VOL. III.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1832.

NO. 118.

liners' & Farmers' Journal printed and published every Saturday morning at Two Dollars per annum, if paid in advance;

THE

Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid in advance; Three Dollars at the end of the year. DVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at Fifty cents per square (not exceeding 20 lines,) for the first insertion, and 25 cents for each succeeding week-or \$1 for three weeks, for one square. A liberal discount will be made to those who advertise by the year. TO nall advertisements communicated for publication, the number of necrtions must be noted on the margin of the nanuscript, or they will be continued until forbid, and charged accordingly.

All communications to the Editor must come free of postage, or they may not be attended to.

THE MARKETS.

CHARLESTON, DEC. 17, 1832.

cotton, Soa Ialand, 19 a 30; upland, new, 10 a; Rice, prime, 31 a 31; inferior to good, 22 a; Floor, superfine, 6 a 71; Corn, 78 a 80; s, 50 a 09; Whickey, 35 a 37; N. E. Rum, d, 38 a 39; Apple Brandy, 40 a 42; Bees, 17 a 18; Tallow, Carolina, 11 a 11½; Mack, No. 1, 7; No. 2, 5½; Bacon, 6 a 7; Herms, 12½; Lard, 10 a 10½; Naila, cut, 5½ a 6 cents; Biageing, 13 a 16; Bale Rope, 6 a 10 cents; siac brandy, 150 a 200; Holland Gin, 100 a; Iron, Russia and Swedea, 44 a 4½ per lbs.; Liverpsol, im bags of 4 bash, 21 a 0; in both CHARLESTON, DEC. 17, 1832. hgniac brandy, 150 a 200; Holland Gin, 160 a 5; Iron, Russia and Swedes, 64 a 44 per lbs.; It, Liverpaol, in bage of 4 lush. 23 a 0; in bulk, a 00; T. Island, 48 a 52; Sugar, Havana, 10 11½; brown, 7 a 8; St. Croix and Jam. 7 a 94; sw. Orleans, 7 a 8; Molasses, Cuba, 28 a 32; Orleans, 20 a 32; Coffee, prince green, 14 a 15; firrior to good, 12 a 12; Hyson Tea, 77 a 90 ets. North-Carelina money, 14 a 24 per cent. dissunt. Savannah Bank Bills 1 per cent. dissunt. Savannah Bank Bills 1 per cent.

CAMDEN, DEC. 22. Country Produce—Cotton, 81 a 91; Corn 50 a Wheat, 75 a 80; Flour, maintry, 43 a 41; Ra-8 a 10; Whiskey, 35 a 40; Brandy, Apple, 45; Peach, 40 a 62.

ia 45; Peach, 40 a 62.
 Merchandize.—Bagging, 16 a 25; Bale Rope,
 ia 12; Coffee, 16 a 161; Mackerel, Na. 1, 8;
 i. 2, 7 a 7; No. 3, 5 a 5;
 i. Fron, Swedish, 64 a;
 i. English, 6 a 7; North-Carolina, 6; Salt, per
 i. 62 a 75; sach, 25 a 3; Sugar, brown, 9

NOTICE.

HE subscriber having determined to close the business of the late firm of McCOMB & MITH, requests all those indebted to the firm to and settle by note or otherwise.

SAM'L. B. McCOMB.

Survicing Partner. 17-3t

Wm. Smith's Estate.

HE subscriber, having at the November Seasion of Mecklenburg County Court obtained Letters Testamentary on the estate of the late William Smith, requests all persons having claims spainst the estate to present them for settlement within the time prescribed by law, or this notice bill be plead in bar. All those indebted to the date are assured that unless immediate me agent. amured that unless immediate payment made, legal process will be resorted to without toption of persons.

FRANKLIN L. SMITH, Executor.

WILL hire out in Charlotte, on Monday, the day before New Year, four or five likely EGROEN, consisting of Men and Women with at children, for the term of one year.

J. M. HUTCHINSON.

D' the second day of January next, at the Court-House in Charlotte, I will hire for 12 outlin, several NEGROES, belonging to the cate of Daniel Gallant, deceased.

