[FOR THE CHARLOTTE DEMOCRAT.]

Settlement of Western North Carolina.

The settlements in our State advanced mostly from the East towards the West, and the last County cut off included all West of its Eastern line, with an indefinite boundary on the west.

Thus, Anson county in 1749 was taken from Bladen, and included for a time all the west part of the State-one half of it. We have seen Deeds for land in Iredell county when it was a part of Anson. After describing the line which separates the new county from the old, the language of the Act is: "and that all the inhabitants to the westward of the aforementioned dison county," with no fixed boundary on the west.

In the same way, in 1762, and by similar langnage, Mecklenburg was cut off from Anson, including all the inhabitants west of the dividing | The homestead is not altogether prospective-at

Again, in 1768, Mecklenburg was dividedthe Catawba River made the line-and Tryon county was made the most western one. This was named after Wm. Tryon, the royal Governor, who came into office in 1765, and, as Wheeler says, "for six years he ruled the State with the temper of a despot, and the rod of a tyrant." Becoming unpopular, after the revolution in 1779, the name of Tryon was abolished, and that county was divided into two new counties, by a worth and south line, establishing Lincoln on the east, and Rutherford on the west. So it remained till 1842, when Catawba county was taken from Lincoln on the north side, and Gaston on the south side in 1846, making three new counties out of Lincoln. Now, a man born in what is now Gaston county on or before 1762 (when that territory was a part of Auson county), from that date to 1768 he would have been in Mecklenburg; from 1768 to 1779 he would have been in Tryon; from 1779 to 1846 he would have lived in Lincoln, and since that date in Gaston. From 1762 to 1846 is only 84 years, and there are many now living older than that. So that a man, (such as old Mr Grissom of Gaston, who died at a very advanced age last year,) may have fived all his life on the same spot and vet may have lived in fire counties-Anson, Mecklenburg, Tryon, Lincoln and Gaston. Davidson College, March 4th. E. F. R.

The President and Congress.

The intelligent correspondent of the Baltimore Sun writes from Washington under date of March 3d, as follows:

The condition and temper of the public mind | can. bere to day has been in strong contrast with the extraordinary excitement and tone of feeling one week ago. All is quiet, though there is much discussion of the impeachment articles, the probable result of the trial in the Senate, the effect of a verdict of guilty in case the Senate should convict, &c. Dispassionate critics express surprise at the weakness of the impeachment articles and the paucity of facts set forth therein to constitute secure a verdict of guilty upon trial in the Sen- guine of success .- Asheville News. ate, whilst the democrats and conservatives regard the articles as an utter failure to make a case for the solemn consideration of a high court of impeachment, and they believe, confidently, that

Mr Johnson will be acquitted. manifested in working out the effect of the re- Synod, will convene in Emanuel's Church, Union moval of Mr Johnson and the installation of Mr | County, N. C., on Friday before the 5th Sunday Wade into the White House. Upon the ques- in March, 1868. As questions of great importion as to the impression such a result will pro- tance will be considered, a full attendance is conduce among the voters for President next Novem- | fidently expected. ber there is conflict of opinion; but the most diffi-cult queries are involved in the probable status of Ohio in the United States Senate if Mr Wade shall succeed Mr Johnson in the executive chair.

In this discussion among the radicals the following questions are put:

First. Is Mr Johnson the President, or is he Vice President, acting as President, or does not the Constitution make him absolutely President? The committee on the articles of impeachment a case of cruelty rarely if ever equalled in this appear to have decided this query for themselves. and hold that Mr Johnson is President, whether whipped to death-beaten from day to day for ex officio, or how, does n t appear, but that he is President-else Chief Justice Chase cannot pre-

of the Senate?

he is Senator from Chio; and does his elevation | On seeing them approaching, he stopped whipto the Presidency of the United States, or acting ping and drove his son into a kitchen. And as such, vacate his office of Senator? Is he still after the children had passed. he went into the Senator from Ohio while acting as President of kitchen, tied the young man by the feet, threw the United States? He is, while acting as Presi- the rope over a joist log, and hauled him up in dent of the Senate, yet a Senator; does his ac- that position, his hands barely touching the floor. cession to the White House take him out of the He then commenced beating him with his usual Senate? He is only Vice-President pro tempore, weapons. The sister of the young man, about because he is a Senator; is the Senator the foundation of both elevations?

of his promotion to the Presidency of the United on the floor dead. republican. Such are some of the problems and for, when the foregoing facts were brought to light.

sufficient importance to give us pause." of Ohio. It is presumed that the President will Salisbury North State. be allowed for counsel the same number of gentlemen as constitute the managers on the part of the House, viz: seven.

