

Sensible.

A young fellow at the North, who had lost his "Mary Ann," instead of taking a cup of cold poison, invoked his muse and got off the following machine poetry for the benefit of his "Southern cousin," a young lady to whom he turns for consolation. Hear him:

Oh! Fannie dear, and did you hear, The news that's being told; Almeda has got married, And left poor Bob in the cold. No more up in the hollow I'll go, Almeda for to see, For now she has got married, A jolly old bach I'll be. For now she has left me in the cold To travel the wide world through, I'll not sit down, with a fear or a frown, But paddle my own canoe. Oh! up to Spotsville she did go, Her cousins for to see, She fell in love with another chap, And buck she went on me. On Monday night he first did see her, His heart by storm was taken; On Thursday night he married her, If I am not mistaken. Her name now is Williams, A historic name you see, Schuyler did not sound well, So changed the name did she. And now she has gone and done it, And I don't care a sham, For she is welcome to him Or any other man. Her mother is almost crazy, Likewise her father too; But Bob is just old peaches, And knows a thing or two. And now she has got married, My her good luck attend, And stay by her always Until her latest end.

A temperance lecturer, descending on the superior virtues of cold water, remarked: "When the world had become so corrupt that nothing could be done with it, it was deemed necessary to give it a thoroughousing in cold water." "Yes," replied a toper present, "but it killed every critter on the face of the earth."

A Louisiana wedding was stopped by the arrest of the bride on a charge of leaving home "for the purpose of leading a vicious career."

A lady of fashion and fortune in Paris had a boil on her nose, and fearing she would be permanently disfigured, committed suicide.

Statesmen—or those who set up as such—claim to labor for the public good. In most cases "public good" is merely a bridge leading directly to private advantage. Numerically stated, the case is: Individual good, No. 1; public good, No. 2.

NEW FALL GOODS.

A. SINCLAIR, at Springs' Corner, Would respectfully inform his friends and customers that he is now receiving his NEW STOCK of Fall Goods. He is offering a full supply of everything found in a first class

Dry Goods House

At as REASONABLE RATES as they can be purchased in any house in the city. Remember the House, the Old Stand at Springs' Corner. A. SINCLAIR, October 5, 1868.

Fine Store and Elegant Goods.

BUXBAM & LANG Have removed from the corner store under the Mansion House to the newly fitted up store of Hammond & McLaughlin near Oates' corner, where they have A Splendid Assortment

Of Dry Goods, Ready-made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, and every other article usually kept in a first class Dry Goods Store. To those who may patronize them they will say that they guarantee satisfaction in

Prices and Quality.

Call at the New Store, 3d door from Oates' corner, and see for yourselves. CAPT. C. H. ELMS is with Buxbaum & Lang, and will be pleased to see his acquaintances and friends and assist them in making purchases. Sept. 28, 1868.

NISBET & MAXWELL,

CHARLOTTE, N. C. Candy Manufacturers and Bakers. Also, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Groceries, Confectioneries, Pipes, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Toys, Musical Instruments, Notions, &c. Parks' Building, No. 24, Tryon Street. July 27, 1868.

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!!

Important Notice. H. M. PHELPS Has the honor to inform his friends and the public that on account of an enlargement in his business, he has found it necessary to remove from his old stand, opposite the Court House, and that he can now be found at the handsome and commodious

STOREROOM ON TRADE STREET.

Next to STENHOUSE, MACAULAY & CO., where he will be pleased to receive his old friends, ensuring them the same attention and treatment they have always received at his old quarters. His stock of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS now in store will compare favorably with any in this or any Southern City, and will be sold at

Considerably Reduced Figures

In order to make room for his Fall stock. A full assortment of Dry Goods and Domestic, Dress Goods and White Goods, Clothing, Cassimeres and Jeans. A well assorted stock of MILLINERY in all its branches. Groceries, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Notions, Hardware, &c. Remember the place. H. M. PHELPS, next to Stenhouse, Macaulay & Co's, At the stand formerly occupied by the Farmers & Mechanics' Association.