W. MORRISON, Exceutor. December 17, 1832.

WILL sell at my clant E. VILL sell at my plantation, two miles from Charlotte, on the 2d day of January next,

500 or 600 Bushels Corn, 200 Bushels Oats, 4,000 wt. of Pork. 40 to 50 Head of Cattle, S Horses.

About 150 Head of Hogs A large quantity of Potatoes.

ROBERT 1. DINKINS. 17.2w

EQUITY SALES. Order from the Court of Equity, on the Monday in January next, at the Court-

in Charlotte, I will sell at Public Auction, 6 Tracts of Land,

onging to the Heirs at Law of John Springs, One tract called the Harris Tract, lying One other tract on McMichael's creek,

One tract, called the Roach Tract, jointhe Walker Place, the lands of W. P. Springs, 'd. A. A. Springs, Dr. Ross and others, contain-

One tract called the Walker Place, jointhe Reach tract, W. P. Springs, Jnc. Wilson, containing 104 acres.

Also, one tract called the Mathew Bryan ict, on the north-east side of McMichael's creek, staining 150 acres. And one other tract, on the west side of

A credit of one and two years will be

iven. Bonds and securities required—further articulars may be known on the day of sale.

D. R. DUNLAP, c. M. E. Dec. 17, 1832.

NOTICE. viting those persons in arrears with him for the years 1828, 30, 31 and 32 to call and make set the the forest the lat of February next, as hy so sing they will save cost.

JOHN N. LEE. December 17, 1839.

HIRING AND SELLING.

the 7th of January, 1833, I will hire TWO NEGROES, one a grown fellow, the other There will also be rented some Land; alagirl. a few Bushels of Wheat will be sold, the prorty of the heirs of John Pharr.
Also, There will be offered for sale a

number of likely young NEGROES, at the sar time and place. LAIRD II. HARRIS. Dec. 21, 1832.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA,

MECKLENURG COUNTY.

PERSONALLY came before me, Israe Freaser, one of the Justices in and for said county, James Thompson and Alexander McLure, and
being duly sworn in due form of law, to set a value
upon a certain Stray Horse, taken up by James H.
McGinu, lwing 6 miles north-west of Charlotte,
and now in said McGinn's possession, a dark sorall more control to be security for the transport. and now in said Mctainn's possession, a dark sor-rel, supposed to be somewhere between 12 and 20 years old, with a crop off the left ear, a small speck in the right eye, white streak in therace, hind feet both white, worth by appraisement 315. Witness our hands this 12th day of December, 1832. JAS. THOMPSON.

est. ALEX. McLURE. ISAAC FREASER, J. P.

SADDLES & HARNESS.

JAMES T. ASBURY & CO. AVE on hand and will continue to manufacture at their Shop in the south-east wing Mr. Spring's Brick Building.

Laulies and Gentlemen's SADDLES

of a superior style of workmanship and good northern materials, by the Messra. Jettons, of Lincoln county, who are well known in the western part of this State as susperior workmen - Also

Saddlebags, Valisses, Martingales, Riding Bridles, Coach & Gig Harness, Carryall and Wagon Harness, Horsemen's Caps & Holstern,

and all other articles usually manufactured in

and all other articles usually manufactured in shops in the Southern States.

In addition to the above, we have on hand a general assortment of Gig and Costch Mounting, Bridle Bits, Stirrup Inna, and all other articles necessary to trim of Saddles and Harness, which will be sold low for cash.

We request the public to call and examine the materials and wark manufactured, hear prices and

naterials and work manufactured, hear prices and sige for themselves. Charlotte, Dec. 7, 1832.

Four or five journeymen Seddle and Harness Makers is wanted, to which good wages will be given, by applying to JAS, T. ASBURY & CO.

THE ANNUAL TREASURY REPORT.

The Annual Report of the secretary of the treasury to both houses of congress, in conformity to the act establishing the treasury department, was vesterday transmitted to both houses of congress. A brief glance at it enables us to present the following synopsis of its contents. The Revenue, from the 1st January.

1-32, to the 1st January 1833, actual and estimated, is stated at \$31,752,659 51making, with the baiance in the treasury 1st of January, 1832, an aggregate of \$36,255,578 96.

