

[FOR THE CHARLOTTE DEMOCRAT.]

A View of the Case.

MR. EDITOR.—The election, probably the most exciting one ever to be recorded in the annals of the old North State, and on account of its great importance nearly forming an era in her history, is now both past in time and by the action of the people, and your correspondent would ask if it should not be, as regards the demoralizing influence of an election over all the affairs of a State. The die has been cast, the decision made, but in consequence thereof some are exultant, while others are despondent. Some think that we are now on a footing which will enable us to make an ascent towards prosperity, others that the State made a wrong move, one adverse to her interests, and foresee great trouble brewing over us in the future consequent to a failure of measures which they thought ought to be, and which, if there had not been as many opinions as men, must necessarily have been the case.

But to proceed. Since it is now all over, and cannot be reverted, let us not only acknowledge that too much time has already been wasted in attending speeches, meetings, &c., but also, that they have spent more of their precious breath, in political talk, than either became them, reflected to their credit as quiet and peaceable citizens, or that will redound to their good; and that setting aside the past they have now a determination to keep close in the line of duty, let me what may. It behooves all to abide by the issue—he who considers himself the victor to use what acts he thought before the election would be advantageous, in such a way as to reap them; and he who feels that he has been defeated not to be depressed in spirits, but rather show that he is a man in truth, in success or in adversity, by making the best of the affair. Let each one, whether the winner or loser, resolve to leave off politics, to attend to his own business and his only, and to conduct himself in such a manner as will promote the interests of those with whom he may be connected, and at the same time those of whomsoever he may be brought in contact.

If the election turned out otherwise than some expected, and they think that to meet the appropriations made in the Constitution we will be too heavily taxed, by how much that opinion prevails, to that extent should the determination to overcome the difficulty inspire every one. It is true our State for the last two years has not been able to make much progress towards overcoming past troubles, yet she has held her own so well, that should we be blessed with abundant crops this season, of which the signs are now promising, and all strive to the uttermost in their various spheres to do their duty to themselves and their country, nothing but prosperity can come from such a course being adopted by the whole people. Our efforts to better our condition will be crowned with so complete success that the whole world will see that North Carolina is populated by a great and magnanimous people, imbued with such zeal and thrift as are capable of overcoming the greatest obstacle.

Old Rip will in the end come right side up, and verify the adage, long attributed to her, that though slow she is (mightily) sure. Yours, &c., ALQUIES, Alamance county, N. C.

Habitual Grumblers.

There are some persons in every community who are never satisfied with their own condition or the state of affairs. Be the country prosperous or stricken with oppression, it is all the same, they will not be satisfied. In times like the present, it is not to be wondered at that such persons are innumerable. We all felt the blow recently afflicted most heavily, and could not at once become cheerful; but how much better it is to exhibit the elasticity which properly belongs to the estate of man and, summoning all our fortitude, calling to our aid the most fixed determination, assuming our manly strength and again placing ourselves under the guidance of hope, rush forward with undaunted front and eager zest to encounter life as it comes, resolved to attain that which we desire and equally prepared for the reception of reverses. This idea of manly determination and cheerfulness captivates our senses, and we would rather die in such efforts than live to drag out a long existence a grumbler.—Wilmington Journal.

The Journal is right. Some people are determined not to be cheerful and they don't like anybody that talks encouragingly—they prefer to see everybody in misery like themselves. Unhappy people are those whose digestive organs are out of order.

Perjury Trial—Guilford Superior Court.

