

THE WESTERN DEMOCRAT

W. J. YATES, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

January 14, 1868.

The State Convention

Assembles in Raleigh on Tuesday, 14th, for the purpose of forming a new Constitution for North Carolina.

We shall keep our readers correctly informed of the proceedings. It is hoped that the members of this body will be influenced by a disposition and desire to re-establish and maintain good feeling in the State as well as to restore the State to the Union.

We are a friend of reconstruction, (or, in other words, a friend to an early settlement of our national difficulties,) we are anxious that peace and quiet shall prevail in our good old State.

We used to be a "party man" of the "straitest sect," (and we may at some time be one again,) but from the commencement of the war to the present day we have not co-operated with any party as a party.

Let us all do whatever we can to encourage the Southern people to pay more attention to rebuilding their shattered fortunes and restoring the waste places, and less to party and party politics.

Correction.—Last week we published an account of Jefferson Davis' trip from Greensboro, N. C., through Charlotte, through South, in the memorable Spring of 1865.

Mention is made of a game of marbles which Mr. Davis, Gen. Breckinridge and others played with some boys at a gentleman's house near the Catawba River.

The Post Office at Sharon Station, on the W. L. Char. & Ruth. Railroad, called "Iron," has been re-opened. This will afford great convenience to that neighborhood.

Some inquiries have been made about the meaning of the military orders in regard to collecting debts. The orders bar the collection by law of all debts contracted previous to and during the war.

The Bankrupt Law.—The Bankrupt law has now been in operation, and yet there has been very little done under it. The principal reason of this is that, according to one clause in the bill, after the first year no bankrupt can get the benefit of it unless his assets amount to fifty per cent of his debts.

The above is an egregious error. The Bankrupt Law did not go into effect until last June, and therefore the 50 per cent clause will not take effect until next June.

The Cotton Tax.—It will be seen by the Congressional proceedings that the Senate has passed a bill suspending the tax on cotton for the year 1868. The tax is not taken off the last crop, but only suspended for the crop grown in 1868.

A tract of land was sold a few days since in Wake county for \$107, for which \$900 was offered before the war; a fine farm was sold for \$750, which was worth \$4,000.—Rat. Sentinel.

The above reminds us of some sales of land in this county at much better prices. At a sale at Aulick the other day, a tract of about 193 acres, ten miles from Charlotte, brought over \$10 an acre.

The coupons due 1st January, 1868, on the Bonds of the Charlotte & S. C. Railroad, are being paid at the National Bank of Charlotte.

New Advertisements. We direct special attention to the new advertisements in this issue. He who does not read the advertisements loses much valuable information.

Mutilated Currency.—City Bank of Charlotte. Schedule of the North Carolina Railroad. North State Washing Machine.

Agricultural.

We hope to see an increased interest on the part of all classes in the proper cultivation of the soil, and we have recently noticed with gratification communications from scientific and business men on the importance of changing the old customs and methods of farming in the South.

Col. Fremont, the Superintendent of the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad is taking a good deal of interest in the matter and has been arranging his freight charges so as to encourage farmers along the line of that Road to send early vegetables, fowls, and provisions generally to market by rail.

We make the following extract from a letter of Col. Fremont to the Secretary of the Wilson county Agricultural Society:

"A few years ago the cultivation of vegetables in large quantities for transportation five hundred miles or more to the large cities was unheard of. No one dreamed that such farming could be profitable. What do we see now? Vegetables and fruits carried to market many hundred miles in twenty-four hours, and at highly remunerative prices—such as the following: Green Peas in the pod selling in Baltimore in May at \$20 a barrel; Irish Potatoes \$8 a barrel; Cucumbers as high as \$45; Tomatoes a little later, at \$8 a bushel. These prices ten years ago, even, would have seemed fabulous. And remember that all this is within reach of our people who live within ten or fifteen miles of our railway line.

Peach and Apple trees should be set out immediately, and in large quantities, all along our line, and costs but little to raise these fruits, and they bring large profits. Strawberries can easily be raised by transporting the old roots to proper beds and manuring them. They yield abundantly the second year.

The labor question to which you allude is one that requires much thought and concert of action. I am not prepared at present to say what this Company will do. I am certain, however, if the present antagonism between the white owners of the soil and the colored laborers employed upon it continues one year longer, very decided and vigorous steps will be taken to import white laborers and attach them to the soil.