The expenditures, actual and estimated, for the same period, are stated at \$34,611, 466 50, leaving an estimated balance in the treasury, on 1st January, 1833, (includ-ing the Danish indemnity) of \$1,644,107 [This balance includes the unavailable funds in the treasury, heretofore estimated at 1,400,000 dollars.]
Ou the 1st January, 1533, the whole

public debt will have been reduced to \$7,-000,698-83, which, set off against the seven millions of stock in the Bank of the United States, may also be considered as effectually extinguished, so as to leave the nation free of debt.

The imports for the year ending the 30th day of September last are estimated at \$100,652,677; and the exports for the same period at \$87,037,943, of which \$63,-074,515 were of domestic, and \$23,963,-128 of foreign articles.

The receipts during the year 1833 are estimated at \$24,000,000, and the expenditures for the same period for all objects other than the public debt, at \$17,635,577 35, to which must be added the amount of Europe. the Danish indemnity, (\$694,000,) which what has passed since the Revolution of will be payable within the year. The annual revenue for some years to come, under the revenue law of the last session is es- of a week. Further consequences, here timated at \$21,000,000, and the annual and in other countries,-Great Britain and expenditure at \$15,000,000 dollars, leaving Ireland included, will be the certain result; an estimated annual surplus in the treasury, says the report, of \$6,000,000, to which amount a reduction of the revenue is strong ly recommended, either by a diminution of duties on imports, or "partly by a relinquishment of the public lands as a source of as suggested in the last annual revenue," report .- Nat. Intelligencer.

The West Point Cadets, with the liberaliand spirit which characterize them on all occasions, appealing to the generous feelings of Liberty and patriotism, have, learn, transmitted \$500 to the Treasurer of the Polish Committee, as their contribution for the relief of the gallant exles of Poland thrown destitute on our shores N. Y. American.

National Paradoxes .- Somebody once remarked, that the Englishman is never happy but when he is miserable; the Scotchis never at home but when he is abroad; and the Irisiman is never at peace but when he is fighting.

L. Swain, attended by Governor Stokes, and the Legislative Committee appointed to wait upon him, entered the Hall of the House of Commons, for the purpose of qualifying as Governor of the State of North-Carolina, for the ensuing year.-The Senate, preceded by their Speaker and Clerks, had previously repaired thither to witness the ceremony; whilst a crowded assemblage of spectators of both sexes imparted a cheering animation to the The several caths of Office prescribed by law, were administered by Hon. Joseph John Daniel, one of the Judges of the Superior Courts of Law .- After taking the eaths, Governor Smain addressed both branches of the Legislature as follows :- Raleigh Register, 14th inst.

Gentlemen of the Schute and
of the House of Commons:
In entering upon the duties of the important
office, to which you have been pleased to call me,
I trust I am duly sensible of the high responsibility which I have assumed.—The present is an
eventful period. Abroad, the oblect and best established Governments are in commotion, and at
home, one was lusticities, descripted and as our tablished Governments are in commotion, and at home, our own Institutions, designed, and as our fathers believed, coleulated to insure the greatest attainable degrees of liberty and happiness, seem not to be exempt from the mutability incident to all human things. At such a crisis, the office of Chief Magistrate acquires an importance, increasing with the difficulties which surround us. I feel most sensibly that in me you will not find united, the rare qualities required by the temper and spirit of the times. I am sustained in some and spirit of the times. I am sustained in some degree, however, by the consciousness, that though overee, nowever, by the consciousness, that though there are many who could bring to your aid more ability than I possess, that no one could serve you with more fidelity and zeal. The dangers which threaten us may be traced to that system of legislation which assumes the

The dangers which threaten us may be traces to that system of legislation which assumes the power in Government to dispense the bountses of Providence with a more equal and impartial hand, than they are distributed by the laws of nature. I look for redress to the patriotism, the wisdom, the prudence and forbestance of the President, of Congress, and the American Pecole. I rely with humble confidence in the hope, that, that Providence which has guided and guarded us for more than fifty years, which has preserved us through the perils of two wars, with the greatest belligerent of Europe, will yet sustain us, and that our glorious stripes and stars, will continue for ages, undiminished and untarnished, the emblems of a free, a united and a happy people.