From the Greensboro Patriot. Guilford Superior Court was opened week before last by Judge Cilley. On Friday the case, State against J. W. Thomas of Davidson, for perjury, was taken up, and after two days patient investigation was decided by the jury, after being out for a short time, returning a verdict of guilty in manner and form as charged in the indictment. Shortly after the verdict was rendered a motion was made by the counsel of the defendant for a new trial, which motion was granted by the court. The point upon which the new trial was granted was this: we have been informed. The prosecutors had in their possession both the original and a copy of a certain deposition, we believe it was, and they through some sort of negligence or mistake read in evidence the copy instead of the original document, as they should have done. We are pained that such a trial should have taken place in our county and still more distressed that there should have been thought any grounds or necessity for such a trial. But alas! alas! for the times and country in which we now live, the crime, the most detestable of all other crimes, that of wilfully corrupt and deliberate perjury, has become a more common and frequent offence than common assaults and batteries used to be. We know of many who hold their heads quite above the common herd of mankind, who in the estimation of a majority of their neighbors have deliberately committed this horrible and detestable crime for the sake of a paltry office and an annual salary of a few hundred dollars. So if John W. Thomas, Esq., be guilty of the crime alleged against him, he is not without company, if he has been more unfortunate than others in being convicted by a jury of his countrymen of the crime alleged against him. But as a new trial has been awarded, and as there are several witnesses in the case, and most of them live in the State of South Carolina, and Mr Thomas is a man of means, and has heretofore attained to some position, and exerted no inconsiderable influence in his county, we would not be at all surprised that the next verdict rendered in the case will be in his favor. If he be innocent of the great crime alleged against him, we earnestly hope he will be able to make it abundantly appear on the next trial from the evidence and facts in the case. But we have no sympathy nor respect for any one guilty of deliberate and corrupt perjury—none whatever, and we only regret that so many black-hearted scoundrels who are guilty of this most detestable crime manage to strut out of our so-called courts of justice after committing this most dangerous and infamous offence against the laws of God and man, in swaggering triumph and still rank as decent, respectable, honest and honorable men and politicians.

Pictures of the Impeachment Trial.

While the long-winded impeachment debates are in progress, Fessenden whittles the end of his pen-stick. Grimes slowly rubs his chin, Ross and Norton snow up the floor around them with bits of torn paper. Conkling strokes approvingly the peninsula of light curly hair which stretches down the centre of his forehead; Trumbull is always in his seat, his desk covered with law books, and he gives the case notable attention. Notwithstanding his constant writing, Sumner is attentive to the trial, and always informed of each aspect of the case as it comes up. Yates, who sits beside Sumner, keeps his desk unnumbered generally, as well as his chair. When he is in the Chamber, Saulsbury acts like a Polar bear in a menagerie, except a Polar bear doesn't chew quite so much tobacco, nor spit on fine carpets. He is the most uneasy of the Senators. He marches up and down, up and down, turning quickly and walking rapidly for an hour at a time. No Senator on the floor takes a greater interest in the trial than Reverdy Johnson, or pays it more steady attention. He chews his lips, and when his hands are not nervously picking at his pantaloons, or rubbing them, his mouth is never still. He leans back in his chair and, or looks to be supremely happy. Chase is still fine-looking, the most imposing personage in the chamber. Some blackhead doctor, on account of some throat affection last fall advised the Chief Justice to allow his beard to grow under his chin, and a thick clump of white hair in that region is the result. The friends of the Chief Justice have been looking for that doctor ever since. If he is found, you will hear of another impeachment trial. Whiskers helped Lincoln's appearance; but they spoil, as much as such trifles can, the face of Mr Chase.—Cor Cincinnati Commercial.

Washington Items.

There is a great change of opinion as to the result of the trial going on here. Parties who early this week unhesitatingly admitted that Mr Johnson would be convicted, now think he will be acquitted, and the best informed generally believe he will not be removed. The nomination of General Schofield to be Secretary of War caused a great deal of speculation as to the President's motive or expectation of effect upon the Senate. The object was to get before the Senate the name of one against whom no objection could be urged on political grounds. The objection that Mr Ewing was opposed to the Radicals had been made, and as the President desired to fully and squarely test the sincerity of professions of senators who have said they would like to get rid of Stanton, Mr Johnson nominated Schofield, who is not a politician, and cannot consistently be objected to by the Radicals on political grounds. It is understood that Schofield will not decline the nomination. Every county, but one, in Michigan, voted against negro suffrage. Wm C. Rives, former U.S. Minister to France, and at one time Senator from Virginia, died on Saturday, aged 75. Gov. Sharkey and other Mississippians now in Washington have received correspondence from prominent citizens of Mississippi, in which there is the prediction that that State will reject the new constitution. General Meade telegraphs General Grant that Georgia ratifies the new Constitution and elects Bullock (Republican) Governor, but that the Legislature is Democratic.