PEACHMENT .- The Senate consists of forty-three | Charlotte, N. C. radicals and ten democratic conservatives. By a provision of the constitution "no person shall thirds of the members present," which, in the curic sities and most of the animals, were burned taxes had been levied. present case, would be thity-six, so that the radi- to day; loss \$500,000-insured for \$150,000. cals have enough votes to insure the conviction The giraffe, valued at \$20,000, will die from and, in his remarks, said that this was the "sigof the President and seven votes to spare, if burns; a pair of tigers were burned, valued at | nal gun" of the war between "numbers and propevery Senator who was elected as a radical shall \$25,000; the gorilla was burned. Twenty eight erty." He believed that property should bear allow his political hostility to President Johnson animals were burned. to overcome his sense of duty.

[We think that the Senate consists of 42 Radicals

and 11 Democrats.]

The Secretary of Treasury decides that iron within the past few weeks. cotton ties are subject to a duty of one and a half eent per pound. Beard's patent lock to be only

North Carolina News,

MAIL ROUTES .- We are authorized by the Special Agent, Dr. Jobe, to state that the Department at Washington declines at present owing to the heavy expenses it is incurring, to add to the mail routes beyond those already advertised and let. This is stated for information. especially to those who are asking for new routes.

We are satisfied that Dr. Jobe has made every far failed from the cause above given .- Raleigh

HOMESTEADS .- On Saturday, 29th February the Convention amended the majority report on viding line shall belong to and appertain to An- homesteads as follows: providing for \$500 worth of personal property and \$1,000 worth of real estate; the estate being conveyable on the assent | Heaton accepted it. of the wife. This is a very liberal provision. least, that matter is left for the decision of the 12th inst., but if the work is incomplete, that Supreme Court.—Raleigh Standard.

The Convention has not yet finally settled the

Col. C. A. Cilley, of Caldwell, was in the village this week attending to his duties as Register in Bankruptcy. We learn that he has accepted the Judgeship offered him by Governor Worth, and left vacant by the resignation of Judge Fowle, of the 4th Judicial District. Col. Cilly does not know whether he will have to relinguish his situation as Register or not .- Rutherfordton Vindicator.

STAY WHERE YOU ARE!-We learn upon good authority that, while people are leaving North Carolina, and selling their lands for a Northwestern States, where they have to pay enormous prices for lands, the people of that section, through agents, and otherwise, are using arrangement of the Constitution, Messrs. Heaton, the same money to purchase lands in North Carolina. Capitalists from the New England States, are likewise engaged in investing their gains in Southern lands and other property. It cannot perceive that North Carolina, especially, Marshall with its climate, soil, minerals, schools, churches, cannot long remain neglected. The keen vision of avarice and cupidity, of strangers, in a less time publican.) than ten years, will induce them to possess the homes of our citizens, and riot in plenty and comfort, while the latter, who sell out and emigrate, houses, a penitentiary, &c. will in all probability, wander in poverty, in search of the "best place," which their lives will be too short for them to find .- Statesville Ameri-

Company, in this place, was sold, on Thursday claimed that it was intended not only to relieve last at public auction, and was knocked down to the debtor, but also the creditor, and that it con-Wm. P. Little, of Ansonville, at \$1,550, currentained no taint of repudiation. He read extracts cy. - Wadesboro Argus.

THE FIRST CHEESE FACTORY.—We are pleased to chronicle the fact that a responsible company has been formed, buildings erected, and a crime or misdemeaner, and the absence of proof | the machinery ordered, for the manufacture of of criminal intent on the part of the President, cheese in this county. It is in the hands of Generally, however, the republicans appear to such persons as will assuredly give the enterprise consider the articles as reported by the commit- a complete trial. A competent Cheese Maker tee sufficient to sustain the impeachment and from New York is engaged in it, who feels san-

> having resigned the Presidency of this Bank, Maj. Jno. Hughes has been elected.