Wall Papering.

Just received 1,000 pieces of Wall Papering. Also, 100 pieces Bordering Paper, 200 pair Window Curtains, 100 Fire Screens, &c. for sale at New York prices. H. M. PHELPS, August 18, 1868.

KNOX & GILL,

Cotton Factors and GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 125 Smith's Wharf, Baltimore. [LAURENCE L. PRINCE.] Consignments of Cotton respectfully solicited, and liberal advances made thereon. Orders will receive prompt attention, September 5, 1868.

CUTTING TIMBER.—A Canadian writer, after long experience, finds that timber cut in August is much more durable for all purposes than when cut at any other season. White oak posts and black oak rails cut in the winter do not last, on the average, more than ten or twelve years, while some oak rails made from timber cut in August have been in use forty years, and are yet sound.

PAINTING RATS.—A Connecticut man says his way of driving rats from his premises is to catch one, dip it in red paint, except the head, and let it go again. He finds this plan effectual.

To cure and prevent chicken cholera: Take 1 pound lard, 1 oz. saffetide, 1 oz. pulverized red pepper; melt over fire and mix well; pour brown one gallon of corn, and mix all together, and feed two or three times a week. If any should be too sick to eat, put lard mixture down their throats.

Bank Money. The highest market price paid for old Bank Notes, and orders for the same solicited, at the City Bank of Charlotte. W. A. WILLIAMS, Cashier, July 6, 1868.

New Store and NEW GOODS. J. ROESSLER & CO., (At Kalkreuth's old stand, 2d door from Bro. & Co's Store.) Have just received a large and general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, &c., which they offer to the public at fair and reasonable prices. The Stock of Dry Goods for

Fall and Winter Wear, will be found to be one of the best ever brought to this market. The ladies are particularly invited to call and examine goods and prices.

Ready-Made Clothing, of every description, for men and boys, is being offered at remarkably low rates. CAPT. J. ROESSLER respectfully requests his old friends to give him a call this Fall and Winter, and he assures them that he will continue to exert himself to please them in the future as he hopes he has done in the past. Sept. 21, 1868. J. ROESSLER & CO.

Fresh Drugs, A general assortment, always on hand, at August 29, 1868. SCARR'S DRUG STORE.

Peruvian Guano, In Store and for sale by HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.

PACIFIC GUANO, Call on HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.

OBERS' GUANO, For sale by HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.

BAUGH'S SUPERPHOSPHATE, For sale by HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.

ZELL'S SUPERPHOSPHATE, For sale by HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.

LIME, PLASTER AND CEMENT, For sale by HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.

Farmers can save money by calling on HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO., to buy Cotton Ties.

Hutchison, Burroughs & Co., General Life and Fire Insurance Agents, Office on Trade Street, CHARLOTTE, N. C. Sept. 7, 1868.

McLEOD & STEELE, Have just received the handsomest stock of Foreign and Domestic

Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, HATS AND CAPS, YANKEE NOTIONS, Hosiery, Gloves, Gent's Furnishing Goods, Ladies' and Misses' Bonnets and Hats, trimmed and untrimmed; Bonnet Ribbons, French Vestings, Dress Trimmings, &c., &c., they have ever offered in this market.

Dress Goods. We have a beautiful assortment—many of the most desirable styles of the season. We feel assured in saying they are not excelled either in style or price by any in the market.

White Goods. We have a full line, Marselles and Alaudale Quilts, Linen and Cotton Sheetings, Pillow Cases, Piques, Percales, Linen Duck, &c., French Cloths and Cassimeres, Marselles and Silk Vesting, Rock Island Cassimeres, and Jeans at Factory prices.

HARDWARE AND CROCKERY, We respectfully ask our friends and customers to call and examine our stock, hear prices, &c., before buying. Many thanks to our friends and customers for the liberal patronage bestowed on us heretofore, and we ask the continuance of the same. April 27, 1868. McLEOD & STEELE.