Removals. We note a change of Stores of several of our advertising patrons. Dr. Pritchard has removed to the building near the Mint; Wilson Bros. to the old Kahaweller store, and J. R. Heckscher to Wilson & Bros. old stand; Brem, Brown & Co's Hardware Establishment to Gates & Co's new building, and Barringer, Wolfe & Co. to the store vacated by Brem, Brown & Co.; McLeod & Steele to the new store next to Springs' corner, and A. Sinclair to his old stand on the corner; C. M. Query to the store formerly occupied by McLeod & Steele; D. H. Byerly to the store under the Mansion House; Kilgore & Curleton's Drug Store to the store next to Express Office; E. W. Groot to the store above the old Charlotte Bank, and W. R. Cochrane to Groot's old stand.

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The Stock of Cotton.

A writer in the New York Times gives the following figures in regard to the stock of cotton on hand in Liverpool and the weekly receipts, and argues that the price of Southern cotton will certainly advance:

"The Stock in Liverpool has fallen from 780,000 bales in September to about 400,000 at Christmas—a decline of 48 per cent, and is still declining. From July to Dec. 30, the shipments of cotton from Bombay to Liverpool have been but 80,000 bales, or less than 3,800 per week. The crop of Egypt can give an average of but 4,000 per week; Brazil can give an average of but 6,000 bales of 180 lbs. only, or but 2,400 American bales only; and all other countries outside of India and the Union cannot exceed 1,800 bales—an aggregate of but 12,000 bales per week. Liverpool requires 12,000 bales per week for export, and 48,000 per week for consumption; and if we do not send weekly 40,000 bales, her stock must decline; and since Oct'ber last we have not sent her on the average one half that quantity."

FRUIT TREES.—Now is the season to plant fruit trees. Everybody ought to plant a few trees every year, and thus add to the blessings of mankind. J. Lindley & Son, at New Garden, Guilford county, advertising that they are prepared to furnish trees and vines at short notice.

It has been heretofore understood that J. S. McCubbin, conservative, was elected from Rowan to the State Convention, and the result of the election was so announced by the newspapers. His majority was reported as 17. But Gen. Canby, in his election order, gives the seat to Isaac M. Shaver.

THE PORT OF WILMINGTON, N. C.—We have received from W. H. Daniel a statement showing the principal articles exported from Wilmington during the year 1867. We extract the total amounts as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Article Name and Amount. Includes items like Spirits Turpentine, Crude Turpentine, Rosin, Tar, Pitch, Cotton, Cotton Yarn, Cotton Sheeting, Pea Nuts, Lumber, Timber, Shingles, Staves, Juniper, Staves, Oak.

As compared with the exports of 1866, the above shows a large increase for 1867 of such articles as lumber, staves, shingles and pea nuts.

THE PRESIDENT'S TOAST.—At a banquet in Washington on the 8th of Jan. J. R. Johnson said in reply to a complimentary toast:

"In response to the allusion just made, I have no remark to make, other than to repeat the sentiment, to which utterance was given this night one year ago. That is 'No State, of its own will, has a right under the Constitution to renounce its place in, or to withdraw from, the Union; nor has the Congress of the United States, under the Constitution, the power to exclude or degrade any State, by reducing them to a mere territorial dependency under the Federal Union. The one is a disruption and a dissolution of the Government. The other is consolidation and the exercise of despotic power. The advocates of either are alike the enemies of the Federal Union and of our Republican form of government.'" [Great applause.]

GOVERNOR OF MASSACHUSETTS.—The Governor of Massachusetts, (who was elected by the Republican party,) in his message to the Legislature, makes the following sensible remarks:

"Let us make an end of liberal and unfeeling legislation; and, while compromising no principle for which we have contended, let us restore those lately in rebellion to equality of rights as speedily as is consistent with the national safety."

How Many Cabbages Per Acre?

The great cabbage growers about New York city generally calculate upon ten thousand heads per acre, allowing four superficial feet to each plant, which gives a surplus of three thousand feet for missing plants. We suppose the crop may average five cents a head, giving \$500 an acre, which, considering it is a second crop or third crop of the season, affords a pretty good return. Cabbages often follow peas, with which radishes or lettuce have been grown; and ground from which an early crop of potatoes has been taken is often planted with late cabbages. The soil of this crop must be rich and manure used sparingly. Hog manure is not approved in this vicinity; it is said that it produces "club-footed cabbages." The gardeners prefer rotation for this crop, though we have known cabbages grow upon the same spot a dozen years in succession. Near a city there is no doubt about the profitability of the crop, and we believe it a valuable one for food for cattle and sheep. It increases the flow of milk, but it does not improve the quality. Irrigation is valuable where cabbages grow, as they require a vast quantity of water as well as manure, with deep tillage and thorough cultivation.—N. Y. Tribune.