CONFERENCE NOTICE.—The Southern Con-Among the radicals there is some interest ference of the Evangelical Lutheran Tennessee A. J. Fox, Sec'y. Lincolnton N. C., February 20th, 1868.

Awful Murder.

Young Harris, (negro,) was committed to 48, nays 42. ail in Salisbury on Saturday evening, charged by the Coroner's Jury of inquest, of having mur- the subject postponed. dered his step-son, a young man of about 18 years of age. The circumstances as detailed by the witnesses examined by the Coroner, make up Committee on Privileges and Elections in the himself. Mr Abbott said that the amendment part of the State. The victim was litterally more than a week, sometimes with hickories, at other times with a leather strap, at others with a rope; and still at other times with a paddle. Second. If he is President, does it follow that On last Thursday morning, his unnatural father Mr Wade is Vice President, or only President | commenced the chastisement before it was day, and kept it up until some school children were Third. If he is only President of the Senate, passing near his house on their way to school. grown, said this was the condition of things when she left the house to go to the spring for water: levy a special tax to pay the interest annually; Fourth. If he be no longer Senator by reason and that when she returned her brother was lying and the General Assembly shall have no power

States, how is Ohio to be informed of the va- During the day the family dressed the corpse cancy in her Senatorship? By whom is that for burial. But when the news got out that the State to be notified, and when? If such vacancy | young fellow was dead, previous rumors of cruel and notification occur whilst the Ohio Legisla- treatment by Harris, induced some of the white ture is in session-and it will likely be in session men of the neighborhood to call at his house and for three months—a democrat will succeed Mr inquire into the case, when they discovered ple of the State, and be approved by a majority lenburg county, N. C., was lost before it reached me. Wade in the United States Senate. If the Leg- enough to warrant them in insisting that the of those who shall vote thereon." islature shall not be in session when the vacancy | corpse should be exhibited. This was opposed occurs, Governor Hays will of course, appoint a by Harris, but the Coroner was immediately sent

possibilities that are revolving in the minds This man, Harris, is a tolerably well informed of leading radicals, who say They are of man,—can read and write, and is said to be a that a capitation tax shall be laid between the Wolfe & Co., near the Charlotte Hotel, is offered for sort of preacher and doctor. Other members ages of 21 and 45, instead of 21 and 50. The Rent. The Store is 80 feet long with basement, and The President has not yet selected his counsel of his family have also shared his cruelty : Even amendment was rejected. for the trial, but among those named as likely to his wife, on being examined, was found scared; Mr Tourgee objected to the 1st section of the be retained are Benjamin Curtis, David Dudley and other members, four children, from fifteen majority report as cumbrous. He moved to sub-Field, Charles O'Conor and Mr Brady, of New years old down, were all severely marked by whip-York; Judge Black, of Pennsylvania; Hon. ping-one boy, some 12 or 14 years old, so badly Wm. S. Greesbeck and Senator elect Thurman, damaged that he is unfit for any kind of work .-

THE AIR LINE RAHROAD .- The Georgia Convention unanimously resolved to request Congress to make a Liberal appropriation for the THE UNITED STATES SENATE AND IM- building of the Air Line Road from Atlanta to

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN NEW YORK .- New be convicted without the concurrence of two- York, March 3 .- Barnum's Museum, with the

> been an unexpected blessing to the Southern more nor less than an unjust crusade against people, whose business has wonderfully increased property,-laying enormous and extravagant

The Southern Accident Insurance Company of Lynchburg, Va., has determined to wind up. the question, next occupied the floor.

N. C. CONVENTION

MONDAY, March 2. Mr Andrews presented a petition for a divorce between certain parties. Mr Blume, a petition of the same character. Referred. Mr Heaton offered a resolution that the Con-

vention shall adjourn on the 12th inst. Harris of Wake (col.), a resolution providing effort to increase our mail facilities, but has thus that the roll shall be called each morning; and another resolution that no member receive pay after the 15th inst.

On motion of Mr Heaton, the rules were suspended to take up his resolution, setting apart the 12th instant for adjournment.

Mr Rodman moved an amendment that, after the 12th inst., no member shall receive pay. Mr

Mr Candler offered a substitute, "that it is the sense of this Convention that we adjourn on the this Convention have the power to rescind its action in this case." Carried.

By Mr Candler, a resolution approving the impeachment of President Johnson; and giving thanks to Congress for so doing. Lies over.