Mutilated Currency. Ragged and defaced Greenbacks, National Bank Currency and Shipmasters bought at a small discount, at the City Bank of Charlotte. July 6, 1868. W. A. WILLIAMS, Cashier.

DR. JAS. N. BUTT, Druggist and Chemist, WHOLESALE and RETAIL DEALER in Drugs and Medicines of every description and kind, Corner Trade and College Streets, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Pure No. 1 KEROSENE—it is safe and non-explosive. If a lighted torch be plunged in it, it will extinguish it as quick as water. It is from six to eight times as cheap as candles, and from four to six times as brilliant.

Buy a Lamp, which I can sell for 50 cents, and if it does not give perfect satisfaction you may return it. I have just received a splendid lot of new Lamps. Call and see them.

Chills and Fever. I am treating numbers of persons successfully for Chills and Fever. If you are suffering this way I think I can assure you of a successful treatment, having practiced for over twelve years in a fever and ague district.

Preserve this Notice. You can get Dr. Jas. N. Butt's Drug Store the following sizes of WINDOW GLASS: Glass 8x10, 10x12, 10x14, 10x15, 10x16, 10x18, 12x20, 10x23, 10x24, 12x14, 12x15, 12x16, 12x18, 14x20, 12x22, 12x24, 14x18, 14x22, 14x24, 15x18, 16x20, 16x24, 18x20, 18x22, 18x24, 20x24, 20x30, &c., &c.

Attention! You can get Medicines and Prescriptions at all hours of the day and night, and on Sunday, at JAS. N. BUTT'S Charlotte, N. C., Oct 12, 1868. Drug Store.

Deposits. Deposits of Coin and Currency received in any amount and interest allowed per agreement, and if preferred certificates of deposit issued bearing interest at rates stipulated, at the City Bank of Charlotte. W. A. WILLIAMS, Cashier, July 6, 1868.

A PROCLAMATION.

By Wm. W. Holden, Governor of N. Carolina.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, Raleigh, October 12th, 1868. Information has been received in this department that military weapons, such as repeating rifles of various kinds, have been imported into this State, and have been distributed with ammunition and equipments to citizens in several localities. It is believed that boxes containing arms, ammunition and equipments, are concealed in divers places, ready to be distributed as opportunity may offer.

The object of the persons thus engaged must be, either to subvert the government, to resist the constituted authorities, or to prevent a free election in the State on the third day of next month.

The government of North Carolina has been lawfully and constitutionally established. This government has been freely and voluntarily formed by a majority of the citizens, in pursuance of acts constitutionally passed by the Congress, under which my immediate predecessor held office from the 24 day of March, 1867, to the 1st day of July, 1868. The constitutionality of these acts, if questioned during this period, were nevertheless subscribed to and maintained by him, and by every department of the government, from the said 24 day of March, 1867, to the said 1st day of July, 1868, and he has been executed, by the common consent of the whole people voting under them at the polls for members of a Convention, for the new Constitution, and for members of Congress and State officers, the result of which has been effected close the discussion in relation to them, and renders the present Constitution of Government as valid and binding as were the Constitutions of 1776 and 1835.

This government will be maintained for the following, among other reasons:

1st. It has been lawfully and constitutionally established by the whole people of the State. It is operating smoothly and harmoniously. Under it the people are quiet and peaceable, and are just entering anew on a career of prosperity. It must not be upset, or even assailed, because the colored people have a certain party; or because a few public men are out of office and a few are in.

2d. Senators and Representatives have been admitted by the Congress to seats in that body. The State is, therefore, of as well as in the Union. It is as much of the Union as New York or any other State. No State can secede, nor can Congress push a State out, or sever its relations with the common government. If Congress should, therefore, do what is exceedingly improbable, repeal the reconstruction acts, such repeal would have no more effect than a repeal of the act admitting Texas or Kansas to re-entrance into the Union. The reconstruction acts have been executed, and are, therefore, beyond the reach of Congress.

3d. The Supreme Court has no jurisdiction of the subject. Its powers are expressly defined by the constitution to be "judicial," and not political. It has already decided that the right of admission and representation is a political question, and that when determined by Congress, as it has been in relation to North Carolina, the Court will not interfere.