DEATH OF BISHOP HAWKS, OF MISSOURI.

The Missouri Republican announces the death on the 19th ult., of the Right Rev. Cicero S. Hawks, D. D. L. D., aged sixty-six. For more than twenty years he filled the office of Bishop of the Episcopal Church for the Diocese of Missouri. He was born in Newbern, North Carolina, on the 20th of May, 1812; he was the youngest of nine children, all of whom are now dead with the exception of the eldest sister, Mrs Phebe Anderson, widow of Hon. Walker Anderson, for a long period Judge of the Supreme Court of Florida. Four of the family have died within the past two years, the last previous to the Bishop, being Rev. Francis L. Hawks, D. D., in the fall of 1866, in New York.

North Carolina News.

SENTENCED TO BE HUNG.—Reuben Wright (white), and Minta Hairston (colored), who were convicted at the October term of the Superior Court of Stokes, of the murder of Silas, the husband of Minta, was sentenced by Judge Cilley, at the late term of the court to be hung on the 21st of May.—Winston Sentinel.

A REMARKABLE EGG.—Mr Joseph Barkley

brought to our office last week, a most remarkable egg—rather two eggs in one, for such is the fact. The egg is very large and was laid by a hen a cross between a Shanghai and some other breed. The hen had laid three of these eggs. The egg, when brought to our office, had not been broken, and on breaking one end, a smaller egg, with a perfectly hard shell, was inside, beside the yolk and white of the larger egg. Many persons have called to see this remarkable wonder and freak of nature.—Statesville American.

JAIL DELIVERY.—Our county jail was broken

open last Sunday night and all the prisoners escaped except one, who called upon the jailor and reported all out except him. There were eight persons in—four white.—Greensboro Times.

EXCITEMENT IN CASWELL.—We understand

there was considerable excitement for a short time, at Yanceyville, on election day. The sheriff gave orders that as soon as a person voted he should move off. A negro was ordered off and refused to go, cursing the sheriff. The sheriff ordered him to be arrested and put in jail. Whereupon a large crowd of colored people gathered round with rocks in their hands, and carried off the offender with them. Immediately a company of mounted whites was formed, who chased the party about a half mile and brought them back. The whole party of negroes, we understand, were put in jail.—Danville Times.

HORSE THIEF ARRESTED.—A questionable

character, having in his possession a mare suspected of being stolen, was arrested in this city, on Sunday, by officer J. Sid Bryan. The animal is now in possession of Mr Bryan, who awaits proofs of ownership. The man claims to reside in Leaksville, Rockingham county. He gives his name as Davis, but has an alias, and perhaps several of them. He is about six feet in height, with Auburn hair and grey eyes, weighs about 185, and is, apparently, between the ages of 22 and 25. The mare is black, about 14 1/2 hands high, in good condition, and between 9 and 11 years old; has some saddle-marks on the right side and white marks on the left hind fetlock; is a fine-blooded animal.—Raleigh Sentinel.

THE COUNTY COURT OF ANSON HAS ADOPTED

measures that will secure the rebuilding of the Court house and jail at an early day.

SALE OF BANK STOCK.—Ten shares of the

capital stock of the First National Bank of this city were yesterday sold by Messrs. Cronly & Morris, at \$90 50 per share—par value \$100.—Wilmington Journal.

LITERARY.—The annual Sermon before the

Senior Class of Wake Forest College, at the approaching Commencement, will be preached by the Rev. W. Hooper, D. D. The address before the Alumni will be delivered by the Rev. A. McDowell, D. D.

Foreign News.

Gen. Napier, who commands the English expedition to Abyssinia to release Englishmen who had been imprisoned by the King of that country, defeated King Theodorus on Good Friday, and afterwards stormed and captured Magdala, a strong fort. Later dispatches state that Theodorus and his sons are prisoners. A great quantity of valuables were captured in Fortress Magdala. The English captives are en route for home. The British forces attacked Magdala with a seven-pounder, an Armstrong gun and some rockets. After a bombardment of three hours the place was taken by storm, the Abyssinians losing sixty-eight men killed and two hundred wounded. The British had only fifteen wounded. King Theodorus was found shot through the head. His treasures contained a large amount of barbaric wealth, and among the warlike trophies captured were twenty-eight cannons, five thousand stand of arms, ten thousand spears, &c. The British captives were found safe and sound, and the apparent object of the expedition having been accomplished, the British army was to have returned to the seaboard on the 14th April. No doubt, however, as England has ever an eye to the main chance, she will hold on to a portion of the country sufficient to guard the western side of the Red Sea—for she has Aden now on the eastern side of the Straits. She will thus have the full command of this great highway to her Eastern possessions. She will also have a point from which she can introduce her manufactures into the interior of Africa, and whence also she can always, if necessary, inter-meddle with these poor barbarians, whenever such interference is required by the interests of the great land-and-ocean pirate.