Mr Watts' ordinance, prohibiting the collection of all debts based upon the purchase or hire of slaves, and all debts contracted to sustain the necessary. He was not willing to repudiate any debt except for the purchase or hire of slaves.

Mr Candler offered an amendment: "Provided, that debts contracted for the purchase or hire of slaves, prior to January, '63, shall be collected." Mr Graham of Orange, moved to lay the ordimere song, and emigrating to Illinois and other nance on the table. The motion was put to a

vote and prevailed. The President announced as committee on final Nicholson and Rodman.

TUESDAY, March 3. Mr Forkner from the committee on privileges and elections in the case of John M. Marler of

must be a short sighted person, nay, a fool, who Yadkin, reported against him in favor of Mr After a long quarrel about the matter, the railroads, water power, and other advantages, Convention decided to turn cut Mr Marler (con-

servative), and put in his place Mr Marshal (re-A portion of the day was occupied with propositions to build charitable institutions, work-

ANOTHER RELIEF ORDINANCE.

The Ordinance of Relief, introduced by Mr Rodman, some weeks ago, was the special order. Mr Rodman took the floor, and proceeded to The building of the Wadesboro' Bank explain the ordinance, section by section. He from letters from gentlemen thoroughly identified with the Republican party, telling him that if the Convention did not pass some such measure before they adjourned, that the Constitution would be overwhelmningly defeated.

Mr Congleton opposed the bill. Mr Hodnett said that this whole cry of relief came not from the poor working man, but from the rich man-the large land-holder. They were crying out for relief from debts that they oved to poor men. Is this justice? Is this right? NATIONAL BANK OF NEWBERN .- Col. Heaton In the course of his remarks he characterized the homestead report, recently submitted to this Convention, and this measure of relief and others like it, to be nothing more nor less than repudiation. He would protest against it.

Mr Jones of Washington, spoke long and earnestly against the measure.

Mr Rodman moved the previous question. Mr King of Lenoir, wished to speak upon this subject, but was not allowed to do so by loud

cries of "question, question." The call for the previous question was sustained, and the yeas and nays were called upon the passage of this ordinance, and resulted, yeas

This vote was afterwards reconsidered, and

WEDNESDAY, March 4. Mr Fullings presented the report from the case of the contested seat, now occupied by Mr | could be passed over without his objection. It that Lorenzo Hall (Republican,) is entitled to it. | adopted.

Report of the Committee on Finance. The Report was read. Mr Tourgee said he saw no provision made for paying the old debt of the State. He offered, as section 4, a provision, to the effect that the Legislature, after 1880, shall tax real and personal estate, and the sum realized shall be set apart as a Sinking Fund for

the payment of the public debt. Mr Abbott offered a substitute for section 4, the matter. After some little debate it was as follows: "Until the Bonds of the State shall adopted. be at par, the General Assembly shall have no power to contract any new debt or pecuniary obligation in behan of the State, except to supply a casual deficit, or for suppressing invasion or insurrection, unless it shall, in the same bill, to give or lend the credit of the State in aid of any person, association, or corporation, except to such Railroads and other works of Internal Improvements, as are unfinished, and in which the State has a direct pecuniary interest, unless the

Mr Abbott addressed the Convention upon the various features of the report in a speech of

In the 1st section, Mr King, of Lenoir, moved

stitute the 1st section of the minority report. Mr King, of Lenoir, desired to know how the

poor of a county was to be supported, how bridges erected, &c., and other county expenses defrayed, when the poll tax is levied for a special purpose? It would be well, perhaps, to limit poll taxes, &c. Now, the Convention takes away the power to collect private debts, and imposes heavy taxes. He believed the proposed arrangement! impracticable.

Mr Colgrove said that the people would be much better pleased if the poll tax went for educational purposes. In his county, excessive poll-

Mr Rodman opposed Mr Tourgee's amendment. its just proportion of the tax, but this spirit of agrarianism, which such legislation would cause The recent advance in the price of cotton has to spread over the State, would result in nothing taxes upon property,—without keeping within a fair and equitable proportion.