The above reminds us that the cabbage crop in this city and vicinity was a failure last year. After making a very promising start, the leaf withered and the stalk rotted off. This occurred at different stages of the plant—sometimes when it was half grown. We lost 1500 heads in that way. We do not think it was caused by either too much wet or dry weather, and but few bugs or worms could be found in the lot.

THE LATE ELECTION.—Gen. Canby reports to the War Department the result of the election held in North Carolina upon the question of holding a Convention in the State, as follows: "Number of votes cast for the Convention, 93,006; against the Convention, 32,961; persons registered but not voting, 48,354; informal votes, 63; total, 174,374. Number of votes cast on the question of Convention, 125,907; number required to hold the Convention 87,278; excess over the number required, 38,629; the majority in favor of Convention is 60,045. After deducting the number registered but not voting, there is shown an absolute majority of 11,501 for the Convention."

GEN. LONGSTREET.—We understand that as this gentleman was passing Knoxville on the cars, a few days ago, two police officers came into the car to serve on him a warrant of arrest for treason. As they had the name wrong, he denied that he was the man called for, and while they went out to correct it the train moved off. We had supposed that the General had proved his loyalty so fully by his reconstruction letter that he was in no danger of annoyance.—Charlotteville Chronicle.

The Convention of "Boys in Blue," at Philadelphia, have nominated Grant for the Presidency. It is stated that Grant has telegraphed Gen. Meade to remove none of Pope's appointees, except on charges and investigations.

The Senate has rejected Edmund Cooper, as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury. The government paid Pierpoint \$5,000 and Riddle \$3,000 for prosecuting Surratt.

Correspondence of the Democrat.

RALPHEN, N. C., Jan. 8, 1868. Correspondent left Charlotte on Monday night on the early train and proceeded to the office of the N. C. R. R. soon after leaving.

He did not propose to enlighten you in regard to the "wholesaler" men. The headquarters of the "wholesaler" men.

Yes, the Raleigh has taken place in Raleigh since I last wrote. Tucker Hall, with the store of Messrs. Tucker and Co. is a monument to the energy and public spirit of its projectors. Market Square has been partially rebuilt and several business blocks have still its southern border. The Barber's House is still kept by Mr. Blair in excellent order. The gubernatorial mansion is undergoing repairs, which are nearly completed. Business is every day and scarcity of money is the theme of everybody. The office of the Register is crowded from morning till night by persons desiring the provisions of the law, or those taking advantage thereof. The office of the Editor of the Standard is always full of visitors. Some on business, others seeking office, advice and the news. Mr. Holden certainly possesses Job's great virtue in being able to do nothing, and like his father, is always busy. I had the pleasure of seeing also the Juniper Editor of the Sentinel, Maj. Seaton Gales, so generally and favorably known by North Carolina troops as Adjutant General of Ramsey's Brigade.

Mr. Bunker, President of the N. C. R. R., passed on yesterday on his way to Newbern. Great energy is being displayed by Mr. T., and his Superintendent Mr. Anderson, in the management of this Road. Blessings upon them for themselves. The spirit of the Press and of the State is present shows the appreciation of the Juniper Editor of the Sentinel, Maj. Seaton Gales, so generally and favorably known by North Carolina troops as Adjutant General of Ramsey's Brigade.

VIDEVS. The Abrogating Bill. The following proceedings took place in the U. S. Senate on the 9th inst., on the subject of abolishing the existing State Governments in the South:

Mr. Morton called up his resolution, instructing the Judiciary Committee to report a bill abrogating the existing Governments in the rebel States and providing proper Governments in lieu thereof.