I am no partizan, perhaps I am inexpable of becoming one. It is not in my nature to idolize to-day, and anothernatize to-morrow, as each particular wind of doctrine may happen to prevail. I may be able in my administration of the Government to give entire satisfaction to no party.

criment to give entire satisfaction to no party. I may displease all. Be that as it may, I will endeavor faithfully to discharge my duty to the State and to the Union, and leave the consequences to my Country and to God:—Of my friends, who know, that as I did not seek this station, so neither anow, that as I can hat see this state, so that add if feel myself at liberty to decline it, I ask it liberal indulgence for my errors and my frailties. The magnaturalty of all will insure me a fair trial. Gentlusern, it remains only that in the feeble expression which language can give to feeling. I re-

pression which language can give to tening, a turn my thanks for the honor you have conferred upon me. In my estimation there is no more enviable distinction, than to be called at such a crisis to preside over the destincts of the truly house and reputhican State of North-Carolina—and permit me to assure you, that whetever may be the mit me to assure you, that whetever may be the result of your favor to me personally, whether for good or for ill, I never can forget the State that gave me birth, or case to cherish the most grateful recollections of a community from whom I have received only unvarying confidence and bindness.

General Lafayette .- If that American is living who would not blush, and feel the blood curdle in his veins at the very mention of the word DISUNION; and, if there is such an one calling himself an American citizen, let him open his eyes and read the words of the veteran apostle of Liberty. General LARAVETER. The following letter was received by an American citizen, recently returned from Europe, the day before he sailed. We copy it from the New York Observer :- Chas. City Gaz.

"LA GRANGE, SEPF. 27th, 1832. Upon you, my dear Sir, I much depend to give our friends in the United States a proper explanation of the state of things in You have been very attentive to in other parts of Europe, in this whirlwind although they have been injured and betraved, where they ought to have received encouragement. But it will not be so short and so cheap as we had a right to anticipate it might be. I think it useful, on both sides of the water, to dispel the clouds which ignorance or design may throw over the real state of European and French

In the meantime, I believe it to be the duty of every American returned home, to let his fellow-citizens know what ill-natured handle is made of the violent collisions, threats of separation, and reciprocal abuse, to injure the character and question the stability of Republican Institutions. I have too much confidence in the patriotism and good sense of the several parties in the United States, to be afraid those dissentions may terminate in a final dissolution of Union ;-but should such an event be destined in future to take place, deprecated as it has been by the last wishes of Thursday, Dec. 13.—Bill presented.—
the departed Founders of the Revolution, By Mr. O'Brien, to repeal in part an net WASHINGTON at their head, it ough at

hunguration of Governor Swain-On least, in charity, not to take place before the in equity effectual against persons who ab-Thursday last, at 12 o'clock, the Hon. D. period (not now remote) when every one of those who have fought and bled in the cause shall have joined their contemporaries.

Most truly and affectionately your friend, LAFAYETTE."

North-Carolina Legislature.

IN SENATE.

Thursday, Dec. 13.—The Senate entered upon the orders of the day, and were occupied during the remainder of the sitting, in the consideration of the bill to establish the Bank of North-Carolina. It was recommitted to a Committee of the whole House, Mr. Wilson in the Chair, and sun-dry amendments were proposed to it and carried. On motion of Mr. Martin, the Committee rose and recommended the passage of the bill, the second time, which was concurred in by the Senate 39 to 22.

Friday, Dec. 14 .- Bill presented .- By Mr. Skinner, supplemental to an act passed in 1809, directing how persons injured by erection of public mills, shall in future proceed to recover damages. Read the first

The Senate then took up the Bank bill, to which sundry amendments were made, the most material of which was a reduction of the Capital from Three Millions to One Million eight hundred thousand dollars .-Before any question was taken on the pas-sage of the bill at its third reading, it was, on motion, referred to a select Committee for revision and correction.

Saturday, Dec. 15 .- On motion of Mr. Toomer,

Resolved. That the Committee on Finance be instructed to enquire into the expediency of re-pealing that section of the Revenue Act of 1822, which imposus a tax of \$200 on Exchange Offi-

The following engressed bill from the other House was read and ordered to be enrolled, viz: to alter the time of electing and renewing the bonds of certain Officers in Mecklenburg county.