Various gentlemen, taking different sides of

Mr Graham, of Orange, desired to know where one million and a half of dollars was to be raised

annually. Where is it to come from? Say that the poll tax will bring in two hundred thousand dollars. Now, can that be thrown away? You say tax property; well, that will drive men from the State. Let us keep the first article as it is. A moderate poll tax will be necessary. He would like to see the taxes raised from one race applied to their education, but, anyways, we will have to face a million and a half every year. Where is it to come from, if two hundred thous-

and is to be taken from the poll? The question recurring upon Mr Tourgee's amendment, the yeas and nays were called for and, the call being sustained, the roll was called and stood, yeas 27, nays 80.

The section was then adopted. In section 2, Mr French of Chowan, moved to add the following words: "But in no one year shall more that 25 per cent thereof be applied to the latter purpose." The Chairman of the Com-

mittee accepted it. Mr Tourgee moved to strike out all after the word "education," including Mr French's amendment. Hood (col.), hoped the amendment offered by Mr Tourgee would be rejected. He thought it just as necessary to make some provision for the poor man as for educational purposes. rebellion, coming up, Mr Watts said this subject | Besides, it would be urged by a certain class that did not enter into repudiation, except so far as property was being taxed to support colored people, they being the poorest class. The amendment was put to a vote and lost. The section

was then adopted. Section 3 was read, when Mr Rodman offered an amendment, so that the General Assembly could tax trades, franchises, professions and incomes. He said that the object was this: as the section stood, neither bar-keepers, inn-keepers, or shows of any description whatever, could be taxed, or lawyers or other professions. The Legislature ought to be allowed, at all events, to tax shows, bar-keepers, hotels and saloons. They are able to pay.

Mr Heaton endorsed the section as it stood, and thought Mr Rodman's amendment was en-

tirely unnecessary. Mr Rodman added the following provision to his amendment: Provided, that no income shall be taxed when the property itself, from which the income is derived, is taxed. The amendment was adopted. The section, as amended,

Section 4 was read. The question recurred apon Mr Tourgee's substitute.

Mr Holt moved to strike out "shall" and in-

Mr Abbott and Mr Heaton opposed it. Mr Tourgee said, by the insertion of the word

side door into a back alley. He had fought the man, Sprague and Williams. 6th article of the Bill of Rights, assuming the old | The Clerk of the House announced the passage | full line of choice Family Greceries, consisting in State debt, like a man. It is now settled, and I of the impeachment articles, and the appointment part of fine Rio and Laguayra Coffees, different am now amazed at this barefaced attempt at re- of managers. The Secretary of the Senate was

Mr King of Lenoir, replied that a change had | ready. come over the "spirit of his dreams," and went on to urge Mr Hobbs' amendment.

Mr Rodman spoke for some time in opposition to it, saying that Mr King appeared in a new character-that of a repudiator. (Mr King denied the charge.) Mr R. continued: Now in less than 12 years North Carolina would be able to pay the interest on her debts, &c.

Mr King: How about private debts? Mr Redman: We give private individuals ten years to pay and the State twelve to get ready

Mr Hobbs' amendment was put to a vote and

The question recurred upon Mr Tourgee's section, to come in between sections 3 and 4, as section 4, which was adopted. The substitute of Mr Abbott for section 4 next

came up. Mr A. said that its provisions were so plain, that he did not think it necessary to dis-

Mr Heaton desired further consideration of this amendment. He was not ready to commit Williams, of Sampson, Conservative, declaring was accordingly passed over. Section 4 was then

The question recurred on the report, as whole, as amended. The yeas and nays were called, and the vote stood, yeas 83, nays 15.

THURSDAY, March 5. Mr McDonald of Chatham, called up his ordinance in regard to relieving H. B. Guthrie, Sheriff of Orange, of a fine of \$1,000. A letter was read from the Public Treasurer in regard to

By permission, Mr Rodman introduced an ordinance extending the time for the registration

Mr Williams of Sampson, (conservative.) was turned out and his seat given to Mr Hall, (republican.) A good deal of discussion took place before the act was accomplished.

NOTICE.

A Land Warrant, No. 47,783, for 80 acres, under act of 1855, issued to Mary Caldwell, widow of Joshua, deceased, and sent to A. S. Wallace of York District, subject be submitted to a direct vote of the peo- S. C., and sent by him to Col. Wm. M. Grier of Meck-All persons are forewarned against using the same, as I have applied for a duplicate. March 2, 1868 2w MARY CALDWELL.

FOR RENT.