Advices from Australia state that a Fenian

named Farrell shot Prince Alfred of England in the back. The ball was extracted, and Alfred is doing well, but will be sent home. Both houses of Parliament have voted an address to the Queen regarding Prince Alfred's injury. The London Star says that in London district there are nine branches of the Mormon church, one hundred and seven elders of conference, fifty-three priests, twenty-four teachers, thirty deacons—in all eleven hundred and seventy-two Mormons in the London Conference.

PROSPECTS FOR WHEAT.—An East Tennessee

paper says: Never in this country was such a breadth of wheat sown as is sown for this year. Our ability to obtain the highest market price in the great Eastern markets has stimulated us to greater exertions in this direction, which will have its reward doubly, viz: An abundance of breadstuffs in our midst, and a commodity for market that will bring in the cash. Notwithstanding the severe winter and the usual amount of croaking to the contrary, the prospect for an abundant crop of wheat is quite good.

APPEARANCE OF A COMET.—The comet,

known in astronomical circles as Brorsen's comet, has made its appearance. It may be seen with an instrument of low power, appearing like a hazy star, just skirting the Northern border of the beautiful group of the Pleiades, and moving in a northeasterly direction. We may scarcely hope to get more than a very distant and imperfect view of it. Gen. T. C. Hindman was brought to this city a few days ago, and was before the United States Court on Saturday on an indictment for treason. The case was continued until the next term of the Court, and the General was held to bail in the sum of five thousand dollars.—Little Rock (Ark.) Paper.

The Election in North Carolina.

Table with 3 columns: Name, For, Against. Lists candidates like Alamance, Alexander, Alleghany, Anson, Ashe, Beaufort, Bladen, Bertie, Brunswick, Buncombe, Burke, Carteret, Catawba, Caldwell, Carabarrus, Caswell, Chatham, Chowan, Cumberland, Craven, Columbus, Cleveland, Clay, Cherokee, Davidson, Davie, Duplin, Edgecombe, Franklin, Forsythe, Gates, Granville, Gaston, Guilford, Greene, Harnett, Halifax, Haywood, Henderson, Hertford, Hyde, Iredell, Jackson, Johnston, Lenoir, Lincoln, Macon, Madison, Martin, Mecklenburg, Mitchell, Moore, McDowell, Montgomery, Nash, Northampton, Orange, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Person, Polk, Randolph, Rockingham, Rowan, Robeson, Richmond, Rutherford, Sampson, Stanly, Stokes, Surry, Transylvania, Trywell, Union, Wake, Washington, Warren, Wayne, Wilkes, Yadkin, Yancey.

Camden, Currituck and Onslow to be heard from. Where there are figures in one column only, it is a majority.

A Curious Case.

A most curious occurrence happened in the Prussian province of Posen. Some days ago a poor woman fell sick, and as she felt she was near her end, she sent for the priest. She subsequently confessed to him that about thirty years ago, having been delivered of a boy, she substituted her own child for the child of a Countess, in whose employ she was. Neither the nurse nor the Countess became aware of the exchange, and thus it remained until to-day. Her own boy was educated as a Count, and has married the daughter of a very proud nobleman, while the real Count, having grown up in poverty, went out to service, married, and is now living not far from his princely estate of Komornik, with his own children. The woman said she could not die without confessing this sin. The priest applied at once to the authorities, and an investigation has been commenced.

A Tennesseean recently committed suicide

because his wife confessed to having "kissed divers and sundry men in her life" before their acquaintance commenced.