4th. The President would have no more power to declare the reconstruction acts null and void, with a view to the re-entrance of the government of the State, than I would have to declare that a certain County or Counties in this State should cease to exist.

The government of North Carolina is, therefore, as firmly established as that of any other State. It has the same control over its internal affairs, as the other States have, and it possesses equal power with the other States to protect and perpetuate itself.

The right of the people to have arms in their houses, and to "bear" them under the authority of the State, is unquestioned. On the contrary, it is claimed as a constitutional right sacred to freedom, and secured by arms by the male population, for peaceable and lawful purposes, should rather be encouraged than otherwise; but when, in time of peace, weapons of an extraordinary character are imported into the State, and the organization of a military force is distributed in a secret manner among persons whose spokesmen deny the authority of the existing government, and who publicly declare that all government, to be authoritative and binding, must proceed alone from one race of our people, a state of affairs is at once created, which is not only dangerous to the State, but which is a direct violation of the law.

It is the duty of every citizen to be more than usually vigilant. It can not be pretended that these arms are intended for hunting or sporting purposes. It can not be justly assumed that they are necessary for the protection of those who have them, since the whole power of the State and general government is pledged to protect the peaceable and the law abiding, whoever and wherever they may be.

If it be the purpose of any portion of the people to resist the laws or to subvert the government of this State, the highest crime that can be committed, they are liable to arrest and punishment under the "Act to punish conspiracy, sedition and rebellion," which will be enforced, if necessary, with a firm hand; and they should reflect that the magnanimity of the government, which has meted out leniency to those who engaged in the late rebellion, may not be extended a second time to save them from the consequences of their crimes.

If it be the purpose of any portion of the people, by the use of arms, or by threats or intimidation, to prevent the people from going to the polls and voting as they may choose to vote on the third day of next month, it is my duty to inform them that force will be met with force, and that every person who may thus violate the law will be punished. Every race of men in this State is free. The colored citizen is equally entitled with the white citizen to the right of suffrage. The poor and the humble must be protected in this right equally with the affluent and the exalted. The election must be absolutely free.

In view, therefore, of this condition of affairs, I have deemed it necessary to issue this Proclamation, admonishing the people to avoid undue excitement, to be peaceable and orderly, and to exercise the right of suffrage firmly and calmly, without violence or force of any kind. Every good citizen is gratified that North Carolina is at present as quiet and peaceable as any State in the Union. Let us maintain this good name for our State. Let us not from any want of loyalty to the peace and order, or from any want of control the election; and let every officer of the State, civil and military, be prepared to check instantly any incipient step to sedition, rebellion or treason.

The flag of the United States waves for the protection of all. Every star upon it shines down with vital fire into every spot, however remote or solitary, to consume those who may resist the authority of the government, and who oppose the defenceless and the innocent. The laws will be enforced; every citizen, whatever his political sentiments, will be protected in his rights; the unlawful use of arms will be prevented, if possible, and if not prevented, will raise their heads only to be immediately subdued by the strong hand of military power. The General commanding this department has instructed the district and post commanders to "act in aid and cooperation, and in subordination to the civil authorities," in maintaining the peace and securing a free election. The power of both governments is thus pledged to peace, order and tranquillity.

It is specially enjoined on all officers of the Detailed Militia to observe the "act to organize a militia of North Carolina," and to resist subordination to the civil power. And all Major, Captain and other peace officers are also specially enjoined to be vigilant, impartial, faithful and firm in the discharge of their duties, magnifying and enforcing the law, treating offenders, protecting the weak against the strong who may attempt to deprive them of their rights; to the end that the wicked may be restrained, the peace of society preserved, the good name of the State maintained, and the government perpetuated on the basis of Freedom and Justice to all.

Done at the City of Raleigh, on the 12th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and in the ninety-third of our Independence.

[L. S.] Wm. W. Holden, Governor.

By the Governor: W. W. HOLDEN, Governor. ROBT. M. DOUGLAS, Private Secretary, Oct. 10, 1868.