Warehouse in rear 100 feet long. S. P. ALEXANDER, Agent. February 24, 1868

At Jas. N. Butt's Store.

Only 80 cents per gallon for Kerosene Oil A most superb lot of Grits, very fine for family use, ground expressly for us with the bran and the meal sifted out. Call and try them.

Five Hogsheads of best Bacon. Lamps and Lanterns. Call and look at the new Also, a lot of Clover Seed.

An excellent article of Buckwheat Flour. Don't forget that we are selling Hats at cost-some for men as low as 40 cents a piece JAS. N. BUTT.

March 2, 1868. Variety Store. Sugar, Coffee, &c. BARRELS A B. & C. COFFEE SUGAR, and

10 Barrels Yellow Coffee Sugar. 20 Sacks Coffee, 10 Half Chests Imperial Tea, for sale by STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO.

Bacon! Bacon!! HIDS. BALTIMORE BACON, 25 Bbls and Half Barrels Boston Mackerel, 10 Barrels and Kegs Leaf Lard,

25 Boxes Candles, 25 Barrels Northern Seed Potatoes, for sale STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO. February 24, 1868.

Congress

MARCH 2 .- The House assembled at 10 o'clock. The articles of impeachment were discussed .-Several verbal amendments were made, the 7th stricken out, and, at 4 o'clock, they were adopted. Vote on the first, 126 to 40; and nearly the same vote on all, except the last, on which it was 108 to 48. A protest, signed by 45 members, was not received nor allowed to be printed.

The managers nominated are the same as those chosen in caucus. No Democrats chosen, as the latter declined to act, wishing to have nothing to do with it.

The impeachment articles are:

1. The removal of Stanton, with an intention to violate the Constitution and laws.

2. The appointment to the War Secretaryship. with like intent, of one Lorenzo Thomas.

3. Conspiracy, with Thomas and others unknown, to hinder Stanton, by intimidation and threats, from executing his office.

4. Conspiracy with Thomas and others to prevent and hinder the execution of the Tenure-of-5. Appointment of Thomas while the Senate

6. Conspiracy with Thomas to seize the property of the United States, contrary to the Act

7. Conspiracy with Thomas and others to eject Stanton from the War Office. 8. Conspiracy to take possession of the pro-

perty in the War Office: 9. Giving a letter to Thomas, authorizing him to take possession of the War Office.

10. Persuading Gen. Emory against the law requiring orders from the President and Secretary of War to come through the General of the

The House saves the privilege of presenting other charges to sustain impeachment, and in reply to the President's answer to the above

charges. The Clerk was directed to inform the Senate of these proceedings.

The Senate resumed the impeachment procedure. A severe contest arose over limiting speeches. The Radicals, however, contended that the prosecution would be restrained, as well as the defence. It is noticeable that several Republicans vote frequently with the Democrats. The highest vote of the minority, to-day, reached 20. This would prevent impeachment by 2 votes.

Wade does not vote nor preside, during these proceedings. [Not so.]

MARCH 3.—The impeachment rules of procedure were adopted in the Senate, after an amendment taking from the Chief Justice the decision lotte. Said House is in the heart of the City, front-"may," the Legislature is allowed to go on from on preliminary and interlocutory questions. All ing on Tryon Street, being the one now occupied by year to year without paying. That was squint- are to be referred to the Court and decided ing at repudiation. He was called a repudiator, without division, unless the year and nays but he wished all who had said so to come up are demanded by one-fifth. The Republicans and stand up to the rack, and not sneak out at a who voted against it were Anthony, Morrell, Sher-

directed to inform the House that the Senate was

MARCH 4 .- In the House, immediately after meeting, Mr Jencks proceeded to urge his amendment, declaring that impeachment would be incomplete without criminal charges. The previous juestion not being seconded, the article was lost. The House then went into the committee of the whole to appear with the managers in the Senate to present impeachment articles. The Democratic members remained in their seats, but the others formed in procession and proceeded to the

In the Senate, the chair submitted a communication from Chief Justice Chase, which was referred to a special Committee. The sergeantat-arms announced the impeachment managers, who approached the bar; the accompanying members arranged themselves around the back seats. Speaker Colfax was seated by Mr Wade, President of the Senate. Mr Bingham read the articles of impeachment. Butler's, which quotes largely from the President's most stinging speeches, caused a sensation. The chair said the Senate will take action, and the managers retired. A committee of three Senators were appointed to notify the Chief Justice and conduct him to the Vice-President's seat, to morrow, at 1 o'clock. Several votes indicated a determination on the part of the Senate to adhere to its rule, notwithding Chase's letter against it. Adjourned.

