Woburn, is an English breed hospitals, dispensaries, and asylums of this city. not generally introduced in this country and The Jewish Hospital, too is open free to persons of any and all faiths .- N. Y. Home Journal. therefore of minor importance. Not being ac-

A WASH FOR FRUIT TREES .- The Massa-

chusetts Piowman gives us this: "Take a pint of crude petroleum and a gallon and a half of soft soap. Mix intimately and let the mixture stand till the whole is intimately blended, and then dissolve in twenty gallons of water. It is perfectly safe on trees, and it will extirpate all kinds of insects that infest them where it comes in contact with them."

We have been shown by Mr William H. Oliver, some goods manufactured by the Rock Island Manufacturing Company, at Charlotte, N. in a heap, or that the brine may run off, or a C., which far excel any we have ever seen. The the botter bottom of the cask that it may run quality is excellent, the prices very low. They hole After they have lain one week, take them are far superior to any Northern goods at the ip and rub on the remainder of the salt and salt-same prices. Let the people of North Carolina petre, let them lay eight or ten days longer, then encourage North Carolina manufacture of the salt along. encourage North Carolina manufactories ord for take them up again and rub them with salt alone; ing and wearing these goods, and, or Journal lay them as before for another week, and they it, they will never regret it.—N. ern Journal are ready to smoke. of Commerce.

# The Wealth and Growth of the Country.

Mr Joseph S. Wilson, Commissioner of the General Land Office, in his just completed report,

which the planting States have been reduced, not al. Mr Wlison asserts that the domestic trade dustrial paralysis in which they have been held of dollars. Speaking of the Pacific Railroads now in process of construction or projected, he claims that the trade of the Indies, of China, of the world, and transfer the great commercial and Under the new system, the first, and most ob- financial centre of christendom from London to room enough on the great Pacific slope for forty and that the immigration and natural growth of

> millions of people by the year 1900. In view of these great and not extravagant calculations, how contemptible and evanescent appear the things that now disturb and embarrass us so seriously. Let us take heart, then and country, labor as men who deserve to form and direct such vast material agencies .- Raleigh

EMIGRATION FROM CABARRUS .- About diversity of production. Southern agriculture returned to live and die in the Old North State. Many who left are desirous to return likewise; but having spent their means, are unable to do so. They have discovered that, after all, there's

no place like home. - Norfolk Journal. Intelligent citizens of the State and in every county, ought to interest themselves in giving our people the necessary information, to prevent as good a climate, as many honest people, as healthy a country, as the world can produce. It is as good a State to live in, and is as near Heaven when we die, as any country in Christendom. ent, without care or attention. But the great This is no time to leave our old mother. Thousands who have gone away regret it, and many are coming back.

Ten Follies. To think that the more a man eats the fatter

nd stronger he will become. To believe that the more hours children study

at school the faster they learn. To conclude that if exercise is good for the health, the more violent and exhausting it is,

the more good is done. To imagine that every hour taken from sleep s an hour gained. To act on the presumption that the smallest

room in the house is large enough to sleep in. To argue that whatever remedy causes one to feel immediately better is "good for" the system, without regard to more ulterior effects. To commit an act which is felt in itself to be

orejudicial hoping that somehow or other it may

be done in your case with impunity. To advise another to take a remedy which you have not tried yourself without making special inquiry whether all the conditions are alike.

To eat a hearty supper for the pleasure experienced during the brief time it is passing down the throat, at the expense of a night of disturbed sleep, and a weary waking in the morning.

God's PROTECTION OF YOUNG DEER .- An old Canadian hunter declares that the reason why the wild deer are not killed when young (as they breed once a year, and are always surrounded by other animals which prey upon them, as dogs, wolves, bears, panthers, etc.,) is, that "no dog or other animal can swell the track of a doe or fawn, while the latter is too young to take care of itself!" He stated that be bad often seen it demonstrated. He had taken bis dogs over the grounds where he had just before seen them pass, and they would take no notice of the track, and could not be induced to follow when taken to the spot, while they would instantly discover the track of any deer not having young ones. This is but one proof of the adaptation of natural laws to preserve life when it most needs protection.

DON'T LOAF, BOYS .- Do something. If you don't go to school or can't get a situation that pays, still do something. Fix up things about home, repair fences, locks, doors, curtains -that done, and you can't get wages, work for somebody until your services are discovered to be valuable. Our wealthiest men sometimes worked for nothing, acquired a reputation for honest reliability, then gradually but slowly, rose to position Don't loaf. A loafer, if known, is shunned by every respectable person. Doloaf, boys.

CURING HAMS-The follow seen. To a have found the best of any Junce of saltpetre, common sized ham take ne salt to rub the ham and mix with it enome hams, you can lay them twice; after rubb eask, putting some sticks in