Mr. Frelinghuysen moved to amend, so as to make the reporting of the bill discretionary with the Judiciary Committee. Mr. Morton desired to test the sense of the Senate, directly upon the question. It was high time that Congress had defined its position. To his mind, the state of affairs, now existing in the rebel communities, had never been more alarming. Congress had, on the 2nd of March, declared the existing governments in those States as illegal and not affording proper security for life and property; and at that time Congress had provided military supervision, until such time as loyal governments could be established. To-day, the military authority, which they had set up, was obstructing the proper operation of the law, in some of those States, and upholding the existing rebel governments. [Mr. M. here set to the desk of the Secretary the acts of March 2nd, 1862, and read as follows:]

Gen. Hancock, in which the civil authority is declared supreme. It would be seen that Gen. Hancock, in this order, not only defied the power of Congress, but actually nullified and refused to execute its laws. As Gen. Hancock has confronted directly the Congress, it becomes a question as to which side will submit. He recognizes the authority of the civil tribunals, organized by the very State governments which Congress has declared to be illegal. There was danger that the work of reconstruction would fall by the very military power which they had raised up to forward it. At this crisis, it was incumbent on Congress to be true and consistent to itself and proceed to abrogate these Governments. If the amendment of Mr. Frelinghuysen was adopted, it would mean nothing. He (Mr. M.) waited a peremptory order to this Committee to bring in a bill immediately, and he desired the Senate to so order.

The further consideration was postponed. On the evening of the 24th of December, the people of that part of Greene co., N. C., near Fountain Hill, were much excited and alarmed to learn that a band of robbers was in the neighborhood, armed & prepared for robbery & murder. Two negroes, John Dixon and Hardy Coward, gave information concerning these desperadoes, and with others commenced operations to arrest them. In a short time Needham Speight, alias Needham Evans, and John Dunn alias Custis, alias John Miller, were overtaken and arrested. These negroes had three double barrel guns, two pistols and one dirk; three sacks of clothes; ladies fine dresses; ladies underclothing; pants, vests, shoes, and a decanter of old peach brandy &c. &c. The next morning, Christmas, the place in the woods where they had stopped the day before, was discovered. Here were found the notes, bonds, bankstock, &c., of Willis Briery, whom they had robbed and murdered the day before. These sundrels confessed that they shot Briery, robbed and beat Taylor; shot C. M. A. Griffin; and that it was their intention to rob the Stores at Fountain Hill, and also F. M. Pittman's about a mile distant, the very night they were arrested. Lewis Curtis, alias Lewis Cogdel was with Evans and Miller, but had left them the morning before, after more they were arrested at night, to go to Kinston, after more they had left them to rob Fountain Hill. We were more than pleased to learn, at Kinston, that a large number of arrests had been made of parties implicated in these outrages, and that about thirty were safely lodged in the Jails, at Greenville, Snow Hill, and Kinston.—Newbern Journal of Commerce.

If such villains were hung as soon as caught and depredation and murders were soon stop.

CHARLOTTE MARKET, January 13, 1868. CORRECTED BY STEPHENS, MACALAY & CO. Cotton.—The advance noted in our last report was checked early in the week, and resulted in a decline of one cent in New York, continuing steady here however at 10 1/2 to 10 3/4 cents for middling grades, purchaser paying tax. Sales for the week 185 bales. Flour, per sack from wagons, \$5.65 to \$5.75. Corn, \$1.05 to \$1.10 per bushel. Corn Meal, \$1.15. Peas, 90 cents to \$1.00. Oats, 55 to 60 cents. Wheat, \$2 to \$2.25 as to quality.

Bacon.—Baltimore Bacon is selling from stores at 17 cents. Fresh Pork, 10 1/2 to 11 1/2 cents; Chickens, 20 to 25 cents. Liver Salt, \$2.75. Molasses, 65 cents to \$1 per gallon. Corn Whiskey and Apple Brandy, \$2.25 to \$2.50—market well supplied.

Latest News.

MARKETS. NEW YORK, Jan. 11.—Cotton firmer at 10 1/2 cents. Gold 1.38 1/2. LIVERPOOL, Jan. 11.—Cotton firm. Uplands 7 1/2 pence on spot; to arrive 7 1/4. Orleans 7 1/2.

WASHINGTON NEWS. The proceedings in the Supreme Court are attracting intense interest. The impression that the Bench will decide adversely to the constitutionality of the Reconstruction Acts gains ground. Judge Black moved that a day be appointed for hearing ex parte the McCullough case; but Mr. Stanberry, Attorney General, objected to arguing the case on behalf of the Government, because he had written opinions sustaining the other side. The matter was deferred, upon Stanberry's suggestion, until the Government could arrange to appear by some other counsel.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 10.—Judge Trigg, of the U. S. District Court for Tennessee, has pronounced the law enfranchising the blacks null and void.