GARDEN SEEDS, &c.

A Fresh Supply of Garden Seeds, from the celebrated House of R. Buist. Also a choice selection of Flower Seeds. For sale at March 2, 1868. SCARR'S DRUG STORE.

GARDEN SEEDS.

Garden Seeds of every description, for sale, Wholesale and Retail, at the Corner Drug Store. Feb 17, 1868.

J. H. McADEN. GROCERY STORE.

The undersigned having bought Mr M. D. L. Moody's stock of Groceries, expects to continue the business at the old stand, opposite the Presbyterian Church, where he invites all his friends to give him a call, as he expect: to keep such goods as are generally found in a Family Grocery. March 2, 1868. JAS. M. SIMS.

Take Notice.

Having closed out my Stock at my old stand, opposite the Presbyterian Church, to Mr Jas. M. Sims, take pleasure in recommending him to the notice of my former patrons. He is also empowered to settle up my old business by cash or note. March 2, 1868. 1m M. D. L. MOODY.

To Arrive. During the week we will receive New Spring Goods.

BARRINGER, WOLFE & CO. March 2, 1868.

To Farmers. A large assortment of Brade's patent Hoes, and many other kinds, just received at

BARRINGER, WOLFE & CO'S. March 2, 1868. For Rent or Sale. That elegant Store House (recently occupied by C.

M. Query) opposite the Court House, is offered for

Rent or Sale It will suit for store and residence

combined. The house is well finished and conveniently arranged with good basement Apply to J. DULS, Agent. March 2, 1868.

Planting Potatoes, A. BERRYHILL. For sale by Under Mansion House. March 2, 1868.

Sweet Potatoes. A splendid lot of Sweet Potatoes, just received and or sale at \$1.50 per bushel, at PRESSONS.

Corn and Rye Whiskey. Best Corn and Rye Whiskey for sale by the gallon quart.

B. M. PRESSON.

Bacon! Bacon!! A fine lot of Bacon Sides, Shoulders and Hams for sale cheap. B. M. PRESSON.

March 2, 1868

Conversation with General Grant I found General Grant in the Patent Office examining some patent cigar-holders.

"Good morning, Mr Grant." "Good morning, Mr Head." "Be you in the War office now ?"

"No, I'm in the Patent Office now; will you "Yes, please give us a light: be you going to run for the Presidency, Mr Grant?"

"I slew seventy thousand men in the battle of the Wilderness, Mr Head." "Yes! which side were the slewed men fighting

. Here he sat down, so as to smoke easier. That's all he said. Said I again, "Mr Grant, folks don't know

He bit off the end of the cigar and replied:

Said I, lookin' at him, "Not the horse you're tryin' to ride, old fel;" and "thereby hangs a tale" He lit another sheroot, and I says, "Mr Grant, we are suffering terribly down South; could not you and some other women send us down some

"I will speak to Mr Stanton, and if he has not anything for me to do in the office this afternoon. I'll get some cigars and take you out to ride."

to grate more on my feelings than he did; he is a man more qualified as a man than Anna Dick. inson ever was .- New Orleans Commercial. SALES IN YORK DISTRICT, S. C .- The Assignees in Bankruptcy of Moore & Rainey, R.

S. Moore and Moore, Rainey & Co., sold, on Monday, the large brick store on the corner of Main street, opposite the Court House, for \$5. 500, cash. The Assigeees in Bankruptcy of Thos. Davies.

sold two tracts of land amounting in the aggregate, to seven hundred acres, for \$2,780, cash. The Assignces in Bankruptcy, of Daniel Williams, sold eighteen acres of land lying near

Yorkville, for \$7.65 per acre. The Ordinary sold a few tracts of land at prices ranging from twenty-five cents, to five dollars

tain Mortgage Deed executed to me by Edward Fullings and wife Abby, I will proceed to sell on the Public Square, in the City of Charlotte, on Tuesday

Real Estate at Public Sale.

In pursuance of authority confered on me by a cer-

Edward Fullings. Terms made known on day of S. M. HOWELL, Trustee. W. W. GRIER & CO.,

Axes and Hoes.