McLEOD & STEELE,

Have just received the handsomest stock of Foreign and Domestic HATS AND CAPS, YANKEE NOTIONS, Hosiery, Gloves, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Ladies' and Misses' Bonnets and Hats, trimmed and untrimmed; Bonnet Ribbons, French Flowers, Dress Trimmings, &c., &c. they have ever offered in this market.

Dress Goods.

We have a beautiful assortment—many of the most desirable styles of the season. We feel assured in saying they are not excelled either in style or price by any in the market.

White Goods.

We have a full line, Marseilles and Alandale Quilts, Linen and Cotton Sheetings, Pillow Cases, Piques, Percales, Linen Duck, &c., French Cloths and Cassimeres, Marseilles and Silk Vesting, Rock Island Cassimeres and Jeans at Factory prices.

Hardware and Crockery,

A general assortment. We respectfully ask our friends and customers to call and examine our stock, hear prices, &c., before buying. Many thanks to our friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed on us heretofore, and we ask the continuance of the same. ELIAS & COHEN, April 27, 1868.

Terrible Tragedy in Pitt County.

There reaches us from an entirely reliable source, the painful intelligence that on Saturday night, the 22nd ult., the Sheriff of Pitt county, accompanied by several soldiers, proceeded to the house of Reddick Carney to arrest a son of that gentleman, upon a charge of homicide several months since. They reached Mr Carney's at midnight, and demanded a surrender, which was promptly refused, and the attempt to break into the house was resisted, and firing on both sides commenced. George, a young Carney, was killed; Mr Whitehurst, son-in-law of Reddick Carney, was severely, if not mortally wounded; Reddick Carney, and Miss Perkins, daughter of William Perkins, who was spending the night at Mr Carney's, are supposed to have been burnt in the house, fired by the attacking party. The dwelling and smoke house, with all the provisions were consumed. Two soldiers were killed, two wounded, and the officer shot through the flesh part of the arm. Mr Whitehurst was captured, and Mrs. Carney and her daughter, Mrs. Whitehurst, escaped from the burning building.

The Sheriff carried Mr Whitehurst to Greenville, and thus ended one of the most bloody episodes of this age in Eastern North Carolina.

We recollect distinctly the charge made months ago that young Carney had killed an officer who had attempted to go upstairs when warned not to do so; but though the case had been adjudicated long since, it is remarkable that the attempt to arrest him should have been made at a dead hour of the night, when it is well known that he has been in the habit, openly and frequently, of going to Greenville, and other public places in the county, for months past.

This tragedy is a most unfortunate one. If the Sheriff had the necessary authority, it was his duty to make the arrest, and public opinion in Pitt will either approve or condemn his course, so soon as all the facts are known. The case should be promptly investigated, and the facts elicited and published, for the vindication of the cause of truth.—Newbern Journal of Commerce.

The Newbern Republican alludes also to this

terrible affair as follows: "Reddick Carney's house in Pitt County was surrounded by the military on Saturday night last, who went there to arrest him on a charge of murder. Carney was ordered by the Sheriff and officer in command of the troops to deliver himself up which he declined doing. The result was an attack upon the building by the soldiers, which was resisted by Reddick Carney. George Carney was killed, Reddick Carney's son-in-law mortally wounded, and Reddick Carney himself and a woman who was visiting his house are presumed to have perished in the flames which consumed the dwelling. The sequel of this affair was the death of two soldiers and the wounding of the officer who was in command of the military.

The Case of Mr Jefferson Davis.

From certain facts we have ascertained, appearances would indicate that Mr Davis' trial is to be hurried up for some particular cause growing out of the present situation of affairs. In consequence of orders received here from the headquarters of the nation, considerable activity was observable in the United States Attorney's office. Clerks were busy ransacking the papers regarding this case till a late hour, when two government officials left northward bound. It is ascertained there is reason to believe the case will actually be brought to a hearing of some sort at the opening of the court, on the 4th of May, though at last accounts, it seemed to be the prevailing opinion of some high in authority, that the trial would remain in its present state of postponement.—Richmond Examiner.