The Senate took up the bill to amend the Judiciary System of the State, and after discussion, Mr. Morris moved for its indefinite postponement. Mr. Hiuton moved that the bill be laid upon the table, which motion having precedence was put and decided in the affirmative 31 to 27

Monday, Dec. 17.—Bill presented.— By Mr. Allen, giving longer time for pay-ing in entry money. Read the first time and passed.

The Appropriation bill was received from the House, read the first time and made the order of the day for Thursday; and the bill more effectually to prevent litigation and to avoid suits at law, passed its second reading 40 to 18.

Tuesday, Dec. 18.—Bill presented.—

By Mr. Summons, to divorce Rebecca Ann Smith, of Cabarrus County, from her husband-which bill passed its first reading.

Mr. Wilson, from the Committee of Finance, reported a bill to amend an act passed in 1831, to increase the liability of Sheriffs, and to provide more effectually for the collection of taxes. Read the first time.

Mr. Leake, from the joint select Committee on the subject of a Convention, reported a bill providing for the call of a Convention for fixing on a Seat of Government for this State, which was read the first time. Mr. Wilson moved that the further consideration of the said bill be postponed until Thursday next, which was not agreed

to. Mr. Collins moved that its further consideration be postpened indefinitely, which was agreed to, 34 to 26, as follows:

For the postponement.—Messers. Askew, Bell, Baddie, Bateman, Bulicek, Collins, Cooper, Dishough, Faison, Harrison, Hawkins, Hinton, Hussey, Latham, Lindsey, Marshall, Matthews, Melvin, Montgomery, of Hertford, Montgomery, of Orange, Moye, of Greene, Moye, of Pitt, Norman, Diagles, September Schimer, Springer, Rhodes, Seawell, Simmons, Skinner, Spaight, Spencer, Vanhook, Wilder, Wilson and Wil-

Against the postponement .- Mosses. Allen, Alli-1830. Much has been obtained here, and son, Britain, Carson, Carter, Dosson, Gavin, Ho-Lilly, McDowell, Massey, Meffitt, Moore, Parham, Parker, Stedman, Toomer, Tyson and Well-born, -26.

The bill more effectually to prevent litigation and to avoid suits at law, was taken up, amended on Mr. Wellborn's motion, striking out the whole of the second section, and then read the third time and or dered to be engrossed.

The engrossed bill-Vesting in the County Courts of the State the right of establishing additional places of public sale in their respective counties, was read the third time and ordered to be enrolled.

Wednesday, Dec. 19 .- Mr. Williams, from the select committee on the subject, reported the Bank Bill with sundry amendments, which were read and agreed to, and made the order of the day for Friday next.

The bill to alter and amend the Judiciary system of the State, was taken up and discussed. Messrs. Carson and Hinton advocated the bill and Mr. Wellborn opposed it. It finally postponed indefinitely 31 to 29.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

scond and who reside without the limits of the State, and for better regulating the proceedings in Courts of Equity, and for other purposes. This bill passed its first reading.
Mr. Burns submitted a series of Rosolu-

tions, which were adopted, instructing the Committee on Military Affairs to enquire 1st. As to the expediency of mounting a portion of the Field Pieces throughout the State, of the denomination of two, four and six pounders, and of procuring ammunition for the same, to be distributed at such places as said Committee may recommend.-2d. To enquire into the causes which have produced such a diminution in the number of Artillory Companies. 3d. To enquire into the expediency of encouraging an augmentation of Cavairy Corps. 4th. To enquire into the expediency of encouraging uniform volunteer companies of Infantry, of placing public arms in their possession, and of infusing more energy into the Militia than they now possess, by placing them on a more efficient establishment. 5th. To enquire into the expediency of immediately procuring from the General Government our quota of Cartridge boxes with belts for the same, with bayonet cases, pistol holsters, &c. that they may be ready for use when occasion requires them.