Seed Wheat. We have a lot of fine SEED WHEAT for sale. McMURRAY, DAVIS & CO. August 24, 1868.

The City Bank of Charlotte. Sollicits the Accounts of business men and others, and promises satisfaction. July 6, 1868. W. A. WILLIAMS, Cashier.

THE LATEST NOVELTY.

Now arriving daily, and on inspection at the Corner Store, GRAY'S BLOCK, (nearly opposite the Court House,) a large and carefully selected Stock of choice

Family Groceries, Which we propose to sell low down for the Cash either at wholesale or retail. We intend to keep good Goods, and sell them as cheap as any other House in the city.

We have Bagging, Beards' Patent Buckle Tie, a good assortment of Hardware and Wooden Ware; in fact everything usually kept in the Grocery line. Try us before purchasing. Oct. 5, 1868. W. W. GRIGER & CO.

Receiving daily at S. Grose & Co's, A select stock of Groceries recently purchased, which we offer very low. Call and examine our Goods before you purchase. S. GROSE & CO., Trade Street, nearly opposite the Post Office.

Hams and Syrup. A choice lot of Sugar Cured Hams, and Maryland Golden Syrup and New Orleans (new crop) Syrup, at S. GROSE & CO'S.

Wanted, 500 Bushels of ONIONS, at Sept. 7, 1868. S. GROSE & CO'S.

SMITH'S Boot, Shoe and Leather Store, Next door to Dewey's Bank, Charlotte, N. C. Is the largest Wholesale and Retail Shoe Establishment in North Carolina.

The quality of their Stock is superior in every respect, and unequalled in style, finish and workmanship. The prices are as low as can be afforded. They buy their Goods exclusively from Manufacturers, or have them made to order. They pay no rent and do the business themselves, and can, therefore, and will sell all styles and qualities of Boots and Shoes at lower prices than can be found elsewhere in this market. Every pair of Boots and Shoes is warranted as represented. "One price to all," and "fair dealing," is their motto.

Leather, Shoe Findings & Belting. Their stock of Leather and Shoe Findings is most complete, embracing every grade of Hemlock and Oak Sole Leather, Upper Leather, French and American Calf Skins, Kip, Lasts, &c. They also furnish all widths of Rubber and Leather Belting at Manufacturers' prices.

Ask for SMITH'S SHOE STORE, the oldest established Shoe House in the State.

Their Wholesale Department. They are now receiving their Fall and Winter Stock, the largest and most complete ever brought to this market, and propose to sell to merchants at NEW YORK WHOLESALE PRICES.

Their expenses being much less, and as they buy exclusively from manufacturers, there is no reason why they cannot sell at as low prices as the New York Jobber. All they ask is a fair trial. Remember and ask for SMITH'S SHOE STORE, Next Door to Dewey's Bank, Charlotte, N. C. August 31, 1868.

Beef Cattle and Milch Cows WANTED. I want to buy good Milch Cows—Cows either with young Calves or Springers; also, good fat Beef Cattle, for which I will pay a fair cash price, for I expect to be in want of this kind of Stock at least for some months.

I also want to buy Dry and Green Hides. W. A. COOK, Town Butcher, April 27, 1868.

NEW BOOKS! GOOD BOOKS!! and Cheap Books!!! Just received at Tiddy's "New Book Store," Bibles of all sizes, from the largest to the smallest. All prices, to suit everybody.

Prayer Books, A handsome assortment, some really elegant, which cannot fail to please the most fastidious, both in style and price. Hymn Books—Methodist, Presbyterian, Baptist and Lutheran, all the different sizes published, can be found at our store.

Albums, We have the handsomest and most complete assortment ever offered in this market, which we offer at remarkably low prices. They are Lippincott's make, and have the patent hinge, which, with ordinary use will last always, and a little longer.

Catholic Books, Mission Book, Flowers of Piety, Christian Guide (3 styles), Key of Heaven, Path to Paradise, &c. Our Miscellaneous stock is large, every one can find something to read, for a small sum. We charge nothing for showing our goods—call and examine whether you want to buy or not.