The New York correspondent of a West-

ern paper says that Mr—, one of the wealthiest men of Boston, becoming involved not long since, made over his property to his son, in order to save it. He passed through the crisis, however, without failure or prostration, but when he came to demand the property back, the son refused to restore it. The latter now holds the estate and lives in luxury, while the father has died of a broken heart.

S. B. MEACHAM,

Tryon St., Sign of the Brass Boot. (Three Doors South of National Bank.) Has in Store a large and well selected stock of Gents' and Ladies' BOOTS AND SHOES, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES AND SHOE FINDINGS. This stock was purchased direct from the Manufacturers, and will be sold at very short profits. I wish it distinctly understood that no Shoes with paper or wood bottoms will be sold without the purchaser being told of it, and keep a superior quality of goods, and will warrant them as represented. April 27, 1868. S. B. MEACHAM.

Beef Cattle and Milch Cows

WANTED. I want to buy good Milch Cows—Cows either with young Calves or Springers; also, good fat Beef Cattle, for which I will pay a fair cash price, for I expect to be in want of this kind of Stock at least for some months. I also want to buy Dry and Green Hides. W. A. COOK, Town Butcher. April 27, 1868.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

AT THE OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE OF ELIAS & COHEN. We have received and are daily adding to our enormous stock of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, Notions, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Fancy Articles, &c., consisting in part as follows: Ladies' Dress Goods, Of every description, Fancy Colored and Black Dress Silks, Lincens, Cambrics, Bleached Sheetings and Shirtings, Pillow Cases, Calicoes, Jacquets, Swiss Mull, Victoria and Bishop Lawn, Mainsook, Brillants, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Corsets, &c. All of which we offer to the trade (regardless of competition) at prices unsurpassed by any house in the State. We respectfully call the attention of the Ladies to our enormous and well selected stock of Millinery Goods, Consisting of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hats and Bonnets, which cannot be excelled in price, quality or style. In order to facilitate the supplies and the great demand for such Goods as are suited to this market, one of the firm will, after 1st May, permanently locate in New York, for the purpose of attending to the purchase of all kinds of Goods adapted to our trade. By this important arrangement we will be in receipt of New Goods weekly and will be enabled to supply the demands at lower rates than ever offered in this market, and which will greatly add to the interest of those who favor us with a call. Wholesale buyers will consult their interests by giving us a call before purchasing elsewhere, as great inducements are offered for that trade in particular. ELIAS & COHEN, Tryon Street, Opposite Charlotte Hotel, N. C. April 27, 1868.

Confiscated Property and Titles.

For some days past the United States Court has been engaged in the consideration of a suit brought by Thos. J. Semmes to set aside a condemnation of his residence in New Orleans, which was made during the war under the confiscation act. The grounds in this case were peculiar, the judgment of condemnation having been opened for certain purposes by consent of the United States District Attorney and had never been closed. After a long argument in which Messrs Semmes, Billings and Courard for Mr Semmes, Mr Mills for the purchaser of the property, and ex-District Attorney Waples for the government, Judge Durell declared his opinion that the sale was illegal. The judgment, however, has not been formally entered up. Meantime, the recent decisions of the Supreme Court in the case of the United States vs. Armstrong, and Union Insurance Company vs. United States, &c., would appear to invalidate all the confiscation judgments and sales which were made during the war. The parties whose property was thus wrested from them are not inactive in prosecuting their rights, and they will certainly have the whole community in every legitimate effort they make in the premises.—N. O. Times.

BLANK DEEDS.

We have just printed a new lot of Blank Deeds, in accordance with late laws concerning the transfer of Real Estate. For sale at the Democrat Office.

United States Internal Revenue

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, SIXTH DIST. N. C. Salisbury, April 25th, 1868.

The Annual List for 1868 has been placed in my hands for collection, and the Taxes assessed thereon have become due and payable. All persons having Taxes assessed against them on that List, or due and remaining unpaid on any other List, are hereby notified to meet me or my Deputies at the times and places mentioned below and pay the said Taxes, the penalty of five per cent, and interest at the rate of one per cent per month, will be exacted from those who may neglect to pay for ten days after the appointment of the County in which they reside. Any person who shall exercise or carry on any business or profession, for the doing of which a special Tax is imposed by law, without paying the same as required, is subject to a fine of not less than ten nor more than five hundred dollars.