The bill to repeal the act exempting Teachers of Schools, &c. from mustering and working on Roads, was indefinitely

The House then proceeded to the order of the day, and resolved itself into a Committee on the whole, Mr. Bragg in the Chair on the bill making an appropriation of \$50,000 and appointing Commissioners to rebuild the Capitol on Union Square in the City of Raleigh. Mr. Long took the floor in support of the bill, and after speak. ing some time, the Committee recommended the passage of the bill to the House .-Before the question was put, Mr. McQueon rose and addressed the House. Before the question was put, Mr. McQueen rose and addressed the House at length against the When he concluded, the question was bill. loudly called for, and being put-Shall this bill pass its second reading? was decided in the affirmative, 73 to 60. Those who voted in the affirmative, were-

Messrs. Adams, Arrington, Baker, Blowe, Boddie, Bonner, Borden, Bragg, Beeman, Burns Carter, Clark, Cloman, Craige, Cromwell, Daniel, Foscue, Gary, Gee, Gillespie, Grady, Graves, Hammond, Hardison, Harper, Harrison, Hardy, Hinton, Hurst, Jarvis, J. B. Jones, R. Jones, Jordan, Judkins, Laucaster, Lee, Little, Long, Maultsby, Mullen, Murray, McClees, McLod, McMillan, Nelson, Norman, Outlaw, O'Brien, Pierse, Potts, Rand, Relic, Ridley, Roberts, S. T. Sawyer, F. A. Sawyer, Shepard, Simmons, Skinner, Spruill, Stallings, Stephens, Sumner, G. A. Thompson, L. Thompson, Tillet, Townsend, Tunstall, Ward, Welch, Willey, A. W. Wooten, C. Wooten, —73.

Those who voted in the pegative were. Messrs. Adams, Arrington, Baker, Blowe, Bod.

Those who voted in the negative were,

Mesers. Abernathy, Allison, Barringer, Brower, Burgin, Cansler, Clayton, Courts, Cunningham, Cuthbertson, Davidson, Dews, Dockery, Doherty, Eccles, Edmonston, Emmit, Euloc, Faddis, Glass, Guthrie, Gwynn, Hart, Hill, Horton, Irion, Irvine, Ledford, Locke, Loudermilk, Lyon, Mangum, Marsteller Mask, Monk, Montgomery, McLaurin, McNeill, McQueen, Park, Peeples, Pearson, Poindexter, Polk, Saintclair, Settle, Sherwood, Sloan, Smith, Thomas, Ury, Waddell, Wadsworth, Wat-son, Weaver, Whitaker, Wiseman, Witcher, Word, Ziglar,—60.

Friday, Dec. 14.—Bill presented.— By Mr. Wisoman, to exempt from execution a certain portion of the Farming utenals and household and kitchen furniture of the citizens of this State. This bill passed its first reading. The "Appropriation bill" was read the

third time, passed and ordered to be engrossed. The bill to repeal the act to compel

Quakers, &c. to bear arms, or pay a tax, was taken up and decided in the affirmative

Saturday, Dec. 15.—Bill presented.— By Mr. M'Cleese, to prevent the issuing of writs of capias ad satisfaciendum on judgments obtained before Justices of the Poace in the first instance. Read the first time.

On motion of Mr. Daniel,

Resolved. That the committee on the Judiciary a instructed to enquire into the expediency of speaking so much of an "Act to regulate retail, so of spiritual liquors," passed at the last Session, as authorizes the imprisonment of persons offending against said act.

On motion of Mr. Courts, the bill rejected vesterday, having for its object to exempt Quakers, &c. from the performance of inilitia duty, was re-considered, and on motion of Mr. G. A. Thompson, laid upon the table.

Monday, Dec. 17 .- Bills presented .-Mr. Park, making appropriations for public roads. (Provides that \$100,000 of the capital owned by the State in the several Banks, shall, when the affairs of said Institutions are wound up, be divided amongst the several counties pro rata, for purpose of improving the Stage roads throughout the State.) By Mr. Murray, making the owners of Dogs hable for the value of Sheep that they kill or otherwise injure. These bills passed their first

Tuesday, Dec. 18 .- Mr. Barringer, from passed in 1787, ch. 278, for making process, the Committee of Claims, to whom was re-