W. W. GRIER & CO. Irish Potatoes. Fine Nova Scotia Irish Potatoes, the "Prince Al-

bert," for sale by Bacon and Lard. A splendid lot of Western and Country made Bacon

and extra fine Leaf Lard, for sale by
W. W. GRIER & CO. Finest brands of country made Flour, Buckwheat Flour, fine grades of Molasses and Syrups, pure Cider and Wine Vinegar, a fresh lot of Mackerel lirect from Boston in half and quarter barrels, Oak Tanned Sole Leather, Upper Leather, Corn and Corn Meal, Peas, Linebarger's Yarn and Sheeting, con-

stantly on hand and for sale by March 2, 1868. W. W. GRIER & CO March 2, 1868.

Mackerel. of Mackerel, in Kits and Half-Barrels, NISBET & MAXWELL.

Coffee.

March 2, 1868. State of North Carolina, Mecklenburg county Court of Pleas & Quarter Sessions-Jan. Term, 1868. John P. Ross vs. R. W. Harris and wife Henrietta.

and Elizabeth Doby, Heirs at Law of William Ross, deceased. Petition for Partition of Land. It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that R. W. Harris and wife Henrietta, and Elizabeth Doby. two of the defendants in this case, reside beyond the limits of this State, it is therefore ordered by the Court that publication be made for six weeks, in the Western Democrat, a newspaper published in the city of Charlotte, notifying said defendants of the filing of this petition, that unless they appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, at the Court House

office, the 2d Monday in January, A. D., 1868. 809-6w [adv. \$10.] WM. MAXWELL, Clerk.

H. & B. Emanuel vs. Joseph Clark. the defendant, Joseph Clark, resides beyond the limits tion be made, for six weeks in the Western Democrat, a newspaper published in the city of Charlotte, notifying the said defendant to be and appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, at the Court House in Charlotte, on the 2d Monday in April next, then and there to answer, plead or replevy, or judgment final will be taken against him and the property levied

upon condemned to plaintiff's use. Witness, Wm. Maxwell, Clerk of our said Court at office, the 2d Monday in January, A. D., 1868. 809-6w [adv. \$10.] WM. MAXWELL, Clerk.

State of North Carolina, Mecklenburg county. Court of Pleas & Quarter Sessions- Jan. Term, 1868. W. S. Bryan vs. W. H. Schutt,

Attachment-Jos. II. Wilson summoned as Garnishee, It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant W. H. Schutt, resides beyond the limits of this State, it is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made, for six weeks in the Western Democrat, a newspaper published in the city of Charlotte, notifying said defendant to be and appear at the next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the county of Mecklenburg, at the Court House in Charlotte, on the 2d Monday in April next, then and there to answer, plead or replevy, or judgment final will be entered against him and the effects in the hands of Garnishee condemned to plaintiff's use. Witness, Wm. Maxwell, Clerk of our said Court at office, the 2d Monday in January, A. D., 1868. 809 Gw [adv. \$10.] WM. MAXWELL, Clerk

on, Mr Grant?"

where you stand; do you?" "What hoss did you beton at the race the other

I was satisfied by the above conversation that Gen. Grant was a great man; I never had a man

per acre. - Yorkville Enquirer.

Have now on hand, and are constantly receiving, a grades of Sugars, new crop Carolina Rice, Spices, Crackers, Candies, Candles, Tea, &c.

The celebrated "Red Bird" Elephant Axe, and Bradley's Cast Steel Planter's Hoe, for sale by

W. W. GRIER & CO.

Next door to Brem, Brown & Co's dry goods store

Sugar. 20 barrels Stewart's best Sugar, just received by NISBET & MAXWELL.

10 Sacks prime Rio Coffee, just received and for sale low for cash at NISBET & MAXWELL'S. Buckwheat Flour. A fresh supply of Northern and Domestic Buckwheat Flour at NISBET & MAXWELL'S.

in Charlotte, on the 2d Monday in April next, and answer the petition, the same will be taken pro confesso as to them, and an order for partition granted. Witness, Wm Maxwell, Clerk of our said Court at

State of North Carolina, Mecklenburg county Court of Pleas & Quarter Sessions-Jan. Term, 1868, Attachment Levied on 4 Mules, 1 Wagon & Harness, It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that