Our stock of School Books is now complete. Wholesale buyers and Teachers buying for Schools will certainly find it to their advantage to call and see us before buying elsewhere.

Stationery, Something nice just received in the Stationery Line. Stamped initial paper with envelopes to match, put up in neat one quire Boxes. A full line of fancy and plain Paper and Envelopes.

We have a full stock of Job Office Material, such as Bristol Board, Printer's Blank and China Cards, all sizes and qualities. Paper, Flatcap, Foolscap, Letter and Note, Plain.

Book, News and Wrapping Paper at Manufacturers' prices. All we ask is an inspection of stock and prices, as we will not be undersold. TIDDY & BRO.

Rags! Rags!! The highest price paid in Money for clean Cotton and Linen Rags at the New Book Store. June 15, 1868. TIDDY & BRO.

R. H. COWAN & CO., General Commission and Shipping Merchants, AND Wholesale Grocers. Agents for M. Davis & Son's (Liberty, Va.) celebrated Virginia Cheating Tobacco.

Agents for Lister Bro's Superphosphate of Lime. Agents for the City of Works, Richmond, Va. WILMINGTON, N. C., No. 32 North Water Street. R. H. COWAN, JNO. W. CAMERON, JAS. H. HILL, June 29, 1868.

Coffee. We have just received a lot of Coffee which will compare favorably, both as to price and quality, with any in the city. July 27, 1868. NISBET & MAXWELL.

Catawba English and Classical HIGH SCHOOL, NEWTON, N. C. The next Session will commence the 1st Monday in JULY next. No pains are spared in fitting the pupils thoroughly for the best Colleges in the country, and in giving them a thorough business education. Special attention given to MATHEMATICAL TEACHING. Tuition per Session of 20 Weeks from \$9 to \$22.50 in currency.

Boys' Families from \$8 to \$12 per month; in clubs at about half these prices. For Circulars and particulars, address J. C. Clapp, Newton, N. C. J. C. CLAPP, A. B. June 8, 1868. S. M. FINGER, A. B.

Concord Mills. Having opened a House in Charlotte, near the Post Office, for the sale of our own manufactured goods, we invite the attention of merchants and others to our YARNS, SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, OSNABERGS, CARPET CHAIN, STOCKING YARNS, &c., &c. Goods taken in exchange for Goods. We sell low for Cash. J. McDONALD & SONS, Concord, N. C. August 12, 1868.

NEW STOCK OF GROCERIES.

Hammond & McLaughlin, (At Oates' Corner.) Have received a full stock of new Groceries, consisting in part of:

A large lot of Bagging, Iron Cotton Ties and Rope, Sugar, Coffee and Tea, Molasses, Iron and Nails, Salt, Leather of all sorts. Anything and everything in the Grocery line may be found at their Store. HAMMOND & MCLAUGHLIN, Sept. 14, 1868.

WANTED, By the undersigned, all the new work that may be needed in the Saddle and Harness line. Also, all the Repairing that may be necessary about your premises. Work warranted and perfect satisfaction guaranteed.

Next door to J. Y. Bryce & Co's, Trade Street, Charlotte, N. C. Sept. 7, 1868. L. W. OSBORNE.

WONDERFUL DISCOVERY! Dr. Byrn's Magic Pain Cure. This is a new and wonderful Medicine. It is used for the various forms of Headache, which, in ordinary cases, it cures in a few minutes time; also, Neuralgia, Nervousness, Cold in the Head, and Weakness of the Nerves, is speedily brought under its influence. Ordinary or mild cases of Catarrh in the Head, can also be checked by its use, and prevented from going further, which is of great importance, and even cases of long standing can be cured by persevering in the use of the medicine. It is perfectly harmless, and is warranted to give satisfaction.