INDIANA DEMOCRATS.—The Democratic State Convention of Indiana met on the 9th inst. Every county in the State was represented. Hendricks was nominated for Governor. The resolutions urged the abolition of National Banks, the repeal of the iniquitous tariff acts, oppose negro suffrage, endorse Johnson's reconstruction policy, compliment Hancock, and recommend Pendleton to the National Convention for President.

OHIO.—The Democratic Convention nominated Pendleton for President. The resolutions condemn Congressional usurpation, oppose negro suffrage, urge the taxation of bonds and their payment in greenbacks, and the protection of foreign born citizens.

MARRIED. In York District, on the 9th inst., by the Rev. J. C. Chalmers, Wm. McCallan of Charlotte, N. C., to Miss M. E. Stewart. In Statesville, on the 2d inst., Mr. Joseph Shuford to Miss Kate Hubbard. Near Statesville, by the Rev. W. W. Pharr, Mr. Shober Hall to Miss Martha R. Adams. In Irrell county, on the 1st inst., Adolphus L. Goodman to Miss M. Emma Flyler. In Gaston county, on the 5th inst., E. Pasour, Esq., Mr. Henry Linderman to Miss Emma Spitzbergen. In the Methodist Church, in Salisbury, on the 2d inst., Rev. Wm. H. Wheeler, of the North Carolina Conference, to Miss Lottie Kluttz. On the 30th ult., at the Methodist Church in Wadesboro, by Rev. A. M. Kennedy, Capt. John M. Little of Wadesboro, to Miss Mary C. Steele of Georgia.

DIED. In this city, on the 8th inst., Sophia Jones, daughter of W. J. and Mary Sprinkle, aged 16 months. In Irrell county, on the 20th of November, Mr. John R. Patterson, in the 77th year of his age. Mr. Patterson had long been a member of the Presbyterian Church in the Legislature. In Lincoln county, on the 6th inst., Hon. Wm. Lander. He was a kind and generous man in all the relations of life. In Salem, on the 2d inst., Mrs. Anna Shober, relict of the late Col. Emanuel Shober, aged 69 years. Mrs. Shober was a prominent member of the Moravian Church, and highly respected and esteemed. In Goldsboro, on the 22d ult., James H. Everitt, Esq., aged 42 years. He was a prominent member of the Bar of his town, and twice represented the county in the Legislature. In Anson county, on the 2d ult., Marcus C., only son of John Grady, Esq., in the 26th year of his age. In Wadesboro, on the 10th ult., Mrs. Harriet J., wife of John Boylin, in the 42d year of her age. In Rowan county, on the 16th ult., Mrs. M. E. Allison, wife of T. A. Allison, aged 18 years, 8 months and 8 days.

Plantation to Rent. I offer to Rent for the year 1868, my "Davis Plantation," about 3 miles from Charlotte. There is a dwelling and outhouses on the place. January 13, 1868. T. H. BREM.

Professional Card. CHARLOTTE, N. C., Jan. 1, 1868. The subscriber is engaged in an office practice at the New Drug Store, corner Trade and College street. Persons wishing Medical attention can find him at the above named place at all hours of the day and until a late hour of the night. Having been engaged in the practice of Medicine for about twelve years at his former residence, Elizabeth City, N. C., he hopes to merit a share of your patronage. JAS. N. BUTT, M. D.

JUST RECEIVED. At the Corner of Trade and College Streets, a fresh supply of the very best KEROSENE. We are selling large quantities of this Oil. It will burn longer and is much safer than a more volatile Oil. DR. JAS. N. BUTT. Just received at the Drug Store of Jas. N. Butt, a fresh supply of Linsed and Machine Oil. Also, Spirits Turpentine. Jan. 13, 1868. DR. JAS. N. BUTT.

Notice to Debtors. Those indebted to J. Buxbaum & Co. must make settlement without delay, as we expect to change our business in a short time, and are obliged to collect outstanding accounts. We earnestly request our debtors to give us a call and make some arrangement, Jan. 13, 1868. J. BUXBAUM & CO.

HIDES WANTED. I will pay the highest market cash price for Green and Dry HIDES. W. A. COOK. Jan. 13, 1868. Near corner Drug Store

S. GROSE & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in GROCERIES, PROVISIONS & FAMILY SUPPLIES, Consisting of Coffee—Rio, Laguayra and Java; Sugars—all grades; Teas—Black and Green; Buckwheat, Oat-meal, Molasses, Syrup, Bacon, Salt, Crackers, Cheese, Candles, Soap; Yarns—Linen-berger and Concord Mills. Call and see us before buying elsewhere. Rags taken in exchange for Goods. The highest market prices paid for Corn, Flour, Peas, Meal and other country Produce by S. GROSE & CO., Nearly opposite the Post Office. January 12, 1868.