APPOINTMENTS:

Table with 4 columns: Date, Location, Name. Includes appointments for Salisbury, Mocksville, Yadkinville, Wilkesboro, Concord, Charlotte, etc.

Dental Instruments.

I have a fine case of Dental Instruments for sale on very reasonable terms. Also, the necessary machinery for making plates, &c. The Instruments are in first rate order. Apply to me through Mount Pleasant P. O. MATTHIAS BARRIE, April 27, 1868. 4t pd.

Look to Your Interests!

B. KOOPMANN, At his old stand on Trade Street, is now prepared to offer to his patrons of this and the surrounding counties the most thoroughly complete and most carefully selected assortment of

Spring and Summer Stock

Ever opened in this City. As usual my stock embraces every variety of merchandise kept in a first class mercantile house. In Dress Goods—Mozambiques, Grenadines, Calicoes, Lawns, Jacquets, Muslins, Piques, Piques, &c. In White Goods—Swiss, Dotted and Checked Lawns, Jacquets, Nainsooks, Victoria and Bishop Mulls, Brillants, Irish Linen, Linen Lawns, Cambrics, &c. Bleached and Brown Shirtings, and Sheetings of all widths; a full assortment of Domestic, such as Tickings, Denims, Apron Checks, Osnaburges, Linseys, &c. My

Millinery Stock

Cannot be surpassed. Never before has such a wealth of Bonnets, Hats, Feathers, Flowers, Ribbons, &c., been brought to this City, and I am satisfied that I shall be enabled to suit the most fastidious taste in that line. Silk Sashes and Basques of the latest patterns; Lace Shawls; Spring and Summer Hosiery; Hosiery; Vests; a superb lot of French Embroideries, Thread and Cluny Lace, Edgings, Insertings, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Trimming, in fact an assortment of

Furnishing Goods,

For both Ladies and Gentlemen, such as an examination will be pronounced both elegant and complete. BOOTS AND SHOES a full stock. Ready-made Clothing, In endless variety, for both Spring and Summer. Also, an elegant stock of Clothes and Dressings, Cassimeres, Ties, Neckties, Linen Lawns, Cambrics, &c. Linens, Drills, Ducks and Marcellines; all especially adapted for Spring and Summer wear. Rock Island Cassimeres and Jeans, of every pattern and shade manufactured, at Factory prices. Hardware in all its branches.

Groceries, Notions, &c.

I confidently invite all those who wish to purchase with a view to elegance and durability, as well as economy, to visit my Establishment. I have spared no pains to justify the reputation which I have gained during a sojourn of nearly twenty years in your midst, of keeping a first-class Mercantile House, and of selling such goods only as I can honestly recommend. Everything bought in my establishment is fully guaranteed. April 27, 1868. B. KOOPMANN.

BUXBAUM & LANG,

CORNER STORE, UNDER MANSION HOUSE. Are constantly receiving additions to their beautiful Stock of Spring and Summer Goods. LADIES' DRESS GOODS, New and Most Beautiful Styles. GENTLEMEN'S WEAR. BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, HOSE, GLOVES, &c., &c. YANKEE NOTIONS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. Our Goods are of the most splendid quality, selected with reference to the market. All we ask is a call—particularly from the Ladies. We take great pleasure in showing our Goods, as we know for beauty and quality they cannot be excelled. April 27, 1868. BUXBAUM & LANG.

NEW GROCERIES.

Hammond & McLaughlin Have received a new Stock of Groceries of every description, among which are the following: 15,000 Pounds Bacon, 1,000 " Lard, 1,000 Gallons Molasses, 2,000 Sacks Salt, 150 Sacks Best Family Flour, 500 Bushels Corn, 100 Barrels Best Mess Pork, 50 Sacks Coffee, 40 Barrels Sugar, 300 Bunches Yarn, 1,000 Pounds Best Soda, 25 Boxes Layer Raisins, 50 Kegs Nails, 50 Half Barrels White Fish, A large lot No. 1 Mackeral. In a large lot No. 1 Green Tea, large lot of Candles and Candles, Cheung and Smoking Tobacco, Buckets, Pails, Charms and Tubs. HAMMOND & McLAUGHLIN, April 27, 1868.