People often express wonder and astonishment to find themselves so suddenly relieved from all pain; they remedy contains no Opium, no Chloroform, no Ether, nor any thing of a narcotic nature. It is prepared from roots, herbs, leaves, gums and flowers, and is absolutely harmless, even for an infant. This remedy is a mercurial, and is used as a liquid, and this is one reason why it cures so quickly. There are no diseases more common than those for which it is recommended. Millions of suffering mortals would be relieved and rest, if they knew of a remedy that would give immediate ease. Then by all means be cured permanently by using the Magic Pain Cure.

Price 50 cents. I. L. SHERRELL, P. M. at Sherrell's Ford, Catawba county, N. C., is agent for the counties of Catawba, Lincoln, Iredell, Gaston, Rowan and Mecklenburg, N. C.

For sale by Druggists in Charlotte and by Druggists generally. Sept. 21, 1868. Smpd

Tobacco, Smoking and Chewing, which we are offering at prices which defy competition. July 27, 1868. NISBET & MAXWELL.

FAMILY GROCERIES. I have on hand, and am constantly receiving, a general assortment of Groceries, such as Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Molasses, Cheese, Flour, Bacon, Corn, Meal, and everything else in the Grocery line. I will sell as cheap as any house in Charlotte, and respectfully request persons wishing to buy to give me a call.

I deliver, within the limits of the City, all Groceries bought at my Store. A good lot of Castings and Hollow-Ware for sale. A. BERRYHILL, Under Mansion House, Feb. 17, 1868.

FREIGHT NOTICE. From Portsmouth to Charlotte, via Goldsboro' (on Wm. & Weldon R. R.) An arrangement has just been perfected by which freight can be transported from Portsmouth to Charlotte in

Forty Hours, At as low rates as on any other Road. J. A. SADLER, General Agent, April 13, 1868.

Stoves, Tin-Ware, &c. D. H. BYERLY, (In the Basement Store under Mansion House.) Keeps for sale a full assortment of Stoves of every description, Hollow-Ware, Tin-Ware, Japan-Ware, &c., &c.

Spears' Anti-Dust Cooking Stove is a superior article, and has given general satisfaction. I have sold a large number within the past year. Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron work executed at short notice. Repairing promptly attended to. I return my thanks for the liberal share of patronage heretofore received. D. H. BYERLY, Under Mansion House, March 16, 1868.

THE CITY DRUG STORE of Kilgore & Cureton, No. 2, Granite Row, next to the Express Office and opposite the Mansion House.

A large assortment of Fresh Drugs, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, &c., will be found at this new establishment, and will be sold at as low prices as any other house.

June 15, 1868. B. F. KILGORE, M. D. T. K. CURETON, M. D.

TAILORING. John Vogel, Practical Tailor, Respectfully informs the citizens of Charlotte and surrounding country, that he is prepared to manufacture gentlemen's clothing in the latest style and at short notice. His best exertions will be given to render satisfaction to those who patronize him. Shop opposite old Charlotte Hotel, next door to Brem's Hardware Store. January 1, 1868.

SADDLES AND HARNESS. ROBERT SHAW & SON, (Third Door from the Mansion House.) RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they have a large stock of SADDLES and HARNESS on hand, which they offer to the public at low prices.

Anything in the way of Saddles, Harness, Brills, Martingales, Collars, Saddle Trees, Harness Mounting of all descriptions, &c., will be furnished or made to order. As we are regular mechanics, we think it will be to the advantage of all to buy from us. We warrant our work.

REPAIRING neatly executed at short notice and on reasonable terms. R. SHAW, W. E. SHAW, Aug. 10, 1868.

NOTICE. The partnership heretofore existing between J. Buxbaum, S. Anathan and J. Roessler, known as the firm of "J. BUXBAUM & CO.," was dissolved by mutual consent on the 28th inst.—J. Roessler withdrawing from the said firm.

Claims due to and by the late firm at Charlotte will be settled by J. Buxbaum, S. ANATHAN, J. ROESSLER, June 29, 1868.

J. E. STENHOUSE, ALLAN MACAULAY, CHARLOTTE, N. C. Stenhouse & Macaulay, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 100 Pearl Street, NEW YORK.