New Crop Cuba Molasses, NOW LANDING. Ex Brig Prentiss Hobbs, direct from Carlens—319 HHDS. and 40 Tierces, Cuba Molasses, in bright new Packages. For sale from Wharf Low for Cash. O. G. PARSLEY & CO. Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 13, 1868. 2w

Land for Rent. In Lots of 25, 50 or 100 acres, to suit parties. The land is in a fine state of improvement and yields well either Corn, Cotton or Oats. Four or five white families could be pleasantly and profitably located. Apply to J. S. or R. A. Davidson, Davidson's Crossing, W. C. & R. Railroad, Gaston county, N. C. January 13, 1868. 2w

MECKLENBURG FEMALE COLLEGE, CHARLOTTE, N. C., Jan. 11, 1868. Messrs. Barnhardt and Houston:—We use the "North State Washing Machine" at the College, and are happy to state that it gives entire satisfaction. It is admirably constructed, and can be heartily recommended. MRS. C. F. STACY.

GARDEN SEEDS, (NEW CROP.)

At Wholesale and Retail. A large supply of fresh Garden Seeds, consisting of every variety of Seeds, Peas, Beans, &c., White and Red Onion Sets, Clover Seed, &c., &c.

For sale at SCAR'S DRUG STORE, January 13, 1868.

Mecklenburg Female College, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. A. G. STACY, A. M., PRESIDENT. This Institution is in successful operation, about 120 pupils having been enrolled since the opening of the present Session. All the Departments are filled by competent and tried instructors. I. Literary and Scientific Branches.—The President with Prof. J. L. Jones and Miss M. J. Lee. II. Manual Department.—Prof. Reuckert and Mrs. A. Warren. III. Painting and Drawing.—Mrs. E. K. Moore. IV. French.—Monsieur A. Gagnier. V. Social and Domestic Duties.—Mrs. C. F. Stacy. VI. Primary Department.—Mrs. Emma L. Reuckert. VII. Lectures on Anatomy, &c.—Dr. J. B. Jones. John Brown, Esq., is the Financial Agent. We are determined to afford to all pupils the best advantages. The exercises will continue without vacation until the 9th of July. Rates moderate. The College Magazine, "The Carrier Dove," will be issued during the present month. An elegant Quarterly, 48 pages, \$1 per annum. Address, Rev. A. G. STACY, Charlotte, N. C. Jan 13, 1868. 2w

LINCOLN FEMALE SEMINARY.

The exercises of this Institution was resumed on the 13th January, 1868. The session will continue Thirty Weeks, closing on the 7th August ensuing. The School is not denominational. The boarders will attend the Churches designated by their parents. The charges are made as low as possible. CORPS OF INSTRUCTORS. T. W. BREVARD—Ancient Languages, Logic and Rhetoric. Rev. Mr. DAVIS—Moral and Intellectual Philosophy, Chemistry, Physiology and Ancient Geography. Rev. Mr. BARR—Mathematics and Nat. Philosophy. Mrs. BREVARD—English Branches and Social Duties. Miss WALKER—English Branches. Miss MAYS—Vocal and Instrumental Music and French. ASSISTANT INSTRUCTRESS in Music and French. Mrs. RAMBOUR—Drawing, Painting and Ornamental Work. For particulars apply to T. W. BREVARD, Principal, January 13, 1867. Lincoln, N. C.

NEW GARDEN NURSERY.

The Old Pioneer Nursery-man is once more before the public with 25,000 Fruit Trees & Grape Vines For Winter and Spring sales of 1868. Our stock has been raised since the war and is young and thrifty. Persons wishing to plant Orchards will do well to give us a call, as the Senior Proprietor has over 40 years experience in the business, and knows what to cultivate to suit the country and please the people. Prices to suit the times. Seed for Circular containing Price List, &c. Nursery located 5 miles West of Greensboro, N. C. Address, J. G. LINDLEY & SON, New Garden, Guilford Co., N. C. January 13, 1868. 8w

REMOVAL.

C. M. Query Has removed his Stock of Goods from Duke's Store, (opposite the Court House